CUBAN TORIES STRUNG UP.

NO MERCY FOR NATIVE FRIENDS OF SPAIN.

ARE QUICKLY DISPOSED OF

A Lieutenant and Two Other Men Are Hanged When Captured—Reports of Lively Fighting at Various Places—Premier Castillo Stands by Weyler—Late Cuban News.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 22.—The train which left Regla at 10 o'clock last Sunday night for Guanabacoa was derailed near the switch at Cambute. The passengers believed that only a slight accident had occurred and gathered outside. Suddenly a number of negroes armed with carbines and machetes invaded the three coaches, threatening to kill the passengers and compelling them to vacate the cars, killing a negro passenger and seriously wounding a soldier. The insurgent colonel, Aranguren, with 150 cavalry, had laid two bulls on the rails, which threw the train off the track.

The insurgents captured two captains and eleven other officers, all unarmed, four soldiers, the second chief of the municipal police of Havana, who was returning home, the engineer and fireman and three employes of the railroad and carried them by a forced march to a farm near Jaruco, where they hanged Lieutenant Bernando Banos, a native Cuban, for serving Spain. All of the others were liberated.

News has been received that Calixto Garcia, with 5,000 men, besieged and bombarded Fort Guamo, thirty miles from Manzanillo, on the river Canto, eight days ago. General Bosch ordered the gunboats Relampago and Centinela to relieve the fort, but an insurgent torpedo placed in the river blew up the Relampago, as has been already cabled. A Spanish column finally succeeded in raising the siege.

In the province of Puerto Principe, the insurgents are moving about with activity. A Spanish column under General Serrano had a fight with the insurgents under General Pepe Recio and the leaders Ramos and Baresto at the farms of Santa Rita and Purisama. After lively firing the insurgents retreated toward Matelmo. The insurgents' cavalry accepted battle from the heights near Parrohos and were reinforced at El Rosario by 1,000 infantry. They held advantageous positions and resisted with tenacity, but were finally dislodged by the Spanish artillery. They left twenty-five killed and a large number of wounded. The column lost seven killed and two officers and twenty-three privates were wounded. The column fired 43,000 rifle cartridges and ten grenades.

Canovas Stands by Weyler.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The correspondent at Paris of the Daily News says: "During the negotiations with the United States last week, Senor Canovas, the Spanish premier, was surprised and dismayed to receive an intimation from Washington that Secretary Olney would have no time to settle the Cuban question and that he would leave President McKinley's hands free to deal with it. Two days later Senor Canovas issued an official denial that negotiations were proceeding. It is a great blow at Canovas, who has confidence in General Weyler's ability to suppress the rebellion. He is credited with an intention to resign if General Weyler has not given a death blow to the revolution by the beginning of the rainy season."

THE PLAGUE IN BOMBAY.

Government Quarters Infected — The Situation Deplorable.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Editor Harnsworth of the Daily Mail telegraphed from Bombay last night: "The plague has broken out in the servants' quarters, situated in the grounds of the government house here. Immediately on the discovery of the occurrence the patient was removed to the hospital, and orders were given by the governor's physician for the destruction of the whole row of houses, nine in number. These, with their contents, were promptly fired. Nothing was allowed to be removed from the burned buildings. Five thousand shops and several hundred private dwelling houses in the native section of Bombay are shut. The plague has now assumed such terrible proportions that the resources of the municipal officials are completely overtaxed. People are dying hourly in the streets, and much difficulty is experienced in obtaining corpse-bearers to carry the bodies to the Hindoo burying grounds and the Mohammedan cemeteries in Karachi."

James McNaspy Must Stand Trial.

ABILENE, Kan., Jan. 22.—Formal charges have been brought against James McNaspy, who fled to Arkansas last summer and was recently brought back. He was for years one of the leading Democratic politicians of the county. He was a broker and so much confidence did his neighbors place in him that the thrifty Germans fairly forced money upon him for investment. When he disappeared it was found he owed $25,000 and had no assets.

Chicago Will Try Hawaiian "Poi."

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—The steamship Australia, which arrived from Honolulu yesterday, brought 204 bags of taro flour, the principal ingredient of the famous Hawaiian dish known as "poi," consigned to Chicago. When properly prepared it is preferred by the Hawaiians to any of the many delicacies the island affords.

A Versatile Preacher Under Arrest.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 22.—William McPherson, alias Robert Nicholson, minister of the gospel, vocal music teacher and stone cutter, is in jail here on charges of burglary and larceny.

THE CZAR YIELDED.

Lord Salisbury Had His Way in Regard to Reforms for Turkey.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Official correspondence between Great Britain and Russia, published here to-day, shows that the Marquis of Salisbury, October 20, proposed that the ambassadors at Constantinople should formulate reforms to be enforced by the powers. M. Shiskine, then the acting Russian minister for foreign affairs, replied November 18, that the czar had decided that it was impossible to agree to coercive measures against the sultan. November 25 there was a further communication that the czar had agreed to the Marquis of Salisbury's proposal and would not object to advise the Russian ambassador relative to coercion should the sultan prove recalcitrant and refuse to adopt the reforms unanimously recommended by the ambassadors.

GAY DECEIVER FREED.

H. C. Wilmuth, Alias Howell, a Multi-Bigamist, Pardoned by Gov. Leedy.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 22.—Governor Leedy issued a pardon, yesterday, to H. C. Wilmoth, alias Howell, alias Howe, alias Hobart, and several other aliases which he used to suit the occasion in his career as a gay deceiver of women and a breaker of female hearts. Wilmoth has been confined in the Kansas penitentiary ten months on the charge of bigamy. He pleaded guilty to the charge, March 21 last, and, by previous agreement, was sentenced by Judge Alder of the District court to one year's imprisonment. This was only one case where he was caught, but the police records of a score of cities show installments of his operations with guileless women during the last eight years.

NEW TERROR FOR BOMBAY

Three Severe Earthquake Shocks—The Destruction on Kisham Island.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A special dispatch received here from Bombay says that three severe earthquake shocks have occurred there.

A special from Teheran, capital of Persia, says that 2,500 persons perished as a result of the earthquake which occurred on Kisham island, January 11. Kisham island is the largest in the Persian gulf and is about fifteen miles from its entrance. Its population is estimated at 5,000, mostly Arabs.

NOVEL LAND FRAUDS.

Three Oklahomans Secure Divorces So Their Wives Could Get Claims.

PERRY, Okla., Jan. 22.—John Hulka, who owns 160 acres of land in old Oklahoma, just before the Cherokee Strip was opened secured a divorce and his wife secured 160 acres on Red Rock creek. The two live together now, but are not remarried. Near Morrison, Joe Dunbam was divorced from his wife for the same purpose, and on Black Bear creek Joe Prucha defrauded the government in the same way.

Chicago Boys Go to Cuba.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—Henry H. Deming, son of Dr. H. Deming of Hyde Park, and Arthur Wallace, son of the Rev. Thomas D. Wallace, pastor of the Eighth Presbyterian church, are missing and are supposed to have gone to Cuba. Deming left home two weeks ago and was heard from shortly after at St. Louis, where he had enlisted in a company which was being formed for Cuban service. Young Wallace, who formerly attended a Wisconsin military school, has been missing since Thanksgiving. Descriptions of the two boys have been sent all over the country and the government at Washington has been requested to have its Cuban agents search for them.

To Tax All Franchises.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 22.—A bill taxing every kind of franchise, railroad, street railway, gas, water, telephone, granted by state, county, city or other authorities has been reported for passage in the lower House. It provides that the State board of equalization shall fix the value of all franchises and on the basis of such valuation a tax for state purposes of fifteen cents for every $100 and ten cents on every $100 for the city and county or school districts affected by the franchises shall be levied.

Williams Held for the Eudora Murder.

OLATHE, Kan., Jan. 22.—The preliminary examination of Albert E. Williams, charged with complicity in the murder of his 12-year-old child, Anna Belle Williams, whose body was found near Eudora, was concluded this morning, and while there was no evidence implicating him, he was held in a $1,000 bond for his appearance at the May term of the district court of this county.

A Big St. Louis Concern Involved.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 22.—The Dodson-Hils Manufacturing company has filed a chattel mortgage for $87,000 to secure creditors and the firm is in the hands of George W. Meyer, trustee. It is not thought that a general assignment will be made. The assets of the company are estimated at over $100,000, consisting of plants in Iowa and Missouri and $50,000 in outstanding accounts.

An Oregon Recorder Short.

PENDLETON, Ore., Jan. 22.—George R. Lash, city recorder for six terms, is short in his accounts $2,878 for 1896 and 1897 alone, only part of his accounts having been examined. Lash is sick at home, but has been placed under arrest.

For the Ex-Confederate Home.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 22.—Colonel H. A. Newman, Major Bannerman, General Kas Bonding and other ex-Confederate veterans met in the office of the railway and warehouse commissioners Tuesday afternoon to draft a bill to present to the Legislature to provide for financial aid for the support of the Confederate Home at Higginsville.

No Sunday Games in Texas.

AUSTIN, Texas, Jan. 22.—The house of the legislature to-day practically settled Sunday baseball in Texas by passing a bill prohibiting it.

THE QUEEN TO PARLIAMENT.

HER SPEECH IS READ TO BOTH HOUSES.

TURKEY AND ARBITRATION

They Are the Main Features of Victoria's Remarks—Measures to Secure Reforms in the Sultan's Realm Announced—Treaties With America Commended—The Bombay Plague.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—In anticipation of the opening of the third session of Parliament this afternoon, strong guards of police were early put on guard. The Queen's speech, which was read in both houses, was as follows: "My Lords and Gentlemen: My relations with all the other powers continue to be of a friendly character.

"The appalling massacres which have taken place at Constantinople and in other parts of the Ottoman dominions have called for the special attention of the powers signatory of the treaty of Paris. Papers will be laid before you showing the considerations which induced the powers to make the present condition of the Ottoman empire the subject of a special consultation with their representatives at Constantinople. The conferences which the six ambassadors have been instructed to hold are still proceeding.

"The action undertaken by his highness, the khedive of Egypt, against the Khalifa, with my approval and assistance, has so far been entirely successful. His forces, supported by my officers and troops, have re-won the province of Dongola to civilization by operations conducted with remarkable skill, and a way has been opened for a further advance whenever such step is judged desirable.

"My government has discussed with the United States, acting as a friend of Venezuela, the terms whereunder pending questions of the disputed frontier between that republic and our colony of British Guana may be equitably submitted to arbitration and an arrangement has been arrived at with that government whereby it will effect an adjustment of controversies without exposing to risks the interests of any of the colonists whose established rights are in the disputed territory.

"It is with much gratification that I have concluded a treaty for general arbitration with the president of the United States, whereby I trust all differences which may arise between us will be peacefully adjusted. I hope this arrangement may have a further value in commending to other powers the consideration of a principle whereby the danger of war may be notably abated."

The speech then refers to the repression of the rebellion in South Africa and the appointment of a commission to inquire into the sugar industry of the West Indies, and continues: "It is with great regret and feelings of the deepest sympathy that I have heard that owing to the failures of the autumn rains and scarcity, famine affects a large portion of my dominions in India." After referring to the measures taken to mitigate the suffering from famine, and making a reference to the bubonic plague at Bombay, the speech says: "I have directed my government to take the most stringent measures to eradicate it."

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons," the speech continues, "the estimates for the year will be laid before you. While I am desirous of guarding against undue expenditures, I have felt that the present condition of the world will not permit you to depart from the spirit of prudent foresight wherein you have of recent years provided for the defense of my empire."

TRAIN ROBBERY RECORD.

Congressman Hubbard Gives Figures to Justify a Stringent Law.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Some interesting facts concerning train robberies were presented to the judiciary committee by Representative Hubbard of Missouri, who has introduced a bill to provide the death penalty for the crime. He showed that the number of train "hold-ups" in six years had been 183, in whizh 73 persons were killed and 58 wounded by shots. The record for 1896 was 23 hold-ups, in which 23 passengers and trainmen were killed, four robbers killed and two injured. The bill is a very severe one and 2xes the death penalty or imprisonment for not less than ten years for all "hold-ups" or attempts at train wrecking.

VEST ELECTED.

Formally Chosen by the Missouri Legislature—One Bolt on Kerens.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—After nearly half a hundred petitions for the reduction of passenger rates to two cents a mile had been presented in the house this morning, Mr. Whitecotton moved that the house proceed to ballot for United States Senator. This was carried and then Mr. Martin of Barton nominated George G. Vest; Mr. Bittinger nominated Colonel R. C. Kerens; Mr. Aldredge of Moniteau nominated O. D. Jones of Knox.

The roll call resulted: Vest 85, Kerens 34, Jones 4, R. E. Lewis 1.

In the Senate Vest received 19 votes and Kerens 14. Senator Williams was absent.

ANTI-HILL MEN BOLT.

Five Walk Out of the New York Senatorial Caucus.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Three Democratic senators and two assemblymen last night bolted the caucus called to nominate a successor to David B. Hill for United States senator. Of those who remained, 36 voted for David B. Hill, 3 for Wilbert F. Porter, of Watertown, and two for Robert C. Titus, of Buffalo. The five who voted against Hill in the caucus will vote for him on the ballot to-day. Mr. Hill's inactivity during the presidential campaign was the cause of the bolt.

A FIEND CONFESSES.

Sam Platka Caused the Cahaba Bridge Horror—Sends 25 Persons to Death.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 20.—A special from Atlanta, Ga., says: Sam Palatka, cross-eyed, a fiend in expression, revolting in countenance, has confessed to having perpetrated the great Cahaba bridge disaster which occurred three weeks ago in Alabama. Stolidly, and with immovable lines of criminal harshness on his face, he admits that single-handed he sent twenty-five persons to a horrible death and wounded and maimed a score of others.

"I did it," said Palatka. "I wanted money. It's nobody's business what I wanted it for. I did it. I found it very easy. I say this for the benefit of those who want to wreck trains. It is just as easy to wreck a passenger train as it is to wreck a freight train. There's no money in a freight. I did not get anything out of the wreck. I moved a rail, put it across the track, and the whole business seemed to fall. There were plenty of dead folks with money—one man had $500—but before I could get at it, the live ones got up and then the crowds came. I skipped out then."

TO KEEP OUT THE PLAGUE

Government Takes Strict Precautions to Prevent Its Spread.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The great epidemic of the bubonic plague in Bombay has impelled the authorities of the marine hospital service to take steps to secure the utmost possible vigilance by all officials of the United States to prevent its introduction into this country, although no fears are felt at present. Yesterday Surgeon General Wyman of the marine hospital bureau, after consultation with Secretary Carlisle, issued a circular calling attention of United States consular officers, masters and owners of vessels, collectors of customs, national, state and local quarantine officers and others to quarantine regulations to prevent the spread of epidemics.

The regulations referred to in the circular compel the disinfection of merchandise and personal effects from infected ports before their shipment, and similar precautions in regard to immigrants from ports where plague, cholera, typhus, yellow fever or smallpox prevails.

FRANCIS CONFIRMED.

No Opposition Made and No Vote Taken—Vest Explains.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Senate in executive session yesterday confirmed the nomination of David R. Francis of Missouri for secretary of the interior. No opposition to confirmation was made and no vote was taken. Senator Vest stated that he could add nothing to what he had already said, and that he had no object in further delaying action upon the nomination. He added that he had not made objection to confirmation in the beginning on any personal ground, or because he entertained any but the kindest personal feeling toward Mr. Francis, but that he had taken his position in opposition to confirmatien simply as a matter of duty to the Democratic party, which Mr. Francis, while professing to be a member of that party, had opposed in the late election.

ILLINOIS CONTEST.

Republican Caucus Takes Two Fruitless Ballots—Mason Talks.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 20.—The Republican joint caucus for the nomination of a successor to Senator John M. Palmer was held last night. The first ballot resulted as follows: Ex-Congressman W. E. Mason of Chicago, 46; Congressman Lorimer of Chicago, 39; Congressman Hitt, 12; Congressman Hopkins of Aurora, 6; C. E. Carr of Springfield, 10; S. W. Allerton of Chicago, 1; George E. Adams of Chicago, 2; Congressman Joseph Cannon of Danville, 10; necessary to a choice 64.

The second ballot showed but little change and the caucus adjourned until to-night.

HOMES BILL REPORTED.

No Change in the Senate Measure Made by the House Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The public lands committee of the House to-day took precisely that favorable action with respect to the free homes bill indicated in yesterday's report, the bill being ordered reported to the House in the form in which it passed the Senate and an effort will be made to present the favorable recommendation during the day's session. This action upon the part of the committee increases the chances of the bill reaching the White house, but its prospective fate there appears as certain as ever.

A Theatrical Man's Suicide.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 20.—William E. Jones, formerly manager of Havlin's theater in this city and a brother-in-law of John Havlin, committed suicide here last night by shooting himself in the head.

For a Greater Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—The city council at its meeting last night adopted a resolution providing for a commission to prepare for presentation to the legislature plans for the abolishment of township organizations in Cook county and the creation of a Greater Chicago.

General M. R. Morgan Retired.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—Brigadier General Michael R. Morgan, commissary general of subsistance, was placed on the retired list of the army yesterday by operation of law on account of age.

Negro Killed by Footpads.

SOUTH MCALESTER, I. T., Jan. 20.—Sunday Tom Lewis, colored, was found dead near Alderson with a bullet in his brain. He had evidently been waylaid and shot. Sunday night Cash Ellis and Bill Colbert, both colored, were arrested and lodged in jail, charged with the murder.

Sullivan to Return to the Stage.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—John L. Sullivan is going into stage life again. A prominent manager will take him in charge and put him on the Eastern circuit this season, and if successful send him across the water in the summer.

SIGNS OF THE STARS.

SOME TALES TOLD BY THE HEAVENLY BODIES.

Correspondents Should Be Careful to Follow Instructions as to Full Names and Addresses—Date, Place and Hour of Birth.

THE Astrologer again insists that all persons writing him with a view of obtaining free readings in this column, must send full name and address. The name will not be published. The data are often meagre, in which case it becomes necessary to address a personal letter to the applicant. It will therefore be seen that it is quite necessary to give name and post office address. These readings are free, and will be published in order as received. Persons wishing the same length reading by mail can obtain it by sending twelve two cent stamps. Write name and address, year of birth, day of month and hour of day, whether a. m. or p. m. Also state place of birth. These are important points and without them an accurate reading of the planetary indications cannot be given. Persons who are not sure as to data should write the Astrologer for special instructions by mail. In doing so send four cents in stamps for reply. Address: Prof. G. W. Cunningham, Dept. 4, 194 So. Clinton street, Chicago.

The following readings are for this week:

Miss Meg, Mendota, Mo.

According to the data furnished, the zodiacal sign, Scorpio, which Mars rules, was rising at your birth, therefore Mars is your ruling planet or significator.

You are medium height, with a well set figure, and will grow stouter as you grow older. Your complexion, hair and eyes, medium; the eyes have rather a sharp, piercing sight. You are very energetic and ambitious, do not like opposition, and will display quite a spirited temper at times; you are a leader, and have the ability to execute plans in a creditable manner; you are fond of soldiers, fireman, surgeons, all manner of military parades, news, etc. If a war would come you would like to go and be right at the front of the battle; you would make a good surgeon. You have far better command of language than this sign usually denotes. Your husband is, or will be, a peculiar temperament, and rather hard to understand, and marriage will only be a trifle over average fortunate. You are under both a good transit of Jupiter and an evil transit of Saturn.

F. B., Oceola, Ohio.

According to the data the zodiacal sign Aquarius, which Uranus rules, was rising at your birth, therefore Uranus is your ruling planet or significator. The sign Pisces, which Jupiter rules, was intercepted on ascendant, therefore Jupiter is co-significator. You are of medium height; medium to light complexion, hair and eyes; when young your hair was flaxen; you will grow stouter as you advance in years; you are reserved in your manners, yet quite a busy talker; you are inclined to investigate any of the occult and mysterious forces in nature; you are a seeker after truth no matter where you find it; you are naturally an advanced thinker, and was born with a kind of knowledge which you never had to study to learn; you just know many things without ever having had to study them, and if asked to explain how you knew this or that you could not tell where it came from; you feel and know things in advance. If you would thoroughly understand this it could be made valuable to you. Saturn will make an evil transit for you soon.

Miss S. S. Marionville, Mo.

According to the data furnished the Zodiacal sign Sagittarius, which Jupiter rules was rising at your birth, therefore Jupiter is your ruling planet or significator. You are tall, with slender, well formed figure; medium to light complexion and eyes; the hair, auburn; in general appearance you are commanding, you are jovial, cheerful, happy temperament, you are very ambitious and will be a leader in anything you are interested in; you are kind to animals and especially fond of a horse. You are very courageous even to a reckless degree at times. You will be looked up to by your neighbors; they will expect you to take the lead, and they will follow. You should secure an education in art for you are gifted in that direction, but there will be something to hinder you from getting a proper education in it unless you make special effort and overcome the obstacles that will be in your path, yet you are otherwise quite fortunate.

Note.—Those who have sent in their stamps (28 cents) for readings by mail, will usually be promptly answered. In cases where there is an apparent delay the astrologer should be notified at once and the mistake will be rectified.

What He Did Know.

Inquiring Spectator—Which horse was it that won? Speculative Spectator (gloomily)—I don't know the name of the horse that won, but I know the name of most of the horses that didn't win.—New York Weekly.

Sometimes.

Bacon—I was reading to-day of a violin maker who made over 7,000 fiddles in his life. Egbert—It's a fact, then, that the evil a man does lives after him.—Yonkers Statesman.

REGARDING PASSENGER RATES

Decision of the Illinois Railroad and Warehouse Commissioners.

In the matter of the communication of the secretary of the state grange of Illinois dated Jan. 1, 1897, embodying a resolution of that body adopted at its December meeting, 1896, asking the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners to reduce the passenger rate from three (3) cents to two (2) cents per mile, the commission is of the opinion that to do so at this time would be unwise and unwarranted and would be unjust to the railroad interest of the state. While some of the great trunk lines in Illinois might be able to stand such a reduction, yet the smaller roads, and those which do almost wholly a local business, and which are now and have been for the last two years struggling for existence, would be most seriously affected by it.

Such action on our part would simply increase the heavy burdens under which they are staggering now. It is a well-known fact to those who have taken the trouble to investigate the amount of passenger business done by the railroads in Illinois during the past two years that there has been a large decrease in the number of passengers carried. This is due in our judgment not to the amount charged for such service but to the general depression in all lines of business, the low prices of farm products and the unsettled financial conditions which have had their effect on the passenger as well as the freight business.

And it is also a fact, as shown by the sworn reports of the railroads of Illinois that the capital invested in such property has not paid even a fair interest to the stockholder. This question was before us when we revised the freight schedule in 1895, and the whole question was thoroughly considered. We did not think then and neither do we feel now that in justice to both the public and the railroads, because each should stand on the same equality before the law, this reduction should be made at this time. If the country was prosperous our conclusions might be different.

The statistics in our office show that for the past three years, 1894, 1895 and 1896, the average amount charged by the railroads per passenger mile is a fraction above two cents, although the maximum allowed them was three cents.

For the reasons above stated we do not feel that this reduction should be made at this time. We are also asked to recommend this reduction to the legislature. In view of our conclusion we do not feel that it would be consistent for us to do so; however, the legislature has the power to regulate the maximum rate which can be charged for passenger service and we leave the matter to their wisdom.

(Signed) W. S. CANTRELL,
Chairman.
THOS. GAHAN.
Attest: J. W. YANTIS, Secretary.
Jan. 12, 1897.

An Expert.

First Boarder—"I understand that the landlady is to take a trip to the West." Second Boarder—"Is that so? If the train would stop long enough at stations she could give the railway restaurant people some great points."—Puck.

He (earnestly)—Am I the first man you ever kissed? She—Of course you are. How stupid men are! I never knew one who didn't ask that.—New York Herald.

There are many rash, heroic tasks
That men are called to do,
But few surpass his nerve who asks
"Is't hot enough for you?"

Wyoming and Nevada have less than one inhabitant to the square mile.

The shoe often pinches from no fault of the wearer.