

NEBRASKA NEWS.

G. P. Ransom of Bancroft last week celebrated his 84th birthday.

Emerson is to have a new flouring mill with all modern equipments.

Dakota county's apple crop this year is said to be the largest in its history. John M. Thurston of this state opened the campaign at Madison, Wis., on 31st.

During the recent rate war Ord grain buyers paid out \$25,000 for old corn.

So much typhoid fever prevails in York county that there is fear of an epidemic.

Grafton is being much troubled with traps, and numerous burglaries are recorded.

The Lutheran church edifice at McCook has been sold to the Baptists of the same city.

It has been decided in South Omaha that dogs, to make sure of living, must carry a license tag.

Considerable typhoid fever prevails at Fullerton and the malady is difficult to bring under control.

A man living near Shickley devoured two dozen ears of corn at one sitting, but it came near doing him up.

At Leigh, Colfax county, 50,000 bushels of old corn were shelled and shipped during the two weeks' rate war.

A number of Adams young men have gone to South Dakota to work in harvest, which is later there than here.

A female fakir has been operating in the vicinity of Bancroft. A number of women are out small sums of money.

The hardware store of R. H. McAllister at Grand Island was broken into last week and 100 pocket knives stolen.

The Eastern excursionists in their passage through Nebraska were given hearty welcome all along the various lines of travel.

North Nebraska editors held a meeting at Wayne, at which there was a good attendance and a number of interesting addresses.

B. G. Whitmore of Auburn, pleaded guilty to the charge of raping a fourteen-year-old, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years at hard labor.

At the state republican league convention in Lincoln last week, Judge W. P. McCreary of Hastings, was chosen president. There was 159 clubs represented.

A number of the members of the Omaha city council have gone west to boom the Trans-Mississippi exposition. Omaha is bound that the big show shall be a go.

The matron of the Douglas county poor farm makes serious charges against Superintendent Wright, and an investigation into his management is to be made.

The blacksmith and wagon shop of A. Sunde and a meat market building belonging to R. P. Eastcott at Dakota City, were burned to the ground, with their contents.

The third annual meeting of the Phelps county fair association will be held at Bertrand, Neb., September 22 to 25. Liberal premiums and purses will be offered.

The Missouri river commissioner has been making some examinations at Nebraska City, and will recommend that \$25,000 be expended there for the protection of riprap work done several years ago.

Hoover, under sentence of death will be executed August 7 unless the governor reprieves him for a brief period, as he may do, to give time for spiritual preparation for the awful fate that awaits him.

B. B. Brooks, a Wyoming cattleman, gives South Omaha preference over Chicago, and hereafter will do all his shipping to the magic city. He finds prices there more satisfactory and receives better treatment.

Swartley & Burns, retail grocers at Columbus, were closed last week by the Columbus State bank, on a chattle mortgage for \$360. It is not thought they will resume. They have been in business about five years.

H. M. Fulmer, who last May was appointed chief of police of Schuyler, handed in his resignation last week, giving as his reason that the business did not pay him as well as his former calling—that of hay dealer.

A burglar cut a window pane from Hennessy Bros. hardware store at Grafton and went in, securing a dozen razors, two dozen knives and three revolvers. It is only a month since Menzies' store was looted in the same way.

The party of Eastern excursionists who are looking over Nebraska are amazed at the wonderful growth they see on all sides. All stories of drouth and ruin are discounted by evidences of agricultural thrift all along the line.

The residence of Ed Raff, about two and one-half miles northwest of Valparaiso, was struck by lightning and the house and contents were burned to the ground. Calf carried no insurance, and being a poor man the loss is a severe one.

There is considerable grain being moved out of Nebraska, but the outgoing quantities are not so great as to tax the equipment of any of the Nebraska roads. There is a steady movement of grain eastward, but there is no wild rush to ship the grain out of the state. The farmers have thirty days yet to dispose of their grain, and they are in no great hurry about clearing out their cribs.

The eldest son of James Whetstone of Bellevue was accidentally shot by his uncle, Bert Bressman. Bressman was trying to remove a defective cap from his gun, when the latter exploded, the full charge entering the child's leg and inflicting a serious wound.

The body of a man by the name of Spaulding was found in Dry creek, south of Omsund. The indications show he was taken with a cramp while bathing. The coroner, after viewing the body, decided an inquest unnecessary. Spaulding was engaged in farming and had been in the water several days.

Robert Rader, who lives two miles north of Peru, came into town early Wednesday morning after a doctor. He said that his house had been struck by lightning during the thunder storm and that his wife and brother had been severely stunned.

The record in Polk county shows that for the month of July there were fifteen farm mortgages filed, \$10,348; released, ten, \$6,739; city mortgages filed, three, \$825; released, two, \$1,300; chattle mortgages filed, forty-four, \$11,526; released, twenty, \$5,446.

The industrial interests of Farnam have never before looked so hopeful as now. The harvesting is done and the farmers are thrashing their wheat, oats, rye and barley from the shock. The yields is considerable greater than the appearance of the fields indicated.

Burglars entered the jewelry store of C. H. Davis of Fairmount by prying the front door open. They drilled a hole in the safe about an inch from the combination and put in a charge of powder, but by some means failed to blow the door open, so they took some small articles that were left in the show case and departed.

A West Point citizen, Albert Prinz, met with sudden death at Hot Springs, S. D. The deceased was a young man of 22, very robust. He became overheated and drank a large quantity of ice-water. This produced sickness and the deceased was advised to go to Hot Springs. He did so and died in half an hour after arriving there.

The monthly statement of the South Omaha Union Stock Yards company for July shows the following receipts of live stock: Cattle, 40,526; hogs, 99,898; sheep, 21,410; horses and mules, 803; cars, 3,316. Consumed at South Omaha: Cattle, 30,235; hogs, 88,257; sheep, 15,993; horses and mules, 358. Average weight of hogs for July, 1896, 263 pounds; average weight of hogs for July, 1895, 226 pounds.

The hail storm in Saunders county was about twelve miles long by four wide. It did not keep a straight course, but meandered. All corn, garden truck and fruits in its path were destroyed. Mr. Ballou, living one mile north of Ashland, lost 300 acres of corn and it will cost him \$50 to replace the window panes in his house. About 100 pigs were killed and several thousand chickens. One family lost 200.

Sheriff Kreader of Dodge county has offered a reward of \$50 for the arrest and conviction of Bill Meador, who left Fremont rather suddenly the other evening, taking with him a borrowed horse and two little girls from their mother. He is wanted for stealing the horse from A. C. Jensen, a local liveryman. He has left a wife in Fremont who is distracted over the loss of her little daughters, aged 6 and four years.

Thomas Wilson, Jack Bright and Bert Algure, three hoboes, pleaded guilty to grand larceny before Police Mears at Ashland. The men entered the hardware store of Robert McNair at Crawford and were captured within a few miles of Chadron. The goods stolen, and which were found in their possession, consisted of over 100 pocket knives, revolvers, silver knives and forks, carving sets, shears and razors.

W. G. Meador had his preliminary examination before Judge Plambeck at Fremont on the charge of the larceny of a horse from A. C. Jensen, and was discharged, but his freedom was of very brief duration. Before he left the court room he was arrested on a warrant filed by the sheriff charging him with setting fire to the dwelling of Mary Wortman on June 30. The house was occupied by Meador at the time.

Ashland suffered from a heavy hail storm. The hail fell to the depth of two inches, varying in size from a marble to the size of a baseball. All of the windows on the south side of Silver street were broken, including the large plate glass windows of all the south side stores. The extent of the damage cannot be learned at this writing. Crops in the neighborhood of Ashland were completely ruined. Several roofs were damaged and goods ruined by the water.

The premium list of the thirteenth annual fair of the Cass County Agricultural society has just been issued, and it gives every evidence of the determination of the association officers and the business men to make this year's event a gigantic success. The dates selected for the meeting are October 6, 7, 8 and 9, which will be at the time of year when the farmers will have their grain and winter fruit fully matured and will have leisure to attend with all their families.

A fatal accident occurred at Glen Rock, a station on the Missouri Pacific some six miles north of Auburn. William Hawkins, a farmer living in the village, while getting off of the high side of a box hay rack, had one of his feet caught some way and he tumbled to the ground, falling on the end of a pitchfork handle. He had thrown the fork to the ground before starting to get down. The tines sticking in the ground held the handle upright. The handle was forced some six inches into the body, passing through the bladder. He cannot live but a short time.

Last summer the Fremont Brewing company missed a good many kegs of beer from its premises which were taken away before the revenue stamp was affixed to them. Since the arrest of Meador the company had a suspicion that some of the kegs went to a farm he formerly occupied near the Kiknora yards. Henry Bierks was sent there to see what could be found. He unearthed in a cornfield a large number of iron hoops, which had been buried in several different places. Enough hoops were dug up to hoop forty quarter-barrel kegs. They had been buried some time and were about two feet below the surface. Meador was arrested at once, charged with the larceny of beer, but there being no evidence against him he was discharged.

Two freight trains on the Northwestern collided near Long Pine on the embankment approaching the Niobrara river. The engines and cars were wrecked and the track torn up for 100 yards, but no one was injured.

Missouri Cousins Elaps.

Chillicothe, Mo., Aug. 19.—William Johnson, 22, and Louis Simmons, 14, eloped from Palo last night and came to Chillicothe, where they concealed themselves until an eastbound train was due, and took the train east. They were followed by a brother of the eloping girl, who arrived in Chillicothe last night to catch them. The eloping couple are cousins.

NATIONAL DEMOCRACY.  
NAME OF THE NEW GOLD DEMOCRATIC PARTY.  
WILL PUT UP A TICKET.

The Leaders of the Movement Meet in Indianapolis and Organize—General Palmer of Illinois Prominently Mentioned as Their Candidate for President—Convention September 2.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 19.—The provisional national committee of those Democrats who do not indorse the recent Chicago platform, met here yesterday and decided to call a national convention to place a third ticket in the field. The movement was given the name of the National Democratic party. Its organizers call those supporting the Chicago platform and ticket the Populist Democratic party. The national convention of the new party will be held at Indianapolis the first week in September.

Some of the Eastern and Southern members opposed a third ticket at first, but when they were told that in the Middle States party fealty was so regarded that many Democrats would not vote unless there was a third ticket, then all objections from the East and South were withdrawn and the decision to hold a convention was unanimous.

The strongest opposition to a third ticket came from Rhode Island and Texas—the smallest and the largest State. They were given the fullest consideration because of the desire for unanimous action, which was finally secured.

The Illinois and Ohio delegation did not ask for anything, but there was a general drift for Senator Palmer for President. The Kentucky delegation also asked for the convention at Louisville, but Indianapolis showed a guaranteed fund of \$10,000 for all expenses, and the guarantee in this case was made to a body of very substantial men, who duly appreciated the best bid. There were objections from all to holding the convention in any city in which a national convention had been held this year. The committee-men said: "We will go before the people on the difference between the Indianapolis platform and ticket, and the platform and ticket that bear the brands of other cities."

General John M. Palmer of Illinois was unanimously chosen chairman of the national committee. John H. Wilson of Indiana was elected secretary. John P. Frenzel of Indiana was elected treasurer. Hon. Joseph H. Outwaite of Ohio as chairman of the committee on a call for the national convention and plan of organization, reported the following, which was repeatedly interrupted by applause in its reading, and adopted unanimously:

"To the Democrats of the United States:

"A political party has always been defined to be an association of voters to promote the success of political principle held in common. The Democratic party, during its whole history, has been pledged to promote the liberty of the individual, the security of private rights and property, and the supremacy of the law. It has always insisted upon a safe and stable money for the people's use. It has insisted upon the maintenance of the financial honor of the nation, as well as upon the preservation inviolate of the institutions established by the constitution. These, its principles, were abandoned by the supposed representatives of the party at a national convention recently assembled at Chicago.

"The Democratic party will, therefore, cease to exist unless it be preserved by the voluntary action of such of its members as still adhere to the fundamental principles. No majority of the members of that convention, however large, had any right or power to surrender those principles. When they undertook to do so, that assemblage ceased to be a Democratic convention. The action taken, the irregular proceedings and the platform enunciated by that body were and are utterly and indefensibly revolutionary and constitute such radical departures from the principles of true Democracy, which should characterize a sound and patriotic administration of our country's affairs, that its results are not entitled to the confidence or support of true Democrats.

"Therefore, the National Democratic party of the United States, through its regularly constituted committee, hereby calls a national convention of that party, for the announcement of its platform and the nomination of candidates for the offices of president and vice president of the United States, and the transaction of such business as is incidental thereto, to be held at Indianapolis on Wednesday, the 2d day of September, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon, and hereby request that the members of the party in the several states who believe in sound money and the preservation of law and order and who are unalterably opposed to the platform adopted and candidates nominated at Chicago, will select, in such manner as to them shall seem best, a number of delegates to the same, equal to twice the number of electoral votes to which such states are respectively entitled.

MONETARY CONDITIONS DISTURBED BY THE MOORE BROS' FAILURE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "The sensational collapse of speculators at Chicago who controlled Diamond Match and New York Biscuit stocks and had hoisted them to fancy prices, with the subsequent closing of the Chicago Stock Exchange for a period indefinite, though followed by remarkably few failures, brings a sudden change in monetary conditions throughout the country. At least a month earlier than had been expected Chicago has drawn heavily upon Illinois bank balances here, and withdrawals of other Western funds may naturally result. Europe was also moved to sell American stocks rather freely, so that the average of sixty most active railroad stocks fell about \$2.75 per share, and the average of trust stocks about \$1.85. The instant co-operation of money interests at Chicago to restrict disturbances deserved praise and did much good, but it is not possible to avoid some shock to public confidence, and a quick tightening of Eastern money markets which already shuts off commercial paper almost entirely. The collapse also increased the caution of bankers and other leaders regarding loans in securities of a similar character.

There May Be a Lynching.

LINNEUS, Mo., Aug. 10.—Yesterday afternoon, at a picnic about ten miles northeast of here, Thurman Jacobs, a young man about 19 years of age, persuaded Miss Gray, a young orphan girl of about 15 years, who lives with the family of Horace A. Tomlin, to leave the picnic grounds and go driving with him. While they were driving Jacobs overpowered the girl, and assaulted her. As soon as the crime became known, 300 men started to the picnic grounds, and Jacobs was captured all evening, but gave himself up to his friends last night, who brought him here to jail at once. If he had been captured he would have been lynched. The unfortunate girl is a small and delicate creature and is not expected to survive.

Still Wrangling in Texas.

GALVESTON, Tex., Aug. 10.—Nearly half the delegates to the Populist state convention have become disgusted with the wrangling which has prolonged the session and have gone home. The sentiment of the delegates is against fusion. The only hope for fusion is for the leaders to prolong the convention until many delegates have gone and then appoint a committee with authority to act regarding the electoral ticket.

Trans-Atlantic Record Broken.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—The American line steamer, St. Louis, which arrived yesterday afternoon, broke the Southampton-New York record, making the passage in six days, two hours and twenty-four minutes, thus eclipsing the brilliant record made by her sister ship, the St. Paul, last June, of six days, five hours and thirty-two minutes.

Four Tramps Killed in a Week.

MARION, Iowa, Aug. 10.—A freight train ran off the railway track near here on the Des Moines railroad, and a number of cars were badly wrecked, besides some other damage. Four tramps who were stealing a ride were killed. There was no other loss of life.

Four Deaths at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 10.—At 2 p. m. yesterday the 100 mark was reached by the government thermometer in the signal service office. This again breaks the record. Four deaths were reported.

BRYAN OFF FOR NEW YORK.

Goes There to be Notified of His Nomination.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 10.—The Bryan tour through the East was inaugurated at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon under decidedly favorable conditions and auspices. It was a day of torrid temperature, but long before time for the departure of the Bryan party the Rock Island depot platform was crowded, and when the carriage containing Mr. and Mrs. Bryan, drove up, a round of cheers went up from over 2,000 throats. From that time on until the train pulled out, anxious people jostled each other without compunction as they pressed around their honored fellow citizen, and eagerly grasped his hand and clung to it long enough to breathe a fervent God-speed for himself and his mission.

In response to continued and persistent calls for a speech, Mr. Bryan said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen.—In ordinary times I would have desired to have the notification take place at my home. But this is not an ordinary campaign and I felt that the cause should arise above any personal desires we might have and therefore expressed the desire to be notified in New York, in order that our cause might be presented first in the heart of what now seems to be the enemy's country, but which we hope to be our country before this campaign is over."

(Great applause and cheering.)

There were 500 people gathered around the depot when the train bearing the Bryan party pulled into Omaha. These, however, were enthusiastic in the extreme, many of them being personal acquaintances of the candidate. There was a stop of fifty-five minutes in that city and the nominee went out on the walks about the depot and shook hands with his visitors. There was no speechmaking.

There was no demonstration of any note during the stay in Omaha. Short stops were made at the Union depot in Council Bluffs and the local Rock Island depot, and at each about 100 people were assembled. At the latter place, the women were in the majority, and as they expressed a desire to meet Mrs. Bryan, the latter also came upon the platform and held a reception.

At many places between Omaha and Des Moines, Ia., the train stopped while Mr. Bryan made speeches to crowds of varying size. At Des Moines Mr. Bryan made two speeches.

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

Monetary Conditions Disturbed by the Moore Bros' Failure.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "The sensational collapse of speculators at Chicago who controlled Diamond Match and New York Biscuit stocks and had hoisted them to fancy prices, with the subsequent closing of the Chicago Stock Exchange for a period indefinite, though followed by remarkably few failures, brings a sudden change in monetary conditions throughout the country. At least a month earlier than had been expected Chicago has drawn heavily upon Illinois bank balances here, and withdrawals of other Western funds may naturally result. Europe was also moved to sell American stocks rather freely, so that the average of sixty most active railroad stocks fell about \$2.75 per share, and the average of trust stocks about \$1.85. The instant co-operation of money interests at Chicago to restrict disturbances deserved praise and did much good, but it is not possible to avoid some shock to public confidence, and a quick tightening of Eastern money markets which already shuts off commercial paper almost entirely. The collapse also increased the caution of bankers and other leaders regarding loans in securities of a similar character.

HOLCOMB IS CHOSEN.

NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR BY ACCLAMATION.

Mr. Harris of Nemaha County Selected for Second Place Without Any Opposition—Fusion With the Democrats Would not Work—Uncertainty of the Situation Solved by Chairman Smyth's Action—Populists Released From All Engagements.

Populist State Convention.

Governor..... SILAS A. HOLCOMB  
Lieut. Governor..... JOHN E. HARRIS  
Secretary of State.....

..... W. F. PORTER of Merrick  
Auditor..... JOHN F. CORNELL of Richardson  
Treasurer.....

..... J. N. MESERVE of Red Willow  
Supt. of Public Instruction.....  
..... W. R. JACKSON of Holt  
For Attorney General.....

No nomination  
Commissioner Public Lands and Buildings.....  
..... J. V. Wolf of Lancaster  
Supreme Judges.....

..... JUDG NEVILLE, (long term)  
..... JOHN KIRKPATRICK, (short term)

Hastings, Neb., August 9.—The populist state convention was held here yesterday. It was an hour late in assembling. A large portrait of W. J. Bryan adorned the back of the stage. It bore the legend "No Crown of Thorns, No Cross of Gold." Chairman J. H. Edmiston of the state central committee called the convention to order and prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Isham of Hastings.

The secretary read the call and ex-Mayor A. H. Wier of Lincoln, was unanimously named as temporary chairman. Frank E. Eager of Lancaster, H. A. Edwards of Hall, W. H. Waldron of Adams, and N. K. Greenfield of Dawson, were made secretaries, and in the absence of contents the list of delegates as prepared by the secretary was declared seated.

The committee on permanent organization recommended J. N. Gaffin of Saunders county for chairman and the temporary secretaries for secretary. This was adopted and Mr. Gaffin was escorted to the chair. He thanked the convention briefly and excused himself from a speech on account of the business to be transacted.

Senator W. V. Allen, W. N. Poynter of Boone county, L. N. Harrington of Holt, S. W. Beardsley of Lancaster, J. H. Powers of Hitchcock, Judge Grimsom of Colfax and Elmer E. Thomas of Douglas were named as the committee on resolutions.

P. H. Barry of Lancaster moved that the committee be referred to the executive committee of the state central committee to act in accordance with the sentiment of the platform to be thereafter adopted. The motion, after considerable discussion, prevailed.

Nominations were then called for, and the action of the convention resulted in the choice at the head of this column. Gov. Holcomb was renominated by acclamation. For lieutenant governor Senator Harris was named by acclamation.

Harrington of Holt county moved that a committee of five be appointed to confer with the representatives of the Bryan democracy before making any further nominations. Adjournment was taken till evening, at which time the Harrington motion was laid on the table. Then followed the nomination of W. F. Porter for secretary of state. John E. Cornell of Richardson county was nominated for state auditor. J. B. Meserve of Red Willow county was made nominee for state treasurer.

The state central committee was authorized by resolution to fill any vacancies that may occur on the ticket.

At a meeting of the state central committee, held at the hotel Bostwick, P. H. Barry of Lincoln was elected chairman, and Frank Ager of Lincoln temporary secretary. They will serve until the candidates get together and make their selection.

THE PLATFORM.

The committee on platform presented the following report, which was read by W. A. Poynter and adopted without discussion:

"The people's party of Nebraska, in convention assembled, declares: We most heartily endorse the platform and action of the people's party national convention, recently held at St. Louis, and congratulate the country upon the bright prospect of an effectual union of all reform forces in the nation.

"We favor national aid for an effectual system of irrigation of all arid and semi-arid lands.

"We endorse the course of Senator Allen in the Senate during the past two years, where he so ably stood for the rights of the people against the insolence of organized wealth.

"We recognize in the administration of Governor Holcomb an able and economical management of the executive department of our state and a complete and perfect refutation of the charge of incompetency often made by the enemies of our representatives.

"We denounce the republican state officers for their persistent and unlawful refusal to invest the permanent state funds, amounting to \$530,000, and we unhesitatingly approve the position taken by Governor Holcomb in his efforts to invest said funds in state and county bonds and registered warrants, as directed by the constitution.

"We hold that the formation of mutual and fraternal associations for the protection of their members against loss by fire, death and accident is a right of the American citizen that should be fostered and protected by law. We approve the present valued policy law and demand its rigid and honest enforcement.

"We cordially endorse the Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition to be held in Omaha in 1898 and we urge upon the people of the state encouragement and support thereof. We recognize in the enactment of the law the untiring efforts of Nebraska's senior senator for the upbuilding and prosperity of our state and of the great West.

THE STATE COMMITTEE.

The roll of counties was called for nomination of members of the state committee. It resulted: Adams county, Dr. J. T. Steele, Hastings; Antelope, J. B. Hatfield, Neligh; Boone, W. J. Poynter, Box Butte; G. M. Culliver,

Alliance; Buffalo, E. Youman, Shelton; Burt, E. W. Peterson, Tekamah; Butler, Thomas Welch, David City; Cass, James Rouns, Alva; Cedar, John H. Fetrich, Cherry, G. P. Crabb, Valentine; Clay, Henry Renting, Saronville; Colfax, John C. Sprecher, Schuyler; Custer, James Holland, Broken Bow; Dawson, J. Adams, Crawford; Dixon, J. H. Donahue, Lexington; Dixon, Warner Star, Allen; Dodge, R. D. Kelly, Fremont; Douglas, A. J. Williams, Irvington; Dundy, D. E. Walker, Benkelman; Fillmore, O. D. Wilton, Geneva; Franklin, James Campton, Bloomington; Frontier, D. L. McBride; Furnas, W. J. McKenna, Arapahoe; Gage, W. A. Wagner, Beatrice; Garfield, T. G. Hamit, Burwell; Gosper, S. R. Yoerman, Elwood; Greeley, P. H. Barry, Greeley; Hall, E. E. Shuman, Grand Island; Hamilton, E. A. Ward, Aurora; Harlan, Thomas Moore, Alma; Hayes, J. E. Hammond, Hayes Center; Hitchcock, G. W. Carter, Dyke; Holt, G. A. McCutchen, O'Neill; Howard, C. Bradley, St. Paul; Jefferson, Thad Williams, Fairbury; Johnson, W. G. Levine, Tecumseh; Kearney, E. O. Mead, Kearney; Keith, J. W. Sherman, Ogallala; Keya Paha, H. Maley, Knox, C. C. Crockett, Niobrara; Lancaster, C. W. Hockin, Lincoln; Lincoln, T. T. Keller, North Platte; Logan, W. H. Mansfield, Gandy; Loup, F. A. Warkentin, Madison; Joe Martin, Madison; Merrick, W. F. Porter, Clark; Nance, W. P. Potter, Fullerton; Nemaha, A. P. Robertson, Broken.

MEMBERS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STEERING COMMITTEE, who were in attendance at the populist convention were much incensed at the manner in which their overtures were received. After two days of hard work they accomplished nothing, and the action of C. J. Smyth in withdrawing their request for representation is taken to signify that fusion will not fuse in Nebraska this year. Mr. Smyth was unwilling to say what the policy of his party would be: whether it would put up a ticket of its own was a matter to be decided later. He would consult with his colleagues on the state central committee, and their policy would be determined on by the time their state convention met. Others of the committee did not hesitate to emphatically denounce the action of the populists and to declare that under no circumstances would they vote to endorse the populist ticket. In the discussion that took place regarding division of offices, Senator Stewart wanted to know why the silver democrats were more entitled to representation than the silver republicans. Harrington of Holt county moved as a substitute that two places on the ticket be left to be filled by democrats and one to be filled by free silver republicans. There was a long debate on the question. It was a continuation of the same arguments heard all through the convention and was marked by frequent confusion. The delegates might have talked on and on had not Chairman Smyth of the democratic state central committee sent a note in which he broke off all negotiations by withdrawing their request for places on the state ticket.

GEORGE T. ANTHONY DEAD.

The Kansas Pioneer and Ex-Governor No More.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 7.—Ex-Governor George T. Anthony died at 10:35 last night. He had been ill about three weeks.

Governor Anthony was born in Mayfield, Fulton county, N. Y., June 9, 1824. His parents were Quakers. He worked on the farm from the age of 12 to 18, attending the neighborhood school during the winter months. He was apprenticed to the tin and copper-smith trade at Union Springs, N. Y., at the age of 19, following it for five years. In 1852 he engaged in the hardware business at Medina, N. Y. He married Rosa A. Lyon of Medina the same year. She survives him. In 1853 he added a stove manufactory to his business, continuing it until 1860, when he removed to New York city and engaged in the commission business.

In 1862 Governor Morgan of New York commissioned Anthony to help raise and organize troops under call of that year. He was mustered into service as captain of the Seventeenth New York independent battery of light artillery, serving with the Eighteenth army corps till the close of the war. He was breveted major for services in the last campaign at Appomattox court house, and mustered out at Richmond June 12, 1865.

Anthony came to Kansas in November, 1865, locating at Leavenworth. He engaged in the newspaper business, editing the Daily Bulletin at Leavenworth and afterward the Daily Conservative. Later he edited the Kansas Farmer. In 1867 he was appointed United States assistant internal revenue assessor, and a year later he was appointed collector of internal revenue. In 1875 he was elected the seventh governor of Kansas, serving one term. Prior to that time he had officiated as president of the State Board of Agriculture for three years, and of the Board of Centennial managers for Kansas.

Retiring from the governor's office, he accepted a position with the Santa Fe and helped extend the road into Mexico. He served as chairman of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners under Governor Humphrey, and Governor Morrill. In 1893, appointed him to be state superintendent of insurance, which position he left vacant by his death. Governor Anthony always was a radical Republican, and for many years a power in Kansas politics. His last active work was at the Lawrence convention, which nominated Colonel Jack Harris for congressman.

WATSON IN THE CHAIR.

The Populist Vice Presidential Nominee Presides Over Georgia Populists.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 7.—The largest and most enthusiastic state convention the Populists of Georgia have ever held assembled to-day in the hall of the House at the state capital. The presence of Thomas E. Watson, the party's nominee for vice president, added interest to the occasion and worked the enthusiasm up to as high a temperature as that of the weather.

Thomas E. Watson called the convention to order at 11:15 o'clock. He made a speech, but the dropping of his gavel was the signal for a outburst from the delegates.