

FOR THOSE WHO WILL REGISTER

Government Has Issued Circulars Dealing With Questions to Be Asked.

MAKE WORK EASIER JUNE 5

The Following Detailed Information Should Be Read by All Who Are of the Age Called Upon to Do Military Service.

The law requires every man who has passed his twenty-first birthday and not yet reached his thirty-first birthday on June 5 to register that day for army service.

There are no exceptions. All men from twenty-one to thirty must register. Exemptions for health or other reasons will come later.

This newspaper publication is the only notification you will get. A prison sentence is the penalty for failure to register.

The government has adopted a plan to facilitate and simplify the filling in of conscription registration cards June 5. Circulars containing the twelve questions to be asked and advice as to how they should be answered have been prepared for distribution.

How Answers Should Be Made.

The circular, which bears the heading "How to Answer Questions on Registration Cards," reads as follows:

"Questions will be asked for you to answer in the order in which they appear on this paper. These questions are set out below with detailed information to help you answer them.

"Do not write on, mark or otherwise mutilate these instructions. Do not remove them. They should be carefully read so that you will have your answers ready when you go before the registrar.

"1. Name in full. Age in years. This means all your names spelled out in full.

"State your age today in years only. Disregard additional months or days. Be prepared to say 'nineteen' or 'twenty-five,' not 'nineteen years three months' or the like.

"2. Home address.

"This means the place where you have your permanent home, not the place where you work. Be prepared to give the address in this way: '232 Main street, Chicago, Cook county, Illinois.' That is, give number and name of street first, then town, then county and state.

Write Birth Date in Advance.

"Date of birth. Write your birthday (month, day and year) on a piece of paper before going to the registrar and give the paper to him the first thing. Example: 'August 5, 1894.'

"If you do not remember the year, start to answer as you would if someone asked you your birthday, as 'August 5.' Then say, 'on my birthday this year I will be (or was) — years old.' The registrar will then fill in the year of birth. Many people do not carry in mind the year they were born. This may be obtained by the registrar by subtracting the age in years on this year's birthday from 1917.

"4. Are you (1) a natural born citizen; (2) a naturalized citizen; (3) an alien; (4) or have you declared your intention to become a citizen (specify which)?

"(1) If you were born in the United States, including Alaska and Hawaii, you are a natural born citizen, no matter what may have been the citizenship or nationality of your parents. If you were born in Porto Rico you are a citizen of the United States, unless you were born of alien parentage. If you were born abroad, you are still a citizen of the United States, if your father was a citizen of the United States at the time you were born, unless you have expatriated yourself.

"(2) You are a naturalized citizen if you have completed your naturalization; that is, if you have taken final papers. But you are not a citizen if you have only declared your intention to become a citizen (that is, if you have only taken out first papers); in the latter case you are only a 'declarant.'

"You are also a naturalized citizen if, although foreign born, your father or surviving parent became fully naturalized while you were under twenty-one years of age, and if you came to the United States under twenty-one.

"(3) You are a declarant if, although a citizen or subject of some foreign country, you have declared on oath before a naturalization court your intention to become a citizen of the United States. Receipt from the clerk of the court of the certified copy of such declaration is often called 'taking out first papers.' You are not a declarant

ENFIELD RIFLE TO BE ARM

Can Be Turned Out Quickly and in Quantities by Factories That Are Now in Operation.

Manufacturing facilities for the Springfield rifle are not adequate to supply the number required for the larger force which the United States may decide to send abroad and to replace the wastage of such a force. Fortunately the existing small-arms factories which have been turning out

HAS HAD CHECKERED CAREER

New Russian Foreign Minister at One Time Exiled to Siberia—Four Years Chicago Professor.

Chicago, March 19.—Paul N. Milukoff, new foreign minister of Russia, has been regarded for years as being "the most cordially hated man in Russia"—from the standpoint of the czar. He was for years leader of the constitutional democratic party, and in 1903 was banished from Russia for po-

If your first paper was taken out after September 26, 1906, and is more than seven years old.

"(4) You are an alien if you do not fall within one of the three classes above mentioned.

"5. Where were you born? "First name the town, then the state, then the country, as 'Columbus, O.; Vienna, Austria; Paris, France; Sofia, Bulgaria.'

"6. If not a citizen, of what country are you a citizen or subject?"

"What is Your Job Right Now?"

"7. What is your present trade, occupation or office?"

"This does not ask what you once did, nor what you have done most of the time, nor what you are best fitted to do. It asks what your job is right now. State briefly, as farmer, miner, student, laborer (on farm, in rolling mill, in automobile, wagon or other factory, etc. If you hold an office under state or federal government, name the office you hold.

"If you are in one of the following offices or employments, use one of the names hereafter mentioned: 'Custom house clerk, 'employed in the transmission of the mails,' or 'employed in an armory, arsenal or navy yard, 'mariner actually employed in the sea service of citizen or merchant within the United States.'

"8. By whom employed? Where employed?"

"If you are working for an individual, firm, corporation or association state its name. If in business, trade, profession or employment for yourself, so state. If you are an officer of the state or federal government say whether your office is under the United States, the state, the county or a municipality. In answer to the question as to where you are employed give the town, county and state where you work.

"9. Have you a father, mother, wife, child under twelve or a sister or brother under twelve solely dependent upon you for support (specify which):

"Consider your answer thoughtfully. If it is true that there is another mouth than your own which you alone have a duty to feed do not let your military ardor interfere with the wish of the nation to reduce war's misery to a minimum. On the other hand, unless the person you have in mind is solely dependent on you do not hide behind pretensions or children.

"10. Married or single (which)? Race (specify which)?

"This does not ask whether you were once married, but whether you are married now. In answer to the question as to your race state briefly whether Caucasian, Mongolian, negro, Malayan or Indian.

Declare Military Service, if Any.

"11. What military service have you had? Rank? Branch? Years? Nation or state?"

"No matter what country you served, you must give complete information. In answering these questions first name your rank, using one of the following words: 'Commissioned officer,' 'noncommissioned officer,' 'private,' 'next, state branch in which you served in one of the following words: 'Infantry,' 'cavalry,' 'artillery,' 'medical,' 'signal,' 'aviation,' 'supply,' 'marine,' 'navy.' Next, state the number of years' service, not counting time spent in the reserve. Finally, name the nation or state you served. If you served under the United States or one of the states of the United States, name your service in one of the following terms: 'National Guard' (of such and such a state), 'militia' (of such and such a state), 'volunteers of United States' or 'regular army (navy) of United States.'

"12. Do you claim exemption from draft? Specify grounds.

"Because you claim exemption from draft, it by no means follows that you are exempt. For the information of the war department you should make a claim now if you intend to prosecute it. Some persons will be exempted on account of their occupations or offices, some on account of the fact that they have relatives dependent upon them for support. Your answer touching these things will be important in supporting the claim you now intend to make in your answer to the present questions. Be sure, therefore, that the grounds you now state are in conformity with your answers to questions 7 and 8.

"In stating grounds you claim as exempting you use one of the following terms: If you claim to be an executive, legislative or judicial officer of the state or nation, name your office and say whether it is an office of the state or nation. If you claim to be a member of a religious sect whose creed forbids its members to participate in war in any form, simply name the sect.

If you are employed in the transmission of the United States mails or as an artificer or workman in an armory, arsenal or navy yard of the United States, or if you are a mariner employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States, so state. If you are a felon or otherwise morally deficient and desire to claim exemption on that ground, state your ground briefly. If you claim physical disability, state that briefly. If you claim exemption on any other ground, state your ground briefly."

While his little playmates looked on in horror James Kocourek, 9, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Kocourek, drowned in the Missouri river at Omaha.

Ten farmers in the vicinity of Filley delivered over 5,000 bushels of wheat to the elevator at that place during the past week, the price ranging around \$3 per bushel.

Six Indian skeletons, several finely made agate heads, a number of ancient fire places, buffalo and elk bone and other fragments were found near Dunning just recently.

Knox county has organized a defense council, the purpose of which is to enlist all power and resources for conservation and to aid the government wherever possible during the war.

The Alliance chapter of the Red Cross society has been active, raising \$500 recently by a tag day. The chapter's membership is growing rapidly.

Seward is enjoying a building boom this summer. It is said that building operations will total more than \$200,000 this year.

MINOR NOTES FROM ALL PARTS OF NEBRASKA

DATES FOR COMING EVENTS.

June 4 to 7—Nebraska State Dental Society Meeting at Omaha.

June 5 to 7—Nebraska-Iowa Funeral Directors Joint Meeting at Omaha.

June 5-6-7—State Association of Postmasters' Meeting at Lincoln.

June 12, 13 and 14—Seul-Centennial celebration at Lincoln.

June 15 to 24—Nebraska State Holiness Association camp meeting at Lincoln.

June 18-20—Nebraska Press Association Annual Convention at Omaha.

June 19—Annual Meeting State Pharmaceutical Association Meeting at North Platte.

June 19-20—Nebraska State Sunday School Convention at Omaha.

June 25 to 27—International Ass'n. of Railway Special Agents and Police Meeting at Omaha.

June 25 to 30—State Golf Tournament at Lincoln.

Beatrice Sunday schools are making preparations for a union picnic to be held in this city some time this month. Last year over 2,100 participated in a parade and over 3,000 were in attendance at the picnic.

A measure to put the ban on dogs running at large in Fremont from March to October every year, has been submitted to the city council and it is said the council intends to put the bill through.

Mrs. Robert Hood of Chadron, whose name figures in the blackmailing conspiracy involving several Omaha police officers, was formerly a popular teacher in an Omaha public school.

A new concrete bridge to be 700 feet long will be built across the So. Platte river in Lincoln county, the project receiving the endorsement of the voters at a special election. The structure will cost \$40,000.

It is announced that the Nebraska Guard regiments will be mobilized at Fort Crook, near Omaha, about July 5, and then sent to a centralization camp somewhere in the south two weeks later.

Building construction is nearly at a standstill in Omaha as a result of strikes by unions of the building crafts and the trouble between building material concerns and their trustees.

The J. M. Cox farm, four miles north of Beatrice, has been purchased by Chris Spilker, a well known farmer of Holt township. The consideration was \$49,800, or \$155 per acre. To fill up their ranks to war strength as ordered by the War department at Washington, the Fifth regiment Nebraska National Guard needs 600 men and the Fourth 500.

The Commercial club of Norfolk is negotiating for securing a tannery to come to that city. A firm from Dubuque, Ia., is considering the proposition.

The Nebraska Potato company, with general offices at Chadron, owning a string of houses along the Northwest-ern railroad, has offered the use of its houses to the government.

C. O. Reed of Ewing, R. D. Bryson of Callaway and Earl Eskine of Wayne were appointed to the medical staff of the Nebraska Guard.

Two Falls City guardsmen couldn't wait until the militia is called for action, so they joined the navy, hoping for earlier war excitement.

Several thousand acres of land east of Curtis are being negotiated for by an eastern firm for the purpose of prospecting for oil.

Grand Island's park commissioner is offering two cents per pound for dandelions pulled from the Pioneer square.

The Lincoln highway into Fremont will be paved with concrete. This was decided just recently.

Boys of the senior and junior classes of the Fremont high school are conducting a campaign to enroll the names of every resident of Fremont in the county patriotic league. Dodge county had the first league in the state and effort will be made to make it the biggest.

The Seward Y. M. C. A.'s proportion of \$5,000,000 to be raised for carrying on the association's work in the army camps is \$1,000 and the local workers are getting busy with the expectation that the amount will be raised soon without difficulty.

A cannery school, directed by the State School of Agriculture, will be held at North Platte June 22 and 23. The remodeled Methodist Episcopal church at North Platte was dedicated just recently. The rebuilding of the structure cost \$18,000.

George Coupland of Elgin declared at Fremont recently that he is going to enlist the aid of merchants and business men of every kind in towns over Nebraska to go into the fields and help the farmers during harvest time.

While his little playmates looked on in horror James Kocourek, 9, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Kocourek, drowned in the Missouri river at Omaha.

Ten farmers in the vicinity of Filley delivered over 5,000 bushels of wheat to the elevator at that place during the past week, the price ranging around \$3 per bushel.

Six Indian skeletons, several finely made agate heads, a number of ancient fire places, buffalo and elk bone and other fragments were found near Dunning just recently.

Knox county has organized a defense council, the purpose of which is to enlist all power and resources for conservation and to aid the government wherever possible during the war.

The Alliance chapter of the Red Cross society has been active, raising \$500 recently by a tag day. The chapter's membership is growing rapidly.

Seward is enjoying a building boom this summer. It is said that building operations will total more than \$200,000 this year.

Through a scheme worked out by the commercial club of Norfolk and the Madison county agent, it is believed the question of supplying farm help during harvest time is solved, at least in Madison county. Every farmer in the county, who is in need of help, is asked to apply to the county agent. He turns the list over to the commercial club and the club lists all transient and resident labor in the city, thus the farmers and laborers are connected. Each merchant and clerk in the city has volunteered to work two days a week in the field.

Judge Crawford, sitting in the county court of Douglas county at Omaha, ruled that the provision of the Nebraska statute making unlawful possession of liquor in any place except the owner's private residence is constitutional, in the case against A. M. Larsen at whose farm a large quantity of liquor was seized May 9, Larsen was fined \$100 and the liquors ordered destroyed. The case was appealed to the supreme court. No disposition of the liquor will be made until a final decision is obtained.

Miss Emma Matzen, Red Cross nurse, is the first Nebraska woman injured in the war now raging over the most of Europe. She was hit by a piece of shell fired in practice on board the U. S. Steamer Mongolia en route to France. The explosive boomeranged when it hit the water and killed two other nurses, who were watching the practice. Miss Matzen had visited her parents at Columbus early in May.

According to a report submitted at the Food Conservation Congress at Omaha, Nebraska potato crops this year will more than double the 1916 yield. Estimates place the yield at 1,400,000 bushels, compared with 6,500,000 bushels last year. The report showed that 17,000 acres in the state are planted in beans, which are expected to produce 7,140,000 pounds.

The wheat crop of Richardson county is sure to be the shortest in the history of the county since its settlement with the possible exception of the grasshopper year, 1875. The assessor of Rulo township found only 180 acres of winter wheat and eleven acres of spring wheat, and winter wheat is only a partial stand at that.

Two thousand delegates attended the Nebraska conservation congress for the purpose of mobilizing the state's resources for the war at Omaha last week. W. G. McAdoo, secretary of treasury of the United States, addressed the congress on the subject of financing the war.

Thirty thousand dollars worth of canned beans, a dozen carloads of coal and valuable machinery were lost when fire, of an unknown origin, destroyed the Norfolk Packing company plant at Norfolk. The loss is placed at from \$50,000 to \$80,000.

Recommendation of national laws whereby the federal government shall immediately assume control of supplies and prices of food products and necessities of life were made in a set of resolutions passed by the Saline county council of defense.

"Odd Fellows of Nebraska are planning a big centennial jubilee on April 28, 1919, in Omaha," said Walter V. Hoagland of North Platte, grand master of the order, while he Omaha to attend the conservation meet.

Omaha banks have decided to double the amount of their subscriptions to the Liberty bond loan. Instead of the \$2,000,000 worth of bonds they formerly intended to purchase, they decided to invest \$4,000,000 in the loan.

Omaha's Red Cross campaign conducted during the past week netted close to 25,000 members and a fund of nearly \$35,000.

The Knights Templar lodge of Beatrice has voted to invest \$500 of its funds in Liberty bonds.

Major General John Joseph Pershing, who is to lead America's first battle unit against the Germans, at one time intended to be a lawyer and graduated in a law course at the University of Nebraska at Lincoln in 1880. He lost his wife and three children in a fire at the Presidio, San Francisco, two years ago. Until just a few days ago his only child lived in Lincoln.

Equipment for the new Dodge county jail at Fremont, which is to occupy the top story of the new court house, will cost \$14,708.

An organization has been perfected at Beatrice and arrangements made to begin at once the raising of \$4,000, the share of the war Y. M. C. A. fund, apportioned to a district comprising Gage, Johnson and part of Saline county. Twenty-one towns are in the district. Beatrice will raise \$1,500 of this amount.

The Beatrice aerie of Eagles have voted to invest from \$1,500 to \$2,000 in Liberty bonds. The Knights Templar have voted to invest \$500 for the same purpose.

Eighteen hundred bottles of beer were found in the cellar of the residence of a Falls City butcher. It is said the liquor was intended for the use of the German society of Falls City.

Three hundred sacks of flour and several hundred bushels of wheat were lost when fire destroyed the Creighton flour mill. The loss is estimated at \$35,000.

It is estimated that acreage planted in garden truck in Nebraska this year is twice as large as in any previous year.

Omaha is making strenuous efforts to secure one of the thirty-two "army towns" to house soldiers who will be mobilized within the next six months, and it believes success is assured.

Nebraska National guardsmen will be mustered into the federal service July 15, according to general orders issued by the war department in Washington.

When word was flashed over the state that Nebraska National Guards would be one of the first contingent of troops to go to France, over 300 men enlisted in less than four hours.

TORNADO IN KANSAS

THIRTY PERSONS KILLED AND MANY INJURED BY TWISTER.

PROPERTY DAMAGE IMMENSE

Death Dealing Storm Swept Down on Town Without Warning.—German Spies Busy in U. S.

Wichita, Kas.—Thirty persons were killed, more than fifty injured, and property worth thousands of dollars was destroyed last Friday afternoon, when a tornado swept up through Sedgwick and Harvey counties in the south-central part of the state.

Andale, a village of less than 300 inhabitants, bore the brunt of the twister's rage, eighteen lives being taken by the storm which, accompanied by a blinding rain, bore on to the northwest.

The country southeast of Newton furnished the remaining fatalities. The country between Andale and Newton was pierced by a path from a quarter to a half mile wide, where the twister ground everything in its path either to death or to inanimate destruction. Sedgwick, the largest town between Andale and Newton, barely escaped from the storm's fury; a few houses in one corner of the city ruins being the only loss.

So suddenly did the tornado arise and so well did it do its work, that telephone and telegraph lines were broken before word could be sent ahead of the impending danger.

The storm burst suddenly on Andall, which but a few minutes before had been enjoying the sunshine, with a terrific torrent of rain. Coming from the southwest, it dropped to the ground to miles before reaching the city, leveling houses, trees and fields in its path.

Owes America Debt of Gratitude. London.—"The successes against submarines have resulted in a distinct improvement in our food situation," said Premier Lloyd George in the House of Commons.

The premier said more effective blows had been dealt the submarines during the last three weeks than in any corresponding period of the war.

The shipping losses for May, the premier said, probably would show a reduction from the April figures.

"We owe a considerable debt of gratitude to the great American people for the effective assistance they have rendered and the craft they have placed at our disposal," asserted the premier. "Now that the American nation is in the war it is easier to make arrangements for the protection of our mercantile marine than it was before," he said.

Mr. Lloyd George declared there was no danger to the country from starvation, but that the utmost economy of foodstuffs was still essential.

Spies Reported Warships Departure. Washington.—Four days before the American destroyer flotilla arrived abroad, Berlin knew it was on the way and to what port it was going and the day before the vessels steamed into Queenstown German submarines had strewn mines about the harbor entrance. This startling information, revealing that German spies not only still are at work in this country, but that they have a swift and sure means of communicating America's war secrets to the fatherland, came to the Navy department in a cablegram from Rear Admiral Sims at London. The admiral said this information was positive. Nothing will be given out concerning how the news came into his possession, nor about the precautions which defeated the German plans and enabled the flotilla to speed safely through the mine fields.

Denies U. S. Warships Sunk. Washington.—A categorical denial that any American naval vessels have been sunk in the war was issued by Secretary Daniels to counteract a "campaign of vicious rumors that is being carried on so industriously by persons unknown."

It was the first official notice to be taken of a flood of reports of naval disasters that started almost as soon as it was known that American destroyers were in the war zone.

Names Red Cross Week. Washington.—President Wilson has fixed the week beginning June 25 as Red Cross week. The president has issued a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to "give generously and in a spirit of patriotic sacrifice" to the Red Cross during that week.

No Booze for Soldiers. Washington.—Reports reaching the War department indicate that the war acts' prohibition against the sale of liquor about military camps or to enlisted men and officers in uniform is being observed rigidly. Even hotels and restaurants have refused to serve liquor to guests or any officers wearing the uniform on the ground that such a sale would make the management liable to a fine of not more than \$1,000 or not more than one year's imprisonment, or both, which the act provides as penalty for violation.

Missouri Solon Indicted. St. Louis, Mo.—Frank Farris, democratic floor leader in the Missouri house of representatives, was indicted by a grand jury here just recently on a charge of soliciting a bribe to vote for a bill increasing the salaries of St. Louis policemen.

Americans Held in Germany. Washington.—One hundred and twenty Americans constitute the prisoners now held by Germany, according to official information to the State department.

What Well Dressed Women Will Wear

Just at the moment when woman-kind was ready and waiting for it, there entered the "service suit." It is a new garment for the new woman, and it has been given this name, fully christened by the patent office. It is the spirit of the times translated into apparel—a thing that we have been waiting for without knowing that we were waiting until it arrived. Therefore it is welcomed with glad acclaim, like that which greeted the airplanes that made the heart to sing



IT IS A KHAKI SERVICE SUIT.

are advising them to raise vegetables for canning and to put them up in much greater quantities than ever before. By putting up enough to last their own families through they will save food and keep its price down for the out-of-doors woman who sees it, she is captivated—and all is over except delivering the parcel. For canning, fishing, golfing, tennis, gardening, beekeeping and farming, it is destined to become the conventional suit.

The new garment is cut along lines that are correct for women, and is no more masculine than a party frock. It is made trouser fashion, with the full trousers plaited to a shapely blouse; it is well tailored and fastens with bone buttons across the back.

The fastening at the back is covered by a wide belt. Nothing about it can come apart and no corset need be worn

under it; in fact, undergarments may be reduced to a single union suit. The trousers fasten with a small cuff above the shoetops and defy the most enterprising mosquito or the most aggressive bee. Halt to the service suit! It marks the passing of the last impediment in our way. It is no compromise between a masculine and a feminine garment, but a new departure—and it is smart.

Even a little garden is better than no garden at all and everybody, that is anybody with a patch of available



GARDENING SET OF CRETONNE.

tical service—in the strawberry patch for instance. The small apron has two pointed pockets that monopolize a good share of its surface. One side of the cushion is made of oilcloth, or leatherette, and there is a small pocket at the top. The sunbonnet, as pictured, has a chin strap of shirred ribbon, but might be fastened with a strap made of cretonne.

sertion with a tiny ruffle of val lace at the center. A plaited jabot of voile is trimmed with double rows of insertion and edged with lace to match, and the turnover collar is tucked and finished with lace and insertion. Grouped pin tucks are used on both the front and the back of this blouse.

Queer, isn't it. If you go out on the street and while for your dog, every man within hearing will turn around

Julia Bottomley