AS PASSED BY THE LATE LEG-ISLATURE.

Some of the Measures to Become Operative at Once Because of the Emergency Clause Attachment-What is Provided by All of Them.

Laws of the Legislature.

House roll No. 142. introduced by Hull, provides that all vinegar sold as apple vinegar must be the legitimate product of apple juice. Fersons manufacturing, keeping for sale or offering for sale any grain vinegars, wine vinegars or fruit vinegars are required to keep it in packages on which the name of the manufacturer and the grain, fruit or other substance from which it is made is stamped or marked. No vinegar is to be sold containing any preparation of lead, copper, sulphur or other mineral acid or other ingredients injurious to health. A penalty is provided for the violation of the act. The governor signed the bill April 10.

House roll No. 150, by Hull, regulates the manufacture and sale of cider, and is designed to prevent adulteration, deception and fraud in the manufacture or sale there-of. This bill was signed April 10.

House roll No. 125, by Burkett of Lancaster, amends the law regulating the manner in which claims against the estate of decedents are to be proved and allowed. This bill was signed April 10.

House roll No. 24.

House roll No. 24.

House roll No. 25.

House roll [CONCLUDED.]

Senate file No. 169 provides that in countles where the county clerk is acting as ex-officion clerk of the district court when it shall appear to the county board that 1,600 votes have been cast in that county at a general election or from other sources that there are more than 8,000 inhabitants in the county, then the county board shall appoint a clerk of the district court, whose term shall extend until the next general election and until a successor is elected and qualified. There is an emergency clause attached. The governor signed this bill April 10.

Senate file No. 136, by Dundas, permits the county board of any county on petition of one-fourth of the legal voters of the county to levy a tax to erect a court, jail or other public building. The governor signed this April 10.

to levy a tax to erect a court, jail or other public building. The governor signed this April 10.

Senate file No. 6, by Murphy, allows judges of the district courts to fix the day upon which jurors shall report for duty. With the emergency clause attached, this was signed by the governor April 10.

Senate file No. 94, by Beal, permits county treasurers to invest three-fourths of the sliking fund of that county in the bonds of the same county. This was signed by the governor April 10.

House roil No. 182, being the committee substitute for the original bill, provides for the original bill, provides for the organization of mutual insurance companies to insure city and village property against loss by fire, lightning, tornado, cyclone or wind storms.

The act provides that any number of persons not less than 100 in number, who own city or village property and reside in this state, can organize a company. All persons effecting insurance in the company become members. The directors are to be elected by the members at the annual meeting.

The act recites that policies may issue on cities, towns and villages, real or personal property in this state, also on business proporty outside of cities and villages against loss or damage by fire lightning, tornado, cyclone or wind storm for any length of time not exceeding five years. The limit of insurance on any one risk or hazard is not to exceed 41,600. This bill, with the emergency not exceeding five years. The limit of insur-ance on any one risk or hazard is not to exance on any one risk or hazard is not to exceed \$1,000. This bill, with the emergency clause, was signed by the governor April d.

House roil No. 428, introduced by Zimmerman, is the bill prescribing the procedure in cases where orders of the state board of transportation are contested by railroad companies. This act is a radical departure from the old rule regulating court procedure in such cases, and it compels the railroad companies. This act is a radical departure from the old rule regulating court procedure in such cases, and it compels the railroad companies it make a showing on the merits of the case or have the dilatory proceedings usually resorted to ended in short order.

A heavy penalty is provided for the violation of the provisions of the act and it is stipulated that 10 per cent of the fine imposed shall go to the party aggrieved and making the complaint and the attorney general is to have taxed a fee of \$50 for every conviction under the act prosecuted by lim.

House roil No. 57, the committee substitute for the bill introduced by Taylor of Fillmore, provides that breaking into a chicken house in the night time, with intent to steal, shall be burglary, and punished by imprisonment in the pententiary for from one to ten years, was passed with the emergency clause.

House roil No. 50, introduced by Eager, probablis the waste of water from mutual artesian wells, and prescribes the conditions under which such water is to be distributed and used.

House roil No. 401, introduced by Gaffin,

under which such water is to be distributed and used.

House roll No. 491, introduced by Gaffin, provides that the government of the home of the friendless at Lincoln shall be by and under the board of public lands and buildings. The governor is to appoint an advisory visiting board, and also the superintendent and such other officers as the institution requires. This bill was passed with the emergency clauser.

This bill was passed with the emergency clause.

Houseword No. 20, by Heiland, provides for the relief of Wm. Regito. James Regin. c. F. Taylor and Lewis Howard of Red Willow canty in connection with an application for a lease of whose land made by them.

House you No. 54, by Rich of Daugias, precides for the sale upon excitation of above memorphisms and interests in companies and interpolation and designating the manner of lary the responsible designating the manner of lary the responsed and releganting the manner of lary the response of lary the response of lary the response of lary the response of large manner of the corporation that the attack has been exceed upon under the crit heid by the officers of the latest under the orthogonal than been exceed upon under the crit heid is the officers.

This bill passed with the consequency the plane soil No. 3nd by servery of these, do a the proposed made plane into the time government and maintenance of the irradiable the short from the constitute that the short from the continue that the unique him. The government has the unique has been been from the time transportive channels for the plane transportive channels of the province has dead to be a supported to be been been for the two light in the law to be the maintenance of the province that the law to be the maintenance of the second that the major of the second the transport that the second the second to be the transport that the second that the second the transport that the second the second the second that the second the second that the second the second that the second that the second that the second the second that the seco

other officials of the institutions. This act makes provision in detail for the duties of the physicians and other officers of the insti-tutions. The bill was passed with the emerg-

ency clause.

House roll No. 529, introduced by the claims committee, provides that the board of public lands and buildings may nurchase under condemnation a quarter section of land near the Hastings asylum property, which is declared necessary for disposing of the sewerage from that institution. Six thousand dollars or as much as may be necessary is appropriated for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the act.

House roll No. 323, by Burkett, provides that when any college, university or normal school, incorporated under the laws of the state and having a focuse of study equal in extent and similar in subjects to those of the state normal school, the graduates of such institutions shall be entitled to state teachers' certificates of the same tenor and effect as the certificates of the same tenor and effect as the state normal school, the graduates of the state normal school, the graduates of the state normal school, the graduates of such prevent the spread of hog cholera and prevent the state normal school, the graduates of the state normal school, the graduates of such institutions shall be entitled to state teachers' certificates of the same tenor and effect as the certificates to issue to the graduates of the state normal school, the graduates of the state normal school, the graduates of swine and other animals dying from infectious or other infectious diseases over and along the public highways, and prohibits the giving away without consideration or receiving free such carcasses. It prohibits the giving away without consideration or receiving free such carcasses, and prohibits rendering establishments and soap factories from purchasing or receiving free of charge or using such carcasses. Penalties are provided in heavy fines for the violation of the several provisions of the bill, which was passed with the emergency clause.

House roll No. 334, by Gaylord, provides that a board of education of any city of the metropolitan class have heretofore issued bonds for the purpose of taking up and renewin

the question of division in the county interested shall be sufficient to adopt it.

House roll No. 23, by Holbrook, provides that the provisions of the law relating to warehousemen shall be extended to manufacturers of chicory or raisers of chicory roots, or the clevator man storing such roots or manufactured products, and that warehouse receipts may be issued against such chicory roots or manufactured product stored in warehouse or elevator. The penalties for fraudulent issue or negotiation of fraudulent warehouse receipts are also made applicable. This was passed with the emergency clause. House roll No. 263, by Hill, the stock yards commission bill, provides that all stock yards organized or operated in this state under the general corporation laws or by special charter shall be declared public markets. The bill fixes the maximum commission which shalt be charged for selling live stock and makes it unlawful to charge more.

These commissions are: For cattle, \$10 per

These commissions are: For cattle, \$10 per car; for less than carload lots, 40 cents per head; for catves, 25 cents per head; for hogs \$5 per single deck and \$9 for double-deck cars; for sheep, \$5 for single and \$8 for double-deck cars.

head; for calves, 25 cents per head; for hogs \$5 per single deck and \$9 for double-deck cars; for sheep, \$5 for single and \$8 for double-deck cars.

House roil No. 578, by Roberts, by request, is the Douglas county Trans-Mississippi exposition bond bili. It provides that whenever 1.000 voters of any county in the state of Nebraska having over 100,000 inhabitants shall petition the board of county commissioners or the board of supervisors to that end, any such county shall be and hereby is authorized to issue the bonds of such county, to become due twenty years from the date thereof, and to bear interest at a rate not to exceed 5 per cent per annum, to provide for the expense of promoting the interests of such county by participating in any interstate exposition held in the state of Nebraska and making at such exposition a county exhibit, improving or beautifying the grounds and erecting or aiding in the erection of a suitable building or buildings therefor, and maintaining the same during such exposition, to an amount to be determined by the board of county commissioners or board of supervisors, not exceeding \$150,000. Provided, the board of county commissioners or board of supervisors shall first submit the question of the issuing of such bonds to a vote of the legal voters of such county at a general or special election, such question to be submitted entire after notice to such voters published in any newspaper of general circulation in such county for four weeks next prior to such election; and, provided, that such interstate exposition shall first have been recognized by the congress of the United States and by an appropriation of a sum not less than \$100,000.

House roil No. 575, by Gerdes, provides that the state board of purchase and supplies may let contracts for purchase and supplies may let contracts for purchase and supplies may let contracts for such periods. The old law provided that contract be entered into for furnishing goods for three months and no mone. This was passed with the emergency claus

House roll No. 401, introduced by Gaffin, provides that the government of the home of the Irlendless at Lincoin shall be by and under the board of public lands and outlings. The governor is to appoint an advisory visiting board, and also the superintendent and such other officers as the institution requires. This bill was passed with the emergency clause?

House roll No. 309, introduced by R. A. Clark, provides for the payment by the state of \$2,000 to Mrs. Lucia Lawson, who lost hereage by the regular army, among them being a provision against any assembly of troops for instruction, review or parade in any country on any day during which a general or special election is being held therein, except in case of riot, invasion, insurrection or imminent danger thereof, and then only by order of the commander-inschief. A penalty violating this provision.

It is made unlawful for any body of men whatever than the regular national guard of the state offices and institutions and for the prosecution of any criminal and civil cases wherein the state has been defined by its officers, employees or those dealing with any of the state institutions and their custody or control any money or property belonging to the state. The fund appropriated is placed under the control of the governor and is to be expended under his direction. The bill passed with the emergency clause attached.

House roll No. 320, introduced by Wiene, provides for the appropriation of \$144.36 for the consolidation into a single separate fund all moneys collected for various purposes from students of the arry brews for overapary or property belonging to the state institutions to the relimbarement of fleury brews for overapary or property belonging to the state institutions for the emergency clause attached.

House roll No. 320, introduced by Wiene, provides for the appropriation of \$144.36 for the consolidation into a single separate fund all moneys collected for various purposes from a tudents of the state university to be known as the university cash fund.

societies are permitted to parade with swords.

House roll No. 342, by Fernow, provides for the government of the state institutions by the board of public lands and buildings, who are made inspectors of the penitentiary.

The warden, who is to be appointed by the governor, with the consent of the setute, holds his office two years. The warden is to conduct the institution under the rules exhibited by the inspectors with the approval of the governor.

Upon the warden devolves the duty of providing the convicts with work, and he may

tablishest by the inspectors with the approval of the governus.

Upon the warden devolves the duty of previoling the convicts with work, and he may engage them in the manufacture of articles for the use of the penitentiary and other state institutions. So far as practicable, the prisoners are to be employed by the state on its own account, and the theory of the bill is explained to be that this is the end senght. When the labor of convicts belot to chier persons the sarden is reaganished for their safe-keeping their beard and clothing and the conference of rules of discipline. A province is under that prisoners convicted in the United States courts may be received and heat the penituating.

House roll No. 28, by Rich, provides that township, city and village treasurers may give given may be relieved in the formation of the local companion a survive minimal that prisoners is not the penituating.

House roll No. 28, by Rich, provides that township, city and village treasurers may give given may be relieved in the formation of the penituating.

House roll No. 28, the committee autodinate for a till by Felkor, makes it trainsfine under the age of it years. The ball repeals the state ute practiling a penalty he milling infrances to miners.

House roll No. 18, by Clark of Languages, provides that temperature and its voice. The ball repeals the state of conference of decision.

House roll No. 18, by Clark of Languages.

House roll No. 28, by the code of Languages.

House roll No. 28, by the code of the provides that bening provides for by the code of code that he code or may be given by guaranty based commissions.

House roll No. 28, by the code of the provides that he code or may be given by guaranty based commissions.

lished for six months.

House roll No. 301, by Rich, provides that surety bond companies may be accepted as sureties on bonds required by contractors for

state printing.

House roll No. 304, by Rich, provides that surety companies may be accepted as surety on bonds required of non-resident plaintiffs.

surety on bomis required of non-resident plaintiffs.

House roll No. 313, by Rich, provides that surety companies may go on bonds required of receivers appointed by the courts.

House roll No. 322, by Rich, provides that members of boards of public works of cities of the second class and villages, cities of the second class and villages, cities of the second class over 5,000 inhabitants, may give bond companies as suretles.

House roll No. 354, by Wheeler of Furnas, provides for the appropriation of \$5,000 to pay the premium on the state treasurer's bond when the bond is issued by a surety bond company.

Company.

House roli No. 563 is the Loomis ballot act.
This provides for the blanket ballot and the
emblem system by which the voter may by
one mark vote for the whole ticket except as
he may afterward mark opposite individual

emblem system by which the voter may by one mark vote for the whole ticket except as he may afterward mark opposite individual names.

House roll No. 68 is the Yeiser municipal referendum bill. It provides that on petition of 15 per cent of the voters of any city, county, town, viliage, school district or other municipal subdivision of the state, ordinances, contracts, agreements or measures may be proposed and submitted to the vote of the people affected. Any act of the city council or the legislative boards of the municipality may be in this manner submitted to the people and the majority vote adopts or rejects it. There is a provision that if 20 per cent of the electors petition for it the proposition will be submitted at a special election, otherwise it will be submitted at the next general election occurring thirty days from the date of petition. It is provided that not more than one special election shall be ordered in one year unless a bond for the payment of expenses in case prayor of the petition is denied by the voters.

House roll No. 73, by Robertson, amends the district irrigation law so that all taxes and assessments levied by the district officers are collected by the county treasurer and paid over to the district treasurer. Under the old law the district treasurer collected.

House roll No. 175, by Wheeler, amends the state and county depository law by providing that all county and state funds are to be deposited as one fund, and the interest credited to the general fund.

House roll No. 275, by Bich, adds to the present law on the same subject provision relating to the holding of property in trust for purposes of theological education and provides for the enfor-ement of the trust and the administration thereof.

House roll No. 277, by Hull, provides for the collection of labor statistics by assessors, and that they shall report the same to the state commissioner of labor. The latter is required to keep a register of applications for employment for the unemployed, no fee or compensation to be re

to their official bonds.

House roil No. 310. by Rich, provides that state bank examiners and receivers appointed for banks under the state banking law may give surety company bonds.

House roil No. 540, by D. O. Jones, provides for the gravity test for gasoline.

House roil No. 540, by Morrison, provides for the relief of Mrs B. McKeil from the operation of an increase in the rental charge for school land. \$45.87 is appropriated.

House roil No. 400, by Rich, creates a municipal court for the city of Ougaha, and fixes and defines the organization, powers and jurisdiction of that court. The billi provides for the election of that court. The billi provides for the election of that court. The billi provides for the election of that court. The billi provides court, who shall have the same jurisdiction as that now given justices of the peace and in addition the further jurisdiction conferred by the act. The municipal court is to have exclusive jurisdiction in all cityl cases where the amount is not more than \$1.000; where one of the parties is a member of the city; concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in other cases up to \$1.000 is given. The salary of the judges is fixed at \$2.000 per year, and the court cierk, it is provided, shall receive a salary of \$1.800.

House roil No. 571, by Sheldon, amends the state printing low and requires that all contracts for stationery, blanks, blank books, circulars, folders or printed matter of any kind required by the state officers shall be let by the state printing board. The act provides for the employment of an expert at a salary of \$1.800 per annum to prepare all schedules and contracts, examine bids and furnishings and perform other detail work relating to stationery and supplies and printing as the board may direct. This bill passed with the emergency clause.

House roil No. 616, provides for the current expenses of the state government and topay the miscellaneous items of inchedular school at Kearney, girls' industrial school at Kearney, girls' industrial scho

university must have the chainant's hame signed by an agent. This bill has the emergency clause.

Senate file No. 207, by Talbot defines fraternal beneficiary societies, orders or associations and regulates the same. These associations in their insurance features are put under the control of the state auditor.

Senate file No. 305, by Gondring, provides for the method of procedure which is to be followed in the matter of conducting water from irrigation canals into natural streams and withdrawing it therefrom, and providing for the responsibility of the company or person who turns water into such natural channels, for all damage done or caused by such water being so turned into such streams. Senate file No. 273, by Feltz, provides for the protection of the property of passengers on sleeping cars and requires sleeping car companies to provide safes for the use of their patrons.

companies to provide safes for the use of their patrons. Senate file No. 2, by Haller, prohibits com-binations of fire insurance companies to fix and maintain rates of premiums, commis-sions of agents or manner of transacting bus-tness. The bill was passed with the emerg-

tness. The bill was passed with the emergency clause.

Senate file No. 330, by Gondring, is an act to prevent the operation of trusts and conspiracies against trade and business. These are declared unlawful and penalties are provided for the violation of the act.

Senate file No. 36, by Grothan, extends the powers and authority of the state board of transpertation. It gives to this board authority to regulate charges made by express, telegraph and telephone companies, and to apply the powers given to the board by law over railroad companies, to all companies owning, controlling or operating telegraph, express or telephone lines in this state.

paries owaling controlling or operating telegraph, express or telephone lines in this state.

Senate file No. 105, by Gondring, provides for the protection of game, defines the close season for all kinds of game highs and animals and prescrition a penalty for the violation of the act.

Senate file No. 117 provides that graduates of the state university isolding the degree of backers of arts or hardelne of scheme, and who shall have completed the force, and sho shall have completed the force, and sho shall have completed the graduates of the state normal.

Senate the No. 361, by Murphy, provides against admits normal for all have also marked in the graduates of the state normal.

Senate the No. 361, by Murphy, provides against admits resulting the sale of admitstrated fand.

Senate the No. 361, by Murphy, provides against admitstration of food and problems that in continuous of every \$1,000 pagestations when the example the force of even \$2,000 pagestations in writing one of these county summinations to complex one of more clerica to many decisions the dutter of these of the decision of the county summination to the decision of the act of acts to be the clock of the county when the man of these or agent the dutter of accounty county county and any breathing.

Senate the No. 181, by Wolfer, provides that continue and any hydrogeness and any hydre or agent the disperse the control for the sales shall be in writing.

Senate the No. 188 provides the choice of input the sales shall be in writing.

Senate file No. 74, by Ransom, defines

Senate file No. 74, by Ransom, defines crueity to children and prescribes the penalty for such crueity.

Senate file No. 208, by Schaal, provides for the exclusion of school bond taxes in the computation of the aggregate school taxes under the provisions of the law.

Senate file No. 271, by McGann, provides that the governor shall appoint the superintendent of the boys' reform school at Kearney, and provides that the superintendent shall operate that institution under rules prescribed by the board of public lands and buildings.

Senate file No. 61, by Ritchie, provides for bringing the industrial home at Milford under the control of the state officers, and that this control shall be in the hands of the the state board of public lands and buildings.

Senate file No. 256, by Ransom, provides the form in which the judges and clerks of election shall make returns to the county clerk, and the form and substance of the return by the county clerk to the state canvassing board when amendments to the constitution are voted on by the people. One of the provisions is that there shall be a certificate to the state board of the number of votes cast for representatives and senators. This cures one of the defects in the old law which prevented the canvassing board last fall from declaring the result on the amendments then voted on.

Senate file No. 238, by Lee, def is the age at which commitments to the penitentiary may be made, and prohibits any girl or boy under is being committed to the penitentiary except on conviction of murder or manslaughter.

Senate file No. 250, by Ransom, provides that the school board of the city of Omaha shall report to the city council the number of mills tax on the dollar necessary to be levied and that this shall be levied and collected in the same manner as other taxes are now levied and collected.

These bills the governor signed on the 15th Senate file No. 250, excluding school bond taxes in the computation of the aggregate and limit of school taxes.

Senate file No. 251, a bill to extend th

senate file No. 2, the bill to prevent insurance combines.

Senate file No. 251, a bill to extend the powers of the state board of transportation.

Senate file No. 395, relating to rights to use water for irrigation purposes.

House roll No. 32, making it unlawful to sell cigarettes or cigarette paper to minors.

House roll No. 175, amending the state and county depository law by providing that all county and state funds are to be deposited as one fund and the interest credited to the general fund.

House roll No. 428, setting forth the order of procedure where the orders of the board of transportation are contested by railroad companies.

transportation are contested by railroad companies.
House roll No. 73, amending the district irrigation law, so that taxes and assessments shall be collected by the county treasurer and turned over by them to the district treasurer.
House roll No. 450, for the establishment of municipal courts.
House roll No. 614, the current expense appropriation bill.
House roll No. 635, the salary appropriation bill.
House roll No. 630, the miscellaneous claims bill.
House roll No. 631, appropriating \$44,596.73 for miscellaneous claims.

fall heir to this important committee and one in which he can be of great service to the state, several of whose House roll No. 631, appropriating \$44,596.73
for miscellaneous claims.
The following items in house roll No. 631
falled to receive the approval of the executive officer and were stricken out:
No. 675: N. Westover & Co, for labor and material furnished for Grant Memorial hall,
\$95.63.
No. 680: Thomas H. Pratt watchman for the Nebraska building at the World's fair,
\$225. cities are anxious to secure appropriations for public buildings.
Senator Allen, for Senator Thurston, presented letters from Chancellor Mac-Lean, Henry B. Ward of Lincoln and

others cocerning the admission of foreign books, and from Hugh Murphy relative to the duty on asphaltum. He also presented the resolution of Far-ragut post of Lincoln favoring the arthe Nebraska building at the World's fair, \$225.

No. 642: Cass county, state taxes filegally assessed and refunded to individuals, \$998.30.

From house roll No. 614 the following items were stricken out:

Appropriation of \$3,000 for workshop for convalescent patients at the hospital for insane at Lincoin.

Appropriation of \$3,000 for the University of Nebraska for the inspection of schools.

SOME THAT WEIGE VETOED.

These blils were vetoed by the governor:
Senate file No. 293, the school book bill, which was found to have been defeated in the house. bitration treaty, and from the Christian Endeavor society of Hampton favoring the passage of the Little bill and bills to remove the charge of

desertion from the record of Frederick W. Joslyn of Clarks; granting a pen-sion to J. Francis Hopper of Omaha and for the relief of Capt. R. H. Pat-

which was found to have been deteated in the house.

Senate file No. 41 relating to public parks and grounds.

House roil No. 241, the legal newspaper bill. House roil No. 301, relating to the surety bonds on contracts for public printing. House roil No. 354, appropriating \$4,000 to pay the premium on the state treasurer's bonds. terson. have been passed by the senate Sena-tor Allen will leave Washington for a two or three weeks' visit to Nebraska.

returning in time to participate in the tariff debate.

The following changes were made in House roll No. 250, to change the method of levying school taxes in cities.

House roll No. 203, an act to regulate stock yards and fix commissions for seiling live stock therein. the Nebraska fourth-class postoffices: Henderson, York county, C. C. Bowlaw, vice J. W. Foster, resigned; Hickman.

Mark Awain's Letter.

A new proof of the effectiveness of the modern postoffice is furnished by the Philadelphia Record:

A prominent member of the Players' club of New York, now in this city, tional bank of Exeter, gone into volunhas received a letter from Mark Twain under peculiar circumstances. The recipient of the letter collabor-

ated with a fellow-member upon a letfer to "Mark." whom they both knew intimately. They did not know "Mark's" address at the time, so they addressed the missive, "Mark Twain, God-Knows-Where." Here is "Mark's" reply:

Sabin, and Beatrice Boy, a yellow col-"London, November 24, 1896 .- Oh, ored horse owned by Charley Mumford thank you, dear boys, for remembering a liveryman in that place. Considerme, and for the love that was back of able interest centered in the race and These are heavy days, and all such several hundred dollars changed hands helps ease the burden. I glanced at as a result, which was a complete sur your envelope by accident and got sevprise to the admirers of the yellow eral chuckles for reward-and chuckles straight heats, and the time made are worth much in this world against a heavy wind and in a raw.

"And there is a curious thing; that I should get a letter addressed 'God-Knows Where.' It showed that He did know where I was, although I was hiding from the world, and no one in America knows my address, and the stamped legend, 'Deficiency of Address,' supplied by the New York postoffice, showed that he had given it away.

In the same mail comes a letter from friends in New Zealand addressed Mrs. Clemens (care Mark Twain), United States of America, and again He gave us away-this time to the deficiency department of the San Francisco postoffice. These things show that our postal service has ramifications which ramify a good deal. words:

"It is sought by this act to provide that when the state treasurer shall furnish a bond executed by a surety company authorized by the laws of the state to execute such bond, to pay the premium of such surety or guarantee bond out of the state treasury and appropriating the sum of \$8.00 therefor. This measure seems to have been introduced in anticipation of the passage of house roll No. 25, amending sections 9, 1s and 21, chapter 10, the same being an act concerning official bonds outles, which will did not finally passeems to that of the legislature, thus rendering understhe provisions of the bill under consideration.

I am also of the opinion that it is very domitful as to the wisdom of establishing a precedent in this state of paying the premiums on guarantee bonds of any public official out of the public treasury. If one public official out of the public treasury. If one public the proclet where and when the coul would he reached. As each public difficial having to give a band would dealer to be treated with the assure consideration as any other, the burden thus longenest upon the proclete of the reasure above given I disappeare of this state of the reasure above given I disappeare of this state.

"Mark."

words:

Great Mental Feats.

Hortensius, the great Roman lawyer and crator, had a memory of extraordinary scope and tenacity. After composing a speech or oration he could repeat it word for word, exactly as he had prepared it. On one occasion he went to an auction, where the business was carried on during the entire day, and at evening, for a wager, he wrote down a list of the articles that had been sold and the prices, together with the names of the purchasers, in the order in which the purchases had been made.

A Single Tax Agitator.

Vauban, the great French engineer, acems, according to his biographers, to have been the father or perhaps the grandfather of "single tax." He published in the year of his death a voluse in which he contended that one tax on land should be made to cover all the expenses of the state. The book was promptly suppressed by the royal found

CAPTURED BY OMAHA. Blood Poison

IT IS MADE A DEPOT FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES.

Sloux City Makes an Effort to Secure the Prize, But Fails-Allen and Gear Lock Horns-Possible Elevation of Congressman Mercer-Various Matters.

vigorous debate on the proposition, Senator Gear of Iowa insisting that if a change is to be made from Chicago he should insist upon Sioux City being

table. Upon a vote being taken

Gear motion was defeated and the Allen amendment as amended by Sen-ator Carter, was placed in the bill, which was subsequently passed. It now goes back to the house for con-

currence.

The death of Representative Miliken of Maine, chairman of the committee

on public buildings and grounds is

likely to pave the way for the succession of Congressman Mercer to the chairman of that valuable committee.

Mr. Mercer followed Mr. Morse of

Massachusetts in line of promotion and Mr. Morse was next to the chairman.

Mr. Morse is not a member of this con-gress, however, and as the committees

were last organized if the usual rule is

followed in the make up of the committee for this congress, which is not expected to occur until the regular ses-

sion of December, the member from the Second district of Nebraska will

As soon as the appropriation bills

of the currency an

vice W. S. Ashby, resigned.

nounces the following changes

tary liquidation by resolution

dent, in place of E. McIntyre.

Nebraska national banks: First Na-

A Coming Nebraska Korse.

A crowd of about 200 witnessed a

race at Beatrice at Linden Tree park

between Sabin's Counsellor, the well

known trotting horse owned by D.

boy. Councellor won the race in three

cold atmosphere was remarkably good

half mile, was turned in 1:13, 4he

second in 1:16 and the last in 1:14. one heat the winner made the first quarter in a 2:14 gait, and it was ap-

done much better than this.

good. The first heat, all of which were

parent to everyone that he could have

In returning without his signature the bill for "an act providing for the payment out of the state treasury of

the premium on the state treasurer's bond, when such bond is executed by a

surety company authorized by the laws

of Nebraska to execute such bond, such

premium not to exceed one-third of 1 per cent per annum of the penalty stated in the bond; and appropriating

funds for the payment of such pre-miums," Gov. Holcomb used these

Nebraska Sheep Industry.

Dodge county sheep feeders made

large profits the past winter feeding lu-cent corn to 5-cent sheep. They

have already purchased increased thocks for feeding next winter. They are satisfied they have a good thing and are pushing it along. They have found sheep uniformly profitable during the past ten years

The comptroller

Hood's Sarsaparilla It is sold by all druggists. Price, \$1; six for \$5. A Prize Falls to Omaha. Washington special to the Lincoln Journal: Senator Allen succeeded in Hood's Pills are prompt, efficient and easy in effect. 25 cents. the senate today in securing the adop-tion of his amendment to the Indian

Confined our son to his bed for five months. The disease left him an object of pity and a great sufferer. He was covered with blotches, and the burning and itching were terrible to bear. A lady told us to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. He began taking it and soon improved. After taking a few bottles he was entirely cured. That was three years ago, and there has been no return of the disease."—E. C. BOYLAN, East Leroy, Mich. Get only

FOOLISH WOMEN.

They Make a Good Living for Fortune Tellers. It is said by the detectives of the

bill providing for a supply depot for the distribution of goods to the various Indian agencies, Omaha being named as the location. There was a very central office, who occasionally have to deal with the fortune-telling, hypnotic, clairvoyant sharps, that these he should insist upon Sioux City being named. Senator Allen explained at great length the advantages of Omaha by reason of its proximity to northwestern reserves. Senator Carter, of Montana, proposed an amendment leaving to the discretion of the secretary of the interior the agencies which should be served from the Omaha warehouse. This was accepted by Senator Allen, but the issue was joined by the motion of Senator Gear that the Allen amendment be laid upon the table. Upon a vote being taken the latter gentlemen make their living by the skill with which they treat the curious maiden ladies of uncertain age and the army of stout and middle-aged women who endeaver, by bleaching their hair and powdering their faces, to conceal from themselves and the world the fact that they are growing old. The fortunetellers are men who apparently realize that there is in this world a large number of foolish women of mature years, who do not object to paying \$3 or \$5 for having their fortunes told by some of the remarkable seers who are doing such a lucrative business just now in this line.

The fortune-telling sharps are usually men between 30 and 40 years of age, of an owl-like air and more or less impressiveness of manner. and they fondle the hands of their visitors as they read the lines after a fashion that would be ridiculous if it were not lucrative. There is no real harm in ail of this, according to the detectives, says the New York Sun, except that once in a while a particularly idle and foolish old woman permits these sharps to get the best of her so far as to extort sums of money, on one pretext or another, beyond the usual limit of \$3 for con-sultation. Sometimes the pretext is an enlargement of his business, his desire to buy a beautiful picture, or some other trinket of value to him, but as often as not the man succeeds in wheedling sums of money varying from \$5 to \$25 purely as a "loan." It is when the "loan" gets to be of un-usual proportions that the police are called in. They know the fortune-tellers very well, and there is never any trouble about getting back the money, but the elderly, foolish woman in the case is usually in a state of tremendous mental perturbation while it is all going on

An Appeal for Assistance.

An Appeal for Assistance.

The man who is charitable to himself will listen to the mute appeal for assistance made by his stomach, or his liver, in the shape of divers dispeptic quaims and uneasy sensations in the region of the gland that secrete his bile. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, my dear sir, or madam—as the case may be—is what you require. Hasten to use it if you are troubled with heartburn, wind in the stomach, or note that your skin or the whites of your eyes are taking a sallow hue.

New Meaning in an Old Line.

"Do you mean to say that you are going to charge me all that just for Lancaster county. Mrs. L. M. McKin-non, vice B. D. Slusher, removed; Hildred, Franklin county, H. A. Glenn, doing a little surveying?"

"Yes, sir." "Wouldn't you take the land instead of the money

"Possibly." "Weil. I guess ye'll have to. This is the first time I ever really appreclated that poetry about 'I am mon-arch of all I survey.'"-Washington stockholders, date April 8, to take effect April 9; First National of Seward, John Zimmerman, vice-presi-Star.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, \$1. All druggists.

A Crushing Misfortune. Mrs. Knowes-Poor Mrs. Youngwife! That fortune sho's just come into will take all the sunshine out of her life.

Mrs. Guesse-H'm! I don't see why you should commiserate her. Mrs. Knowes-The poor thing won't have any need of going shop-

ping for bargains any more. I believe that Fiso's Cure is the only medicine that will cure consumption.—Anna M. Ross. Williamsport. Pa., Nov. 12, '95.

"I don't see your husband with your so much as when you were in your honeymoon." said the clergyman, as he met an occasional attendant at his church. "Has he grown cool?" "Not if what you preach be true," she said, coyly. "He is dead." -

Toledo Blade. Learned a Lesson.

the monkey jumped on me.

Mother-Horrors! Did you run against a barb wire fence? Little Johnny-No'm. I was pickin' at an organ grinder's monkey an'

"Humph! I hope you have learned a lesson. "Yes'm, I've learned never to buzzoaw with a monkey."

PATENTS. Street - specimen. Small statute for a