

# A FRIEND'S ADVICE

## Woman Saved From a Serious Surgical Operation.

Louisville, Ky.—"For four years I suffered from female troubles, headaches, and nervousness. I could not sleep, had no appetite and it hurt me to walk. If I tried to do any work, I would have to lie down before it was finished. The doctors said I would have to be operated on and I simply broke down. A friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the result is I feel like a new woman. I am well and strong, do all my own house work and have an eight pound baby girl. I know Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation which every woman dreads."—Mrs. NELLIE FISHER, 1521 Christy Ave., Louisville, Ky.

Everyone naturally dreads the surgeon's knife. Sometimes nothing else will do, but many times Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved the patient and made an operation unnecessary.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free.

## KIDNEY TROUBLE

Is a deceptive disease—thousands have it and don't know it. It is a slow but sure poison. You can make no mistake by using Dr. Kimmel's Swamp-root, the great kidney medicine. At drug stores in fifty cent and dollar sizes. Sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphlet, telling you about it. Address: Dr. Kimmel & Co., Birmingham, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

**PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM**  
A Scented Preparation of Natural Oils to Enrich and Soften the Hair. For Restoring Color and Softness to Falling Hair. Sold in 50c and \$1.00 Bottles.

### Might Happen Again.

Mrs. Euphemia Johnson was attended by a confidential colored friend of her own sex when the railroad company called her in to effect a cash settlement for the death of her husband, killed on his homestead.

Mrs. Johnson had clouded her features with a heavy veil up to the time the corporation attorney had mentioned the sum, but when he produced the bill she threw back the hodge of mourning and gazed eagerly on the handle that flashed green and yellow in thick streaks.

The lawyer withdrew after the signing of the release and the two were left alone.

"Euphemia," said the companion, "I suppose you'll be getting married again, now that you're so rich."

Euphemia paused with a thick thumb half-way to her mouth for moisture and reflection.

"Et Ah do," she observed before resuming the counting of the roll, "it'll be some passon on de Seaboard Ateh Line."

### Where Life is Cheap.

"You found out that there is a tremendous lot of people living in Kansas City, didn't you?" asked old Riley Rozzover.

"There is a heap more of 'em living than it looks possible there could be, when you see the thousands of motor cars that go riporouting up and down Grand avenue," grimly replied Bur-Burr, who had just returned from the Big Burg. "And with sewers blowing up under 'em, footpads slugging 'em, people falling out of seventh-story windows on 'em, elevators dropping 'em into cellars, and all this and that, 'I'mmagine, I wonder everybody that lives in Kay See six months ain't died long before the end of that time!"—Kansas City Star.

### Mathematician Wanted.

"I understand some big lots of potatoes have spoiled," remarked Mrs. Cortnessel.

"Yep," replied Farmer Cortnessel, "he waits for our boy Josh to come home so's we can talk it over with him."

"What'll Josh know about it?" "He has been studyn' the higher mathematics. I want him to figure out how many peelin's folks'll have to save in the kitchen to make up for the waste of a carload of potatoes."

### Fishing.

"Jibway has been telling me about a famous fishing hole he discovered. All you have to do is to drop in your hook and pull up a fish."

"Umph! I wouldn't put too much faith in Jibway's yarns."

"Better make him tell you how long you have to wait after dropping in your hook before you pull up a fish."

### A Timely Reminder.

"I'm going to town this morning," said Mrs. Twobble, at the breakfast table.

"Well," replied Mr. Twobble fretfully, "what about it?"

"I expect to get some little things."

"Permit me to offer a suggestion, madam. Be sure that the prices of those 'little things' are not out of all proportion to their size."

### Not Exposed.

He—I came across smallpox today! She—Good heavens! Where? He—In the dictionary.—Puck.

"He was the hero of two wars," read the inscription of a tombstone. He had been married twice.

# SELF HELPS for the NEW SOLDIER.

By a United States Army Officer  
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## THE SOLDIER ON THE MARCH.

If there are important reasons why a soldier in camp or in barracks should look to his health, these reasons are infinitely more important when on the march. For a sick soldier is a drain on the recreational resources while in camp, in the field, he has to be carried in an ambulance, or sent back to the hospital in the care of another soldier, he becomes an utter encumbrance.

It is for this reason that the physical examinations are now so exacting, in order to weed out all those predisposed to break down under marching conditions. Yet it is not necessary for a man to be actually sick for him to become a dead weight on a body of troops. If he does not take care of his feet, he will become fully as useless. One half-inch blister may, for marching purposes, turn a six-foot soldier into an invalid.

In the first place, the shoes should be fitted with special attention. They should neither be too wide nor too short. Sores and blisters should be promptly dressed during a halt. At the end of the march the feet should be bathed and dressed, and, if practicable, the shoes should be changed. A soldier should never on circumstances, however, go barefoot, for his feet would swell and give him increased difficulty as soon as he starts to march again.

One of the points which cannot be emphasized too strongly is that water should not be drunk on the march. A soldier may take an occasional swallow from his canteen, rinse out his mouth and then expel the water, but if he drinks outright—as he may do freely at the end of the march—the consequences are disastrous.

One National Guard regiment on the Mexican border last year started upon a six-mile march. The column was a "shining succession of uplifted canteens. Before five miles had been covered, 29 men were stretched out by the roadside in collapse. Another National Guard regiment, in which the men drank without restraint on a hot march—even scooping up water from puddles, lost approximately two hundred out of the column on that day.

A soldier should never sleep on the ground. He should always have his rubber poncho, or at least his blanket, beneath him, and, whenever possible, a bed of straw or leaves beneath poncho or blanket. If the dampness of the soil entered his system, he would contract cold and rheumatism and become, as with all sick men, a heavy drag upon his organization.

Just as it is essential for the sake of his health, that a soldier keep scrupulously clean, so for the protection of the general health, a camp or barracks must also be rendered immaculate. All trash, even small pieces of paper, should be swept from the floor of the tent or quarters, or "policed" from the company street. For trash breeds insects and insects carry disease. All pools and damp places near the camp should be drained, so that mosquitoes may have no place to multiply. For this reason soldiers are supplied with mosquito bars, as a protection against purveyors of fever. All camp refuse is either buried in a sink or burned in an incinerator.

## THE SOLDIER AND HIS COMRADES.

If the new soldier, before joining the colors, has had everything much his own way at home, the first thing that he will discover when he goes to camp is that he counts for just one individual in his squad.

While in the family circle he may have been 100 per cent important in all matters relating to himself, in camp he is simply one of eight men who occupy the same tent. Theoretically, the new soldier may know that he should obey officers and noncommissioned officers, including the corporal who lives in his tent; but what he may not realize is that in all questions not involving authority from above, he is also circumscribed by the rights and privileges of others. The rights and convenience of others as well as his own must be thoroughly fixed in his mind. It must be a process of giving and taking all down the line.

The ratio of the rights and conveniences of others to his own, in fact, is about seven to one. Eliminating the corporal, whose position in the tent is official and paternal, the new soldier is entitled to his share of the common rights and privileges—no more—and must ungrudgingly perform his share of the common work—no less.

If the new soldier fails to conform to these rules of conduct, not only will he be disciplined with odious fags and details by the corporal, but he will find that his tentmates instinctively league themselves against him. They watch for every opportunity to make life irksome for him, ingeniously piling the work upon him in deft ways which they will discover; and, if he is incorrigible, they will find a chance (whether it is prohibited or not) to toss him up in a blanket, or send him through a squad spanking machine. A squad spanking machine operates with slats. And if the new soldier has rendered himself obnoxious in the tent, he will find that the corporal, if he does not actually assist in this treatment, will at least sanction it.

In short, it is the easiest thing in the

### True Economy.

True economy does not of itself depend on the amount you are able to retain in the pocketbook. You have got to spend and spend lavishly to get enough to live on. The economy lies not in the amount you spend, but in what you get for your money—on its relation to your total purchasing ability. The purchase must meet a need and make returns in benefits or the investment is not economic. When you come to look over your yearly outlay you will find things that have returned you

### The Morning After.

Neighbor—Your husband pleased with election? She—Well, sort of. You see, if John's side had won, he couldn't kick, and John wouldn't like that.—Judge.

no direct benefit. There are other things unpurchased that would have been helpful to you. Therein lies the real economy or lack of it. Real economy looks into the future for an equation of purchase prices.—Grit.

world for the pampered and self-centered new soldier from a home where he has been spoiled to get himself "in bad." Once "in bad," it is a long, arduous and contrite process to get out. And, discovering himself "in bad," if he does not immediately begin to reform, he will find that he is a marked man, not only in his own squad, but to the squads on either side of him, and at length become the butt of the whole company. In that case, his days and nights will be made wretched for him.

But if the new soldier, from the start, is cheerful, agreeable, alert, willing at all times to help in policing the tent—keeping his own effects in order and the common space and property clean—always ready to respond to details, and never forgetful of the fact that he is but one of seven privates with equal duties and rights, he will have nothing to worry about from his companions.

## HOW TO DISTINGUISH RANK.

It would be useless for the new soldier to know the courtesies he must pay to rank unless he knows how to distinguish such rank. He must know the marking which designate the officer and the noncommissioned officer, and he must also know the general symbols of the service.

The corporal, the lowest rank of noncommissioned officer, wears a private's uniform, with chevrons on his arm. A corporal's chevrons consist of two parallel stripes of cloth in the shape of a triangle without a base, with slightly curving sides. The chevrons, in the olive drab uniform, are of a different shade of brown, while on the blue army uniform they are of the color which distinguishes the corporal's particular branch of the service.

The sergeant, next in rank, wears chevrons of three stripes; while the first sergeant, chief noncommissioned officer of the company, wears a chevron of three stripes, with a square in the center.

The second lieutenant, in olive drab, is marked by the difference between an officer's and a private's uniform—that is, he wears leather or wool puttees, instead of canvas leggings; there is a stripe of brown braid around the cuff of his coat, and he wears the officers' hatband, a snake-cord of black and gold strands. The first lieutenant wears one silver bar on each shoulder. The captain has two silver bars on each shoulder. The major has a gold leaf, the lieutenant colonel a silver leaf, the colonel is marked by a silver eagle, and the brigadier general by one silver star on each shoulder. The major general (the highest rank at present in our active service) is designated by two silver stars.

The officers' insignia presents a somewhat different appearance on dress and full-dress uniforms, although the marks remain the same, but as the new soldier who goes into camp now is likely to see nothing but the field-service uniform, it would be confusing to burden his mind with a further description of officers' shoulder straps.

It is essential, however, that he should know the colors of at least the three great branches of the service—infantry, cavalry and artillery. The infantryman in the field uniform wears a blue hat cord, which may be seen at a considerable distance; the cavalryman wears a yellow hat cord, and artilleryman red. A troop of cavalry rides with a guidon, a yellow flag, on which the letter and regiment of the particular unit appears in white. The battery of artillery rides with a red guidon, similarly inscribed.

## Obeahmen Are Mercenary.

The stock-in-trade of the Obeahmen is as bizarre as their inventive minds. In their magic bags they carry about with them ground bones of the dead, needles and black thread rubbed with tallow, a looking-glass, cards, powder, quicksilver, and an evil-smelling gum reputed to be of the devil. By ringing the changes on these mixtures they work their wonders and impose upon their victims. Curing diseases of the mind and of the body is merely a side issue with them. Protecting fruit-gardens and chicken runs are their specialty. One thing they have in common—that is, the mercenary habit. They sell their "power" to the highest bidder. Consequently, as the nigger's wealth, so his health and prosperity. All that the Obeahmen stipulate is that payment must be made according to the magnitude of the miracle to be wrought. They are accredited with having knowledge of secret African bush poisons. But this is an exaggeration. When they have recourse to this desperate extreme they are content to use arsenic rat-poison, or finely powdered glass.

## Cyclones and Tornadoes.

A cyclone, in technical parlance, is any general storm. In popular but not definitely unscientific parlance it is the type of storm represented by the hurricane or typhoon—a whirlwind with a diameter of from 50 to 100 miles, was a cyclone from the West Indies that struck Galveston.

The dust whirls you see along country roads are in principles tornadoes. Waterspouts are miniature tornadoes at sea. We have been at pains more than once to consult meteorologists regarding the stories of straws driven into oak posts and of freight trains lifted bodily from the track. The meteorologists not only vouch for the stories but added to them. Let one instance suffice—that of a locomotive into a garden, and in the same garden a single rose was found blooming unharmed.—Chicago Tribune.

# MORE CASH NEEDED

## CONGRESS TOLD NEW REVENUE MUST BE RAISED.

# PRICE OF WAR IS ENORMOUS

## First Year May Cost Uncle Sam Sixteen Billion Dollars.—More Bond Issues Likely.

Washington.—Estimating the cost of the war for the coming year at \$10,735,807,000, exclusive of loans to the allies, the administration informed congress that new revenues totalling \$2,000,000,000 must be raised from taxation or issuance of securities.

How congress will meet the enormous new revenue requirements remains to be determined, but there is a distinct sentiment in favor of setting most of the expenditures by bond issues.

Many leaders on both sides of the capital predict that not more than \$2,000,000,000 of the \$7,000,000,000 asked would be raised by taxation and that the remainder might be met partially by bond sales and partially by issuance of treasury certificates of indebtedness.

Equipment and stores for the national army, particularly artillery, will require the lion's share of appropriations under the administration's estimates. Of the year's total of \$10,735,807,000 the war department alone expects to spend \$7,804,240,000, or \$3,319,000,000 more than has been appropriated thus far for his expenses during the year.

The navy expects to spend \$1,200,000,000, of which \$288,000,000 remains to be appropriated. The shipping board, whose ship building projects place it third on the list, expects to spend \$790,000,000, of which \$350,000,000 remains to be appropriated.

This estimates of receipts did not include revenues to be raised under the pending war tax bill, estimated by democratic leaders in congress at \$1,670,670,000. Revision of the bill will begin immediately to embody whatever additional taxation it may be deemed best to impose as a result of the new estimates.

Total appropriations sought by all departments aggregated \$11,651,193,933 or nearly \$15,000,000,000 more than estimated expenditures. Should this sum be authorized by congress with an additional \$4,500,000,000 for the allies, which would be necessary to keep up the present rate of loans totalling \$500,000,000 a month, the total to be raised by bond issues and additional taxation for the current fiscal year would be more than \$16,000,000,000.

## Allies to Fight On.

Paris.—The decision to continue the war until the aims of the allies have been attained is announced by the conference of entente powers held here. It was decided also to withdraw the entente troops from ancient Greece, Thessaly and Epirus. This latter action will not affect the campaign in Macedonia and Albania, but will result in the turning over to the new Greek government the territory seized to make secure the rear of the entente armies fighting in the Balkans while Greece was a non-combatant.

Premier Lloyd George made the statement here that Great Britain now had between 5,000,000 and 5,500,000 soldiers enrolled without counting between 400,000 to 500,000 men from the Dominions and colonies. Great Britain had placed at the disposition of its allies, he added, from 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 tons of merchant ships. Next year's building program for merchant ships, which already has begun, amounts to 4,000,000 tons, or twice as much as in a good year during peace time.

## Russ Women Capture Germans.

London.—A dispatch from Petrograd says:

"Ensigns Mite, Vera Butchgaroff commander of the Russian women's battalion, and Lieutenant Sarydova, suffering from shock as a result of bursting shells, and about a dozen other members of the battalion who were wounded during the recent fighting have been sent to Minsk. It is reported the women attacked the Germans after the Russian male soldiers had deserted. They rushed forward impetuously, firing their rifles with deadly effect. Their German prisoners were greatly chagrined when they learned the sex of their captors."

## Badge for Farmer Boys.

Washington.—Farmers' sons who have shown their patriotism by remaining on the farm may be rewarded with the badge of honors of the U. S. Working Boys reserve.

## State Officers Indicted.

Austin, Tex.—Governor Ferguson was indicted by the Travis county grand jury on nine counts, seven charging misapplication of public funds, one diversion of public funds and one charge of embezzlement. C. J. Bartlett, secretary of state, was indicted on four counts charging misapplication of public funds. C. J. Stone, state superintendent of building and ground, was indicted on one count. C. O. Austin, commissioner of insurance and banking, was indicted on four counts.

## Ask Guaranteed Price for Wheat.

Fargo, N. D.—A guaranteed price of \$2.75 per bushel for wheat at terminals, the establishment by the government of a maximum price on flour and other products of grain and a limit of 25 cents per bushel for grading wheat, was recommended at a meeting of the Interstate Co-operative association here. The government was also asked to establish elevators at seaboard and other terminal points to take charge of grain exchange and prohibit food speculation.

# UNMASKED BY WAR CENSUS

## Many Men Leading Double Lives or Hiding Prison Records Unearthed in New York Canvass.

Scores of men who are leading double lives have been tripped up by the police check census, taken some time ago, of all the dwelling places in the city, says the New York Times. These men are appealing to Director Goodrich to know whether they will be allowed to register twice, once under their "proper" names and again under the assumed names they employ at their irregular establishments.

Many cases have developed of the "man without a country." Former convicts now living respectable lives have called and said they "lost their citizenship" and did not dare to affirm that they were citizens, but their chief trouble was regarding the citizenship of their children, and whether they would have to reveal their former lives to their families. They were told to state they were citizens, as they had only lost certain of the rights of citizens.

A man was asked if he was married and replied: "I don't know; the jury is still out." Deserted wives have written in by the score asking for help in finding their husbands.

## FOR PIMPLY FACES

### Cuticura Is Best—Samples Free by Mail to Anyone Anywhere.

An easy, speedy way to remove pimples and blackheads. Smear the affected surfaces with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, bathing some minutes. Repeat night and morning. No better toilet preparations exist.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

During a fire the fire escape is the last place you think of in your excitement.

Net Contents 15 Fluid Ounces  
900 DROPS  
CASTORIA  
ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT.  
A Vegetable Preparation which assimilates the Food by Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS-CHILDREN  
Thereby Promoting Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.  
Remedy of Old Dr. S. J. PERCIVAL  
Paralysis, Spind, Aids Sleep, Headache, Colic, Indigestion, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Constipation, Dropsy, Feverishness, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, etc.  
A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhoea, and Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP resulting therefrom in Infants.  
Facsimile Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.  
At 6 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS  
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

## Man's Best Friends.

A recent issue of the Canadian Forestry Journal, published by the Canadian Forestry association, contains an interesting article on the damage wrought by insects and the increasing and successful warfare carried on against insects by birds, certain animals and reptiles.

"It has been estimated," says the Journal, "by those who give this question study and thought leading into actual statistics that, were there no friends allied by nature, in the great struggle between man and his enemy insects that in three years there would be no life left on the earth. Vegetation would disappear first, and animal life would accompany and follow it."

## "Skidding Jane."

A certain distinguished and noble member of the cabinet applied for the use of a government motorcar the other day to use on "business of national importance," as the phrase goes. He was sent a car driven by a very smart and attractive looking chauffeur, says the London Chronicle. About four or five hours later his lordship appeared in a towering rage and asked what they mean by sending him a woman who drove in a most reckless manner, endangering his life from the moment he got into his car.

"Oh, they must have sent you 'Skidding Jane,'" said the officer in charge, nonchalantly.

## All the Same to Him.

"Going down to hear that virtuoso at the opera house tonight?" asked the suburbanite of a neighbor.

"What's that?" replied the old man. "Why, a celebrated violinist is to play tonight."

"Now, I'm not going. My boy plays one of them."

"Yes, but this man is celebrated."

"Oh, well, what's the difference? Fiddlin' is fiddlin', ain't it?"

## Time for the Lecture.

"You're not going so early?" "Yes, indeed. I have had a fine time at your party but if I am to get any sleep at all tonight I've got to go now to give my wife a chance to tell me all the breaks I have made while here."

Power is powerless unless its possessor is conscious of his ability.



# It's Poor Economy to Endure a Bad Back

In these days of rising prices, we need every ounce of strength and the ability to do a full day's work every day. The man or woman with weak kidneys is half crippled. Sore, aching kidneys; lame, stiff back, headache, dizzy spells, a dull, tired feeling and urinary disorders are daily sources of distress. You can't afford to neglect kidney weakness and make it easy for gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease to take you. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have helped thousands. They should help you.

## Personal Reports of Real Cases

### AN IOWA CASE.

Mrs. A. D. Bumgardner, Forest City, Iowa, says: "For two years I was in misery from kidney trouble that began with backache. I suffered from headaches and nervous spells and my feet and ankles were badly swollen. I was sick about six weeks and kept steadily getting worse until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. In a week I felt improved and it wasn't long before I was able to be up and around. Whenever I need a kidney medicine now, Doan's do good work."

### A NEBRASKA CASE.

O. K. Booth, Randolph Hotel, Randolph, Neb., says: "I had a bad case of kidney trouble. First my back began to ache, then sharp pains darted through me. My feet and hands were numb and my limbs swelled. Puffy spots came beneath my eyes. I had dizzy spells and was very nervous. I really had to give up work. I didn't get relief from anything I tried until I took Doan's Kidney Pills. They fixed me up all right and I was able to go back to work in good health. I have had no trouble to speak of since."

# DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold At All Stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Mfg. Chemists

# Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

### GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

## In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## Enough for Him.

The Boss—Did you call on that man Sloozes today?

The Collector—I did.

"Get anything?" "A cigar and some advice."

"Well, if you'd got a whiff of the cigar and heard the advice, I guess you'd thought it enough."

## Not Very.

"He's as happy as a king."

"Umph! How happy is a king nowadays?"

## The Effect.

"What has been the effect of prohibition in Crimzon Gulch?"

"Beneficial; I should say," replied Broncho Bob.

"Has intoxication ceased?"

"No. But it requires so much experience an determination that it's rapidly finishin' up the old toppers an' not startin' any new ones."

## Going to Land Him.

"He was engaged three times before he proposed to her."

"Yes," "And she accepted him?"

"Yes, but she's insistin' on an immediate marriage. Profitin' by the experience of the other girls she isn't going to take any chance on his breaking another engagement."

## Sartorial Distinction.

"You can't judge a man by his clothes."

"Not only," replied Miss Cayenne, "but the uniform helps some in distinguishing a soldier from a slacker."

## Faith.

"Bobby, have you said your prayers?" "Oh, ma! God knows what I want. Why must I go over the same old ground night after night?"—Life.

## Our Boarding House.

"How are the meals?" "Depends on your squeals."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

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## Nebraska Directory

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Rooms from \$1.00 up single, 75 cents per double. CAFE PRICES REASONABLE

# DYERS

BEST BUYERS AND SELLERS OF CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP STOCK YARDS-OMAHA

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STRAHLE & ANDERSON, Inc. 316 S. 19th St. OMAHA, NEB. Electric Starter Specialists "All Makes Repaired"

## TYPHOID

It is no more necessary than smallpox. Any experience has demonstrated the almost infallible efficiency and harmlessness of Antitoxiphil Vaccines. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, or send for family. It is more vital than home insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or dealer. Have you had Typhoid? Killing of Typhoid Vaccines results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. Predicting Variants and Serums under U. S. License. The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., Chicago, Ill.