

**BEETSUGAR BOYCOTT**

**ALLEGED WAR ON THE NEBRASKA PRODUCT.**

**Jobbers Threatened by the Sugar Trust**—Have been Warned that if they Sell the Refined Output of Nebraska Factories the Trust Will Not Sell Them the Cheaper Grade Which is Not Manufactured by the Ozarks.

**Boycotting Beet Sugar.**

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 15.—The growth of the beet sugar industry in this state has attracted the attention of the sugar trust, which has already taken steps to prevent the sale of Nebraska sugar. Jobbers and dealers have been notified that if they sell the refined product of Nebraska factories the trust will decline to sell them the cheaper grades, which are not manufactured by the Ozarks. The result of this is that over \$100,000 worth of Nebraska sugar is stored in warehouses in Omaha. The matter has been laid before the Manufacturers and Consumers' Association and efforts are being made to get Western jobbers to agree to handle the Nebraska product regardless of consequences. There is a strong home patronage sentiment in the state, which will, it is said, favor the Nebraska sugar makers in the fight. It is estimated that the year's output of the Grand Island and Norfolk sugar factories will reach, if not exceed, a value of \$600,000, or nearly one-third of the total amount consumed in the state.

**INGALLS ON ALLISON.**

**The Ex-Senator Speaks Warmly of the Iowa Presidential Aspirant.**

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, Nov. 15.—Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls of Kansas, who arrived here last evening, said: "I am much gratified with the result of the late elections. They indicate very clearly the returning tide of Republican supremacy, which means an era of remarkable business prosperity. My own state is steadily returning to the Republican fold. I think there is no question but that Kansas will elect Republican electors next year. We have fusion to fight, but the Republicans are now strong enough to defeat the combined opposition."

Mr. Ingalls said that the people of Kansas felt very cordially toward Mr. Allison. "Of course I cannot say what they will do in the national convention, but there is no doubt but Kansas is in favor of a Western man. I have known Senator Allison personally and intimately for many years. He undoubtedly has a most intimate acquaintance with all the various affairs of government, and a most happy faculty of using his information in shaping legislation for the public good. I regard him as one of the best equipped public men for any position in public life. He would make an admirable President, and under his wise and conservative administration the country would be prosperous, and business interests would have no fears of sudden or radical changes. As a statesman Senator Allison is the peer of any man in public life. He is thoroughly honest, and his personal and moral standing is without a question. While Allison has not the personal and enthusiastic following of McKinley or Reed, yet he has the power of conservatism and is liked by the followers of both. Mr. Allison has been in Congress for over thirty years, and has never made an enemy; a most remarkable record, and one that will serve him well in the contest next year."

**A JUROR BECOMES INSANE.**

The Second Trial of Alleged Train Wrecker Davis Ended Suddenly.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 15.—The second trial of George W. Davis, the negro charged with causing eleven deaths in the Rock Island railroad wreck, August 9, 1894, came to an end yesterday, when C. B. Yates, a juror, became suddenly insane and, leaping out of a window, ran five blocks to the county jail, where he implored the sheriff to protect him from some parties who, he said, were trying to poison him. Yates was taken to the hospital where a commission of doctors appointed by the court examined him and pronounced it only a temporary attack, but said that he would be unable to resume his duties as a juror. The other jurors were thereupon discharged and a special venire called for.

The first trial, which resulted in a disagreement, cost the county \$10,000, and the second trial was about half finished. Brooding over the case is thought to be the cause of Yates' insanity.

**SCHLATTER DISAPPEARS.**

The So-Called Messianic Healer Flees From Denver to Escape the Law.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 15.—Francis Schlatter, the so-called Messianic healer, disappeared last night and a warrant for his arrest has been issued from the United States court. He had been summoned to appear before the United States Commissioner to-day as a witness against persons arrested on a charge of using the mails to defraud by pretending to sell handkerchiefs blessed by him. The accused claim that they can prove that Schlatter really blessed a bale of handkerchiefs for them, and in that case he was liable to indictment.

Schlatter left a note simply saying: "My mission in Denver is ended. Good bye."

Over 3,000 people assembled this morning expecting to receive treatment from Schlatter.

**Richard Rowe Back to Iowa.**

GRINNELL, Iowa, Nov. 15.—A detective arrived from Mexico this morning with Richard Rowe, charged with complicity in Chester Rowe's embezzlement of \$38,000 of county money while treasurer. He was arrested July 19, but only extradited last week.

**Boy Given Forty Days for a Murder.**

FORT WORTH, Texas, Nov. 15.—At Wichita Falls the jury in the murder case of young Harley Heath found him guilty and fixed the penalty at forty days' imprisonment in the county jail and \$500 fine. Young Heath killed a schoolmate named Hubert Olf.

**KNIGHTS OF LABOR.**

**Master Workman Sovereign Scores the Money Power—His Annual Address.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—In his annual address to the Knights of Labor convention here yesterday, General Master Workman Sovereign among other things said: "Labor is now between the devil and the deep sea," he continued. "Capital has monopolized the elements of production, and labor is in competition with itself for the right to live."

"Money oligarchy is fast wiping out the last vestige of individual liberty. Construction by judicial authority is already given to law, placing all labor organizations in the category of criminal conspiracies. Misdemeanors of the most trivial character have been raised to felony without sanction of law and used to imprison representatives of labor organizations, and in-junctions, followed by charges of contempt, have been used to condemn labor leaders to the felon's cell without evidence of guilt or trial by jury. The associated banks have declared war on the money of the people, and the whole plutocratic fraternity has invaded the realm of free government and constitutional security."

He made some suggestions as to the methods of strengthening the order, but the principal feature of the address was his appeal to the general assembly to give to his recent order boycotting national banks notes its official sanction. He denounced the action of the bankers' convention held at Atlanta, and said: "After carefully reviewing the wreck and ruin wrought by the money power and the desecration of the sound money clubs, which propose bonds and galling guns for a solution of the labor question, I issued a boycott on the notes of national banks, and if I were to die to-morrow I would declare it the most righteous act of my life."

"It exposed the unsound money of the sound money advocates, threw plutocracy on the defensive and forced the national banks into a humiliating confession of their preposterous acts of bad faith with the people; and now I urge this general assembly to impose that boycott and give it every possible force of official sanction. The conflict between the working people and the idle holders of idle capital is inevitable. The wealth of the many is gravitating to the few with increasing ratio and labor is drifting toward serfdom faster than ever before."

**CHRISTIAN REFORM.**

A National Convention of All Associations Called for Baltimore.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 15.—Felix R. Brunot, president of the National Reform association, has issued a call for a meeting of that body in the North Avenue Baptist church, Baltimore, December 12 and 13. The object will be to "consider the vital issues of the hour to promote all wise measures of reform and seek such an amendment to the constitution of the United States as will suitably acknowledge God, the authority of the Lord Jesus Christ and the supremacy of his law over the nation." All Christian churches, societies of Christian endeavor and other young people's unions, Women's Christian Temperance unions and all kindred organizations are invited to send delegates.

**BERING SEA CLAIMS.**

Premier Salisbury Believes the United States Will Yet Render Justice.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The correspondence of the British government with Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States, upon the question of the Bering sea compensation from May, 1894, to August, 1895, was issued last night.

In the last letter, dated August 13, Lord Salisbury, the prime minister, closed a lengthy memorandum setting out at greater length some of the points supporting the British claim, writing: "The arguments you advance to support our claims have the entire approval and concurrence of the government. The attempt made by Senator John T. Morgan of Alabama, chairman of the Senate committee on foreign relations, to dispute them seems largely founded on misapprehension, and the government cannot doubt when the facts are placed before the public of the United States, the liability of the United States to make compensation which has never been denied by the government, and will generally be recognized, both in and outside of Congress."

**Herring Wins His Suit.**

LONDON, Nov. 15.—A verdict for \$15,000 in favor of the plaintiff was rendered to-day in the suit brought by Dr. Conyers Herring of New York for the recovery of insurance money on his yacht Mobican. It is the doctor's intention to bring suit against other companies in which his yacht was insured for the recovery of an additional \$10,000.

**School Girls in a Fight.**

LARNED, Kan., Nov. 15.—Two 16-year-old girls, Emma Manderschied and Flora Campbell, who were attending school a few miles east of here, quarreled yesterday, when the former threw the latter backward over a desk and pounded her in the abdomen, inflicting injuries which may prove fatal. The Manderschied girl has been arrested.

**Castellani's Bad Deal.**

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Vanity Fair hasa dispatch from Paris, referring to the recent losses on the bourse there, in which the statement is made that Count Castellani, who recently married Miss Anna, daughter of the late Jay Gould, was one of the heavy losers.

**BITS OF NEWS IN BRIEF.**

The National Ornithological Society is in annual session at Washington.

Secretary Smith is said to be making the Indian question the feature of his annual report.

Chief Missionary Dr. Wright has written a letter from Turkey defending the course of the United States Minister A. W. Terrell.

General Wheaton has been ordered to hold troops in readiness to go to the scene of the murder of Ute Indians in Colorado if the reservation agents desire them.

**UNCLE SAM'S NAVY**

**THERE IS NEED OF ITS IMPROVEMENT.**

General Miles Says Any Foreign Navy Blockade Our Ports in Ninety Days. Absolute Importance of Defense of Entire Pacific Coast—Argument for Increase of the Strength of the Army in Proportion to the Country's Growth.

**We Are Defenseless.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—In his annual report General Miles, commanding the army, states the condition of our sea coast defenses is such as to require decided and immediate action for their improvement. The unguarded condition of our coast is known by even the first-class power, and our people should not be led into false security. General Miles, in his report of 1884 a strong argument for the defense of Puget sound, shows that since that time Canadian railroads have been established there, yet not a single gun has been placed in position for defense while those at the entrance of the Columbia river are obsolete and of little value.

General Miles recalls what he said in his report of 1889 upon the absolute importance of the defense of the entire Pacific coast, in view of the fact that it was possible for any navy power to blockade every important port within ninety days, while it would take many years to make a successful resistance, and the country might be required to pay an indemnity of \$5,000,000,000. While the railroads might transport 1,000,000 brave men on the coast, they would be useless without engines of war, and with all our military intelligence, pride, inventive genius and enterprise, we are far behind the modern appliances of war as China or Japan. Such were the conditions six years ago, says General Miles, and such are the conditions to-day, with the exception of the slight progress made at San Francisco. The Gulf coast and all the great cities of the Atlantic coast northward to Philadelphia are entirely without modern defenses. Therefore, he strongly recommends the construction of all the high power guns and systems of defenses called for in the general plan of the board on ordnance and fortifications and that to meet in part the expense of this costly undertaking he suggests the application of the funds that might be derived from the sale or abandonment of military reservations.

**ANTITOXIN FOR MISSOURI**

The State University Begins the Cultivation of the Needed Germ.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Nov. 15.—The bacteriological laboratory apparatus of the State University is nearly all in place and is the best in the West. It is in the museum building and cost \$2,000.

Dr. Graham, who is professor of bacteriology and in charge of the laboratory, has already begun the work of growing toxin. He will be ready to inoculate five young horses within a few days, and as that requires close to five months to immunize the horse, he will be ready to supply the remedy about the middle of February.

**Waller's Pardon Proposed.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—There is a definite understanding among the attaches at the French legation that ex-consul Waller will be released before New Year's day. This, it is said, is part of the program of the new Radical ministry in France, to extend amnesty to all political offenders. Waller's release will come, it is understood, as part of a general scheme of forgiveness and will be in no sense the result of any representations by the United States authorities.

**THE CUBAN ISSUE.**

Belief That the President Will Recommend Recognition of Belligerency.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Secretary Olney is said to feel more encouraged than at any time since he began to talk to the President about the justice and desirability of some interference in Cuban affairs. For quite a time the President has been in a hesitating mood. He thought of sending somebody to make an investigation, just as he did regarding Hawaiian affairs, but Mr. Olney pointed out that such a step would be in an indirect way a recognition of the revolutionists, and that the United States might as well act directly and promptly. The representatives of the revolutionists are elated over the information that the President is inclined to do something. They are very confident that his message to Congress will be much more radical than his recent apparent indifference would indicate. Recognition of the insurgents' government will be recommended, they think.

**St. Louis Minister Disgraced.**

LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 15.—The Rev. William T. Lee of Benton, a St. Louis clergyman, was found guilty of unchastity with female members of a flock and has been formally suspended from the Presbyterian church. Some time ago he deserted his invalid children for a woman of his district.

**is to Pay Additional Indemnity.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The Japanese government has received a telegram effect that a convention has signed at Pekin providing for the payment of an additional indemnity of \$10,000,000. The amount is \$10,000,000, and is to be paid November 16, 1895.

**T. W. Palmer's Home Burned.**

T. W. Palmer's residence on Howard avenue was destroyed by fire this morning with valuable bric a brac, paintings and furniture valuable in amount and which cannot be replaced. The loss includes a complete library, and the only one in the city, and scores of totemus collected during the senator's residence in London and Spain. The insurance aggregates about \$35,000.

**Cond Dates for House Offices.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Republican members elect to the new congress have received circulars notifying them that Mr. Wells of Pennsylvania, Glenn of New York and Russell of Missouri will open headquarters at Willard's about the 15th of this month. McDowell, Glenn and Russell are candidates for the offices of clerk, door-keeper and sergeant-at-arms. Ex-Congressman Thomas H. Henderson of Illinois is a candidate for clerk, and Thomas H. McKee, who was secretary of the Republican congressional committee on the campaign last year, is a candidate for sergeant-at-arms.

**ALLISON AND M'ALPIN.**

**Ticket that Iowa Republicans Are Working For.**

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—The Times-Dispatch today prints the following: William B. Allison, candidate for the Republican nomination President of the United States, starts his boom in Chicago to-day. He seeks the field aggressively, asking the support of Western men, his friend and fellow statesman, S. S. Clark, is working for his interests in the East. Mr. Allison is to Chicago in company with Al Henderson of Dubuque, who is in the House of Representatives, and one of the foremost Republicans in the country. General Henshaw's appearance in Chicago is significant. It may be taken to mean that the distinguished senator is here to receive callers. Senator Allison's lieutenants are endeavoring to perfect a combination of the details are all planned and may meet the favorable attention of Republican leaders in the east. The event that Reed fails to get the nomination. This plan, which is said to be a good authority Clark is endeavoring, has for its object the nomination of Allison for president and of M'Alpin for vice-president.

**APRILISTS IN CONGRESS.**

National Convention Opened—Important Matters to Be Considered.

EVIDENCE, R. L., Nov. 15.—The annual convention of Baptists opened to-day with a great attendance. The delegates to the convention are John D. Koekewitz of Chicago, who is very prominent on account of his liberal education and his work in the settlement of his educational and literary institutions. The clerical and lay members of the Baptist interest in the United States is represented. Dr. Thomas J. Morgan, secretary of the society in the east, has prepared a report of unusual interest upon which the convention will take action. The report is marked by grand strides, but lacks of funds and men is a source of embarrassment. Dr. Morgan, who is the leader of this movement, is working for the subject will receive great attention. The missionaries throughout the country have, in not a few instances, attained unusual eminence for the application of the funds that might be derived from the sale or abandonment of military reservations.

**Chicago Papers Cut Prices.**

CHICAGO, Nov. 15.—The Tribune, in its Sunday issue, announced that it would reduce its price to 5 cents per copy, hereafter would be one cent more than the Times-Herald at Inter-Ocean, the only other morning paper, announced a reduction in their price to one cent more than the Tribune. The price of these two morning papers each of the morning in Chicago at one cent a copy.

**Not a Pressing Issue.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Lord Salisbury in his speech to the House of Commons, in his Guild hall speech, issued as a most significant omission the speech summed up the position on all the foreign questions regarded as of pressing importance, so that this avoidance of all mention of Venezuela is construed to mean that he attaches less importance to the controversy over the doctrine than had been supposed.

**Curtis of Kansas for Reed.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Congressman Curtis of Kansas has taken a position well up in the front ranks of the Reed rosters. He diplomatically said to-day: "Just now Messrs. Reed and McKimley seem to be in the minds of the people most prominently. Reed is gaining strength all the time. If he wasn't so far East he should begin to prepare for a four years' sojourn in the White House right now. My belief is that the Kansas delegation will go to the National convention unimpaired, but there will certainly be among our delegates some men who will fight hard for the man from Maine."

**Wants Byrnes Indicted.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Lawyer Frank Moss, representing the Parkhurst Society, who has associate counsel to the Lexow Committee, which tried Byrnes guilty of malfeasance in office, said to-day in reference to the charge made by Gambler Schaeffer that Byrnes had accepted a bribe: "The Grand Jury should indict Byrnes, if corroborative evidence can be found, providing the statute of limitation does not interfere."

**Maher Issues a Challenge.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Peter Maher, who knocked out Steve O'Donnell so handsly challenges any man in the world to fight for the championship and he will not put the stakes so high that no one except a man with \$100,000 acres behind him can accept. Maher will fight for \$5,000 a side, in public or private, and will go any place to do battle, South Africa not barred.

**Condensed Dispatches**

A R. E. strike on the Great Northern railroad has been declared.

The United States Supreme Court handed down a decision holding beans are vegetables.

Moreno was found guilty of the murder of Baron Fava, the Italian ambassador, and given a jail sentence.

It is said that President Cleveland decided to appoint Judge Rufus W. Peckham of New York to the Supreme Court vacancy.

**NOT READY AS YET.**

**FOREIGN AMBASSADORS RESTING ON THEIR OARS.**

United States Minister Terrell Warns the Turkish Government that No Harm Must Befall American Missionaries—Tewfik Pasha Says Everything Possible Will Be Done for Them—Rioting Near Jerusalem.

**Waiting for Warships.**

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 14.—It is now believed that the powers will not take definite action against the ports until all the naval squadrons shall have assembled in Turkish waters, which will be about the time that the British ambassador, Sir Philip Currie, returns after consulting with his government as to the future action of Great Britain. In the meanwhile the state of suspense is decidedly wearying, and the ambassadors themselves will be greatly relieved when the hour for action on the part of Europe arrives. That this time is coming now seems to be only a question of days.

There seems to be no doubt that the spirit of revolution is spreading even among the old Turks, and the young Turkish party is said to be ripe for revolt. The army needs money for pay, equipment and provisions, and the same state of affairs prevails in the navy. But the arrears of pay are not forthcoming, and there is much grumbling in consequence, except among the palace troops, which are kept well fed, well paid and comfortably idle, for upon them depends the safety of the Sultan, who is in hourly dread of assassination. Under these circumstances it is not astonishing that the army and navy are becoming disaffected, and nobody would be astonished to hear that they had sided with the revolutionists, should the uprising take place.

Replying to the inquiry of United States Minister Alexander W. Terrell, as to the safety of the American missionaries, Commissioner Darnham has telegraphed from Harput saying that the missionaries are alive but in extreme danger. Mr. Terrell has informed Tewfik Pasha that the government will be held responsible for the safety of the Americans. The Turkish minister for foreign affairs has assured Mr. Terrell that everything possible will be done for their protection. As Mr. Terrell has great influence with the palace authorities, it may be presumed that Tewfik Pasha will keep his word.

Fresh disturbances are reported from Malatiah, where a number of persons have been killed, including four priests of the Society of Jesus, who were under French protection. The French ambassador, M. Cambon, has been appealed to, and is preparing a very strong representation on the subject to the Porte.

A squadron of five French warships has sailed from the Piraeus for Turkish waters, and it is stated that the British fleet will rendezvous with the French fleet within a few days.

There has been serious trouble at Caesarea, not far from Jerusalem, but no details of the rioting there have yet reached this city.

**CARLISLE FOR JUDGE.**

Said to Have Been Selected for the Supreme Bench to Succeed Jackson.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—It is rumored in well informed administration circles that Secretary Carlisle is to be appointed to the supreme bench to succeed Justice Jackson. The plan to name Judge Peckham of New York has been changed by the recent elections. Had Kentucky elected a Democratic legislature, it was confidently expected that Mr. Carlisle would, on the fourth of March, 1897, step from the Cabinet into the Senate. This anticipation can not now be realized. The political revolution in Kentucky has also materially affected Mr. Carlisle's chances for the presidential nomination, as well as greatly reduced the advisability of being a candidate with the odds so largely against the Democrats. Under these circumstances the political future has little attraction for Mr. Carlisle, besides which his taste and desires lead him naturally to a judicial position. He has been so loyal to the President, even to the extent of sacrificing to some extent his prestige in his own State that his appointment to the Supreme court would not be questioned.

**Wants Byrnes Indicted.**

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**CANAL SCHEME INDORSED.**

**The United States Commission's Report on the Nicaragua Project Favorable.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Trustworthy information has been received as to the contents of the report of the commission which examined into the feasibility and cost and recommended a route for the Nicaragua canal. It is in the hands of the President, who is using it in connection with his work on his annual message to Congress. It indicates that a canal across the Isthmus via the Nicaragua route is entirely feasible from an engineering point of view. The cost of the project as estimated was \$10,000,000, but it is stated that this sum is too small by some millions.

The route as proposed by the commission is 175 miles long, or three or four miles longer than that which the canal company proposed. The commission made surveys to the right and left of the company's route and has suggested some changes which it believes will be advantageous. The commission's waterway will be supplied with locks. The San Juan river and Lake Nicaragua will be employed, but the former will require considerable dredging. The lake is fifty-six and one-half miles across from the San Juan to the mouth of the Lajas. Some dredging will be required on the west coast of the lake, which is about for a distance of something like 1,950 feet. Brito will be the western terminus of the canal and the distance from this port is a little more than seventeen miles. The estimate has been made that in order to complete the canal which the commission proposes, six years will be required with a force of 20,000 men constantly employed.

**MRS. CLEVELAND.**

The President's Wife Makes Garments for the Poor.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—The Needle-work guild of Washington is an organization of ladies formed for the purpose of supplying articles of clothing to the poor. It embraces 586 members, and has no church connection. The president is Mrs. Harlan, wife of Mr. Justice Harlan of the United States Supreme court.

At the annual meeting yesterday Mrs. Robert Craig, president of the board of directors, said that Mrs. Cleveland was one of the most earnest workers in the guild, and that she had made thirty-eight pieces, and had lately sent five to headquarters. Mrs. Craig said that if every member of the society would be likewise charitable and industrious, there would be little suffering for clothing this winter.

**Governor and Clerk Clash.**

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 14.—A special to the Post from Frankfort says "Governor Brown and W. H. Newhall, a clerk in the auditor's office, quarreled in the state house yesterday, passed the lie, and would have come to blows had not bystanders interferred. Newhall had accused the governor of voting the Republican ticket and acting the part of a traitor. The executive responded with an emphatic denial, and one of the men struck at the other, when friends of the two separated them. It was claimed that Governor Brown attempted to draw his revolver, but he denies that he was armed."

**Minister Hatch Arrives.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 14.—The Oriental and Oriental Steamship Company arrived last night from the Orient and Hawaii. Among her passengers was A. T. Hatch, late minister of foreign affairs of Hawaii, recently appointed Hawaiian minister to the United States to succeed Minister Thurston.

**LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS**

Quotations From New York, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha and elsewhere.

OMAHA.

Butter—Creamery separator..... 19 00 21 00  
Butter—Fair to good country..... 15 00 17 00  
Eggs—Fresh..... 10 00 11 00  
Honey—California, per lb..... 14 00 15 00  
Spring chickens, live, per lb..... 16 00 17 00  
Chicken—Dressed, per lb..... 14 00 15 00  
Ducks—Per lb..... 12 00 13 00  
Turkeys—Per lb..... 18 00 19 00  
Poultry—Per doz..... 3 00 4 00  
Prairie chickens—Per doz..... 4 00 5 00  
Geese—Per lb..... 8 00 9 00  
Lamb—Choice Messinas..... 4 00 5 00  
Oranges—Per box..... 2 00 3 00  
Apples—Per bushel..... 1 00 2 00  
Sweet potatoes—Good, per bu..... 1 50 2 00  
Potatoes—Per bu..... 2 00 3 00  
Beans—Navy, hand-picked, per bu..... 4 00 5 00  
Cranberries—Cape Cod, per bu..... 7 00 8 00  
Hay—Upland, per ton..... 25 00 30 00  
Onions—Per bu..... 1 00 2 00  
Broom Corn—Green, per bu..... 2 00 3 00  
Hops—Mixed packing..... 2 00 3 00  
Hogs—Heavy weight..... 2 00 3 00  
Beef Steers..... 2 00 3 00  
Cattle..... 2 00 3 00  
Calves..... 2 00 3 00  
Cows..... 2 00 3 00  
Oxen..... 2 00 3 00  
Hides—Green, per lb..... 1 00 2 00  
Wheat—No. 2, spring..... 95 00 97 00  
Corn—Per bu..... 28 00 30 00  
Oats—Per bu..... 15 00 16 00  
Lard..... 10 00 11 00  
Soybean Oil..... 15 00 16 00  
Prime Western tallow..... 10 00 11 00  
Prime Eastern tallow..... 9 00 10 00  
Sheep—Lamb..... 1 50 2 00  
Sheep—Natives..... 1 50 2 00

**CHICAGO.**

Wheat—No. 2, spring..... 95 00 97 00  
Corn—Per bu..... 28 00 30 00  
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**NEW YORK.**

Wheat—No. 2, red winter..... 96 00 98 00  
Corn—No. 2..... 28 00 30 00  
Oats—No. 2..... 15 00 16 00  
Lard..... 10 00 11 00  
Soybean Oil..... 15 00 16 00  
Hops—Mixed Packers..... 2 00 3 00  
Sheep—Lamb..... 1 50 2 00

**Ex-Senator Spooner Injured.**

TAOSMA, Wash., Nov. 14.—While crossing the Columbia river on the transfer boat, ex-United States Senator Spooner fell from a car step and his abdomen struck a projecting rod. He suffered great pain. A surgeon examined him and found that the injury was not necessarily serious, but he will be compelled to remain quiet for several days.

**Religious Writer Keen Dead.**

DELAWARE, Ohio, Nov. 14.—The Rev. Dr. Samuel Ashton Keen, a noted evangelist and religious writer, is dead aged 63 years.