

THE NORTHWESTERN

GEORGE E. HENSCHOTER, Editor & Pub.

LOUP CITY, NEBRASKA.

NEBRASKA NEWS.

Farmers' Course at the State University.

The University of Nebraska has just issued a very attractive pamphlet descriptive of the school of agriculture, which every farmer should send for. This course in Agriculture is altogether the most complete, practical and common sense thing of the kind that has ever come under our observation. It is something that no farmer's boy or girl of any ambition can afford to miss. The people in charge of the school realize the fact that most farmers' sons and daughters cannot afford the time and money required in the preparation for and completion of a regular course, but that in farming as in any other business education and training pay. Keeping this in view, they have prepared a short, practical course of three months, beginning Dec. 29, 1896, and ending March 19, 1897. It provides for the following studies: Soil tillage, diseases of farm animals, stock breeding and judging, feeding cattle and hogs, farm dairying, fruit raising and vegetable gardening, carpentry and blacksmithing, domestic economy, etc. An explanation given in the circular of the manner in which the instruction is given shows that the student obtains much of it by actual practice and observation. Not that he will be expected to do the work of the farm with which he is already familiar, but such operations as judging stock, milk testing, improved methods of butter-making, tree grafting, treating sick animals, etc. No examinations are required for entrance. There is a registration fee of one dollar. The cost to each student last year for room rent, table board, books, etc., was about thirty-six dollars.

New shelled corn is being marketed at Belvidere. Scarlet fever is on the increase in South Omaha. A good deal of winter wheat is being put in here and there. Hay balers are finding plenty to do in the vicinity of Deshler. Advance in the price of wheat made business for elevator men. The Scribner powers that be have passed a curfew ordinance. Mrs. Garner of Fremont, aged 95, years of age, died last week. The Deshler creamery made 4,000 pounds of butter last month. An irrigation convention will be held at Lexington Nov. 19, 20 and 21. Seventh Day Adventists are holding a series of meetings at Central City. Chicken thieves are doing a thriving business in and about South Omaha. Merchants at Roseland are enjoying a good trade since grain began to move. New corn cribbing for about 15,000 bushels has been erected in Roseland this fall. Grace Lutheran church, Omaha, last Sunday laid the corner stone for an edifice to cost \$5,000. Palmer and Buckner, democratic nominees for president and vice president, spoke in Omaha last week. Confidence men in Omaha tried to work the padlock game on J. H. Beck of Decatur, but he reads the papers, and having told them so, they took a sneak. The Union Pacific company has a large force of men at work east of Ogallala, raising the track and widening the roadbed. They are raising the track four feet in some places. Several cases of diphtheria have been reported in Nebraska City and one death has occurred. No action has been taken by the board of education in regard to closing the schools. Section Foreman Green, who has been in charge of a crew of trackmen in the vicinity of North Loup, was found dead near the boarding car. He had been in ill health for some months past. Thieves forced an entrance to Deering's general merchandise store in De Witt and carried away 35 pairs of pants, also 60 fine silk handkerchiefs, together with a lot of white mufflers. The loss will reach \$200. The Nebraska Telephone company is constructing a line from Blair to Hancock, passing through Herman, Tekamah, Craig, Oakland and Lyons, and the company expects to complete the circuit in four weeks. Dr. R. R. Razez, the Curtis editor who was shot some months ago by a man named Carey, in a dispute over a business matter, was in Lincoln last week. He still carries the bullet with him and is seeking medical advice on how to get rid of it. Engine No. 166, the first locomotive run by the Union Pacific over the old Central branch of Kansas, has been condemned and sent to the scrap heap. It was built in the early '60s, and was one of the engines that frightened Indians with its puffing. C. I. Wright, a young Lincoln man with a penchant for committing the crime of forgery, and who has been four times under arrest already on this charge, is again in jail on a similar charge. He will now probably be taken care of in the penitentiary. Warren Challenger is the name given by a young boy who was found locked in a sealed car in the Burlington yards at Lincoln, and turned over to the police. He had crawled into the car at Pacific Junction and going to sleep, slumbered until the train arrived at Lincoln. The Central City Republican says that hawks are more numerous this year than they have been since the early settlement of the county and they are very bold. The invade yards and take chickens in the very presence of the owners. A number have been shot in town. George Borchers of Nebraska City was in a serious predicament for a short time ago. While holding a pin in his mouth it slipped and in some manner became fastened in his tongue. The position of the pin prevented his speaking and for some time things looked serious. A doctor finally relieved him.

The preliminary trial of W. L. Lee of York, accused of making a felonious assault upon the person of A. Bissel about Sept. 15 last, with a view of securing accident insurance indemnity which was written in Lee's favor, was held last week. The court held the accused on a bond of \$1,000 for trial in the adjourned term of the district court, which re-convenes Dec. 7.

Columbus is suffering from the depredations of a gang of petty thieves. Thus far they have confined themselves to hen roosts, barns, coal bins, etc., and while the officers have been unable to apprehend the perpetrators, they are of the opinion that it is home talent. Pat Murray, living west of town has published a reward of \$50 for the conviction of the parties who stole some harness from him a few days since.

The farmers around Auburn are talking up the question of sugar beets. They are doing some figuring on the money end of the question and it now looks as though a delegation of ten or fifteen farmers living near that place would visit the Norfolk sugar factories. Ex-Gov. Furnas has been experimenting with the sugar beet in Nemaha county, and he not only finds that the soil there is adapted to a large yield of the beet, but also of the very best quality.

William Herold, the pioneer business man of Plattsmouth, died very suddenly the other day of neuralgia of the heart. He was a robust and healthy man and has not known a day of sickness for a number of years. He was sweeping the sidewalk in front of his store, and after finishing the job, went up stairs where he resides. He complained of a sharp pain in his side, and laid down, but in a few moments, and before medical aid could arrive, he expired.

Washington dispatch: Supervising Architect Kemper today opened the eight proposals submitted by residents of Omaha for the construction of the external drainage ditch around the new postoffice building in Omaha. The names and amounts of bids: Mahoney & Stenger, \$4,998; J. J. Hannigan, \$12,493; Henry Harman, \$6,324; Wm. Malers, \$6,675; Peter Soderberg, \$7,595; James Creighton, \$5,237; A. Stutzer, \$6,950; John C. Marxen, \$5,643.

A Chicago dispatch says: W. M. Hoyt of the firm of W. M. Hoyt & Co., importers and wholesale grocers, presented to Mr. Bryan to day a house and two lots in Lincoln, Neb., in lieu of a cash contribution to the campaign fund. In his letter Mr. Hoyt scored the gold standard and declared that although he is rich in real estate he is poor in cash. Mr. Bryan turned the deed over to chairman Jones, who will sell it and put the proceeds into the campaign fund. The property is worth about \$18,000.

Elmer H. Dundy, judge of the U. S. court for Nebraska, died at his home in Omaha last week, after a brief illness. The immediate cause of death was congestion of the brain. Judge Dundy was one of the best known men in Nebraska, having resided in the state for nearly forty years. He was born in Trumbull county, Ohio, March 5, 1839. He was a member of the territorial legislature for four years. In 1863 he was made territorial judge. He was appointed judge of the U. S. district court in 1868.

The United States civil service commission has ordered that an examination be held by its local South Omaha board in that city December 5, for the grades of clerk and carrier in the postal service. Only citizens of the United States can be examined. The limitations are as follows: Clerks, 18 years old or over; carriers, 21 years and under 40 years. No applications will be accepted for this examination unless filed with the secretary of the board, Miss E. Blanch Williams, on a proper blank to be had of her.

The Omaha, South Omaha and Chicago men composing the Omaha Cattle Loan company have been hustling in the last few weeks and since the latter part of September have raised and enabled farmers to borrow through the South Omaha cattle commission men full \$750,000. The sum has put many farmers who have cattle to feed in a position to utilize it, and also to buy of the best cattle who had them to sell for feeding, and incidentally to insure a larger supply of fat cattle for the packing houses than would otherwise have been in sight.

The men who raised beets this year are so far making no complaints. The yield is above the average, running in some fields as high as eighteen tons to the acre, and the beets come up to the required standard. The work of digging and shipping them is progressing rapidly. The chieftain men are also much pleased with the result of this year's crop, it being the general opinion among farmers who have raised both beets and chicory, that chicory is the safest and in the average season the best paying crop of the two, no stand of purity being required.

Acting Comptroller of Currency Coffin last week gave out the abstract of reports of the condition Oct. 6 of the 102 national banks in Nebraska outside of Omaha and Lincoln. It shows total resources of \$18,660,205; loans and discounts amount to \$11,098,378; value of stocks, securities, banking houses, furniture and fixtures, and other real estate, \$1,463,511; reserve in banks and deposited with reserve agents, \$2,678,628; of which \$539,559 was in gold. Principal liabilities: Capital stock, \$6,375,000; surplus fund and undivided profits, \$1,567,235; deposits, \$8,225,972. The average reserve held was \$33.97 per cent. The same items at date of last statement, July 14 were as follows: Total resources, \$19,470,024; loans and discounts, \$11,824,314; stocks, securities, etc., \$2,474,528; reserve, \$2,765,831; of which \$579,730 was gold. Liabilities: Capital stock, \$6,475,000; surplus fund and undivided profits, \$1,643,491; deposits, \$8,824,231. Average reserve held, 33.39 per cent.

William Smith, an old resident living eight miles north of Hemingford, was found dead about ten rods from his house. He was living alone, his wife having died several years ago, in a mysterious manner while he was away from home. The grand lodge of Good Templars, in session in Lincoln, elected officers as follows: Grand chief templar, J. L. Mack, Lincoln; grand vice templar, J. R. Hughes, grand counselor, Ross M. Owens; grand secretary, Emma J. Hodges; grand treasurer, E. J. Clements; grand elector, superintendent, J. R. Forbes; grand chaplain, Mr. Rice.

HANNA'S LATEST FIGURES.

CLAIMS 311 ELECTORS FOR M'KINLEY.

CONCEDES 78 TO BRYAN.

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, Michigan, Wisconsin, Nebraska and Other Western States Counted Safe for the Major—Kansas, Missouri and Texas Classified as Doubtful States.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Chairman Hanna to-day issued the following signed statement:

"I am confident that the strength of McKinley and Hobart in the electoral college, as a result of next Tuesday's election, will not be less than 311 votes. This estimate is made upon figures just received from chairmen of state committees, the result of final polls taken in such a careful manner as to give them the highest credence. These polls indicate that the vote by states will be as follows:

"McKinley safe—California 9, Connecticut 6, Delaware 3, Illinois 24, Indiana 15, Iowa 13, Kentucky 13, Maine 6, Maryland 8, Massachusetts 15, Michigan 14, Minnesota 9, New Hampshire 4, New Jersey 10, New York 36, Nebraska 8, North Carolina 11, North Dakota 3, Ohio 23, Oregon 4, Pennsylvania 32, Rhode Island 4, South Dakota 4, Tennessee 12, Vermont 4, West Virginia 6, Wisconsin 12, Wyoming 3. Total—311. "Bryan—Alabama 11, Arkansas 5, Colorado 4, Florida 4, Georgia 13, Louisiana 8, Mississippi 9, Montana 3, Nevada 3, South Carolina 9, Utah 3, Idaho 3. Total 78. "Probably safe for McKinley—Kansas 10, Virginia 12, Washington 4. Total 26. "Doubtful—Missouri 17, Texas 15. Total 32.—M. A. Hanna."

BRYAN NOT ALARMED.

Many States Claimed by Hanna Believed to Be Safely Democratic.

OSKOLA, Iowa, Nov. 2.—Mr. Bryan, being shown the estimate of Chairman Mark Hanna of the Republican national committee, said: "I shall leave the national committees to issue an estimate, but if I were to express an opinion upon his table I should say that fully one-half of the electoral votes which he counts upon will be found in the silver column. Unless the reports which come to us from various states are entirely erroneous, we shall have considerably more than 300 electoral votes." Mr. Bryan also stated that he was confirmed in the opinion, uttered some time ago, that study of the money question had increased the number of Republicans who would support free silver and decreased the number of gold standard Democrats.

BIG PARADE IN NEW YORK.

One Hundred and Ten Thousand Gold Standard Men in Line. NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—To-day was the day set for the great final parade of the Republican organizations, and practically no business was done in the mercantile establishments, the interest in the demonstration obliging even those not in sympathy with the Republican cause to suspend operations for the day. Hours before there was any chance of the advance guard of the great parade appearing the sidewalks on either side of the streets named in the line of march were scarcely passable.

Along the route of the parade, from the Battery to Fortieth street, there was a remarkable display of flags and bunting. On Broadway and Fifth avenue were myriads of American flags of all sizes and thousands of yards of bunting. At short intervals huge flags bearing the names of McKinley and Hobart, and, in some instances, campaign mottoes, stretched across the street. One large flag dealer estimated that not less than \$500,000 had been spent by the business men of New York in decorating their establishments, and it is figured that 500,000 flags were waving to-day. At the marble Collegiate church, at the corner of Fifth avenue and Twenty-ninth street, over the main entrance were draped two silk flags. It is estimated that 110,000 men were in line.

Flag Displays in Kansas Towns.

PITTSBURG, Kan., Nov. 2.—Business houses were decorated to-day with flags of all sizes and yellow streamers and with red, white and blue bunting and streamers. The residence portion was practically a sea of flags and the national colors.

GREAT BEND, Kan., Nov. 2.—Everybody regardless of party had flags out to-day. The business part of the town is covered with the national colors.

Lon Stephens Files Many Flags. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Nov. 2.—Flag day is being observed here. The governor's mansion is decorated and "Ivy Terrace," the home of Lon V. Stephens, is literally covered with flags. All the principal residences in the city are decorated and the yellow ribbon is used profusely.

Boston's Display. BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 2.—The city has assumed a festive appearance, with the generous display of flags and bunting, on all the large buildings, and to-day there are few of the leading business houses without the national colors.

Charles L. Fair Sued for Libel. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—Notary Public J. J. Cooney of Fair pencil-will case fame, has sued Charles L. Fair for \$20,000 for slander in the cross complaint filed in the courts in connection with his answer to Mrs. Nettie B. Craven's suit Thursday.

BISMARCK NOT ALARMED.

The Prince's Newspaper Organ Returns to the Attack.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—Prince Bismarck apparently is not alarmed by the threats to prosecute him, for his organ, the Hamburger Nachrichten, to-day replied to the broadside of the official Reichs Anzeiger of Tuesday, which intimated that the fate which overtook Count von Arnim might await those who disclosed secrets of state. The Nachrichten says: "The negotiations of those days of Bismarck's tenure of office were no strict secret, but belonged to history. There is no necessity for secrecy so far as Germany and the dreihund is concerned, as the treaty was made solely in compliance with Russia's wish and Germany had nothing to be ashamed of. On the contrary, all peace-loving Germans have just satisfaction. It is totally untrue that the treaty implied disloyalty to the dreihund. The latter even allowed Austria to be neutral in the event of a French attack upon Germany or an unprovoked German attack on Russia. The whole dreihund could incorporate in it if Russia was willing and conclude the same argument without abandoning its main purpose. This would tranquillize all the friends of peace, and if there is any inclination on the part of Russia it would be expedient to renew the Russo-German treaty."

The Hamburger Nachrichten then takes the Reichs Anzeiger to task for saying of its announcement of the existence of the Russo-German treaty that "it will neither correct what is false nor supplying what is incomplete," saying: "The statement made is not false, as declared by the Reichs Anzeiger, and the latter can only supplement what it declares to be incomplete by publishing the whole treaty. Under these circumstances the Hamburger Nachrichten considers itself entitled to demand a public ratification, as required by the press law, of the Reichs Anzeiger's assertion."

English Wheels Not Wanted.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—According to reports from United States Consul Parker at Birmingham the trade of that place with the United States in bicycle materials is steadily declining and promises to terminate altogether in a short time. As for the complete bicycles, the trade with the United States has completely stopped. Not one was shipped this year. On the other hand some American machines were sold in Birmingham, and the consul thinks the sales may be extended if the prices are slightly lowered.

Countless Flags in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—On nearly every business block on the down town district were flags of all sizes to-day. Many places were also decorated with bunting. In the residence districts the streets for miles were masses of fluttering color, while in the windows were displayed thousands of pictures of the Presidential candidates interspersed with paper flags, of which the Republican national committee had distributed nearly 2,000,000. Even the bill boards were not exempt.

St. Joseph Silver Men Stop Speakers.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 2.—When one of the special trains traveling through the West distributing gold standard literature stopped here at noon to-day hundreds of silver men surrounded it and trouble was threatened when the visitors referred to Missouri as "the home of Jesse James." No attempt was made to deliver addresses after that and after a short stay the train left for Council Bluffs.

Game in the Yellowstone.

LIVINGSTON, Mont., Nov. 2.—All kinds of game except buffalo, is multiplying rapidly in the Yellowstone national park. There are thousands of deer, elk and antelope. During the past season herds of elk numbering from 200 to 400 have been seen at various times, and the deer are fully as plentiful. Bears are getting too numerous, and steps must be taken to soon rid the park of them.

A Huntress Kills Her Husband.

VANDALIA, Ill., Nov. 2.—Near Hagerstown, this county, Edward Armstrong and his wife, who is a good marksman, went out to shoot quail. Mrs. Armstrong was in a corn field and could not see her husband, who was on the other side of the fence. She fired at a covey of birds and the charge struck her husband in the back of the head and killed him almost instantly.

Stricken While Making a Speech.

FOWLER, Ind., Nov. 2.—Leroy Templeton, while delivering a Democratic speech at this place was stricken with paralysis. He was carried to his hotel where he now lies in a critical condition. He was the Populist candidate for governor in this state in 1892, and proprietor of the Non-Conformist.

Killed For Her Insurance.

NOBUSTOWN, Pa., Nov. 2.—The husband of Mrs. Emma Kiser, who was shot through the head while riding with him on a lonely road near here on Wednesday night, has been held for trial without bail on the theory that he killed her to obtain insurance money.

Miners Go to Cuba to Fight.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 2.—Captain Frank Moritz, until recently superintendent of a mine in Fulton county, this state, with twelve or fifteen miners, recently quietly disappeared. Now it has been learned that they have gone to Cuba and are now in the insurgent army.

A Populist-Republican Fusion.

ATLANTA, Ga., 2 Nov.—Casey Thornton, Populist nominee for congress in the Fourth district, has withdrawn in favor of Freeman, the Republican candidate. This makes this district, which was heretofore being conceded to the Democrats, doubtful.

German Officers for China.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—The Tageblatt says Colonel Libert of the German army has been definitely appointed organizer of the Chinese army, adding that he will shortly start for China, accompanied by a number of German officers.

WATSON'S ACCEPTANCE.

Chairman Butler Has the Letter, but Refuses to Give It Out.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Senator Butler, chairman of the Populist national committee, before leaving here for Indiana, authorized the publication of the following signed statement concerning Watson's letter of acceptance: "Mr. Watson's letter was received Saturday night. It had been detained in the postoffice for want of sufficient postage, and I had not been notified by the postoffice authorities. Of course, I expected Mr. Watson to give his letter to the public in the usual way, as soon as he had it ready. Mr. Washburne went to Nashville, Tenn., on last Saturday for a conference with Mr. Watson. I wired Mr. Washburne, who had just returned from Nashville, where he had a second conference with Mr. Watson, that the letter had been received. Mr. Washburne wired me in reply, asking me not to publish the letter at present. In the meantime, I have written to Mr. Watson, urging the advisability of making at least one important change in his letter. If he authorizes this change, I will give out the letter. Otherwise, he must take the responsibility of publishing it himself."

SULTAN READY TO FLEE.

An Underground Passage to the Shore and a Yacht Kept Constantly in Trim.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Vienna reports that it is declared that one of the sultan's yachts is anchored opposite Beutick, near Constantinople, closely guarded by day and night, and that there is a submarine passage from the Yildiz kiosk to the seashore, which is patrolled unceasingly and is kept constantly lighted. Vice Admiral Chakri, commander of the imperial yacht, has been instructed to remain at anchor at Beutick until further orders.

Constantinople, Oct. 28.—All of the workmen at the arsenal struck to-day because of the non-payment of arrears in wages.

The Venezuelan Commission at Work.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The Venezuelan commission resumed its session to-day, and probably will meet very frequently from now until it shall complete its work. Andrew D. White was the only absentee. The work of the commission is, as heretofore, strictly in private.

Iowa Patent Office Report.

Patents were issued last week as follows: To Iowa inventors, 7; Kansas, 5; Minnesota, 4; Nebraska, 1. A Canada patent has been granted to H. M. Hoadley of Van Wert, Iowa, for his horse shoe nail cutter and clincher for which a U. S. patent was granted in 1895.

A Norton of Odebolt has been allowed a patent for an attachment for beds that is adapted to be folded against the headboard to serve as pillow-sham holder and also adapted to be adjusted to serve as a table for an invalid when sitting up in bed and supported by pillows.

A. T. Dowden of Prairie City has been allowed a patent for a machine for making chains of a peculiar form and specially adapted to be used in his potato harvester that is now in extensive use and was awarded first premium at the World's Fair in 1892.

Valuable information about obtaining, valuing and selling patents sent free to any address. Printed copies of the drawings and specifications of any U. S. Patent sent upon receipt of 25 cents. Our practice is not confined to Iowa. Inventors in other states can have our services upon the same terms as Hawkins. THOMAS G. & J. RALPH ORWIG, Des Moines, Iowa, Oct. 26, 1896.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Quotations From New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and Elsewhere.

Table with columns for Market (OMAHA), Item (Butter-Creamery separator, Eggs-Fresh, etc.), and Price (15 @ 16, 15 @ 16, etc.).

SOUTH OMAHA STOCK MARKET.

Table with columns for Item (Hogs-Light Mixed, Beef-Steers, etc.) and Price (2 1/2 @ 3 1/2, 4 3/4 @ 4 1/2, etc.).

CHICAGO.

Table with columns for Item (Wheat-No. 2 Spring, Corn-Per bu., etc.) and Price (65 @ 66 1/2, 22 1/2 @ 23, etc.).

NEW YORK.

Table with columns for Item (Wheat-No. 1 hard, Corn-No. 2, etc.) and Price (80 @ 80 1/2, 29 1/2 @ 29 3/4, etc.).

ST. LOUIS.

Table with columns for Item (Wheat-No. 2 red, cash, Corn-Per bu., etc.) and Price (71 @ 71 1/2, 22 @ 22 1/2, etc.).

KANSAS CITY.

Table with columns for Item (Wheat-No. 2 hard, Corn-No. 2, etc.) and Price (73 @ 73 1/2, 22 @ 22 1/2, etc.).

CROOK IN WOMAN'S ATTIRE.

SPOKANE, Wash., Oct. 28.—For the past month fully twenty cases have been reported to the police of men being robbed in the city through the wiles of a mysterious woman, who secured, as far as heard from, in all about \$1,000. The perpetrator of these robberies is in jail as the person of Pat O'Brien, a notorious crook, who has been masquerading as the fascinating woman. A search of his room disclosed the various feminine disguises, as well as a lot of jewelry that he had robbed his victims of.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

ILL SINCE GIRLHOOD, NOW A PICTURE OF HEALTH.

The attention of the Star having been called to several cases of radical cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, it was determined to investigate some of the more notable of these cases, with a view to disseminating exact information on the subject and benefiting others who were suffering. Prominent among those who had experienced benefits from the use of this remedy was mentioned Mrs. Mary Noren, wife of John Noren, a prosperous farmer, living northeast of Valparaiso, Ind., and to her a reporter was accordingly dispatched. Mrs. Noren was found busily engaged in household duties, but she found time to detail her experience, and was willing and even anxious that the benefits she had felt should be told for the benefit of those who had suffered as she did.

"I had been ill since girlhood with a complication of complaints," said Mrs. Noren, "never so much as to be confined long in bed, but I suffered intense misery. My chief trouble was with my stomach. I felt a constant gnawing pain that was at times almost distracting, and which had been diagnosed by different physicians as dyspepsia and sympathetic derangement dependent on the condition of the generative organs. I had pains in the back, sometimes so great as to make me unable to work, and frequent bilious attacks. I also suffered greatly from constipation, from which I never could find permanent relief. Then these symptoms were aggravated by rheumatic pains between the shoulder blades, which were most excruciating in damp or cold weather. After my marriage about five years ago, and when my baby was born the trouble seemed to increase, and I was frequently so sick that I could not do my household work. I tried different physicians and used numerous remedies but all in vain, until one day last fall I happened to read of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. My husband got three boxes from Mr. C. D. Kushon, the druggist, and I began to use them. From the first I began to feel relief, and before the three boxes were gone I was nearly well. The constipation was cured and the other troubles were so much relieved that I felt better than I had felt for years. As I continued in the use of the pills I grew better and stronger, my appetite was more natural, and my flesh increased, until I am in the condition you see me now."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100,) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

In It for Him.

Young Lawyer—Why do you take that case when there is nothing in it? Old Lawyer—Nothing in it? Blunt paid me a big retainer, and I'm charging him \$50 a day during the trial.—Detroit Free Press.

Texas.

In the agricultural line, Texas leads all other states in the variety of its products. Cotton, corn, and the cereals grow and are raised in every section of the state and in the central and southern portions sugar cane and sorghum cane are profitably cultivated. On the Gulf Coast two or three crops of vegetables are raised each year. Berries are shipped six weeks in advance of the home crop in the north. Pears, peaches, plums, oranges, figs, olives, and nuts all grow abundantly and can be marketed from two to three weeks in advance of the California crops. Large quantities of rice are now grown. If the land seeker, the home seeker, and the settler desires to secure a farm larger than the one he occupies, on vastly more reasonable terms; if he wants more land to cultivate, a greater variety of crops to harvest, with proportionately increased remuneration, at a less outlay for cost of production; if he wants an earlier season, with correspondingly higher prices; if he wants milder winter, all the year around for his body, and if he wants increased bodily comforts and health and prosperity he should go to Texas. Send for pamphlet descriptive of the resources of this great state (mailed free). Low rate home seekers' excursions via the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway on Tuesday, November 17th, December 1st and 15th, 1896. H. A. Cherrier Northern Passenger agent, 325 Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.

Buckwheat for Cleaning.

No matter how large the spot of oil, any carpet or woollen stuff can be cleaned by applying buckwheat plentifully, brushing it into a dustpan after a short time, and putting on fresh until the oil has disappeared.

For Free Distribution.

The Cotton Belt Route has published a series of attractive pamphlets, beautifully illustrated, which set forth in a clear and concise manner the wonderful resources of the States of Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas, commonly known as "The Great South-West." The information contained in these pamphlets is thoroughly reliable, being compiled from the best sources and each one is complete in itself. Much interest is being taken in them, and the general good they are doing in upbuilding the country traversed by the Cotton Belt Route is commendable.

The pamphlets are entitled "Homes in the South-west," "Texas," "Truth About Arkansas," "Wilderness of South-east Missouri," Arkansas and Louisiana," "Lands for Sale Along the Cotton Belt Route."

These books are for free distribution and will be cheerfully sent to any address free, upon application to E. W. LaBeaume, Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEHOLD.

In making a salad of fish, if you add a little cucumber pickle, chopped very fine, to the dish before the dressing is poured over, you will greatly improve it.

In all lives there is a crisis in the formation of character. It comes from many causes, and from some which on the surface are apparently trivial, but the result is the same—a sudden revelation to ourselves of our secret purposes, and a recognition of our perhaps long shadowed but now masterful convictions.