

"Jobless" Conference Is Opened

Harding Characterizes Industrial Depression as War Inheritance—Opposes Relief From U. S. Treasury.

Committee Is Appointed

Washington, Sept. 26.—The national unemployment conference completed its first session today with the adoption of its organization committee's report, forming nine sub-committees and calling for reports from them by Wednesday, October 5.

The organization committee of the conference completed early in the afternoon recommendations for the conference program and suggestions for the formation of subcommittees to handle detailed work were presented.

The conference was formally opened by President Harding.

Addressing the half hundred industrial, economic and labor leaders comprising the conference, the president described the present industrial depression as "a war inheritance" throughout the world, "for which as applied to the United States," he added, "we would have little enthusiasm for any proposed relief which seeks either palliation or tonic from the public treasury."

Benefits World Wide.

Belief was expressed by the president that the results of the conference would be felt beyond the borders of the United States and that the delegates in their deliberations would be performing "a service to the world."

The president declared that the open, sure and onerous way "to rid the nation of the war's aftermath of depression involved liquidation, reorganization, readjustment, re-establishment, taking account of things done and sober contemplation of things to be done." Any other way, he added, was only hugging a delusion.

The delegates were told by Mr. Harding that they had not been invited to the conference "to solve the long controverted problems of our social system" and that Secretary Hoover, whom he had designated as chairman of the conference, would lay before them the program of discussions.

Is War Inheritance.

"The industrial depression which we are feeling is a war inheritance throughout the world. We saw humanity stressed in that production which impelled the nations desperate in self preservation."

From such a test there is inevitable reaction. With the world involved there is no escape for any of the world from the valleys of depression. There are more than 200 million of these with whom we were associated, and less than any of those against whom we contended, it was inevitable that we experience the fever's aftermath and come to know depression before we could become normal again.

"Liquidation, re-organization, readjustment, re-establishment, taking account of things done and sober contemplation of things to be done, the finding of firm ground and the open, sure and onward way—all these are a part of the inevitable, and he who thinks they might have been avoided by this plan or that, or this policy or that, or this international relationship or that, only hugs the delusion, when reason is needed for a safe counsel."

Unemployment Always.

"You have been summoned to counsel all America, to apply your knowledge and your experience in relieving a condition which concerns all America," the president further told the conference. "Specifically you are to deal with unemployment, to suggest a way to repairing the arterial circulation which is the very lifeblood of the republic."

"There is always unemployment. Under most favorable conditions I am told there are a million and a half in the United States who are not at work. But there is excessive unemployment and our nation is concerned, not alone about its diminution, but we are frankly anxious, under the involved condition, lest it grow worse, with hardships of the winter season soon to be met. The problem of unemployment is the most difficult with which we are confronted."

"There are no problems affecting our national life and the welfare of the American people which we cannot and will not solve. If we fail today we will try again tomorrow."

Don't Solve Social System.

"It is fair to say that you are not asked to solve the long controverted problems of our social system. We have builded the America of today and the fundamentals of economic, industrial and political life, which made us what we are and the temple requires no remaking now. We are incontestably sound. We are constitutionally strong. We are merely depressed after the fever and we want to know the way to speediest and dependable convalescence. When we know the way everybody in America—capital and labor, employer and employees, captains of industry and the privates in the trenches will go over the top in the advance drive of peace. Frankly, it is difficult to know whether we have reached that bed rock to which reaction runs before the upward course begins, but here are representatives of the forces which make for all our ease or ever can be, and your soundings ought to be reliable."

"I would have little enthusiasm for any proposed relief which seeks palliation or tonic from the public treasury. The excess of stimulation from such a source is to be reckoned as cause of trouble rather than a source of relief."

Transformation



In all his career "Fatty" Arbuckle has never been able to portray the expression of deep gloom more realistically than he does here. This is a photographic conception of Arbuckle behind the bars of the cell in San Francisco.

Osetopaths of State Denied Liquor Permits

Haynes Rules Application Is Not Consistent With Teachings Of Schools.

By E. C. SNYDER
Washington, Sept. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Osetopaths and chiropractors of Nebraska have been informed by the prohibition commissioner that their application for liquor permits is not consistent with the teachings of their schools.

Representative Jeffers, who probably has more osetopaths and chiropractors in his district than in any three other districts of the state, took up the request of the osetopaths with the officers of the prohibition director's office. Director Haynes in a letter to the congressmen refused to make the change suggested.

"As understood by this bureau the osetopathic and chiropractic schools of medicine discourage or condemn the administration of drugs and chemicals for therapeutic purposes. The osetopathic and chiropractic schools of medicine are not in accordance with the anatomical structures for curative purposes. Under the ethics of these schools, therefore, it would appear that drugs and chemicals cannot consistently be administered for therapeutic purposes."

The mere fact that a physician of the osetopathic school is licensed to practice his profession does not necessarily carry with it the right to prescribe or administer drugs for their therapeutic effect. It appears strange therefore, that physicians of these schools should be insistent upon prescribing intoxicating liquors, when practically all other forms of drugs are repudiated, particularly whisky is no longer listed in the United States pharmacopoeia.

Disorder Marks Meeting Of United Mine Workers

Indianapolis, Sept. 26.—Efforts of supporters of Alexander Howat, president of the Kansas miners, to force a vote in the convention of the United Mine Workers of America at President John Lewis' recommendation that Howat be required to order strikers back to work, were blocked today by Vice President Murray, who, as presiding officer, declared he would not permit the convention to be stampeded into making its decision. Disorder among the delegates marked the morning session.

Chicago Cabaret Puts In After Theater Dinner Menu

Chicago, Sept. 26.—One of Chicago's best known cabarets in the days before prohibition, today announced a dinner service after theater parties. A cafeteria service was also announced for other hours. Billed lobster prices were quoted on the theater dinner menu at 50 and 60 cents.

League Will Not Make Blockade Plans Until Used

Assembly Committee Decides Individual Cases Must Apply Rather Than Set of General Rules.

Geneva, Sept. 26.—(By The Associated Press.)—Details of applying the economic blockade against any member violating the covenant of the league of nations cannot be decided before hand, the blockade committee of the assembly reported this morning. It proposed that the council of the league suggest a plan. The committee held that interruption of diplomatic relations should be begun with the withdrawal of heads of diplomatic missions. In the proposed resolution it was provided that certain states, in case of special danger to them, might be released from blockade obligations.

Before the blockade committee resolutions are voted on it is said that an effort will be made to obtain a vote abrogating the rule requiring unanimity, as it is believed an unanimous decision on committee recommendations is impossible.

In addition to resolutions interpreting the covenant of the league the committee proposed an amendment of Article XVI of the covenant which provides for united action against a state violating that agreement.

Majority of Railway Trainmen Favor Strike

Chicago, Sept. 26.—A majority of the 186,000 members of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen have voted to strike rather than accept the recent wage cut ordered by the United States railroad labor board, general chairman of the brotherhood indicated today as they began an official canvass of the ballots. Fifty-seven general chairmen, who arrived during the day, privately reported to Vice President James Murock that their men were "in favor of a strike unless their demands were met. 'Our past experience has been,'" Mr. Murock commented, "that 98 per cent of the men will always vote for a strike."

Columbus Barber Convicted Of Bigamy Is Paroled

Columbus, Neb., Sept. 26.—(Special.)—Charles Ballard, Grand Island barber, convicted of bigamy in the district court was paroled to his attorney, August Wagner. His parole was made conditional upon his continuing to the support of his three children. Mr. Wagner secured the court's permission for his ward to go to South Dakota, where he will go to work, and be near his children.

Insurance Head Dies

Petesky, Mich., Sept. 26.—J. R. Clark of Cincinnati, president of the Union Central Life Insurance company died last night following a stroke of paralysis.

Blackmail Defense Of Arbuckle

Attorney for Prisoner Accuses Sennacher and Mrs. Delmont of Plot to Extort Money From "Fatty."

Grand Jury Will Probe

San Francisco, Sept. 26.—An assertion in court today by Roscoe C. (Fatty) Arbuckle's chief counsel, Frank Dominguez, that he believed blackmail had been contemplated against the film comedian and that this motive figured in the defendant's arrest on a murder charge, was ordered put before the grand jury tonight by District Attorney Matthew A. Brady.

Brady issued subpoenas for Dominguez and his associate counsel, Charles H. Brennan of San Francisco and Milton M. Cohen of Los Angeles, to appear at tonight's grand jury session and repeat their charges.

The action was taken, Brady said, on the request of Alfred Sennacher, who was accused by Dominguez today of having conspired with Mrs. Bambina Delmont, the complaining witness against Arbuckle, "to take torn parts of the clothing of Miss Virginia Rappe to Los Angeles to extort money from the defendant, who is charged with the murder of Miss Rappe."

Refuses to Allow Questions.

Dominguez made his assertion after long questioning of Sennacher regarding his previous testimony in the case. Dominguez declared that previous conduct of Mrs. Delmont in Los Angeles, where he said she made claims against a man named Earl Lynn, lent color to his accusation.

Police Judge Lazarus, before whom the hearing is being held, refused, however, to allow Dominguez to question Sennacher along this line, saying it had no part in the present proceedings.

Sennacher's testimony took up most of the afternoon session. In the morning Dr. Arthur Beardslee, house physician at the Hotel St. Francis, who treated Miss Rappe after the reveal in Arbuckle's suite, out of which the murder charge grew, testified he discovered in a ruptured internal organ after the party and that he advised her removal to a hospital.

Sicks to Diagnosis.

The defense was unable to make him admit that she could have been suffering from anything else.

Replying to a hypothetical question of the prosecution that as described by the prosecution probably would have been caused by an external force, such as a fall or blow, although contortions incident to violent vomiting might have produced that effect.

Evidence of alcoholism were overshadowed by Miss Rappe's testimony from the rupture. Dr. Beardslee said. He testified that Mrs. Delmont, who attended the injured girl, showed no signs of being under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Asked about Mrs. Delmont's condition at the party, Sennacher testified that she was dressed in yellow pajamas and appeared "lit up" or "about half drunk" when he first entered the Arbuckle suite. He denied hearing any screams from the room where Miss Rappe afterward was found in distress.

May Have Misunderstood.

The defense drew from Sennacher the admission that he might have misunderstood Arbuckle's exact language regarding the ice incident, he said Arbuckle had described to him and others, but later told the prosecution that he did not mistake Arbuckle's meaning.

Dominguez questioned him closely about his stay at the Palace hotel the night before the party at the St. Francis. Mrs. Delmont and Miss Rappe also stayed at that hotel. Sennacher testified that he was in his room and that occupied by the two women was unlocked most of the time, but that he entered their apartment only when the trio met in the morning to go to breakfast.

The hearing will be resumed in police court tomorrow morning. Among witnesses yet to be heard are Mrs. Delmont and Zeh Prevost and Alice Blake, two show girls who attended Arbuckle's party.

Cannot Find Farm for Which He Paid \$4,000

Nick Malinovsky, 3429 V street, caused the arrest of Tony Borta, same address, yesterday. Malinovsky said Borta took him to an alleged land agent at the Paxton hotel a week ago. Later he got together \$4,000 which he paid for a farm supposed to be near Scottsbluff. Malinovsky declared he could not find the farm. He had Borta arrested in an effort to locate the alleged land agent.

Girl Riding With Speeder Is Shot By Policeman

Sioux Falls, S. D., Sept. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Miss Martha Skadsen, 22, of Dell Rapids, is in a Sioux Falls hospital with little chance of recovery, as the result of being shot through the lung by a policeman.

The driver of the car in which the girl was riding is alleged to have been speeding in the northern section of the city, and was running without a tail light and did not obey the signal of the officer to stop. Policeman Cook fired at the rear tire. The bullet was deflected and struck the girl in the back, penetrating the lung. Policeman Cook has not been arrested.

"Let Us Keep These and Down the Others"

—Senator Smoot.



Prominent Men Plan to Attend Waterway Meet

Former Governor Harding of Iowa Will Be Present—Nebraska Leaders Say They Will Attend.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 26.—(Special.)—Unusual interest is being shown in the conference called by Governor McKelvie, to meet at the Lincoln Chamber of Commerce at 11 Wednesday morning for a consideration of the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence waterways project.

Charles P. Craig, executive secretary of the Great Lakes-St. Lawrence association, is to report upon the present status of the project and upon a tour of 16 western states which he is just completing. Former Governor Harding of Iowa and Governor Allen of Kansas, will attend.

The project has excited interest among agricultural associations particularly because of the promise it gives of increased prices for farm products, due to lower transportation costs to European and eastern markets. Transportation and export authorities have estimated the saving at from 8 to 12 cents a bushel on wheat alone.

Among prominent Nebraskans who have acknowledged Governor McKelvie's invitation and will attend the meeting are: W. E. Pierson, S. P. Johnson, Oscar A. R. W. Shortliff, Omaha; Frank Myers, Omaha; E. A. Burnett, Lincoln; W. R. Dutton, Nemaha; C. L. Aller, Crete; Rufus M. Geer, Grand Island; H. G. Gould, Lincoln; C. M. Aldrich, Nebraska City; C. E. Jones, Beatrice; Rollin H. George, Lincoln; J. C. Harpam, Lincoln; F. C. Crooker, Filley; F. Montmorency, John L. McCague, E. S. Westbrook, M. L. Corey, J. A. Kuhn, R. C. Howe, C. E. Childre Thomas Coleman, Guy C. Kiddo, H. M. Goulding, W. F. Thichoff, Kearney; R. F. Howard, Lincoln; Charles J. Thompson, West Point; C. E. Barron, College View; A. R. Kinney, Grand Island; E. R. Danielson and board of managers Nebraska State board of agriculture; George S. Austin, Orleans; K. L. Murray, Lincoln; Frank Hammond, Fremont; representatives Holt County Improvement association; J. H. Sweet, Nebraska City; E. J. Miller, Wymore; Frank O. Edgecombe, Geneva; F. L. Carroll, Schuyler; C. M. Hubner, Nebraska City; T. F. Green, Valley; J. S. Miller, Ashland; Gene Huse, Norfolk; Clark Perkins, Beatrice; Thomas E. Adams, Beatrice; George Briggs, Clay Center; O. O. Buel, Harvard; H. H. Smith, York.

Children Killed As Trolley Breaks

Four Electrocuted When Pole Falls From Street Car at Kingston, Mass.

Kingston, Mass., Sept. 26.—Four school children were killed today when a trolley pole came off a car which was carrying them to their homes, broke the feed wire and caused their electrocution when they jumped out of the car. The car was set on fire, but other children escaped serious injury.

Nine other children were held in the car, which was a one-man trolley of the Plymouth & Boston Street Railway company, by the motorman. He caught a fifth youngster as he tried to leap out.

All the children lived in Kingston and were on their way home from school.

The accident occurred late in the afternoon as the car approached a bridge. The trolley pole slipped off the wire and broke the feed line carrying thousands of volts. One end of the wire fell on the roof of the car setting it afire. The other end fell to the bridge, charging the rails.

The children screamed and rushed for the door. The motorman tried to hold them back, but four jumped out. They came in contact with the rails and were electrocuted. The clothes were burned from their bodies.

Telephone Strikers Call on Commission But Get no Reduction

Lincoln, Sept. 26.—(Special.)—Striking patrons of the Monroe Telephone company will stand pat. So will the state railway commission.

Eight of the "strikers" called on the commission today to inform that body they didn't intend to give in to the telephone company.

The commission informed the "strikers" it believes the increase in rates, which caused the strike, was justified and the commission didn't intend to give in either.

The "strikers" went back home.

British Educator Dies

London, Sept. 26.—Prof. Henry Jackson, one of the best known educators in the British Isles, died today at Bournemouth. He was well known as a writer on ancient Greece.

The Weather

Forecast.
Nebraska—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; cooler on Wednesday and in west portion Tuesday.
Iowa—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; warmer in east and south portions Tuesday; cooler Wednesday.
Hourly Temperatures.
5 a. m. 54 1 p. m. 74
7 a. m. 56 3 p. m. 76
9 a. m. 58 5 p. m. 78
11 a. m. 60 7 p. m. 80
12 noon 62 9 p. m. 82
12 noon 64 11 p. m. 84
Highest Sunday.
Cheyenne 72 Rapid City 64
Davenport 72 Salt Lake 66
Des Moines 74 St. Paul 68
North Platte 74 Sheridan 68
Lincoln 76
Nebraska 74
Pueblo 58

Cash To Aid Stockmen Is Assured

Banks Will Form Corporation To Advance \$1,000,000 For Cattle Raising Industry of Nebraska.

Interest Rate 8 Per Cent

Nebraska is to get prompt aid from the War Finance corporation. Bankers, live stock raisers and grain men who met with Eugene Meyer, jr., managing director of the federal agency, in Omaha yesterday, found reassurance in his conservative optimism.

The first result of his visit promises to be relief for the cattle growing country of northwest Nebraska. Representatives of 58 banks in group 6 met with F. W. Thomas, local chairman of the war finance branch yesterday afternoon and voted to form a corporation or association which will bring \$1,000,000 or more into the sand hills section for the benefit of the cattle men. This organization, which will include banks with a total capital and surplus of more than \$2,000,000, is counted on to bring the much needed loans quicker and to offer better security to the war finance board. The money may commence to flow back within 10 days.

Cash In Nick of Time.

"Unless northwest Nebraska gets aid within 60 days," said a banker from Cheyenne county, "everything will shut down. Farmers there are selling off their breeding stock in order to get ready money and pay off some of their obligations. The country would be stripped and the live stock market glutted if this were continued. Government loans have come in the nick of time."

J. M. Flanagan of Stewey, was active in the formation of the live stock loan corporation. With him on the committee which is to draw up articles of incorporation to be presented to the bankers of his district in Omaha tomorrow are: O. J. Schweiger of Chadron, E. C. Cole of Cody, N. J. Uck of Woodlake and C. A. Minnick of Crawford. C. H. Cornell of Valentine is chairman of the general meeting and William Parker of Woodlake, secretary.

"The farmers of the lay belt have been 30 years building up well bred herds, which threatened to be destroyed in the process of deflation," said Mr. Flanagan. "We don't want to see these herds sent to the back-brook fens on the range that may produce beef for the nation and wealth for their owners. It is not a matter of stocking up the range, but of holding on to what is already there. A great deal of immature stock has been sent to the back-brook and unless this is stopped prices might go clean down out of sight."

Will Stabilize Business.

Country banks in Wyoming and Utah already have formed similar live stock loan corporations. The Salt Lake company, with a capital of \$500,000, expects to rediscount paper with the war finance corporation to the value of \$5,000,000. The Nebraska corporation probably will have a capital of \$200,000.

At a dinner in the Fontenelle hotel presided over by O. T. Eastman, president of the Bankers' club, Mr. Meyer made it plain that the object of loans from the War Finance corporation is to stabilize business.

Roy Gardner, Mail Bandit, Writes to Friend in Frisco

San Francisco, Sept. 26.—Roy G. Gardner, the California mail bandit, who escaped from the McNeil island, Washington, federal prison on September 5, has written an account of his escape to George L. North, assistant managing editor of the San Francisco Bulletin, in which he admitted having been shot twice by the prison guards. The wounds, he said, are in the fleshy portion of his right leg, four inches below the hip, and in the left below the knee.

Enclosed in his communication to Mr. North was a letter addressed to President Hoover, in which he appealed for a pardon and an opportunity "to prove to the world that a criminal can reform and be an asset to society and a good husband and father." For two days, Gardner said, he hid in the loft of the prison barn and nursed his wounds. He said he crept back to the barn about midnight on the day of his break from prison.

Gardner wrote that he had escaped to the mainland and since has been in bed recovering from his wounds.

Columbus Church Will Stage Drive for \$30,000

Columbus, Neb., Sept. 26.—(Special.)—Members of the Federated church at a largely-attended meeting voted to put on a campaign to raise the necessary funds to insure completion of their beautiful new church and to finish it free from debt. Already \$55,000 has been expended, and to complete the work in the style desired, it is estimated will require \$30,000. Of this amount C. S. Sheldon volunteered to give \$15,000 if an equal amount is pledged by others.

Mother of Draft Dodger Sues to Recover Property

Philadelphia, Sept. 26.—Mrs. Emma C. Bergdoll, mother of the convicted army draft dodger, Grover C. and Erwin Bergdoll, filed suit in federal court today to have Thomas W. Miller, alien property custodian, return to her certain property seized by him some months ago as belonging to Grover. She contends her son has no interest in any of it.