State Historical Society Lincoln

LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN

VOL. XV. LOUP CITY, SHERMAN COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1898. NUMBER 16

GASTEYER! THE CONSUMERS FRIEND!

Is prepared to close out his entire stock of READY MADE CLOTHING

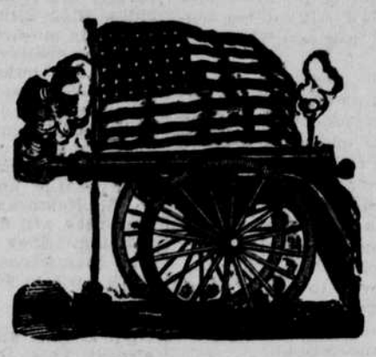
These goods are all FIRST CLASS and of the "HAPPY HOME BRAND" will be sold entirely

Regardless of Cost

A great many of our friends will visit the Exposition this season. Most of you will pay more or less attention to the exhibits which will be made by the great department stores of this country, and many of you will be tempted to become customers of theirs, through their statement that he country merchant cannot meet their prices.

We are aware that most country merchants do not meet their prices, but Gasteyer is THE country merchant who can and WILL meet their prices on any thing which he carries or is able to procure. So remember friends, that when you are in need of any thing in his line he will fill your order just as low and just as satisfactorly as any of the larger eastern concerns.

Truly Yours, CHAS. GASTEYER, Loup City, Sherman Co., Neb.



CERVERA IS CONSUMED

Sampson Destroys Spanish Fleet and Take 1.300 Prisoners Including Cervera Himself.

SANTIAGO GIVEN UNTIL TUESDAY NOON AT THE REQUEST OF FOREIGN CONSULS.

Washington July 4,—The following was given out at the white house at 12;30.

Playa, via Hayti, July 4—Secretary Navy 3;15 a. m. Siboney July 3.—The fleet under my command offers the nation as a Fourth of July present the whole of Cevera fleet not one escaped.

It attempted to escape at 9;30 this morning. at 2, the last ship, the Cristobal Colon, ran ashore 60 miles west of Santiago and has let down her colors.

The infanta Maria Teresa, Oquendo and Vizcaya were forced ashore, burned and blown within 20 miles of Santiago.

The Furor and Pluton were destoryed within four miles of the port. American loss, one killed and two wounded.

Enemy's loss probably several hundred from gunfire explosions and drowning; about 1,300 prisoners, including Admiral Cervera.

The man killed was George H. Ellis chief yeoman of the Brooklyn.

Signed, SAMPSON.

Washington, July 4 —A dispatch from Gen. Shafter was received at the war department this morning.

Gen. Shafter informed the department that he had given the Spanish general in Santiago until Tuesday noon to surrender the city.

If this demand is not complied with he will bomdard the city. Admiral Sampson, the department is in formed, has not yet entered the harbor with his fleet.

Secretary Alger went over to the white house at 10;40 a. m. He said the bombardment of Santiago had been postponed until tomorrow on account of the great suffering of the residents of the city.

It was desired to give as many non-combatants as possible a chance to escape from the eflects of the shell from the American batters by seeking refuge in the hills.

July 8,—Hobson, was exchange yesterday morning in front of both armies at Santiago, the Americans surrendering Lieut. Aurelius, captured at Caney, last Friday for Hobson.

WASHINGTON, July 6,—Secretary Long has received word through General Greeley, which is accepted as confirming the report that the Spanish ship Alphonso XII. was destroyed while trying to run the Havana blockade. General Greely's information came in cipher message and he considers the report reliable. The ship is said to be a total loss. It occured near Mariel.

WASHINGTON, July 6,—The war department posted the following from General Shafter: "I am just in receipt of a letter from General Soul (probably Toral) agreeing to exchange Hobson and men here, to make exchagre in the morning. Yesterday he refused my proposition of exchange.

The latest reports from Santiago, gives the intelagence that Company G, of the 7th regiment United States regulars, of which our townsman Ashley Conger, is a member, had six men killed and nine wounded in last Friday's battle. Mr. Conger's name is not given among them.

"COME ON"

OFFICERS TO THE FRONT.

San Juan Hill, Near Santiago, Cuba, July 2.—This position, Santiago's strongest defense, was won yesterday by some of the hardest fighting of the long battle. The batteries were heavy and there were earthworks everywhere, besides a stone house, which was an important defense. The whole hill was filled with Spaniards.

At 4 o'clock in the afternoon Gen. Hawkins himself with the Third and Sixth cavalry and the Thirteenth infantry, started for the hill. The rough riders and Seventh, Ninth and Tenth regiments were the second in the line. The hill was steeper than any that had already been taken and there were more Spaniards on it with heavier guns and men who knew how to use them.

The charge was the greatest of the day and the most important, for the hill was the chief defense, overlooking Santiago.

Gen. Hawkins, called upon our men to charge. The Spanish fire seemed irresistable but the men did not flinch. With yells they charged up the hill. The merciless shells tore gaps in their ranks, but on they went, inspired by Gen. Hawkins and other officers.

Company E of the Sixteenth infantry was the furthest in front. Capt. McFarland was killed in the first moments of the rush. His company wavered a moment and then Lieutenant Carey jumped into the lead and yelled "Come on company!" The company dashed on, but a few minutes later Lieutenant Carey was killed.

None of the men seemed to realize the terrific deadly fire that was being poured into their faces. On they went like demons, The officers were everywhere ahead of their men.

Gen. Hawkins with his sword waving, was in advance of all. Not only from the front, but from the side the hottest kind of fire was directed against the Americans, cutting their ranks to pieces.

There was no halt until the top of the hill was reached, when the Americans dashed among the Spaniards, drove them out, and bayonetted and cut them to pieces. Captain Cavanaugh planted the flag on the hill top and the sight of it caused unbounded enthusiasm.

Our loss was fearful, but we had carried our position which commanded the city. The trenches were full of dead Spaniards. Each trench had contained 30 men and 20 bodies were found in some of them, and 25 in others. Some of our companies had only 20 or 30 men, who were not wounded.

The hill once carried, the work of strengthening the position began immediately. The stone house was still to be captured, During the afternoon the wounded, as they were being carried off, were constantly being fired at by the Spaniards. The men who were under the protection of the Red Cross were shot down without the slightest compunction by Spanish riflemen. The Americans took 149 prisoners.

HEROISM.

IN A SHOWER OF BULLETS.

San Juan Hill, Cuba, July 4.—No action of Friday's fight was more spirited than the charge of the rough riders and Tenth cavalry. From a hill below San Juan the Spaniards, in spite of the American artillery fire, were picking off our troops. The riders all dodged behind bushes and trees to escape the hail of bullets.

The Spanish fire grew hotter and hotter and our men dropped two and three at a time. When they came to the open smooth hillside there was no protection. Bullets were raining down on them and shot and shells from the batteries were sweeping everything. There was a moment's hesitation and then came the order, "Forward charge!"

Lieutenant Col. Roosevelt led, waving his sword. Out into the open the men went up the hill. Death to every man seemed certain. The crackle of the mauser rifles was continuous.

Out of the brush came the riders. Up, up they went, with the colored troops along side of them, not a man flinching. and firing as they ran. Roosevelt was a hundred feet in the lead. Up, up they went in the face of death, men dropping from the ranks at every step. The rough riders fought like veterans. It was an inspiring sight and an awful one. Astonished by the suddenness of the rush, the Spaniards exposed themselves. This was a fatal mistake for them. The Tenth cavalry picked them off like ducks and rushed on, up and up.

The more Spaniards were killed more seemed to take their places.

Roosevelt sat erect on his horse, holding his sword and shouting for his men to come to him. Finally his horse was shot from under him but he landed on his feet and continued calling for his men to advance. He chased up the hill afoot. It seemed an age to the men who were watching and to the riders the hill must have seemed miles high. But they were undonted. They went on, firing as fast as their guns would work.

The shooting of the Tenth cavalry was wonderful. The ranks closed as fast as they were thinned. At last the top of the hill was reached. The Spaniards in the trenches could still have annihilated the Americans, but the Yankees' daring dazed them.

The Spaniards wavered for an instant and then turned and ran. As they ran our men picked them off; the position was won, and the blockhouse captured. Some of the guns were also captured, but not all of them.

The men across the gulch cheered wildly as they saw their comrades victory. The riders cheered the Tenth and the latter cheered the riders. Then on they went to drive the Spaniards further. They found the trenches full of dead but none alive. In the rush more than half the rough riders were wounded.

Photographs

M. LESCHINSKY, photographer

Will be in his gallary in Loup City on

JULY 4, 5, 6 7, 8, and 9

SPECIAL LOW RATE FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

Parties wishing photographic work done will please call on either of above mentioned days.

Gallery will be closed again for an indefinate period after July 9th.

M. LESCHINSKY, Photographer.

Lamps, Lamps, Lamps.

We wish to call the attention of our many customers to the fact that we have added to our stock an elegant line of Lamps, also a fine assortment of GLASS WARE, fancy cups and saucers and plates.

We assure all that the prices are way down. It is a pleasure to come in and look the goods over and to posess them is a privelage.

Thanking you for past favors I am

Yours Truly, I. S. SHEPPARD,

Jeweler and Optician, Loup City, Neb.

$10.00 REWARD.

I will pay $10.00 reward to the person who will furnish information leading to the arrest and conviction of the thief who stole about one thousand feet of county bridse new lumber from south side of Middle Loup bridge at Loup City, said lumber being 20 ft. long, 2 inches thick and one foot broad. Address information to

LEWIS BECHTHOLD, Supervisor Loup City Twp., Loup City, Neb.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all sidewalks within the village of Loup city, Neb. that are out of repair must be repaired by the owners fourthwith, or the same will be done by the village and payment therefore together with the penalty will be enforced with legal proceeding.

By order of Village Board. Done this 16th day of June, 1898.

(seal.) T. S. NIGHTINGALE, Village Attorney

NOTICE OF STOCK TAKEN UP.

I hereby give notice that I have taken up on my farm, in Bristol township, Section, 11, T. 13, Range 14, Sherman county Nebraska, on or about May 3rd, 1898: One black mare colt, about three years old, weight about 800 pounds, hind legs white up to knee and star in forehead. Owner can have same by paying cost of keeping and for this advertisement.

PETER MORTZ.

NOTICE OF ESTRAY TAKEN UP.

Taken up on my farm on Section 17, T 13, R. 13, Rockville, Sherman county, and about one half mile east of Rockville: One black mare about three years old, weight about 700 pounds. Owner can have same by proving property paying pasturage and publication of this notice.

DEAN MILLS, Rockville, Neb.

Don't fail to get the latest edition of Rand McNally's great War Map if you want to be posted on the exact spot that the Spaniards are receiving Allapathic doses of American "jingoism." Only 15 cents, at this office.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Lincoln, Nebr. June 28, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before David Kay, County Judge of Sherman county, at Loup City, Nebraska, on August 6th, 1898, viz: Charley G. Stoneburg, for the north east quarter, Section 2, Township 16, north of Range 15 west.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Alfred E. Sutton, Jacob Albers, William T. Owen, all of Loup, Nebraska, and J. P. Braden of Arcadia, Nebraska.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

J. W. JOHNSON, Register.

Legal Notice,

State of Nebraska, County of Sherman, Village of Loup City, s. s.

Estimate of Expenses, for which appropriation, should be made for ensuing municipal year is as follows:

For general fund purposes	$ 700.00
For street	500.00
For water for	900.00
For Interest on water bonds	850.00
For judgement of Dustin	800.00
	$ 3,850.00

The entire revenue for the municipal year ending May 3rd, 1897 was as follows:

School fund	$ 500.00
General "	614.32
Street	447.36
Water	967.32
Judgment	700.00
Int. on water bonds	850.00
	$4278.00

By order of Village Board. Witness my hands and the seal of said village on this 16th day of June, 1898.

(seal) T. S. NIGHTINGALE, Village Clerk.