

Financial

THE GUMPS---

SEE IT IN COLORS
IN THE SUNDAY BEE

MIN'S ENTRY GOES TO THE POST

Drawn for The Bee by Sidney Smith
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The New York Times.

By ALEXANDER DANA NOYES
Omaha Bee Leased Wire.

New York, Feb. 27.—In many respects a market of surprises throughout the session, the foreign exchange market possibly upset more predictions and expectations today than on any previous occasion. Having closed last week at the highest point of the year, sterling rose nearly 2 cents higher today, to \$4.43 1/2, and francs, which were carried nearly to 94 cents, thereby passed into ground hardly touched since 1919.

In default of any other new explanation of this persistent rise, Wall Street ascribed it to the news of the 20-year treaty of defense between France and England, announced by the premiers on Sunday. Insofar as that announcement accounts for today's exchange rates, it indicates reversal of influences from the economic considerations which have recently ruled the market to the political consideration which dominated it in the early days of the Washington arms conference.

It is probable that even experienced international bankers have underrated the power of political events in moving the market for exchange, precisely as many of them underrated the nature of the economic changes which were visible last summer. It is often remarked that rise in exchange because of political occurrences favorable to a given country is a sentimental movement, and that is true.

Sentiment Powerful Factor.

But it has not been as clearly recognized as it used to be before the war that there are direct influences on the international flow of capital which is a potent factor in exchange rates. Sentiment, too, may be more powerful now than it was even before 1914, because with the normal pace of exchange movements, the actual party is a matter of mere guess work.

We saw in the early part of 1920 how easily the French could raise \$25 million by selling the Anglo-French loan at maturity and then the news that the British government was already providing for such redemption yet the economy had not improved. Since then we have suggested lower sterling rates because it involved remittances from England, and the French, in turn, necessary to consider how refusal of England to consider a guarantee of France's political safety would have affected the exchange through the feeling which it will have created of insecurity in the French position.

New High for Wheat.

The rise of foreign exchange was not the only important factor in today's markets; politically all the striking movements of last week were resumed and the grain market was up 2 1/2 cents per bushel at Chicago and corn to 70 1/2c, until this week, last Tuesday's 41 1/2c, and last Friday's 42 1/2c, for the crops of 1921, and today's prices represented in each case, enhancement of more than 40 per cent in value from the start.

Similarly, the advance of investment bond prices, notably again in foreign government bonds, was the main factor in the market, and total transfers are expected to continue, resulting in further gains in the largest total of the present year to date.

But the course of prices indicated that a large part of the gains consisted of realizing sales, probably by the professional operators who had been buying grain in the hope of getting back last week's market. The day's net declines ran to 2 and 3 points in the industrial shares which were most largely

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SHE HAS HER ALL GROOMED AND POLISHED—SHE HAS THE EXTERIOR FINISH—BUT A HICK JUST THE SAME—
THE WIDOW IS STILL THE FAVORITE IN THE BETTING BUT THE FAVORITE DOESN'T ALWAYS WIN—



SHE IS NOT EXTRAVAGANT EITHER—
SHE DOESN'T KNOW WHAT IT IS TO SPEND MONEY—A GOOD ROUND, SEMIBLUE, SELF-SACRIFICING SOUL—SHE'S ONE THAT CAN HELP A HUSBAND—THOSE KIND ARE VERY RARE NOW DAYS—AND I CERTAINLY DO ENRY THE MAN THAT GETS HER—HE IS TO BE CONGRATULATED—SHE'S A DIAMOND IN THE ROUGH—AN UNSET JEWEL—
SIDNEY SMITH

Market, Financial and Industrial News of the Day

Chicago Grain

By CHARLES D. MICHAELS,
Omaha Bee Leased Wire.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Grain values moved up early to a new high on the crop for May wheat, all deliveries of corn, July and September oats, and July rye. Heavy and continued profit taking, however, brought about a short decline. The finish was made with 170 cars last year.

Total shipments were 143 cars, as against 125 cars a year ago.

Liverpool closed 2 1/2c higher, influenced by a growing sentiment that there was a world's shortage of wheat. Recent estimate have reduced the Argentine export surplus sharply and reports from that country indicate a large proportion of their available surplus has already been sold.

Chicago May wheat was strong and recorded a new high level in the early session this morning. Reports of snow in the southwest over Sunday held the July in check. New high levels were reached in corn futures. Profits on the advance were tempting and realizing by holders stopped the advance, and May wheat sold off about 2 1/2 c from the top.

The strength in the future market was reflected in a better demand and higher prices in our cash markets. Wheat was readily taken at prices to 2 1/2c, the white and yellow showing the most advance; mixed was inclined to lag. Oats sold to 1 1/4c higher. Rye and barley were generally up.

Outside Markets Irregular.

Outside wheat markets were irregular. Omaha City and Wyoming May both gained \$1 on Chicago. Minneapolis closed 4c under, going to a discount for the early delivery. The crop is good, and per bushel at Chicago and corn to 70 1/2c, until this week, last Tuesday's 41 1/2c, and last Friday's 42 1/2c, for the crops of 1921, and today's prices represented in each case, enhancement of more than 40 per cent in value from the start.

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Omaha Grain

By CHARLES D. MICHAELS,
Omaha Bee Leased Wire.

Omaha, Feb. 27.—The run of receipts was not especially heavy for the two days, amounting to 63 cars of wheat, 102 cars of corn, Total receipts of all kinds of grain were 198 cars, as compared with 170 cars last year.

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Live Stock

By CHARLES D. MICHAELS,
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