

THE NORTHWESTERN

GEORGE E. BENSCHOTER, Editor & Pub.
LOUP CITY, NEBRASKA.

NEBRASKA.

Two buildings were destroyed by fire in Tilden.

Fred Rodgers has been appointed postmaster at Wymore.

Indications of gold have been found in the hills near Bayard, Cheyenne county.

The election of the Gering irrigation district resulted in a vote of 55 for to 4 against.

There is but one ticket in the field at Springfield and that stands for high license.

The bridge across the Missouri for the Yankton and Norfolk railroad will cost \$750,000.

J. H. Pohlman of Johnson county recently disposed of ninety-one head of hogs that averaged 370 pounds each.

John Kline, a carpenter, while at work on a dwelling house at Hoskins, took a tumble from the scaffold and broke two ribs.

Buy home made goods and build up home industries, is a good policy. Farrell's Fire Extinguisher, made by Farrell & Co., Omaha.

The general store of A. L. Willerling at Newport was broken into and robbed and eleven pair of shoes taken and a small amount of cash.

Schnyler has organized its baseball team for the season of 1906, and the business men have contributed enough to purchase new uniforms.

While switching cars at Shelton Mr. Mapes, brakeman on train 27, got his right foot severely crushed. It is feared amputation will be necessary.

The oldest settler in Cheyenne county doesn't remember of ever having a snow equal in depth to the one that blessed the country two weeks ago.

Sixty-five car loads of emigrant goods have been landed in the northwestern part of the state over the Northwestern system since the first of February.

A proposition to establish a large evaporating and cider factory is now before the Elmwood Commercial club. It is made by Mr. Rexford of Weeping Water.

Hall county will have to bear the expense this season of planking the bridge across the Platte at Grand Island. The distance is 1,400 feet, and will require many thousand feet of lumber.

Mrs. Lockhart was last week buried in the U. B. cemetery, six miles south of Pawnee City. She had reached the ripe age of 92 years and has been a resident of Pawnee county eight years.

Rev. G. C. Hall, pastor of the First Congregational church of Nebraska City, died last week after an illness of about three weeks. Mr. Hall became pastor of that church in 1892. He was 52 years of age.

The 7-year-old daughter of Lieut. R. Townley, of Lincoln, secretary of the State Banking board, was run over and killed by the electric cars a few days ago. The mother of the girl was an eye witness of the awful scene.

While out driving Mrs. W. N. Whitlock and Mrs. Joseph Lescher of Beatrice narrowly escaped being killed. Their horses took fright at a bicycle and overturned the buggy. Mrs. Whitlock sustained a broken arm, while Mrs. Lescher was unconscious for some time. Both are badly bruised, and owing to their advanced age it is feared serious results may follow.

Adjutant-General Barry has issued an order containing Governor Holcomb's approval of the new rules and regulations of the state military board. Nothing contrary to the tenor of these regulations will be enjoined in any part of the state military forces by any commander whatsoever. The rules and regulations will be published in book form and distributed by General Barry.

Thad B. Seward, who worked the \$100 bogus check on W. D. Moulton of Beatrice, and who was arrested at Tecumseh, was taken to St. Joseph before the Beatrice officers arrived, being wanted there on a similar deal, and next day several messages were received from over the state, asking for a description of Seward. It appears that he has pled his scheme in a wholesale way.

Henry R. Corbett, state superintendent, has prepared a leaflet which he has dedicated to "culture and arboreal culture." It pertains to Arbor day and contains suggestions for school exercises calculated to teach Nebraska boys and girls to feel a real pride in the name "Tree Planters' State," chosen by the last legislature to designate the state of Nebraska.

A two-horse cultivator, belonging to John Friend, a farmer, was placed on the Union Pacific track, two and a half miles west of Grand Island, by unknown parties, and was struck by the east bound passenger train at 4 o'clock in the morning. Pieces of it were found near the stock yards, having been carried over a mile. The deed is supposed to have been done by enemies who wished to injure Friend.

J. W. Rose of Norfolk, the receiver of the defunct Farmers and Drivers bank of Battle Creek, in compliance with an order of the district court, sold at public auction at the front door of the Battle Creek Valley bank, notes, judgments and accounts held by that defunct institution to the amount of about \$20,000, realizing therefrom \$58.16. And also one Diebold burglar-proof, time lock safe for \$83.

Owing partly to the general mildness of the winter and partly to the abundance and good quality of the feed stored up last fall, farmers report that stock of all kinds is coming out this spring in remarkably good condition, in fact, far superior to that of the average season.

Immigration to Dixon county has already begun, says the Ponca Journal, and the prospects are that the influx of new residents will be greater this year than ever before. People who have gone from here in past years with the hope of finding more prosperous locations, are returning and bringing others with them.

Paul Bigelow, a Union Pacific brakeman, fell from the top of his car while the train was switching at Chapman. The wheels passed over both legs, cutting them off just below the knees. He was taken to the hospital at Grand Island, where he died.

D. C. Postle, formerly of Omaha, who had been working for W. H. Murdock & Co., at Oeonee, for a few months prior to March 15, had a dispute with Murdock over an oil barrel, in front of his store. Postle got out of his buggy and hit Murdock several times and got one of his fingers in his mouth, and chewed it badly, then got in his rig and left town before anything could be done with him.

Phill Unit, one of the largest stock-raisers and shippers in Seward county, shipped a train load of fat cattle to England last week. The train consisted of fourteen cars, twelve containing cattle, one draft horse and one feed. The Standard Trotting Horse company also shipped eight thoroughbred trotters in the same train. The train was elaborately decorated with banners, advertising Seward and Seward county. People of Ong were surprised over news of the clandestine marriage of N. E. Bottom and a young lady of high social standing in the community. They attended church in the evening, after which they drove to the home of the parents of the young lady. After trying to get the consent of her parents, which was refused, they left about 2:30 in the morning and drove to a minister and were made man and wife.

A Hemingford dispatch says: Real estate in this city has doubled in value today, and the citizens are proportionately happy. The cause is a settlement of the county seat war, which has been in progress here for nearly five months, in favor of Hemingford. A remonstrance with a sufficient number of signatures was presented to the county board today, and on motion of attorneys for Alliance, their case was dismissed.

Although the Nebraska club is yet in its founding clothes and is not permitted under its articles of incorporation to do any aggressive work, it claims to show practical results. The mere fact of this movement being inaugurated, together with the fact that it is state wide in its inception and purposes, representing the organization of all the people and all sections of the state, evincing a disposition on the part of the people and all sections to pull together for the common good, is attracting general attention.

John E. Hall, a wealthy farmer living about three miles south of Cook, noticing the many discoveries throughout the state of gold in various amounts and places, recalled that some fifteen or twenty years ago he was digging a well near his residence when he turned up soil that had all the resemblance of the yellow metal in its usual appearance when found outside of quartz, but at that time such a thing as gold in Nebraska was not thought of, but he thought he would once more open up this spot and find out if there was anything in it. He made up three samples of the same from three different strata of the earth about sixteen feet from the surface and sent them to Omaha for assay. His returns show the best sample to be worth \$10 to the ton and the others lesser amounts.

The contract books of the Norfolk Beet Sugar company, for the season of 1896, are now closed, with sufficient acreage secured to secure a longer run than any previous year. No more contracts for the Norfolk factory will be taken for the present season. With a larger acreage than ever before the beet sugar industry at that place enters upon its sixth season under most favorable auspices. The contracts range from three acres up to 120, a contract for 120 acres having been made by a Fremont company. The largest contract is for eighty acres, while the average is about ten acres. There has been a strong demand for land for beet raising in this neighborhood, land suitable for the purpose commanding \$5 to \$6 per acre rental in the larger tracts, while for smaller plots \$8 to \$10 per acre is paid.

Henry T. Oxnard, the beet sugar man of Grand Island, thus speaks of the Omaha exposition: "As an opportunity for the west, I think it is a great one, and should have the heartiest cooperation of the states. There is only one thing, although perhaps that has been thought over by those having the matter in charge, that I am inclined to criticize. It seems to me that the appropriation could have been more easily obtained, if it had gone before congress on the general appropriation bill, rather than as a separate bill. However, that may make no difference, and I certainly hope the exposition will be assured to Omaha, and that it will be a success. Too much cannot be said in its favor, for it is a great opportunity for the trans-Mississippi states."

The clerical force of the Burlington shops have finished compiling the cost of the four new class K engines, the construction of which was commenced at Havelock, Nebraska, last September and finished the first of the year. The average cost of each engine was \$7,318.94, the cost for material \$4,171.22 and for labor \$3,147.72. A like number of engines were built at Aurora, Ill., and Burlington, Ia., at the same time. The results place Havelock at the bottom as to the matter of cost of construction and at the top as to efficiency in management. The Havelock shops are among the largest in the west and in all their appointments there is nothing finer or more complete in the country. It is perhaps needless to state that Havelock people are quite elated over the showing which the local shops have made.

The country in the vicinity of Bancroft is infested by hog thieves. About three weeks ago Charles Renter, a young farmer living four miles north, had stolen from his farm fourteen head of hogs of a peculiar color. There being a light snow on the ground Renter was able to track the wagons far enough to lead him to where they were taken to Sioux City. On going there he found that fourteen hogs were sold there the next day after his was taken, answering their description. Wilber and William Flower are under arrest charged with the theft, though their guilt has not yet been determined.

MORE TALKS ABOUT CUBA

REPRESENTATIVES EXPRESS THEIR VIEWS ON THE RESOLUTIONS.

WILL VOTE ON MONDAY.

Immediately After the Reading of the Journal the Cuban Resolutions Will Be Disposed of—Mr. Adams of Pennsylvania, Charges the Senate With filibustering Against Cuba.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—In the House today Mr. Adams of Pennsylvania, of the committee on foreign affairs, was the first speaker on Cuban resolutions. He said that he should have refrained from addressing the House further on this question but for the "extraordinary performance of the gentleman from Maine (Mr. Boutelle) yesterday." Referring to the charge that the people were not behind the effort of Congress to grant proper recognition to Cuba, he asserted that Congress had seldom before received so many petitions on any subject as this. He contended that a handful of Senators had taken advantage of the rules of the Senate to prevent the adoption of the conference report by filibustering. The Cubans had an organized form of government and were in every way entitled to recognition. Mr. Knox of Massachusetts was recognized to read a letter from his colleague, Mr. Draper, a member of the foreign affairs committee, opposing the adoption of the conference report. He said that he differed from Mr. Draper and made a plea for affirmative action. He thought measures should be taken to put an end to the barbarous warfare and that for this country to fall to do this would be to incur the loss of self-respect as well as to deserve the contempt of all foreign nations.

The House then decided to hold a night session for debate on the Cuban resolutions and to vote Monday after the reading of the journal.

The Rivers and Harbor Bill Reported
WASHINGTON, April 5.—Chairman Hooker of the River and Harbor committee today submitted to the House a report on the river and harbor bill made public yesterday. It shows that the aggregate amount recommended is \$10,350,550, and is based on estimates, by the chief of engineers, amounting to \$12,686,830, and by the engineers in charge to \$4,837,027; besides the estimates of the Mississippi and Missouri River commissions. Of the total amount recommended, about 36 per cent, or \$3,642,500, is for harbors, \$5,587,750 for rivers and \$1,120,300 for surveys, etc. The continuous contract system is especially recommended, and the bill gives authority to the secretary of war to enter into contracts for the completion of thirty-two different projects, amounting to \$51,721,210.

BURGLARS AT THE CAPITOL

A Bold Attempt to Break Into Senator Quay's Desk.
WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Senate committee room on public buildings and grounds was broken into last evening, and an unsuccessful attempt made to break into Mr. Quay's desk. The iron bolts fastening the doors at the top and bottom were pried out of the sockets, showing that strong tools had been employed.

It is believed by the senator that an attempt was made to get possession of his political papers, but, even if the desk had been opened, the political papers would not have been obtained, as they had all been removed to Mr. Quay's house a week ago. Nothing else in the room was disturbed.

About a year after the election of 1888 Mr. Quay's desk was robbed of all his political papers, and they have never been recovered. They were not important, as they were what the senator termed "trash left over which might well have been destroyed."

The W. C. T. U. Wish Hughes.
CHICAGO, April 6.—The officers of the W. C. T. U. have sent a telegram to Senator Frye to be presented to the Secretary of the Interior protesting against the removal of Governor Hughes of Arizona and urging a thorough investigation. The reason for this is "Governor Hughes' well known championship of temperance in all questions of reform." The state presidents of the W. C. T. U. are being urged to wire similar requests to their senators.

Prize the American Missionaries.
LONDON, April 6.—The Duke of Argyll in a circular appealing for relief funds for Armenia, pays tribute to the work of American missionaries, whom, he says, with bravery have undertaken the work in the face of many difficulties and much discouragement and are distributing relief from nineteen depots which Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, and Mr. Terrell, the United States minister, have been the means of establishing.

A Legislator in a Menial Jan.
EL PASO, TEX., April 6.—Israel M. King of Silver City, a member of the New Mexico legislature, was arrested in Juarez today, some personal enemy having accused him of stealing Mexican calves in driving cattle over the line at Palomas, though he says he had bills of sale for all the stock. He will be kept in jail for five days unless an effective appeal can be made to the authorities at Washington.

Heater Schrader in Jail in Kentucky.
CINCINNATI, O., April 6.—Heater Schrader, who was ordered from Cincinnati by the health officers, went over to Newport, Ky., and began to "heat" and sell photographs there today. The mayor ordered him to cease, but Schrader refused, whereupon he was arrested on the charge of being a general nuisance.

EDISON'S LATEST.

Reproductions of Kinetoscope Pictures Cast Life-Like on a Screen.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Thomas Edison was in a very happy mood when seen in his laboratory in West Orange last night. He had about completed another machine, which he calls the "vitascope." It is an improvement of the kinetoscope, and Mr. Edison says he has no doubt that it will prove to be a success.

The vitascope throws on a screen by means of bright lights and powerful lenses the moving life size figures of human beings and animals. Last night in the big foundry building adjacent to the laboratory the machine was rigged up and a very satisfactory exhibition was made.

The first picture shown on the screen was a colored panorama of a serpentine dance by Anabelle, who posed before the kinetoscope last summer. The film roll on which the photographs were attached was arranged over a half dozen spools and pulleys, and when the machine was set in motion the dancer's image appeared upon the screen, as if in life. The original photographs, as taken by the kinetograph and developed on the roll, are about the size of a special delivery postage stamp, and to produce a picture life size are magnified about 600 times.

Mr. Edison expects shortly to be able to so improve the phonograph that he will be able to take records much longer than now and the vitascope and phonograph will be so combined that it will be possible for an audience to watch a photographic reproduction of an opera and hear the music at the same time.

BARKER FAVORS A BOLT.

The Philadelphia Silverite Calls for a Union of White Metal Advocates.

DENVER, Colo., April 6.—The Rocky Mountain News has received the following message from Mr. Wharton Barker of Philadelphia:

"PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 3.—This action of the Manufacturers' Club, the weak straddle, taken with the declaration of Mr. John Converse, candidate for president of the club: 'I am for the single gold standard,' convinces all those bimetallists who have hoped to see the Republican party adopt a straightout plank for the restoration of silver to its old place—16 to 1—by independent action of the United States, that the friends of silver recoinization must abandon that hope. As the Democratic party is not likely to do better than the Republican party, it is the duty of those of all parties who do not hold principle subservient to political expediency and who put patriotism before partisanship, to come to a common understanding with each other, unite on a common policy, join in the promulgation of a definite policy and unite and at once organize for political action. The several conventions called to meet at St. Louis will, of course, ratify any action the plain people agree in demanding.—Wharton Barker."

CUBA INDUSTRIES RUINED

The Business of the Island Paralyzed by the Rebellion.

HAVANA, April 6.—The total amount of sugar made in Cuba this year will not exceed 130,000 tons. This enormous shrinkage means, it is estimated, a money loss of \$56,000,000. The tobacco crop will be greatly diminished. The other products of the island, hides, mahogany and cedar are practically not to be had. Nothing is being done on the stock exchange, and the produce exchange is lifeless.

Flour, potatoes and the commonest necessities of life cannot be sold on business principles. There is no money. Havana is like a tomb. Even the cars ceased to run in the streets and recognition of Holy Thursday and Good Friday. Business, what there is, has been suspended. No newspapers are printed.

Where Am I At? Must Go.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—House committee on elections No. 1 has voted to unseat James E. Cobb, the Democratic incumbent, and seat Goodwin, who ran against him as a Populist. The decision was reached by a party vote. There was no Republican candidate in the district, but the Republican vote was largely cast for Goodwin. According to the returns the vote was: Cobb, 10,651; Goodwin, 9,903. Allegations of ballot box stuffing and intimidation were made. Cobb is now serving his fourth term in Congress. He was the author of the famous "Where am I at?"

May Not See Their Father Married.

NEW YORK, April 6.—It is reported that neither Russell Harrison nor Mrs. McKee will attend their father's marriage to Mrs. Dimmick next Monday, but the ex-President is going ahead with his plans with as much enthusiasm as might be expected from a young lover. General Tracy, who was Secretary of the Navy in the Harrison administration will be his former chief's best man. All the members of the old Harrison cabinet are expected to attend except Mr. Wanmaker, who is out of the country.

The Next Royal Wedding.

LONDON, April 6.—It has been definitely arranged that the marriage of Princess Maud of Wales to Prince Charles of Denmark, second of the three sons of the crown prince and crown princess of Denmark, will take place in the Chapel Royal at St. James palace on July 7.

Acquitted of Poisoning Stevens.

PLATTSBURG, Mo., April 6.—Otis Jackson was acquitted yesterday. The charge against Jackson was administering poison to a drink of whisky to Arthur Stevens, Hannibal & St. Joseph agent at Lathrop, December 8, from which Stevens died.

A Big Cotton Mill Closed.

LOWELL, Mass., April 6.—No. 3 mill of the Lawrence Manufacturing Company has been shut down, throwing 3,000 men out of work. The action is the result of the decision of the directors, to discontinue making cotton goods.

WILL SAVE THEM ATTORNEYS.

How Purchasers of Burlington Lands Are to Act.

OMAHA, April 1.—General Solicitor Manderson of the B. & M. railroad has issued the following circular to the several thousand purchasers of properties along the Burlington's line in this state:

As one claiming an interest in lands heretofore purchased from the Burlington railroad, you are required to enter appearance in said court by April 6, 1896, and file an answer setting forth your interest in said lands before May 4 next.

By the terms of an act of congress, approved March 2, 1896, it is provided as to land grant lands sold by railroads that "no patent to any lands, held by a bona fide purchaser, shall be vacated or annulled, but the right and title of such purchaser are hereby confirmed." In the said act it is also provided: "That no suit be brought or maintained, nor shall recovery be had for lands, or the value thereof, that were certified or patented in lieu of other lands, covered by grant, which were lost or relinquished by the grantee in consequence of the failure of the government, or its officers, to withdraw the same from sale or entry." A full copy of said act of congress is hereto attached.

By its terms you will see that the title of all lands bought of the Burlington railroad will be confirmed upon the bona fides or good faith of the purchase established, either in the department of the interior or in the courts.

The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad company has already taken steps to establish the good faith of all sales of land made by it in the department of the interior and hopes to procure a discontinuance by the government of this very unnecessary suit.

In the event that this dismissal should not be had the railroad company stands ready to make appearance and file answer for all defendants who have purchased lands from it. This will be done without expense of attorney's fees to you. It is, of course, optional whether you will employ your own attorney or take advantage of our self of this offer.

If you conclude so to do, you should act at once, and send with all speed to the undersigned:

1. The copy of the subpoena served upon you by the United States marshal.
2. A statement giving your full name, postoffice address and place of residence. Also a description of the land heretofore purchased of the Burlington railroad, and your interest therein.
3. Return the enclosed entry of appearance with your full name signed on the first blank line.

Accompanying the circular is a copy of the act of congress of March 2, 1896, entitled "An act to provide for the extension of the time in which suits may be brought to vacate and annul land patents, and for other purposes." Blanks for the entry of appearance of the defendants will be sent to all those concerned.

REED OR M'KINLEY.

The New Hampshire Delegation is Unpledged.

CONCORD, N. H., April 2.—The New Hampshire Republicans held their state convention here today to elect delegates to the National Republican convention at St. Louis. United States Senator William E. Chandler presided, and was greeted enthusiastically when he arose to speak. He bitterly assailed the Wilson tariff bill, and contrasted the financial showings of the administrations of Presidents Harrison and Cleveland. He declared that there would be a great reaction in November against the Democracy, and he hoped it would be under the leadership of Thomas B. Reed.

Only one ticket for delegates-at-large was named. Stephen S. Jewett of Laconia, General Frank S. Streeter of Concord, Charles T. Meador of Manchester and Colonel James A. Wood of Acworth. These four were elected by acclamation. George A. C. Clark of Manchester, Stephen A. Gale of Exeter, Oscar Hatch of Littleton and Dexter Richards of Newport were chosen as alternates.

Colonel Frank Rollins of Concord offered a substitute financial plank, identical with that adopted by the Massachusetts convention last week as an amendment to the resolutions, but Chairman Putney, Senator Gillingham and others opposed the proposition and the amendment was lost by an overwhelming viva voce vote and the adoption of the platform as presented by the committee was made unanimously. It opens with denunciation of the Democracy and calls for the enactment of currency laws that will provide a circulating medium in gold, silver and paper which will always be interchangeable at its face value because each and every dollar of it is of the same purchasing power as a gold dollar; demands liberal appropriations for an adequate navy and coast and harbor defenses, and internal improvements, a fair and generous treatment of Union veterans, a foreign policy characterized by a sturdy Americanism, and closes: "We recognize as most conspicuous among the candidates, New England's noble and illustrious son, the Hon. Thomas B. Reed of Maine, and that pure and able statesman and champion of protection, the Hon. Wm. McKinley of Ohio. We will give the electoral vote of New Hampshire to any nominee who worthily represents the party, but we prefer one of these because either is in himself a platform."

A MOTHER'S MAU CRIME.

Mrs. Deuss of San Francisco Kills Her Three Children and Herself.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—The asphyxiated bodies of Mrs. Olga Deuss and her three little children were found this morning by her husband, a prosperous jeweler. Deuss said that he had been to the lodge last night, returning about daylight to-day.

Mrs. Deuss left a note to her husband, indicating her intention to commit suicide, and declaring that her children must die with her. The marital relations of the pair had lately been unhappy.

INSOMNIA.

WHAT IT MEANS TO LOSE THE POWER TO SLEEP.

A Young Baltimore Woman Whose Nerves Prevented Her From Resting.

From the Herald, Baltimore, Md.

Mrs. Jessie Shea is a young married woman whose tidy home is at 855 West Lexington Street, Baltimore. For many months Mrs. Shea was a terrible sufferer from a nervous affection which resulted in general debility and superinduced that ofttimes incurable malady, insomnia. A Herald reporter called at her residence recently and was shown into the neatly furnished parlor and told that Mrs. Shea would be down in a matter of few minutes. Soon a light step was heard tripping down the stairway and Mrs. Shea, radiant with health and the vigor of young womanhood, entered the room. When asked if she had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, with a smile which betokened the utmost satisfaction, the young lady replied: "Yes, I have used them, and had I not heard of them I doubt if I would have been here to answer your call."

Continuing, she said: "About two months ago I had an attack of what the doctors termed nervous prostration. My appetite left me entirely and what little sleep I got, and it was very little. I assure you, was not by any means refreshing. On the contrary, when I awoke from a nap I had such a tired and exhausted feeling that I was loath to try to get to sleep again. I continued to lose flesh day after day until I was almost a shadow compared with my former self."

"As soon as I began to take the Pink Pills I commenced to improve. I am no longer troubled with nervousness. I have a good appetite, experience none of the feelings incident to indigestion, and I sleep as sound as a healthy child. The pills are certainly all they are represented to be, and as I believe I owe my life to the fact of having used them, I shall always cheerfully recommend them to my friends and other persons whom I find to be suffering from similar troubles."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. Pink Pills are sold in boxes at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Med. Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

HINTS OF ALL SORTS.

A dish of water placed in a hot oven where pies, cakes, or puddings are being baked will prevent them from scorching.

Old leather can be made to look like new by applying a coat of French polish with a camel's hair brush.

The skin of fruit should never be eaten, not because they are not palatable or digestible or are unhealthy in themselves, but on account of the danger arising from microbes, which may have penetrated into the covering of the fruit.

People who are susceptible to the cold should make a point of wearing loose clothing in cold weather.

If you have butter that is not entirely sweet put it in a porcelain dish with a little salt and a tiny piece of soda, place over the fire and bring to a boil. Turn it into a stone jar and set it in a cool place. The butter will be found perfectly sweet and not too salt for cooking. The impurities will settle to the bottom of the jar.

A cement for mending broken glass or china is made by dissolving half an ounce of gum arabic in a wineglassful of boiling water and adding enough plaster of Paris to make a thick paste. Apply it with a brush to the edges of the broken parts. Hold the pieces carefully together until the cement has hardened sufficiently for them to adhere. If the article to be mended is broken in several pieces, do not attempt to cement a second piece before the first has thoroughly hardened.

A tested cough mixture recipe comes from an English lady. It is palatable and very effective. Boil three large lemons in water seven minutes, drain off the water and slice the lemons as thin as possible. Put them in an earthen bowl with one pound of the best brown sugar and stand the bowl on the stove until the mixture is at boiling point. Then draw to the back of the stove and let the mixture simmer three hours. Remove from the fire, and when it has stood half an hour add small tablespoonful of oil of sweet almonds. It is to be used warm. Stir and take in teaspoonful doses as long as needed.

To make a wax for polishing hardwood floors cut one pound of beeswax into small pieces, put them in a dish and place it over the fire in a pan of hot water. Allow the wax to melt and then stir in three pints of turpentine. When the ingredients have thoroughly blended, place some of the wax on a woolen cloth and rub it on the floor, treating one board at a time and rubbing lengthwise. Then cover a heavy brush with flannel and with it rub the floor until it is perfectly smooth. It is usually the case that some parts of the floor are subject to more wear than others. When the polish has worn off in these spots warm the wax and apply to the worn places and then polish.

Whenever God is loved, the man who loves him is blessed, no matter whether he feels that way or not.

The more zealous we are of good works, the more we are in danger of wrongly judging other people.

SPEAKING OF PEOPLE.

The queen of Roumania fairly reveals

in literature.

The duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha plays the fiddle with fervor and skill.

King Humbert of Italy is a strong man, but his only son and heir is slight and delicate.

Crown Prince William of Germany, now 13 years old, is not half so bright and strong as his younger brother.

Speaker Reed denies the report that he studied for the ministry when a young man, but admits that his folks wanted him to do so.