AS DESCRIBED BY SIR EDWARD ARNOLD.

& Grand and Gorgeous Show-Barbarie ndor of the Oriental Representa-The Monarch and the Czarina Described -- Moscow's Illumination --Money Spent Without Measure.

Never Anything Like It.

LONDON, May 23 .- Sir Edwin Arid, who went to Moscow on behalf of the Daily Telegraph, in his disoatch to that paper, describing the ene at the Kremlin and the entry of the czar into Moscow, says: "Why cannot one write in colors? There was never anything seen on any stage like the living kaleidoscope of fanciful attire of fantastic hues and embellishments visible around me, particularly in the Oriental element, and all the far Eastern nations. The officials from Khiva wore magenta colored velvet robes, gold embroidered and sugar-loaf hats. Now China contributed a dazzling group with lowered satin frocks and vermillion buttoned hats Now a bevy of magnates from Lake Baikal astound the eye with fur trimmed brocade and long red boots. Now I recognize the gray surtout and amber capstrings of the Coreans and try one of them with a greeting in Japanese. He politely murmurs. Some of the Khirgiz Tartars then appear in yellow silk and scarlet shawls, outdoing all, and at a ndow of the Gostinnoy Dvor there a beautiful vision of a Circassian ady in black and orange brocades, listening with pearls and turquoises. abandon in despair the polychromatic aspects of the pageant.

"The Cossack guard was glorious, miformed in scarlet and gold, riding weedy, Roman nosed Ukraine with only a snaffle and bridle with gold and black bandeliers, ooking quite fit to pace in front of the ezar. After these came upon the scene almost the chief interest for me personally, since I saw gravely rid-ing along as the vassal friends the great white khan all the slefs of the Central Asian kingloms and provinces, over which is eagles cast the shadow of their rings. They passed demurely upon oble Arab stallions, the very least mong them mounted upon animals overed from crest to haunch with the sostilest trappings of silver and gold cloth. But these and other parts of ne pageant paled before the grand hought existed only in heaven or in lassical pictures, holding a wand of old topped with an emerald as big as valnut.

But here at last comes the august bject of this unparalleled manifesta-on, the successor and heir of Ivan Terrible. His handsome and aniy young countenance is pale ith the prodigious sensation which ch a scene must naturally excite, holds his gloved right hand most perpetually to his regimental p. He bends his head gently to his side and that to acknowledge the boundless welcome. Every man is bareheaded and every woman is wav-ing a handkerchief or shawl or violently crossing her loyal bosom in a prayer for 'the little father.'

The exarina also sat alone, dressed rholly in white, even the jewels, marble saint within a golden shrine. Most unmistakable were the affection and loyalty of the crowd and I saw nore than one poor peasant woman's yes fill with tears of sheer joy to be-old this fair lady. One honest fellow ell upon his knees to say his prayers s though he had seen something di-ine, till a Cossack bundled him back Into the crowd."

It would be impossible to overdraw the spiendid picture presented by the procession and by the illuminations. No money has been spared to make the coronation festivities memorable in Russian history and up to the present all efforts have been crowned with success. The Russian govern-ment is said to have spent over \$20,-00,000 on the fetes up to the present and the city of Moscow is understood to have expended nearly as much money and more expenses have to be

The illuminations will last three evenings in succession and will cost several million dollars, to the government aione, without counting what portion of the expenses.

Beside the expenses of the Russian overnment and the city of Moscow he expenses which grand dukes and grand duchesses, foreign princes and mbassadors, etc., have been put to, is really enormous, one authority going o far as to estimate that there was about \$.00,000,000 worth of jewelry alone in the procession of yesterday.

Hill Filibastering

WASHINGTON, May 23. - The chapain's prayer hardly closed to-day then Mr. Butler renewed his motion o take up his bond bill. After some sarring Mr. Hill interposed the obetion that this was too important question to be considered "without quorum." This was the first eviquorum being found very quickly. motion was adopted-yeas, 34;

Mr. Mills of Texas gave notice that would object to any business until osed of, and after Mr. Pettigrew rescuted a partial conference report the Indian bill, which was adited and agreed to, Mr. Hill began is speech in opposition

Quay Wants to the Chairman Again. WASHINGTON, May \$3 -It is current asip here that Senator Quay proes soon to visit William Mckinley. or to discuss the financial question, but to try to secure that leader's in-duence for his return to his old posi-tion of chairman of the Republican national committee

...... Irish Convention Callet LEXION, May 21.—The convention of the Irish throughout the world, which, it was decided yesterday at the meeting of the anti-Paraelilies to call, has been fixed for September 1 at Irabia. AID FOR TEXAS SUFFERERS.

Gov. Holcomb Urges Citizens of Nebraska to Help.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 24 -Governor Culberson of Texas replied to the telegraphic offer of assistance sent him by Governor Holcomb. The message of the Texas governor was as follows:

Austin, Tex., May 22.—Governor Silas A. Holcomb, Lincoln, Neb.: The storm sufferers will gratefully accept anything your people may send them. Communicate with C. H. Smith, chairman of the relief committee, Sherman, Tex. Accept my personal appreciation of your kindness.
C. A. Culberson.
Govern

Governor. In accordance with the foregoing Holcomb has issued the fol-

"Recognizing the existence of a very worthy desire on the part of many Ne braska citizens to show their appreciation of the hitherto expressed generosity of the people of Texas, and realiz-ing the suffering which must have been left along the track of the tornado which recently devastated property and destroyed life at Sherman, Texas, and vicinity, I would suggest the pro-priety of those of our citizens who are able and benevolently disposed con-tributing such articles as would be most likely to relieve the distressed condition of our unfortunate southern neighbors. Major T. S. Clarkson of Omaha, chairman of the executive committee of the Nebraska club, will receive and recept for any contributions for this worthy cause and will see that they are placed in the hands of the proper local authorities at Sherman, Tex. I trust that at least one car load of provisions may be forwarded to these distressed people within a few days."

HOT UNDER THE COLLAR

Hill and Allen Exchange Left Handed

Compliments WASHINGTON, May 23 .- The Senate had an hour of much excitement with a resort to obstructive tactics and several heated personal controversies at a late hour yesterday. The early portion of the session had been given to the routine of agreeing on conference reports on appropriation bills.
At 5 o'clock Mr. Butler, Populist, of
North Carolina moved to take up his bill prohibiting the further issue of interest-bearing bonds. Mr. Hill immediately moved an adjournment, securing an aye and nay vote in order to gain time. The motion to adjourn was defeated, whereupon Mr. Chandler followed with a motion for an executive session. Mr. Pettigrew asked leave to offer a supplementary conference report on the Indian bill. The consent being given, Mr. Hill immediately demanded the full reading of the report. This was an unexpected move for delay, as the report was voluminous. The presiding officer, Mr. Faulk-ner of West Virginia, ruled that Mr. Hill's demand was regular, and directed the clerk to proceed with the reading of the report. Senators Butler, Stewart and Allen interposed a chorus of protests. Mr. Allen said he hoped the senate would not violate every decency and propriety by these

obstructive tactics. "What right have you to the floor?" asked Mr. Hill, sharply, addressing Mr. Allen personally. Then, addressing the chair, Mr. Hill added, "He has no right to the floor."

"I have, too," declared Mr. Allen.

"I have the right to speak and I pro-

pose to do so."
"Others have rights as well as you," pearls and diamonds, seeming to mar "Others have rights as well as you," by their color the effect of this pure reponded Mr. Hill. The tone of the nator showed feeling.

Mr. Allen proceeded and said that the obstruction was manifestly aimed at a Populistic measure. 'Tam glad it is admitted to be a Populistic measure," interjected Mr.

At this point a heated colloquy oc-curred between Mr. Hill and Mr. Allen. The latter had continued to hold the floor. He spoke with much feeling, saying he had never known the spirit of unanimous agreement of the Senate to be violated, and the Senator who committed such a violation would regret it.

'I would like to know if the Senator refers to me?" said Mr. Hill, rising

There was a momentary silence. owing to the suggestive tone of Mr. Hill's inquiry. "What does the Senator want to know for?" asked Mr. Allen, with

equal significance.
"I want to know if reference is made to me," replied Mr. Hill.

referred to the Senator," said Mr Allen.
"Then I desire to say here," an swered Mr. Hill, savagely, "that the statement is false, absolutely false. I

have violated no agreement, and my course was sustained by the chair." "The Senator will never be able to convince me," said Mr. Allen, in somewhat subdued tones, "that he was

honest in having that report read."

"I care nothing about convincing you; I stand on my rights here," said Mr. Hill, contemptuously.

The vote was about to be taken when a snarl of parliamentary obstruction was interposed. For an hour roll calls and calls of the Senate obstructed business, a quorum disappearing on most votes. pearing on most votes.

Mr. Stewart moved that the ser

geant-at-arms be directed to request the presence of senators. The motion prevailed and the business of the Senate was suspended while the sergeant at-arms looked up absent senators.

At 4:35, no quorum having appeared, Mr. Butler moved to adjourn sading he would continue the contest to-day. Senate then adjourned.

General Lucius Fairchild Very Sick. Madison, Wis., May 23. - The friends of General Lucius Fairchild are much worried over his condition and grave doubts of his recovery are entertained.

QUAY CALLS ON M'KINLEY The Ex-tinvernor Meets the Senator

With His Family Carriage Canton, Ohlo, May 23.—United States Senator M. S. Quag of Pennsylvania, accompanied by J. Hay Brown of Laucaster, Pa., arrived here this morning and was met by ex-tior-ernor McKinley with his family car-riage. Senator Quay declined to talk as to the object of his mission, saying merely that he was paying Mr. Mc-Kinley a friendly -init.

The collecum of Rome was built to ommodate 100,000 spectators.

FREE SILVER FUSION.

A WHITE METAL DEMOCRAT AC-CEPTABLE.

If the Democrats at Chicago Nominate a Free Coinage Man for President They Would Endorse Him-Populist Conventions Being Delayed Until After the Chicago Convention.

It Looks Like Fusion.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 21 .- Populist leaders of Indiana declare that within the last ten days an understanding has been reached whereby the Populists of every state in the Union are to accept the platform and candidate at the Chicago convention. in case both are for free silver. The leading Democratic advocates of free silver throughout the country have been quietly informed that if the Chicago convention adopts a free silver plank and nominates a candidate who will pledge himself to sign a free coinage bill if one comes to him from Congress, the action of the convention will be endorsed by the Populist and free silver national con-

ventions at St. Louis, July 22.

Representatives of the Populist party have been traveling through the West and South for six weeks suggesting that the State conventions be postponed until after the Democratic National convention shall have been held, and asking, too, that the Populists stand for the free coinage of si!ver as the pre-eminent issue. It is announced that in all directions the plans suggested are being carried out.

AMNESTY FOR EXILES.

Coronation Day Will Be a Happy One All Over Russia

LONDON, May 21.-The Berlin Tageblatt says the czar's manifesto will give partial or complete amnestles to Russian prisoners in Siberia. Those sentenced to life penal servitude will receive mitigation of the sentence and offenders domiciled in Siberia will be permitted to return to any part of European Russia except St. Petersburg and Moscow. The sentences of those in jail in European Russia for serious offenses will be reduced by one-third. A large number of minor offenders will be completely pardoned. The peasantry in certain poor districts will be excused from arrears of crown Even the Jews will not be forgotten and the ill-starred Hebrew agricultural colonies in Ekaterinaslay will also be excused from arrears.

The Rome correspondent of the Chronicle also hears that the Vatican has received information that the czar have been imprisoned or sent to Siberia for breach of the public worship laws, and that he also promises to grant gradually a large measure of religious liberty to all the subjects, including the Catholics.

SECTARIN CHARITIES.

Senate Passes Bill Appropriating for Them by a Big Vote.

WASHINGTON, May 21. - The Senate passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill carrying approximately \$7,300,000. A debate on the question of appropriations for sectarian purposes cropped out on the paragraph in the District. On a vote, the Senate sustained the committee in providing specific appropriations for numerous private charitable institutions, some of them of a sectarian character, by a vote of 85 te 17 Following is the vote in detail:

Yeas-Republicans, Aldrich, Allison, Cameron, Carter, Chandler, Cullom, Hale, Hawley, McBride, Perkins, Pet-tigrew, Shoup, Teller, Wetmore, Wilson-15. Democrats, Bacon, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Caffery, Cockrell, Faulkner, Gorman, Gray, Harris, Hill, Jones (Ark.), Pasco, Roach, Vest, Walthall and White—17. Populists, Allen, Kyle, Stewart—3. Total, 35.

Nays-Republicans, Baker, Brown. Nays—Republicans, Baser, Brown,
Burrows, Cannon, Clark, Gallinger,
Nelson, Pritchard, Warren—9. Democrats, Chilton, George, Mills—3.
Populists, Peffer—1. Total, 13.

NEW LINE TO THE NORTH. Mr. Stilwell's Kansas City and Northern Will Be Built.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 21.-It is now definitely announced that the financing of the Kansas City and Northern Connecting railway has been finished and the actual construction of this railway will go ahead as quickly as the construction contracts can be let. The joint promoters and owners of the new system are the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Trust Missouri, Kansas and Texas Frust company of Kansas City, the Drexeis of Philadelphia, Gilman & Son of New York and the European capitalists in-terested in the Missouri, Kansas and

Texas Trust company
The Kansas City & Northern Connecting railway is the scheme for necting railway is the scheme for amaigamating the Quincy. Omaha & St. Louis lines. The new Northern Connecting road, to be pushed ahead now, picks up the Omaha & St. Lcuis at Pattonsburg, Mo., and the Quincy. Omaha & Kansas City at Trenton, Mo. Connection will probably be made with the Des Moines & Kansas City at Transayille. Mo. Thus a new system. Cainesville, Mo. Thus a new system is provided reaching directly from Kansas City to Omaha. Des Moines and Quincy. The Baitimore & Ohlo. is now at Beardstown, Ill., and will be brought to Kansas City. This new system will create the first essentially Kansas City raniway north of the Mis-

"Katy" Directors &c-Elected.

Parsons. Kan., May 21.—The annual meeting of the atockholders of the Missouri, Kausas and Texas rathroad company was held in the handsome new general office building of the company in this city to-day and the old directors re-elected.

massacre of Armenians at Orfa repre-sent it as entirely collising the butch-ery at Sassoun. It is estimated that 8,000 persons were killed at Urfa. of which number nearly 3,000 perlahed while seeking refuge in the cathedral, which was set on fire by the Turks TWENTY-FIVE ARE DEAD.

the Northeast Kansas Death List

Increasing. SENECA, Kan., May 20. - Fifteen perons were killed and fully fifty inured in this (Nemaha) county by the tornado of Sunday night, while six perished in and about Reserve, in Brown county, and four met death across the State line in Nebraska. This is the death list so far as known definitely at present. Some portions of the route of the tornado have not been thoroughly gone over as yet and the total number of the dead may be increased. Of the dead in this county five are here, six at Oneida and four at or near Sabetha.

The losses from the tornado along its deadly path are placed now at fully \$1,000,000 and this may be increased. In this county conservative estimates put the total loss at \$700, 000, while at Frankfort it is \$100,000 more and at Reserve \$150,000. At other points a low estimate makes the losser over \$50,000.

The injured are doing well as a rule at all points, but it is almost beyond question that several of them will suc-

cumb in a few days.

The tornado struck the fair grounds The tornado struck the fair grounds here first and demolished every building. Then it swept through the best part of the town, wrecking the handsome court house and either destroying or damaging greatly over 200 buildings, many of them the best in this place. The citizens have organized and are doing all possible for the homeless, whose losses are placed at \$100,000, while those who are aiding them have themselves lost \$300,000

At Sabetha, Ellen Carey, the child injured by the storm, died yesterday. About forty families are homeless and destitute and about there twenty more families in want. The mayor of that place has issued an appeal for

In all of the country clear across the county the tornado left a welldefined path of ruin, but fortunately in nearly every instance so far as is now known the occupants of farm houses saw the approach of the storm in time to get into places of safety.

THEIR CORPSES FOR SALE.

A Despondent Missouri Couple Try to Contract With a Medical College.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 20.—Allan Wilson and his wife, to whom he had been married but a few days, went to the Central Medical College this morning and offered to sell his body and that of his wife for a small sum. was well dressed, and his wife, who is 19 years old, is very pretty. He insisted on the college officials agreeing to take the bodies, saying that they would deliver them in a short time.

Dr. Thomas E. Potter tried to dissuade the two from committing suicide and told them that the college had no use for the bodies at this time.

had no use for the bodies at this time. The two came here from Harrison county.

The Losses in Nebraska.

PRESTON, Neb., May 20. - The storm here Sunday night did more or less damage to every building in town. The Bethany Brethren church, four miles southwest, C. Stuhl's house, eight miles southwest, the Pony Creek German Baptist church, the United Brethren church and Jacob Lichty's residence, southwest of here are total

were overturned and the Bur ington freight house and depot wrecked. The mill was destroyed and the buildings at Hinton park demolished. Near there the son of J. M. Houcks, samuel Saylor and wife, Mrs. Shrock and John Smith were killed and William Brannon and wife, J. M. Houcks and wife, Isaac R. Rhoades and two children. William Hinton and wife and daugh ter, William Smick and a tramp were injured. The farm houses of H. E. Lemmon, J. R. Rhoades, W. R. Kent. Samuel Saylor, Jacob Lichty, Thomas Eakin and William Drugmiller were destroyed

and Mrs. Saylor, Mrs. Schrock and John Smith were in the cellar of the Saylor house when the walls caved in on them, killing them.

Prison Manufacturers Involved. COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 20 .- W. E. Joseph, chief clerk in the headquarters office here of the Patton Manufacturing Company of the State prison at New Albany, Ind., and of the plant at Muncie, Ind., has been appointed re-ceiver of the company in both places. His bond is \$50,000. The assets are not known. Discrimination against prison goods labeled by compulsion of law is said to be the cause of the as-

A Kiss Thrower Fined.

signment

WICHITA, Kan., May 20 .- On the trial of Mrs. Ashkraft and daughter, Etta, for throwing kisses at J. F. Fawcett, tailor, the police judge dismissed the case against the widow, fined the daughter \$5 and rebuked the tailor for bringing such a case into court. Miss Ashkraft pleaded that she had kissed her hand to Fawcett in a writted the court. in a spirit of fun and her fine was re-mitted during good behavior.

The President's Sasugerfest Promise PITTSBURG, Pa., May 20. - President Cleveland has written to the executive committee of the twenty-eighth national saengerfest, which begins in Pittsburg, June 8, that he will be un-able to attend, but will open the saengerfeat by the touch of an elec-tric button at the White house. A flag of red, white and blue glass, at a given signal by the President, will be

Stone Opens the Routucky Campaign SHELBYVILLE, Ky., May 20 .- tiovernor William J. Stone of Missouri opened the free coinage campaign here yesterday, and made the first of his four speeches to be delivered in Kentucky. The court house was Kentucky. The court house was filled with representative citizens of Autorsea, Spencer, Henry and Shelby

A Francian Financier at Rest. BERLIN. May 20 - Horro Ott Camphausen, former'y Prussian minister of

BISHOPS ARE CHOSEN.

M'CABE AND CRANSTON FINAL-LY SELECTED.

The Noted New York Divine Chosen on the Fifteenth Ballot-The Cincinnati Member Successful on the Next Vote-Details of the Proceedings-Biographical Sketches of the Successful Can-

Two Methodist Bishops Chosen. CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 20. -Chaplain McCabe and Dr. Earl Cranston are the two new Methodist bishops, being elected on the fifteenth and sixteenth ballots respectively.

On the fourteenth ballot 514 votes were cast, making 336 necessary to a choice. The leaders were Cranston, 261; McCabe, 258; Hamilton, 149; Buttz, 128; Neely, 112; Bowen, 85, and scattering, 70.

The fifteenth ballot was at once taken and the tellers retired. After the transaction of a little business the tellers returned and announced that 504 votes were cast, making 336 necessary to a choice. Of these C. C. Mc-Cabe, of New York, received 344 votes; electing him by eight votes. The vote on others was: Cranston, 528; Butts, 112; Hamilton, 109; Neely, 50; Bowen, 30; scattering, 35.

Then the delegates began to cheer and wave their handkerchiefs and calls for "McCabe," "Song," and "Speech" arose from all parts of the hall. Delegates rushed back to where he was sitting and he was surrounded by an enthusiastic following. In the first lull a motion to invite "Bishop McCabe" to the platform was heard. It was carried amid cheers, and as he walked down the aisle cheers were in-cessant. He declined to speak at

The sixteenth ballot was soon announced, resulting in the election of Dr. Cranston as the second bishop. In all 504 votes were cast, making 336 all 504 votes were cast, making 336 necessary for a choice. Of these Cranston received 356. Cheers again filled the hall, handkerchiefs were waved and applause continued for several minutes while Dr. Cranston walked forward and bowed.

An attempt by Judge Caples of Oregon to make the election unanimous was cried down.

was cried down.

was cried down.

The conference took up the election of two book agents for New York. The nominations were Dr. Homer Eaton of Troy, N. Y., C. R. McGee of New England, J. N. King of New York, R. R. Daugherty of New York, W. M. Swindetts of Philadelphia, G. B. Manis of New York, East, W. M. Evans of Central Pa., and John D. Hammond of California. Dr. Buckley then obtained the floor and moved then obtained the floor and move

11, 1836, in Athens, Ohio. He entered the Ohio conference in 1860 and was stationed at Putnam. In 1862 he be-came chaplain in the 122d Ohio Volunstationed at Putnam. In 1862 he became chaplain in the 122d Ohio Volunteer infantry. At the battle of Winchester, Va., in June, 1862, while looking after the wounded in the field, he was captured and taken to Libby prison, where he remained a captive for over four months. After his release he rejoined his regiment at Brandy station, but with broken health was sent back to the hospital at Washington. He was invited, after partial recovery to speak at an anniand George H. Stuart, the president of that organization, asked Secretary Stanton to grant him permission to make the tour of the great cities of the United States in the interests of the the control of the interests of the control in the interests of that cause. After the war he re-entered the regular work of the ministry and was stationed at Portsmouth, Ohio. In 1866 the Ohio conference called him into the service of the Ohio Weslevan United States in the interest of the Ohio Weslevan United States in the interest of the Ohio Weslevan United States in the interest of the Ohio Weslevan United States in the order of the Ohio Weslevan United States in the interest of the Ohio Ohio Weslevan United States we have never interfered with the civil and political rights of any who differ from us in religion. We demand the same rights ourselves and nothing more, and will be content with nothing less. Not only is it the duty of versity. In 1858 he first engaged in church extension work and for six-teen years he traveled through the length and breadth of the land and saw the work advance with unexampled prosperity upon every side. In 1884 he was elected missionary secretary. Through his efforts the cry, "A million for missions," is now one of the brightest facts in the history of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Dr. Cranston was born in Scioto

county, Ohio, about sixty years ago and graduated at Ohio university. He then became a traveling minister of the Methodist Episcopal church and served in that capacity until the breaking out of the war, when he enisted and rose to the rank of captain of the Sixtieth Ohio Volunteer In-fantry. In consequence he is now an honorary member of the military order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. His service in the church after the war was in Ohio conferences until he was transferred. about 1880, to the Colorado conference. where he became a presiding elder.
In 1884, upon the election of Bishop
Walden, he was chosen one of the
book agents of the Western Methodist
Book concerns in Cincinnati, and has
held that position until now. He has
always held a high rank as a pulpit

WASHINGTON, May 20. - The scoretary of the interior has sent to Chairman Sherman of the House committee on Indian Affairs a favorable report on the Teller bill, providing for the abolition of the offices of commissioner and assistant commissioner of Indian affairs and the substitution of a board of three Indian commissioners, to con-sist of two members of opposite polit-ical faiths and an army officer.

Tarency's Nomination Favorably Reported WASHINGTON, May 20 - Senator WASHINGTON. May 20.— Senator Teller of the filldiciary committee of the Senator prepayed favorably the nomination of the John C. Tarsney, at the beam remained assessment last evaning this price.

Kieldrod the his price.

FULTO 155141 M H²170.—James Parsons a v. 235,000 armer who resided

a WE ARE instantly killed seven m

traces on Rich Hill. Jon had got the by rain after tain antiline and as and is a reading over the ballons and low lands. If the down note continues a great day

ANTI-M'KINLEY A. P. A. S. The Disgrantled Faction Holds an In-

dignation Meeting.

WASHINGTON, May 20 .- A condemnation meeting of some of the delegates of the American Protective Association claiming to represent twenty States was held after the adjournment of the convention, and a preamble and resolutions bearing on the McKinley matter were adopted. The preamble and resolutions adopted follow:

Whereas, The Supreme Council of the A. P. A. of the United States, at its session Saturday evening, by an nanimous vote adopted the report of the National advisory board, which report indersed the action of the executive committee of said board and in plain language said that the execu-tive committee was justified in pub-lishing the political affiliation of Mc-Kinley with the Roman political hierarchy, which affiliation is proven by the affidavits of reputable members of the order, and which affidavits

bers of the order, and which affidavits have never been controverted except by the unsworn statement of Major McKinley himself, and.

Whereas, Major McKinley did en May 14, 1396, to a committee of the national advisory board in the city of Canton, Ohio, state he heartily approved the principles of the A. P. A., and on the following day gave an interview to the press denying that he had met such a committee, thus giving the lie to the report of the committee, which was composed of honorable and truthful gentlemen; and,

Whereas, The members of the Su-

Whereas, The members of the Supreme council have, during its session, been hounded and badgered by a large McKinley lobby, composed of mem-bers and non-members of the order, that has used the most disreputable blackmailing methods to discredit the advisory board and turn the Supreme council into a McKinley ratification meeting, and having signally failed to clear McKinley of the consequences of his propapal political record, to-day, after two-thirds of the delegates had started for home, attempted to take revenge by abolishing the national advisory board, and accomplished the

same by a vote of 30 to 29.

Resolved, That the delegates in condemnation meeting assembled, denounce the unwarranted interference of the paid McKinley lobby with the affairs of the order, and denounce the cowardly denial by McKinley of the indorsement of the principles of the

order, given to our committee, and
Resolved. That because of his record
as reported by the national advisory
board, we herewith pledge ourselves,
by our influence and efforts, to accomplish his defeat.

CHURCH AND POLITICS.

Cardinal Gibbons Gives His Views, With

that nominations be made on a call of conference. This was carried. Charles C. McCabe was born October a Rebuke for the A. P. A. Washington, May 20.—In reply to some questions addressed through Rev. Dr. Stafford of Washington, D. C., to Cardinal Gibbons, the Cardinal

the same rights ourselves and nothing more, and will be content with nothing less. Not only is it the duty of all parties distinctly to set their faces against the false and un-American principles thrust forward of late, but much as I would regret the entire identification of any religious body as such with any political party. I am convinced that the members of a religious body whose rights, civil or religious, are attacked will naturally and unanimously espouse the cause of the party which has the courage openly to avow the principles of civil and religious liberty according to the constitution.

Patience is a virtue, but it is not the only virtue. When pushed too far it may degenerate into pusilanimity.

DEFRAUDED DEPOSITORS.

Denver Bankers and Others Indicted-The Case Against O. F. Miller.

DENVER, Col., May 20. - The federal grand jury has found indictments gainst several bank officials and others, accused of having conspired to defraud depositors in banks here which have closed their doors during the last three years. John J. Rieth-mann, president, and John J. Reith-mann, jr., vice president, Charles M. Clinton, cashier, and Charles Kunze-

Clinton, cashier, and Charles Kunzemiller assistant cashier of the German National bank, are charged with having falsified figures in their report to the comptroller, May t. 1893, and it is said that even more serious charges against these men are being considered by the grand jury.

It is said also that O E Miller of Chicago has been indicted on the charge of embezzling \$125,000 from the Commercial National bank and that Charles H. Dow, who was president of the Commercial, is charged with having conspired with Miller to defraud depositors and with having violated the national banking law by loaning Miller \$ 45,000, whereas unloaving Miller \$ 45,000, whereas un-der the law the bank could not load to one individual or company more than 10 per cent of its capital stock, \$200,000. Miller is the head of the Miller Hernia Company, which has of-flees in Denver, Chicago and other

Reserve Aircady Being Rebuilt. HIAWATHA. Kan., May 20. - The aufferers at Reserve are being well taken care of. Governor Morrill sent his check for \$100, and the other citi-

his check for \$100, and the other citizens of this place sent 3500 more, besides a cartopt or more of provisions clothing and bettellag. The four dead were buried today, and the injured will be brought here.

The work of rebuilding the rained homes has begun, every blis workman who could use a hammer, saw, frowel or shored being sent to Reserve by a special train this morning.

The losses of Brown county farmers alone amount to \$75,000.