

LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN.

VOL. XIII.

LOUP CITY, SHERMAN COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1896.

NUMBER 50

THE NORTHWESTERN

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GEO. E. BENSCHOTER, Editor and Publisher.

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Only Republican Newspaper in Sherman County

A Gage county farmer by the name of Sparks says he has been offered \$65,000 for eighty acres of his farm on which he has recently found gold.

Japan does not mean to forget her heroes who perished in the late war with China. Statutes of the chief military and naval officers will be erected in the imperial palace.

It is given out authoritatively that Mat Daugherty will not be a candidate for re-nomination for congress. Mr. Daugherty generally means what he says, and others who have aspirations for the place on the ticket need have no fear that he will stand in the way.

Ex-Senator Manderson is talked of as a probable candidate for president. Go where you will you cannot find a statesman who has served his country more efficiently and faithfully and to the best interests of the people than has ex-senator Manderson. His work in the senate has met with the hearty approval of all conservative men of all parties and he would be a very popular candidate.

Notwithstanding the fact that the populists in this county and judicial district rode into office on the solemn promises that they would protect the homes of the unfortunate people who were about to be closed out by mortgage, they go right on issuing orders of sheriff sales and confirming them as fast, if not faster than before. The first term of court Greene held in Custer county after his election he confirmed 25 sheriff sales, and during his term one and a half days here he confirmed a large number and ordered ten or a dozen more. Seven of the Sheriff's sale notices under the new order appeared in the last issue of the Times-Independent. How soon they forget the interests of the dear people after election.

The Sioux Indians at Wounded Knee have recently held a 48 hours council during which time they have formulated a list of grievances. The principal grievances are as to the manner of procedure against criminals. The Indians claim that in the treaty of 1877 it was provided that the crime of murder and graver offenses against the whites should be tried under the general laws of the United States, but that trivial offenses should be tried before the Indian police judges. These conditions they claim have been violated. They also want a strip of land in Nebraska on the southern boundary of South Dakota. They will also ask for more money for the Black Hills as they did not know at the time of the treaty that there was gold in them.

Some time ago we heard that Mr. W. T. Owen, commander of Shiloh, Post No. 124, Loup City had been charged with misappropriating funds sent here for the relief of the needy members of the post. We are pleased to state, however, that a thorough investigation of the matter by a committee of five, members of the post, fully exonerates Mr. Owen, as he was able to account for all the money he had received to the satisfaction of all the members of said committee. Resolutions adopted by the post concerning the matter appears in another column of this issue.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

For the week ending,

DECEMBER 31, 1882.

"First snow. Winter wheat crop doing well. Country roads bad."

DECEMBER 31, 1883.

"Winter wheat crop well protected. Twelve inches of snow."

DECEMBER 31, 1884.

"Winter wheat covered with snow and in good condition."

DECEMBER 31, 1885.

"Winter wheat crop bare. Ground frozen. Very little grain moving."

DECEMBER 31, 1886.

"Winter wheat bare. Freezing and thawing. Ground thoroughly soaked."

DECEMBER 31, 1887.

"Very little snow on the winter wheat crop. Very cold weather."

DECEMBER 31, 1888.

"Ground frozen solid. Winter wheat doing fairly well. Very little cold weather so far."

DECEMBER 31, 1889.

"Winter wheat crop bare everywhere. Very dry. No frost in the ground. Unusually fine weather for the season of the year."

DECEMBER 31, 1890.

"Winter wheat crop bare. Plenty of moisture. No frost in the ground."

DECEMBER 31, 1891.

"Winter wheat greatly refreshed by rains and in good condition. Three or four inches of snow on the ground."

DECEMBER 31, 1892.

"Winter wheat generally weak. Has made very little growth during the fall and up to date. With few exceptions bare of snow."

DECEMBER 31, 1893.

"Ground bare of snow in the winter wheat belt with very few exceptions. Crop generally in fair condition. Very little movement of grain."

DECEMBER 31, 1894.

"In the midst of a severe snow storm. Very cold in the Northwest. Reserves of both winter and spring wheat low. Very little grain moving. The usual quiet in the agricultural world which always exists at this season of the year."

DECEMBER 31, 1895.

The month of December has been a series of surprises and sensations in the Political, Commercial, National and Agricultural world. History has made itself very rapidly in all these different departments which go to make up the progress of the world. Wars and rumors of wars have filled the air and it has been very difficult to tell what a day may bring forth. Gladstone's advice to use "Good common sense" seems to be prevailing. Congress is looking the matter squarely in the face and is acting upon measures of a financial character which, while many of us are not in accord with them, still we are willing to accept them as a compromise and as a temporary relief.

We have had all sorts of weather, mostly of a mild and temperate character. Much more so than we might or ought to expect at this season of the year. The predominant feature has been the great fall of rain which has covered the Northwest, the Lake regions and the South-west. Rivers and streams which have been dry for years have been once more replenished.

For the first time during the last four years there is no area of the country to-day suffering in the slightest degree for the want of moisture. The rains of this month have been of an extraordinary character and it only goes to show that all theories with regard to the drying up of lakes, rivers and streams are simply the idle fancies of those who theorize from cause to effect. The great problem which nature continues to work out still progresses and will continue unto the end.

This season of the year is almost purely retrospective. It is very foolish to indulge in plans and spec-

ulations as to the future outcome of things in the agricultural world.

We are reaping to-day simply those things which we have done ourselves and nobody can be blamed for the results.

If the earth has given off an increase way beyond the wants of the world and we have no buyers, what can we expect but an era of low prices. Everything to-day is low. I think there is quite a difference between low prices and what we call cheapness. A thing is often cheap but has a relative value higher than that it will bring under natural causes and surroundings. You talk about cheap wheat, corn and oats. But they have not been brought so, simply from the reason that the production of these commodities has been so vast and developments in food and commerce have in a great measure and in a great many ways displaced usage for them which a few years ago were unknown and undiscovered.

I do not believe legislation or the ascendancy of one party above another can remedy evils or disturbances in the commercial world which arise purely from natural causes. A high or low tariff, a gold or silver basis cannot put the price of grain up or lower it if there is no natural and consumptive demand for it. The last twenty years has witnessed such a wonderful development in the productive world and devices and inventions of all kinds have kept far in advance and I do not see what is to stop it with the present consumptive power not only of this country but of the nations of the earth.

You can lead a horse to water but you cannot make him drink. You may grow millions of bushels of grain but they are utterly valueless unless we have some power of a consumptive character to get away with them. I do not see that there can be a radical change the coming year in the world of prices. Still while we have gone along and developed to a remarkable degree other nations of the earth have certainly kept up with us. The country has no reason to be discouraged or take a dark view of the present situation. The very first requisite to prosperity is the growth of a crop. Its movement is a secondary consideration and the very fact that the movement for the last few months has been much smaller than was expected is the greatest evidence in my opinion of the wonderful financial strength of the producer. In former years crops were thrown upon the market at time of maturity without reference to price, "ranker previous condition."

Should the country in 1896 enter upon a series of short crop years, the vast stores of wheat, corn and oats which now lie hidden, "in the invisible supply," would gradually come out, astonish the world and we should enter upon another era of great prosperity.

I stated very early in the season that the producer in this country never was better off than he is to-day. I repeat it with this addition, that he cannot recall a time when he has received so much for a dollar as he does to-day.

When we take into consideration the fact of the extraordinary yield of corn, oats and spring wheat and place them along side of the yield of former years, it brings up the general average and the farmer to-day gets practically more for his crop than he has been accustomed to receive for many years.—Prime's Crop Bulletin.

The Nebraska Farmer contains a communication from Niobrara written Feb. 4th in which the writer says: "This morning at 5-15 we experienced a severe earthquake shock in this locality. At date of writing I have no means of knowing how far-reaching it may have been. Duration about one minute; but made things lively for that length of time. Windows rattled, dishes and stoves jingled. It was accompanied by heavy rumbling, like distant thunder. This is the second shock here in fifteen years."



GOOD FOR EVERYBODY

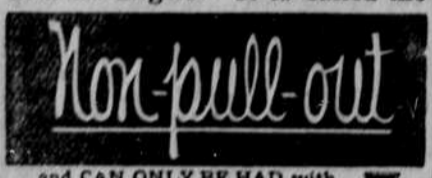
Almost everybody takes some laxative medicine to cleanse the system and keep the blood pure. Those who take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR (liquid or powder) get all the benefits of a mild and pleasant laxative and tonic that purifies the blood and strengthens the whole system. And more than this: SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR regulates the Liver, keeps it active and healthy, and when the Liver is in good condition you find yourself free from Malaria, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick-Headache and Constipation, and rid of that worn out and debilitated feeling. These are all caused by a sluggish Liver. Good digestion and freedom from stomach troubles will only be had when the liver is properly at work. If troubled with any of these complaints, try SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. The King of Liver Medicines, and Better than Pills.

EVERY PACKAGE Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper. J. H. Zella & Co., Phila., Pa.

The Keystone Watch Case Co. of Philadelphia,

the largest watch case manufacturing concern in the world, is now putting upon the Jas. Boss Filled and other cases made by it, a bow (ring) which cannot be twisted or pulled off the watch.

It is a sure protection against the pickpocket and the many accidents that befall watches fitted with the old-style bow, which is simply held in by friction and can be twisted off with the fingers. It is called the



and CAN ONLY BE HAD with cases bearing their trade mark—

Sold only through watch dealers, without extra charge. Ask any jeweler for pamphlet or send to the manufacturers.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In county court, within and for Sherman county, Nebraska, in the matter of the estate of Mary M. Fisher deceased. To the creditors of said estate: you are hereby notified, that I will sit at the county court room in Loup City in said county, on the 6th day of July, A. D. 1896 to receive and examine all claims against said estate, with a view to their adjustment and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against any estate is six months, from the 6th day of January, A. D. 1896, and the time limited for the payment of debts is one year from said 6th day of January, 1896.

Witness my hand and the seal of said county court, this 6th day of January, A. D. 1896.

GEORGE BERT, County Judge.

NOTICE OF SUIT TO NON-RESIDENT DEFENDANT.

State of Nebraska, s.s. William Gash, non-resident defendant, will take notice that on the 9th day of January, 1896, the plaintiff, plaintiff filed his petition in the District Court of Sherman County, Nebraska, against William Gash, Union Trust Company, Henry T. Clark, Receiver, Union Trust Company, Arminius P. Culley, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendant, William Gash to the defendant Union Trust Company upon the following described property, to-wit: The Northwest Quarter of Section Four (4) Township Fifteen (15) North Range Fifteen (15) West 6th P. M. in Sherman County, Nebraska, to secure the payment of a certain bond dated April 13th 1887 for the sum of Thirteen Hundred Dollars (\$1300.00) due and payable on the first day of April, 1896, and that there is now due upon said bond and mortgage any taxes upon said property paid by said Buck E. Ogden the sum of Thirteen Hundred Sixty-four Dollars and Eighty-one cents (\$1364.81) and interest thereon. Plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the amount due on account said bond, mortgage and taxes and paid, or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 2nd day of March 1896. Dated January 15th 1896.

Buck E. Ogden, Plaintiff by BARTLETT, BALDWIN, DE BORN, and NIGHTINGALE BROS., His Attorneys, LOUIS REIN, Clerk of District Court.

NOTICE OF SUIT TO NON-RESIDENT DEFENDANTS.

State of Nebraska, s.s. John J. Penepacker and Harriet A. Penepacker, non-resident defendants will take notice that on the 9th day of January, 1896, Buck E. Ogden plaintiff filed his petition in the District Court of Sherman County, Nebraska, against John J. Penepacker, Harriet A. Penepacker, Union Trust Company and Henry T. Clark, Receiver, Union Trust Company, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendants John J. Penepacker and Harriet A. Penepacker to the defendant Union Trust Company upon the following described property, to-wit: The Northwest Quarter of section Four (4) Township Fifteen (15) North of Range Fourteen (14) West of the 6th P. M. in Sherman County, Nebraska, to secure the payment of a certain bond dated May 2, 1887, for the sum of Twelve Hundred Dollars (\$1200.00) due and payable on the first day of May, 1896, and that there is now due upon said bond and mortgage any taxes upon said property paid by said Buck E. Ogden, the sum of Twelve Hundred Fifty-five Dollars and 81 cents (\$1255.81) and interest thereon. Plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the amount due on account said bond, mortgage and taxes and paid, or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 2nd day of March 1896 or that said premises may be taken as true, and relief granted as prayed. Dated January 15th, 1896.

Buck E. Ogden, Plaintiff by BARTLETT, BALDWIN, DE BORN, and NIGHTINGALE BROS., His Attorneys, LOUIS REIN, Clerk of District Court.

D. C. DOE, Vice-President. A. P. CULLEY, Cashier.

FIRST BANK OF LOUP CITY.

General Banking Business Transacted.

Capital Stock, \$500,000.

Loans on Improved farms at NINE per cent. Best Company and best terms to be had in the west.

CORRESPONDENTS:—Chemical National Bank, New York City, N. Y.; Omaha National Bank, Omaha, Nebraska.

W. J. FISHER, Attorney and Notary Public. GEO. E. BENSCHOTER, Publisher LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN

FISHER & BENSCHOTER, REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

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Advertisement for PURE ARM AND HAMMER SODA. Includes text: 'PURE is the whole story about ARM AND HAMMER SODA in packages. Costs no more than other package soda—never spoils flour—universally acknowledged purest in the world. Made only by CHURCH & CO., New York. Sold by grocers everywhere. Write for Arm and Hammer Book of valuable Recipes—FREE.'

TIME TABLE. BURLINGTON & MISSOURI RIVER R. R. EAST. WEST. 1:45 P. M. Leaves 6:50 P. M. A. F. WERTS, Agt

U. P. RAILWAY. Beginning Sunday, November 17th, trains will arrive and depart at this station as follows: Leaves Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday. Arrives at Loup City daily 7:15 p.m. Close connection at Grand Island for all points East and West. F. W. CLINE, Agent

O BENSCHOTER, PROP. OF EXPRESS AND GENERAL DELIVERY LINE. All Express or Freight orders promptly attended to.

W. J. FISHER, Attorney-at-Law. Wild and improved lands for sale and money to loan on real estate.

LOUP CITY, NEBRASKA. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

LEGAL NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that I have this day emancipated my son Harry Sawyer from his minority, and given him full right to transact business in his own right free from any claim by me upon his property or services. Dated this 15th day of January, 1896. W. S. SAWYER, Parent.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder A Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder.

NON-RESIDENT NOTICE. In District Court of Sherman County, Nebraska, Mrs. B. A. Mallick, Plaintiff, vs. The unknown heirs of Annie E. Head, deceased, Defendants.

The unknown heirs of Annie E. Head, deceased, defendant you will take notice that on the 30th day of January, 1896, the plaintiff herein filed her petition in the district court in and for Sherman county, Nebraska, against said defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a Tax Lien Certificate issued by D. A. Jackson, the then county treasurer in and for Sherman county, Nebraska, for the delinquent taxes of the year 1895 in the sum of \$41.01 to Sherman county, Nebraska, and for the subsequent years of 1891, 1892, 1893 and 1894, which said tax lien certificate was on the 21st day of September, 1894 duly assigned to the plaintiff, that there is now due the plaintiff herein the sum of \$144.00 and penalty. Plaintiff asks for a decree of foreclosure and order of sale of said premises. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 2nd day of March 1896 or the allegations thereof will be taken as true, and relief granted as prayed. Mrs. B. A. Mallick, Plaintiff by GEO. W. HURST, Her Atty.

Attest: LOUIS REIN, Clerk of the District Court.

THE MILD POWER CURE. HUMPHREYS' Dr. Humphrey's Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named.

- SPECIFIC FOR: 1-Fever, Congestion, Inflammation, 2-Whooping Cough, 3-Diarrhea, 4-Dysentery, 5-Croup, 6-Whooping Cough, 7-Whooping Cough, 8-Whooping Cough, 9-Whooping Cough, 10-Whooping Cough, 11-Whooping Cough, 12-Whooping Cough, 13-Whooping Cough, 14-Whooping Cough, 15-Whooping Cough, 16-Whooping Cough, 17-Whooping Cough, 18-Whooping Cough, 19-Whooping Cough, 20-Whooping Cough, 21-Whooping Cough, 22-Whooping Cough, 23-Whooping Cough, 24-Whooping Cough, 25-Whooping Cough, 26-Whooping Cough, 27-Whooping Cough, 28-Whooping Cough, 29-Whooping Cough, 30-Whooping Cough, 31-Whooping Cough, 32-Whooping Cough, 33-Whooping Cough, 34-Whooping Cough, 35-Whooping Cough, 36-Whooping Cough, 37-Whooping Cough, 38-Whooping Cough, 39-Whooping Cough, 40-Whooping Cough, 41-Whooping Cough, 42-Whooping Cough, 43-Whooping Cough, 44-Whooping Cough, 45-Whooping Cough, 46-Whooping Cough, 47-Whooping Cough, 48-Whooping Cough, 49-Whooping Cough, 50-Whooping Cough.

SPECIFICS. HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL "THE PILE OINTMENT."

For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Stinging, or Hoisting of the Hemorrhoids. The relief is immediate—the cure certain. PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL BOTTLE, 25 CTS.

W. L. MARCY, DENTIST. OFFICE—in Reed and Marcy Block, East Side Public Square, Loup City, Neb.

NON-RESIDENTS NOTICE. May M. Young and Lewis C. Young, defendants, will take notice that on the 2nd day of January 1896 the estate of Eliza Barker deceased, plaintiff, herein filed her petition in the district court of Sherman County, Nebraska against said defendants the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain mortgage executed by the defendants to the plaintiff upon lots sixty-two (62), sixty-three (63) and sixty-four (64) in block thirty-four (34), in the original town site of Loup City, Sherman county, Nebraska, to secure the payment of three certain promissory notes dated August 21st, 1892, one for the sum of \$2.30 due and payable August 21st, 1893, one for \$2.30 due and payable August 21st, 1894, one for \$2.30 due and payable August 21st, 1895. That there is now due upon said notes and mortgage the sum of \$14.70, for which sum with interest from this date, plaintiff prays for a decree that defendants be required to pay the same or that said premises may be sold to satisfy the amount found due. You are required to answer said petition on or before the 10th day of February, 1896. Dated this 2nd day of January, 1896. THE ESTATE OF ELIZA BARKER, Deceased, by W. H. CONNER, Attorney.