

LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN

A LIVE NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN A LIVE TOWN

VOLUME XXXVI

LOUP CITY, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1917

NUMBER 37

LOUP CITY NEWS NOTES.

Daily sells for less.

Try Chase's first—it pays.

Ray Ottman shipped a car of cattle to Omaha today.

The big minstrel show will be in our city Saturday night.

Mrs. Viva Gilbert went to Grand Island today for a visit with relatives.

Miss Tillie Johnson returned from Colorado Saturday where she spent several weeks.

Wm. Draper started for his home in Wyoming today, after visiting here with relatives.

Miss Emma Bartunek went to Ord Wednesday to visit with her sister, Mrs. J. Peteka.

W. S. Johnson of Lincoln is here visiting with his daughter, Mrs. E. J. Nass, and husband.

Mrs. Ed Janulewicz and children came up from Ashton Wednesday for a visit with relatives.

Misses Bernice, Julia and Lucy Conger came up from Dannebrog Saturday to visit with relatives.

Louise Taylor and Geraldine Waite went to St. Paul today for a visit with friends and relatives.

Miss Clara Anderson returned from Grand Island Monday, where she had been for several weeks.

Misses Madeline and Gladys Biergard came up from St. Paul Saturday for a visit with Mrs. Daddow.

Bismond & Ottman shipped a car of hogs to Aurora today. Mr. Bismond accompanied the shipment.

The stock show at the Loup Valley Fair at Ord September 11, 12 and 13, promises to be the best in years.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray McMichael returned from Arcadia Tuesday, where they visited with relatives for several days.

C. C. Carlsen and family have returned home from Denver where Mr. Carlsen met his wife and children with the car.

The Ord band will furnish music on the fair grounds at Ord September 11, 12 and 13 and there will be a concert every 12 minutes.

Mrs. Rosa Curtis and Mrs. H. T. Hartwell went to York Wednesday to visit with relatives. From there they will go to Lincoln.

Mrs. Stelmok returned from Ashton Wednesday. Mrs. Pete Jezewski accompanied her and will visit with relatives for a few days.

A. G. Hunt and family are moving to Grand Island today where they will make their home in the future. We do like to lose this estimable family from our midst.

The big dancing pavilion on the fair grounds at Ord September 11, 12 and 13, with good music, will be the attraction at the fair. Everyone may dance all day free of charge.

Sherman county teachers' institute is in session in Loup City this week. About 120 teachers are enrolled and very interesting meetings are reported. A full report of the institute will be given in next week's issue.

Brigadier General Walter E. Steele, Captain Ervin and Quartermaster Sergeant McCullough, all of Lincoln were here today, driving from Kearney. They also visited Arcadia and Ashton today accompanied by H. E. Willis, who is recruiting a company of the National Guard reserve. General Steele was very much pleased with the roadway made by this company and is depending on the company being recruited up to full strength within the next ten days. The General will be here to master the new company into the service.

BRINGING THE TRAGEDY HOME

The Stockyards Journal of St. Joseph Mo., prints the following:

Four little Belgian children passed through McPherson, Kan., on their way from Europe to friends in western Kansas, with whom they were to make their home, having lost their parents in the war. A practical looking Kansas farmer got on the train at a small town, and in passing through the aisle saw the mutilated children, stopped curiously and asked some one what was the trouble. He was told that it was the Germans who had done it—a matter of indisputable record. For a moment the man stared stupefied, then snatched off his hat, threw it on

the floor and burst into a wild stream of invective and curses against the fendish brutes who would maim innocent babies. It was the result of sudden shock and the intensely dramatic force of it electrified the whole carful of people. Then some one remonstrated with him, reminding him that there were women near, and he started to apologize. "Never mind," said one woman gently. "It might be well if more would see it that way."

"I have been thinking we had no business going across the ocean and getting into this war. But now I see with my own eyes what I thought was only newspaper talk. This settles it for me. From now on I am going to do what little I can to stop this business. These little kids are human beings, just like the rest of us, and not even half a man can stand for that."

WANTED—MORE LOWDENS.

When the Illinois coal operators undertook to get rich quick at the expense of a suffering public they neglected to take into account the possible action of one lone man—Governor Frank O. Lowden.

Or possibly they assumed that because Governor Lowden is himself a millionaire he would naturally throw the weight of his powerful influence in behalf of other millionaires at the expense of an already price ridden people. But they erred, gravely so—for them.

Lowden calmly surveyed the field decided what was best for the people as a whole, and delivered his ultimatum in words of unmistakable meaning. The coal barons must reduce prices to normal, or he (the governor) would direct the Adjutant General of the state to seize the mines and operate them for the benefit of the common wealth until the close of the war.

No bluff, no blow, just cold steady action—and the coal pirates capitulated in frantic haste.

Illinois will get cheaper coal and as a direct outcome of the Lowden method other states and other governors will know how to bring their own price boosters to their knees.

This country needs more Lowdens, as it has never needed them before. They are needed in every state, for every line of industry. Wherever a commodity is produced, the price booster and speculative robber is there and ready to wring the last dollar from a bleeding public. And without officials of the Lowden stamp to curb them they will succeed in their nefarious robber schemes.

Appealing to their fair mindedness and patriotism is futile, only an iron fist can make a dent in them.

But Lowden had the fist, and the will to wield it.

Give us more Lowdens!

GRAND ISLAND BAPTIST ASSOCIATION.

This body held its twenty-eighth anniversary in Loup City lasting from Monday to Wednesday of this week.

At this meeting reports of growth and work were given from the twenty churches composing it. These were in the main full of promise and encouragement. The attendance of delegates has been, we understand, the largest in the history of the association, totaling about one hundred. Many came over land in their own automobiles, the pleasant weather making this expedient and desirable and favoring many rides about our romantic country and visits to the city park.

Grand Island college, the denominational school of Nebraska, is located in the limits of the association, giving it strength and importance. The president of this college, Dr. George Sutherland, was moderator of the meeting and the present president, Dr. E. F. Jordan, was in attendance a few hours and gave a strong address on the "Worth of an Educated Life."

The meeting Tuesday evening was one of enthusiasm both in the attendance, the speaking and the music. The last was a musical treat, the two select quartets especially being most excellent.

The church had planned to serve meals to all the delegates in the basement of the church, a very agreeable feature to all.

This is perhaps the largest gathering of this association in its history, about one hundred being present. Several prominent workers from the state were present. Members of the other churches kindly joined in giving entertainment. The church, Rev. J. L. Dunn, pastor, is to be congratulated on the character of the meeting.

The young fellow who was fired for phoning his girl too frequently, now wants to know if he isn't to be credited with "going through fire" for her.

C. F. Beuschhausen and A. K. Merryhew left Tuesday noon for the western part of the state where Mr. Beuschhausen owns some land. They report crops to be looking very good out there.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

August 15, 1917.

County Board of Supervisors met this morning. Members present, W. O. Brown, Chairman; Wenzel Rewolinski, E. F. Kozel, F. T. Richmond, W. T. Gibson, Geo. Brammer and Hans Johnson; Lamont L. Stephens, county attorney, and L. B. Polski, county clerk.

Minutes of previous meeting read and on motion approved.

Bids opened for construction of hog house on county poor farm, Rowe & Rowe bid being the only one on file, same appearing high to the Board was on motion rejected.

Board on motion adjourned until 2 p. m.

Met after dinner, all members present.

MOTION: Moved that the county board of Sherman county hereby designate the road as platted by the state engineer connecting the designated road of Custer county with the designated road in Wall and through Buffalo counties and the road running through this county which practically parallels the Union Pacific railroad from the north boundary of the county to Rockville and from there to the south line of the county, and further that these roads shall each have their proper ratio of the total money available by the State and National Aid laws as their total mileage may bear to the total mileage of both roads.

Committee of three W. T. Gibson, Hans Johnson and W. O. Brown were duly appointed to construct hog house on county poor farm.

Claims Committee reported all claims allowed except claim of Dr. Johnson of \$25.00, with the exceptions made for delinquent taxes, which report was on motion accepted and the clerk was ordered to draw warrants on the respective funds.

General Fund.	
Alfred Johnson, vital statistics	\$ 50
S. E. Sorrenson, vital statistics	2.00
C. W. Gibson, vital statistics	4.50
A. S. Main, vital statistics	6.25
Albert Anderstrom, vital statistics	3.75
Klopp & Bartlett, supplies	15.81
O. P. Petersen, county assessor salary etc.	722.75
Sherman County Agr. Ass'n, fair apportionment	776.40
Klopp & Bartlett, supplies	71.40
Hammond & Stephens Co., supplies	46.83
Henry Jenner, use of park for 8th grade picnic	15.00
State Journal Co., supplies	65.25
Mat Janulewicz, labor	21.50
Loup City Light & Power Co., current	44.07
C. C. Carlsen, house rent for Andrew Felton	36.00
R. T. Young, labor	16.20
L. B. Polski, county clerk, July expense for office	15.75
L. B. Polski, county clerk	22.16
Hansen Lumber Co., coal, etc.	15.00
Aaron Wall, on insanity board	3.00
A. S. Main, on insanity board & examination	8.00
Chas. Bass, on insanity board & making record	4.50
Peter Hansen, witness	2.00
Aaron Wall, witness	2.00
E. A. Smith, county judge, clerk hire, etc.	72.55
C. L. McDonall, drayage	.50
Chas. Bass, office expense	11.10
J. E. Bowman, county physician, professional services	107.90
Loup City Northwestern, supplies & printing	87.00
L. A. Williams, sheriff	25.90
Sherman County Times, supplies & printing	89.35
C. Nielson, to L. H. Brace	2.05
Lamont L. Stephens, county attorney, office expense	12.00
Hans Johnson, supervisor	10.00
W. T. Gibson, supervisor	20.00
Wenzel Rewolinski, supervisor	5.00
E. F. Kozel, supervisor	5.50
G. W. Brammer, supervisor	5.50
F. T. Richmond, supervisor	5.50

Bridge Fund

Hansen Lumber Co., reinforcing

W. T. Gibson, supervisor

Frank Hackbart, real estate for for ditch

Road Fund

E. B. Corning, county surveyor

E. B. Corning, chairman V. I. McDonall

E. B. Corning, chairman Ross Corning

Hans Johnson supervisor

Loup City Township, road dragging

Board on motion adjourned to October 23, 1917.

L. B. POLSKI, County Clerk.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

August 15, 1917.

Board of Equalization met this afternoon as per adjournment of July 2, with all members present.

Minutes of last meeting read and on motion approved as read.

The State levy for 1917 will be 8.45

LIBERTY BONDS ARE PREFERRED STOCK.

Likening the United States to a great corporation with more than a hundred million stock holders and with capital stock and resources of more than two hundred and fifty billions of dollars, and an annual income of fifty billions of dollars each American citizen is a stock holder in this great corporation. Even those whose only assets are their earning capacity own shares in our public domain and property and are working on a profit sharing basis with a vote and a voice in the management of the corporation and with the right to acquire more stock at any time.

A Liberty Loan Bond may be likened to a share of preferred stock in this gigantic corporation. Like preferred stock in other corporations it may not return, at times so large a dividend as common stock, but the dividend is certain and sure. It is stock that pays 3 1/2 per cent dividend but the stock and dividend cannot be taxed and while crop failures may decrease the farmer's dividend from his land some years to less than nothing, and various causes may lessen or destroy dividends from all other sorts of property, the dividend from the Liberty Loan Bond is certain and sure, subject to no failure or diminution.

The owner of a Liberty Loan Bond holds written tangible evidence of being a preferred stock holder in the United States, the greatest, the most glorious, the most honorable and the most successful corporation in the entire world. He holds the certificate of being a citizen willing to support his government and to lend money to his country when it needs it and calls for it.

There is honor in being the owner of a Liberty Loan Bond as well as profit.

W. M. Engle made a flying trip to Deuel county the latter part of last week with F. H. Gibson, and while there purchased a quarter section of his land next spring. His land upon which Tucker Brothers. These gentlemen are all very much enthused with the future prospects of Deuel county.

Our glasses make satisfied customers.—H. M. Elsner, Optometrist.

EXEMPTION BOARD NEWS

LIST OF PERSONS CALLED INTO SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES NOT EXEMPTED OR DISCHARGED.

District board for the County of Sherman, hereby certifies to District Board for the first district of the State of Nebraska, the following list of the names and addresses of persons who have been duly and legally called for the military service of the United States and who have not been exempted or discharged.

Ernest David Bauman, Loup City. Edward Kuticka, Ravenna. Fred Clarence Travis, Loup City. Frank Home, Ashton. Albert Siebler, Boelus. Vernon R. Eastbrook, Litchfield. Charles Frederick Carstens, Ashton. Henry Peter Christensen, Loup City. Lewis Martin Summers, Arcadia. James Harvey Bowen, Rockville. Duncan Downing Charlton, Loup City. Edward Hurt, Ashton. Emmett Marion McLaughlin, Loup City.

Bert E. Snyder, Loup City. Willie Walter Johnson, Sweetwater. Chris Larsen, Loup City. Carl H. Jensen, Rockville. Walter Cadwalader, Hazard. Harry William Hodgson, Loup City. William Holub, Ravenna. Johnnie Christian Christensen, Loup City. Lawrence Martin Larson, Hazard. Joseph Bednar, Ashton. Steve E. Slabaszewski, Rockville. Leon R. Beza, Ashton. Joe Hayden Burns, Arcadia. Edmond Lee Chapman, Hazard. Carl Frederick Stamm, Loup City. Charlie Schroll, Ashton. Stephen Otco, Loup City. Max C. Stark, Loup City. Alexandria Lewandowski, Ashton. John Casper Meyers, Litchfield. Vincent Grabowski, Austin. Frank P. Sherman, Rockville. Ferdinand Jelinek, Ravenna. Rudolph Zeller, Boelus. Benjamin Krakowski, Ashton, Neb. Elias Howe Butler, Litchfield, Neb. Fred Schmidt, Ashton. John Joe Dingle, Loup City. Edward Kostal, Ravenna. Willie Snyder, Ravenna. Louie Oscar Johnson, Sweetwater. Ray Dennis, Litchfield. Thomas Edward Taylor, Louisville. John Ambrose, Litchfield. John Scheirring, Litchfield. Claus H. Gudenrath, Rockville. Frank X. Rewolinski, Ashton. Charles Albert LeMasters, Litchfield. Henry Lewis Rasmussen, Hazard. Lewis Henry Robertson, Hazard. Wesley Paul Heisner, Ravenna. William Lawrence Rasmussen, Hazard. Stanley V. Graczyk, Ashton. Joseph Horak, Ravenna. Lewis LeRoy Chapman, Loup City. Arthur A. Casteel, Loup City. William Liebhart, Loup City. Frank Edward Roscynialski, Rockville. Elmer Lindell, Arcadia. Rudolph J. A. Kuhl, Loup City. Ronald Forest Rowe, Loup City. Bertram H. Ackenbach, Litchfield. Oscar Wesley Johnson, Litchfield. Charley Treon, Ravenna. Cash Pionkowski, Ashton. Joseph Elvin Daddow, Austin. Elmer Theodore Strom, Rockville. Henry Edward Boecking, Litchfield. Michael Emerson Wilson, Hazard. Mike Silver, Loup City. Walter B. Arnett, Litchfield. Otto Carl Krous, Hazard. Alfred Quinton Baillie, Loup City. Dennis William Sherman, Rockville. Frank Joe Czaplowski, Loup City. George Walter Johnson, Loup City. Johnnie R. Peterson, Loup City. Tobias Christian Reinertson, Hazard. Local Board for the County of Sherman, State of Nebraska, Loup City, Nebraska.

By L. A. WILLIAMS, Chairman. W. T. CHASE, Clerk.

Following is the proceedings of the second draft. Eight failed to pass the physical examination, thirty-two were exempted, thirty-five were accepted, and the balance have filed claims that have not yet been acted upon.

The following were exempted and the reason for being exempted:

The following were exempted because of dependent wife: Orsie C. Henderson, Loup City. Joseph McFarland Holmes, Ashton. George M. Cronk, Rockville. Frank Jerald Kuticka, Ravenna. Raymond Rankon McMichael, Loup City. Jesse Aden Powell, Hazard. Albert Harrison Cunningham, Ravenna. Jacob K. Fast, Litchfield.

The following were exempted because of dependent wife and children: Joseph Placek, Loup City. Ralph Olin Reed Loup City. John J. Rapp Jr., Ashton. William Peter Dolling, Loup City. Frank Pruss, Loup City. Jacob Chas. Zwink, Loup City. Charley W. Clause, Ashton.

HELP THE RAILROADS

There is nothing more creditable in the war efforts of this country, either private or public, than the course of action taken by the railroads under the leadership of Daniel Willard of the Baltimore and Ohio, acting as chairman of the advisory committee of national defense; Fairfax Harrison of the Southern railway, chairman of the railway war board, and other leading railway men. First among the basic industries, as Mr. Hyde points out, the railroads pooled their issues and yielded themselves to this central management, which is working from Washington in close co-operation with the government. The value of this as an example cannot be overestimated; but the substantial results already accomplished, as outlined by Mr. Hyde are encouraging.

This is patriotism, as practical as it is devoted. It deserves our gratitude, but it deserves more than that. It deserves co-operation, and especially, we believe, this co-operation is needed in the matter of car shortage. This is perhaps the most serious factor of the problem with which these men are struggling. With the tremendous needs of war supply added to the normal needs of our industry and commerce, the transport system is called upon to expand its facilities to the utmost limit of their possibilities. We have not nearly enough cars and we cannot create enough to meet conditions as they develop.

We cannot create cars. But we can make each car do more than it ever has done before. We have a wasteful habit of keeping loaded cars on sidings while the consignee gets ready to unload them at his leisure. A large amount of time and therefore a large part of the efficiency of cars are thrown away by this carelessness. We must all speed up now. In Germany, we understand, only six hours are given for unloading cars. We ought to do at least as well. If it is necessary there will have to be legislation on this subject, but we hope it will be unnecessary through the active co-operation of shippers in keeping the cars moving. The man or concern that holds a freight car a minute longer than is necessary is shirking a clear and important public duty. Public spirit and even self-interest now dictate the strictest and most wholehearted co-operation with the able men in charge of transportation.

It is this comes about promptly through the enlightened initiative of shippers it will go far toward removing the danger of freight congestion and food or fuel famine in this country and toward America to become a real factor in winning the war against German military autocracy.—Chicago Tribune.

It seems evident that the price of county seat weeklies must shortly advance to \$2 a year or be published at a loss. The advance in printing material seems to be permanent. Cost of the paper on which this is printed is more than twice the former cost and there is no sign of any material reduction. Wages and other expenses are higher, and on top of all this the dollar itself is no good—it won't buy anything. The price of \$1.50 a year is evidently not enough. So far as this paper is concerned the time for a rise in price will be postponed as long as possible but it seems to be drawing near. Those who take time by the forelock, or the hind leg or other place where the grabbing is good and pay in advance will probably make high interest on their money. An announcement of a rise to \$2 a year may come as a Christmas present or at any rate, in the near future.—Fairbury Journal.

Vice President Marshall wants to "send the wind squad in Congress to France with the aviators." Wouldn't do. Aviators can't fly in a gale.

I am paying the highest cash price for poultry of all kinds.

F. M. HENRY.

Subscribe for The Northwestern.

RED CROSS WAR FUND.

Previously acknowledged..... \$3,449.00

Mike Chelowski	10.00
J. C. Steele	10.00
Wm. Knoeffel	5.00
Chas. Biehl	5.00
Ben Stobbe	5.00
Aug. Jaeschke	5.00
F. S. Sticheley	5.00
W. D. Zimmerman	5.00
W. E. Michalski	5.00
C. J. Trachy	10.00

Omitted, but amount included in the above total.

W. D. French	5.00
L. Johnson	5.00
E. F. Bell	5.00
John Czarnek	5.00
L. B. Milligan	5.00
John Anderson	5.00
Jan Czaplowski	5.00
Joe Stobbe	5.00
S. A. Lewandowski	5.00
J. A. Eurich	5.00
Laudie Schnose	5.00
Joe Gabhola	5.00
Herman Fiebig	5.00
Philip H. Grabowski	5.00

DISTRICT COURT DOCKET.

The district court of Sherman county will convene on September 4, 1917. The following cases are docketed up to date:

Austin vs Hartman et al, petition for license to sell real estate.

Chaudoyn et al, vs. Koutsky et al, petition.

Draper vs. Converse et al, petition, in ejectment.

Hansen vs King, et al, petition in equity.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Lewis, deceased, petition for license to sell real estate.

Mather, guardian vs. Fitzgibbon et al, petition for license to sell real estate.

Nebr. State Bldg. & Loan vs. Simpson et al, petition in foreclosure.

Stephens vs. Woten, petition in foreclosure.

Screen vs. Screen, petition for divorce.

State Bank of Litchfield et al vs. Cook, petition.

Stillmoe vs. Stillmoe, petition for divorce.

Taylor vs Woten, petition.

Wells, Abbott et al vs. Woten, petition.

Zwink vs. Dodds et al, petition in equity.

Zoucha vs. Knowles et al, petition in equity.

BRUNO O. HOSTETLER, District Judge. Clerk of District Court.

HOW WILL IT BE RAISED?

In discussing the question of raising the enormous amounts of revenue necessary even during the coming twelve months, an exchange, after demonstrating the utter impossibility of raising the vast amount by taxation, and the corresponding necessity of resorting to bond issues, concludes as follows:

"In a sentence, unless the big loans are balanced with heavy taxes upon those who are making money out of the war, we will rapidly and inevitably reach a state of financial, industrial and social chaos."

The conclusion is inevitable to the candid person who will give the question unbiased thought.

Based on the probability of a need of from fifteen to twenty billion dollars by this time next summer, the demand would mean from \$600 to \$750 for each of the twenty million families that make up the nation. It can be seen at a glance that this can never be even approximately distributed among the masses. Possibly a few more billions may be secured through popular subscription but the great bulk of the required means must come, as our contemporary suggests, from those who are making money out of the war.

If the war continues for even two years longer there will be fortunes made that will dwarf any the world has yet seen, provided business is allowed to take its hitherto uninterrupted course. While it is true we will spend prodigious amounts, it is equally true that we will make fabulous amounts. The allied nations are practically at our mercy for food and other supplies. Huge revenues are constantly coming from that source. Not a dollar's worth of any commodity that can be used by man need go to waste in the United States for want of a foreign market.

It is up to our government to correctly analyze the situation and place the burdens of taxation to meet these great national expenditures upon the shoulders of those who benefit by war prices.

Will our law makers arise to the occasion and make an equitable adjustment of these burdens? Along with some very common, we have some really good timber in our national legislature, and it is to be hoped that this material will insist upon a reasonable and just basis for working out this momentous question.

Daily sells for less.