Big Stride Made In Development Of Electric Power

Manufacturers Build Apparatus to Produce 1,000,000 Volts-Transmission 1,000 Miles Distance Expected.

By HOLLAND.

Some of the gold which recently has come from Europe to the United States was mined within the past year in India and it was possible to take it from the mines because electric energy was conveyed for a lit-tle over 100 miles from a hydraulic plant situated in northwestern India. The mines are in the Mysore district and although they do not rank in production with some of the South African mines, yet their yield is large and contributes greatly to the new supply of gold which England re-

This gold would have been unavailable had not the great water power 100 miles distant been captured chiefly with American apparatus and converted into electric en ergy. Even before Niagara Falls furnished energy converted into electric power which was conveyed to Buffalo, 25 miles distant, these Mysore mines were operated by electric energy conveyed 100 miles from a hydraulic plant. It was perhaps the first demonstration of the ability to carry electric energy for many miles to a point where it could be commercially utilized.

Current Conveyed 150 Miles. Current Conveyed 150 Miles.

Now the Niagara Falls plant is furnishing electric energy which is utilized at Syracuse, about 150 miles away, and by means of it valuable by-products of coke are secured. Dr. Coleman Sellers, who was consulting engineer for the Niagara Falls Power company, was confident that in time the energy that is obtained at Niagara could be conveyed with commercial practicability for 200 miles or more.

The stupendous employment of electric

more.

The stupendous employment of electric energy obtained by the conversion of water power in the mountains of the quarthwest into electric energy whereby the cars of the St. Paul system are now operated between Montana and the Pacific coast, has often been referred to as another proof that electricity obtained through the utilization of water power may be carried many miles to commercial advantage. So also in the south the great water powers in western North Carolina have been sufficiently captured to create electric energy by means of which many cotton mills stretching in a row from North Carolina southerly are now operated.

Recently announcament was made that science which was employed by the General Electric company has produced electricity of 1,000,000 voits. This achievement is in line with others which have been enaltaned by the men of science who have been employed by the corporation. About a quarter of a century ago the company was asked if it could manufacture and deliver an apparatus by means of which an electric current equivalent to 1,000 horsepower could be utilized at the carborundum plant at Niagara Falis. One of the leading manufacturers of electric pharmatus to whom this offer was made repiled that it was impracticable, if not impossible, to manufacture an apparatus by undertake to build one and was successful. The apparatus was then referred to as one of the marvels of commercial electricity, but it was a little thing in comparison with the enormous apparatus of that kind which this company now makes.

Why the company should have instructed the chemical engineers whom it company now makes.

Why the company should have instructed the chemical engineers whom it company now makes.

Why the company should have instructed that chemical engineers whom it employes to produce, if possible, 1,000,000 volfs of electricity, is yet to be explained.

Annarently such stupendous voltage as moderate, 3,200 head, and the general Cattle—Thursday's run of cattle was moderate. 2,200 head, and the general market just about steady at the decline of the fore part of the week. Strictly choice corn fed yearlings are probably stead, with a week ago, sales today being around \$2,00@2,75. Heavy beeves have been hit hard and sales at \$7.75@8,25 today look 50@75c lower than a week ago. Western range steers were steady at the weeks' decline of fully 50c and the same was true in the main or cow stuff and stockers and feeders.

REFER STREEPS Apparently, such stupendous voltage as this would be unavailable for commercial purposes excepths possibly in one of two undertakings of magnitude. Probably its use would entail heavy expense. The exocrts say that by means of so powerful a current it may be possible to transmit this enormous voltage 1,000 miles or more so than an industrial plant operating at Chicago might receive a current which had been transmitted 1,000 miles and make good use of it.

Another Source of Power.

Within a commaratively few years there

miles and make good use of it.

Another Source of Power.

Within a comparatively few years there have been erected lofty skeleton steel towers which carry wires charged with 22,000 electric voits and this apparatus finds its way for many miles across the country in New England, in New York state, in the south and in other districts. The voltage is so great that there are warnings lest any one imperil his life by too near approach. These carry electric energy which is created by the conversion of water power luto electricity. They furnish means whereby great power is transmitted across country for many miles to be used chiefly in industrial plants. So great has been the success of installments of these aerial wires through which electricity generated by water power passes and so considerable is the distance that the electricity can be thus conveyed to commercial advantage, that the probability is strong that in many parts of the country where coal is now burned to generate power, after normal times return water power will be employed for the generation of high voltage electricity to be carried many miles for industrial purposes.

Therefore, the creation of electric energy of 1,000,000 volts, although it is to be regarded as one of the latest triumphs of science, evidently has been accomplished because the able minds in the electrical manufacturing corporation thought that some time in the future, although not at present, there may be profitable employment of so great a voltage as this.

Just as the chemists at their recent contained at the electricity can be thuse the probability is strong that in many parts of the country where coal is now hoursed to generate power. After formal ployed for the generation of hish voits age electricity to be carried many miles. Therefore, the creation of electric energy of 1,085,000 volts, although it is not time of electric energy of 1,085,000 volts, although it is not time of electric energy of 1,085,000 volts, although it is not time in the future, although not at present there may be produced. It is not time in the future, although not at present there may be produced and which are to be of commercial advantage, came the cannot common to fair grass believes, 14,085,000 when the company have produced, by methods not of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 2,000 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 15,000 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 2,100 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 2,100 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 2,100 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 2,100 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 2,100 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 2,100 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 2,100 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of Markets)—Cattle-Receipts, 2,100 head; for sizes steady to strong; also, and of the sizes steady to strong; also, and any of the sizes steady to strong; also, and of t

STEERS AND HEIFERS.

12 mx. 250 4 40 Quotations on cattle—Choice to prim beeven, \$8.75@9.50; good to choice beeven \$8.00@8.75; fair to good beeven, \$1.25@8.00; common to fair grass boeven, \$8.50@

FAT LAMBS.

52 Wyo. 71 7 50 48 Wyo. 70 7 50
322 Ida. 79 7 75 200 Ida. 73 8 25
173 Wyo. 40 6 00 110 Wyo. 58 6 40
FAT WETHERS.

15 Wyo. 113 4 50
Quotations on Share

Sloux City Live Stock.

Sioux City Sept. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 360 head; market, steady to strong; fed steers and Fearlings, \$4.00@1.00; grass steers and Fearlings, \$4.00@1.00; canners, \$1.50@

Chicago Potatoes—Stronger; receipts, \$9 cars; total U. S. shipments, 763 cars; Minnesota Red River Ohios, \$2.55@2.65 cwt.; Wisconsin. white, \$2.56 cars, \$2.50@6.00; feeders, \$3.50@ 5.55; caives, \$2.50@6.00; feeders, \$3.50@ 5.55; caives, \$2.50@5.60.

Hogs—Receipts, 2.000 head; market, 10 grass cover and heifers, \$2.50@5.60.

Loudon Moneys.

London, Sopt. 22.—Bar Silver—41½d

Def Ounce.

Money—24 per cent.

Money-24 per cent. Money-24 per cent; Duluth, Sept. 22.—Linseed—On track Discount Rates—Short bills, 4 per cent. and arrive, \$2.00.

THE GUMPS---IN THE SUNDAY BEE





Market, Financial and Industrial News of the Day

Live Stock Omaha Grain Receipts were: Cattle Hogs Sheep Official Monday... 19,772 3,877 17,769 Official Monday... 19,772 3,877 17,769 Official Wednesday. 7,973 6,494 16,152 fairly active today, especially for the Estimate Thursday. 2,200 5,600 7,000 good milling grades. The market as a whole was a cent or two higher. Same 2 wks. ago.. 2,888 22,085 19,765 111,752 sa year ago... 46,867 13,961 106,121 Receipts and disposition of live stock at the Union stock yards, Omaha, Neb. for 24 hours, ending at 3 p. m., Sept. 22, 19211 RECEIPTS—CARS.

Cattle, Hogs Sheep.

Omaha, Sept. 22.

Omaha, Sept. 22.

The demand for spot wheat was Chicago Tribune-Omaha Bee Leased Wire. Chicago, Sept. 22.—Wheat close was near the top for the day and gains of 1@1 1-4c were registered. Pit traders were committed to the short side and when they attempted ay's samples being carried over. Not enough sales were made yester-day samples being carried over. Not enough sales were made yester-day to make a basis for quotations. Corn finished 1-4@1-2c higher and coats were unchanged. Rye closed unchanged to 1-4c lower, and barley

Mo. Pac. Ry. 5
Union Pac. R. 8. 33
C. & N. W. Ry. east 35
C. & N. W. Ry. east 35
C. & N. W. Ry. west 35
C. St. P. M. & O. Ry. 6
C. H. & Q. Ry. east 1
C. B. & Q. Ry. west 23
C. R. I. & P. east 6
C. R. I. & P. west 1
Illinois Central Ry. 2
C. G. W. Ry. 9

58.1.... 390 6 10 110..... 452 6 70 58.1.... 390 6 10 110..... 452 6 70

FEEDER EWES.

49 Nat. 85 2 15

FAT YEARLINGS AND WETHERS.
62 fed. 111 3 75

WESTERN CATTLE.
NEHRASKA.
23 H-C. 750 5 00 13 fdrs. 833 5 00
3 clvs. 210 4 75 9 clvs. 364 6 50
18 cows 998 4 00 10 fdrs. 850 5 50
12 mix. 950 4 40

Quotations on cattle—Choice to prime

steady. Best fat lambs were quoted up to \$8.50@7.75. Fat ewes were worth up to \$8.50@7.75. Fat ewes were worth up to \$8.50@7.75. Fat ewes were worth up to \$6.00 and feeding lambs ranged from \$6.00 to around \$6.55.

FAT LAMBS.

52 Wyo. 71 750 48 Wyo. 70 755 332 Ida. 79 775 200 Ida. 73 8 25 FEEDER LAMBS.

173 Wyo. 40 6 00 110 Wyo. 58 6 40 110 Wyo. 58 6 40 15 Wyo. 113 4 50 Quotations on Sheep—Fat lambs. Ecodo to choice, \$8.25@8.75; fat lambs, fair to two. \$6.25; feeder lambs, fair to choice, \$8.25@8.75; culi lambs, fair to choice, \$8.25@8.75; culi lambs, fair to choice, \$8.25@8.75; culi lambs, fair to the choice, \$8.25@8.75; culi lambs, fair to spod, \$7.50@8.75; culi lambs, fair to spod, \$7.50@8.75; culi lambs, fair to choice, \$8.25@8.75; culi lambs, fair to spod, \$7.50@8.75; culi lambs, \$7.50@8.75; culi lambs,

St. Joseph Live Stock. . St. Joseph. Mo. Sept. 22.—Hogs—Receipts, 4,000 head; 25@40c lower; top, 48.00; bulk of males, \$8.50@8.00.
Cattle—Receipts, 1,500 head; generally steady; steers, \$2,50@9.50; cows and heifers, \$3.50@9.50; calves, \$4.50@2.00.
Sheep—Receipts, 5,000 head; slow; lambs, \$7.50@8.50; ewes, \$3.00@4.00. Chicago Grain

CHICAGO CLOSING PRICES. By Updike Grain Co., DO 2627, Sept. 22. Art. | Open, | High. | Low. | Close. | Sat.

.51% .52% .51% .52% .52 .52 .52% .51% .52% .52 .52% .56% .56% .56% .56% .56% .35\% .35\% .34\% .35 .37\% .37\% .37\% .37\% .37\% .37\% .37\% .41\% .42 .41\% .41\%

Minneapolls, Minn., Sept. 22.—Flour— Unchanged. Bran—\$14.00@15.00. Wheat—Receipts, 307 cars. compared with 285 cars a year ago. Cash No. 1, northern. \$1.49%; September, \$1.48; De-cember, \$1.29%; May. \$1.38%. Corn—No. 2 yellow. 45@45%c. Oats—No. 3 white, 31%@33%c. Barley—42@55%. Lye—No. 2, 36%@96%c. Flax—No. 1, \$1.99@2.02.

St. Louis Grain.
St. Louis Sept. 22.—Wheat—September, \$1.22½; December, \$1.25%.
Corn—September, \$50 bld; December, 56½ bld.

\$1.21%. Corn—September, 42%c; December, 41%c; May, 48%c. Chicago Produce.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—Butter—Higher; creamery, extras, 42c; standards, 28c; firsts, 23% 641c; seconds, 10@22c.

Eggs—Unchanged; receipts, 8,779 cases, Paultry—Alivo, firm; fowls, 12@25c, springs, 27c. Financial

The New Hork Times.

cars, 454c.

No. 2 yellow 2 cars, 454c.

No. 2 yellow 2 cars, 454c.

No. 2 white, 0.478.

No. 3 white, 0.478.

No. 3 white, 0.478.

No. 3 white, 0.478.

No. 4 car, 114c (chipperse wellow) and the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings of the purchasing side, Offerings were not heavy, though good selling developed on the purchasing side, Offerings of the purchasing side, offering side, purchasing side, offering side, purchasing side, offering side, pu

ing, \$17,50\$\(\frac{1}{2}\)\, 500\$\(\frac{1}{2}\)\, 500\$\(\frac{1}{2}\)\, 500\$\(\frac{1}{2}\)\, 25\(\frac{1}{2}\)\, 500\$\(\frac{1}{2}\)\, 25\(\frac{1}{2}\)\, 25\(\frac{1}2\)\, 25\(\frac{1}2\)\, 25\(\frac{1}

Prairle Hay-Receipts slightly heavier, fair demand for better grades. Prices higher to the basis of 4.13c for centrifugal, while Cubas were unchanged at 3½ c cost, and freight, equal to 4.86c for centrifugal. There was a little more activity noted, the day's business including 1,500 bags of Porto Ricos in port at 4.04c for centrifugal and 50,000 bags later at 4.13c. There also were sales of 11,500 bags of San Domingos about due at 2½ c. i. f., equal to \$4.50 for centrifugal. There were no sales of Cubas. ower,
Alfalfa—Receipts nominal, fair demand,
Prices somewaht lower.
Straw—Light receipts, limited demand.
Upland Prairie Hay—No. 1, \$11.50@
12.50; No. 2, \$9.50@10.50; No. 3, \$7.00@ 12.50; No. 2. \$9.50@10.50; No. 3. \$7.00@ \$60.

Midland Prairie Hay—No. 1, \$10.00@ 11.00; No. 2, \$5.00@9.50; No. 3, \$7.00@ \$6.00.

Lowland Prairie Hay—No. 1, \$8.00@9.00; No. 2, \$7.00@8.00.

Affalfa Hay—Choice, \$17.00@18.00; No. 1, \$15.00@16.00; standard. \$12.00@14.00; No. 2, \$8.00@11.00; No. 3, \$7.00@8.00. Straw—Oat. \$3.00@9.00; wheat, \$7.00@

New York Dry Goods,
New York, Sept. 22.—Dress ginghams and other yarn dyed fabrics were advanced in price about 10 per cent. More business was reported in print cloths and sheetings. Burlap markets were a shade easier, but still on a high level. Haw silk was higher. Dress goods were in demand. Jobbers reported a steady business.

New York Quotations

New York Money.

New York, Sept. 22.—Prime Mercantile
Paper.—5% @6 per cent; exchange, firm.
Sterling.—Demand. \$3.73%; cables,
\$2.73%;
Francs.—Demand, 7.10%c; cables, 7.11c.
Belgian Francs.—Demand, 7.08c; cables,
7.08%c. 108 4c. Guilders—Demand, 31.69c; cables, 31.75c.

Guilders—Demand, 31.69c; cables, 31.75c.
Lire—Demand, 4.14½c; cables, 4.15c.
Marks—Demand, 0.92½c; cables, 0.93c.
Greece—Demand, 5.05c.
Sweden—Demand, 21.75c.
Norway—Demand, 12.56c.
Argentine—Demand, 30.62c.
Brazilian—Demand, 30.62c.
Brazilian—Demand, 13.12c.
Montreal—3½ per cent discount.
Loans—Time, steady; 80 days, 90 days, 5½ per cent; 6 months, 5½ per cent.
Call Money—Firm; high, 5 per cent; low, 5 per cent; ruling rate, 5 per cent; closing bid, 4½ per cent; offered at 5 per cent; last loan, 5 per cent; call loans against acceptances, 4½ 0.4½ per cent.

The following quotations are furnished by Logan & Bryan, Peters Trust building:
Am. Smelt. & Rfg. 5s. 77% © 78½
Am. Tel. Col. 5s, 1946. 88 © 88½
Armour 4½s. 1933. 81¼ © 81½
B. & O. Ref. 5s, 1995. 73 © 73½
Cal. Gas Uni. 5s, 1937. 87½ © 70½
Cal. Gas Uni. 5s, 1937. 87½ © 89½
C. M. St. P. Gen. 4½s, 1932. 64¼ © 65½
C. M. St. P. Gen. 4½s, 1932. 64¼ © 65½
C. R. I. & P. Ref. 4s, 1934. 70 © 70½
D. & R. G. Col. 4a, 1936. 64¼ © 65½
Gt. Nor. 4½s, 1941. 81¼ © 82½
Hi. Central Joint 5s, 1933. 77 © 78
Mo. Pac. Ref. 5s, 1926. 84¼ © 85½
Mo. Pac. Ref. 5s, 1926. 84¼ © 85½
Mo. Pac. Ref. 5s, 1926. 84¼ © 85½
St. L. & S. F. P. L. 4s, 1950. 63 © 63¼
St. L. & S. F. P. L. 4s, 1950. 63 © 63¼
St. L. & S. F. No. 6s, 1950. 58 © 58¼
St. L. & S. F. No. 6s, 1950. 58 © 58¼
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St. L. & S. F. No. 6s, 1950. 58 © 58¼
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St. L. & S. F. No. 6s, 1950. 58 © 58¼
St. L New York General.

New York Sept. 22.—Flour—Easy: spring patents, \$8.00@8.50; apring clears, \$5.75@6.50; sort winter straights, \$6.10@6.50; hard winter straights, \$7.00@7.50.

Wheat—Spot, firm; No. 2 red and No. 2 hard, \$1.26%; No. 1 Manitoba, \$1.42½ and No. 2 mixed durum, \$1.28 c. 1, f. track, New York, to arrive.

Corn—Spot, steady; No. 2 yellow, 70%c; No. 2 white, 71½c and No. 2 mixed, 70c c. I. f. New York, lake and rall.

Outs—Spot steady; No. 2 white, 50c, Hay—Easy; No. 1, \$25.00@27.60; No. 2, \$23.00@25.00; No. 3, \$20.00@22.00; shipping, \$17.50@19.00.

Hops—Easy; state 1921, 38@45c; Pacific coast, 1321, 35@42c; 1919s, 25@39c.

New York Sugar.

New York, Sept. 22.—The market for raw sugar was firmer and prices for uncontrolled sugars were one-eighth cent higher to the basis of 4.13c for centrifugal, while Cubes were and the controlled. sales of Cubas.

Raw sugar futures final quotations 5
to 18 points net higher. October closed
at 2.70c; December, 2.55c; March, 2.47c;
May, 2.53c.

74.228. Quote: B, \$4.45; D, \$4.55; E, P, \$4.60; G, \$4.76; H, \$4.85; I, \$5.65; K, \$5.20; M, \$5.20; N, \$5.55; WG, \$5.40; WW, \$6.50. New York Dried Fruits.

New York, Sept. 22.—Apples—Evapor ated, nominal.

Prunes—Easter.

Apricots—Steady.

Bonds and Notes

The demand for spot wheat was Cheap National Description of the Charles Sp. Charles D. MICHAELS. Cheap This charles are consisted to the Charles Sp. Sp. 2.—Wheat does gains of 1gl 1-de were registered. The control of the Charles Sp. Sp. 2.—Wheat does gains to 1gl 1-de were registered. The control of the Charles Sp. Market D. Sp. 2.—In the Charles Sp. 2.—In the Charles

New York Curb Stocks.

The following quotations are furnished by Logan & Bryan:

Allied Oil 4 © 5

Boston Montana 79 ©
Boston Wyoming 19-16@1 11-16
Cosden Oil 5 © 6
Consolidated Copper 114 © 1%
Elik Basin 5 © 90
Merrit Oil 85 © 90
Merrit Oil 7 © 748
Midwest Refining Co. 130 © 135
Silver King of Arizona. 10 © 20

Liberty Bond Prices.

New York, Sept. 22.—Liberty bonds at noon: 3½s, 88.44; first 4s, 89.20; second 4s, 89.00 bid; first 4½s, 89.42; second 4½s, 89.50; third 4½s, 89.51; Victory 3½s, 99.16; Victory 4½s, 99.14; Liberty bonds closed: 3½s, 88.78; first 4½s, 89.48; second 4½s, 89.38; first 4½s, 89.59; second 4½s, 89.48; third 4½s, 89.38; fourth 4½s, 89.62; Victory 3½s, 99.22; Victory 4½s, 99.24.

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YOU can save \$25 a month. And that's enough to make you financially independent. Peter Perkins tells you how, in his book, "Getting Ahead." He accumulated \$10,582.11 in ten years by investing \$25.00 a month in high grade listed stocks and bonds on a wise and safe

thousands to financial independence. New edition just issued. A limited number will be sent free. Write today for your copy.

KRIEBEL & CO. 137 South La Sallo St., Chicago Lances City Indianapolis Milwantee Bookfer
Betroit Cloveland St. Louis Cincinneti

South Side

New Program of U.S. **Employes Described** By Omaha Delegates

Omah delegates to the fifth annual convention of the National Federa-tion of Federal Employes, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Shamp and John F. Mur-phy, have returned from New Orleans where the convention was in session last week.

"Through this convention the organized employes of the United States government have rounded out a program which renews the federation's allegiance to several fundamen-tal principles," said Mr. Shamp, "We insisted upon modern business methods in the management of the civil service and have shown our purpose of co-operation by creating a committee of experts to work out new and better ways of getting re-

sults in government service.
"We have demanded a square deal by means of a thorough reclassification of the service, with a minimum wage of \$3 a day, in order that the terms of employment by the government shall be based upon merits and efficiency only, with pay on the basis of skill and responsibility to the job and a fair compensation for all. We insist upon working conditions which meet modern standards, by which we mean, among other things, the aboli-tion of the seven-day week and excessive overtime in various branches of the service."

Aggie Students Visit Stock Yards in Omaha

Under direction of H. C. Van Amburgh of the Union Stock Yards company, 50 students of the Iowa State Agricultural college at Ames, Ia., were taken on a tour of the stock yards yesterday. The party was headed by Professors J. C. Cunning-ham, W. F. La Grange, M. D. Hel-ser and F. H. Gulick of the college. At noon the visitors were guests of the live stock interests of South Omaha at a luncheon in the Exchange case. Today the party will be taken on an inspection trip of the packing plants and at noon will be

luncheon. In the afternoon the party will be shown a demonstration of meat cutting in the Armour plant.

guests of Armour company at a

lice. Nothing was taken.

South Omaha Brevities

John C. Barrett, lawyer, moved his of-

THE OMAHA BEE furnishes a complete and prompt

Base Ball

Score Board

for the benefit and convenience of SOUTH SIDE residents on the windows of PHILIP'S

DEPARTMENT STORE 24th and O Streets

The Omaha Bee

Let Us Handle Your **Grain Shipments**

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In the careful handling of all orders for grain and provisions for future delivery.

We Operate

Offices at Omaha, Neb.; Lincoln, Neb.; Hastings, Neb.; Chicago, Ill.; Sioux City, Ia.; Holdrege, Neb.; Geneva, Neb.; Des Moines, la.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Hamburg, Ia.; Kansas City.

Omaha Hay Market.

Turpentine and Rosin.

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 22.—Turpentine— Firm, 70%c; saies, 419 bbls.; receipts, 602 bbls.; shipments, 3 bbls.; stock, 7,583 bbls. Rosin—Firm; saies, 982 casks; receipts, 1,231 casks; shipments, blank; stock, 74,228.

Up-to-date Terminal Elevators in the Omaha and Milwaukee Markets-with the latest facilities for handling your shipments.

Updike Grain Co.

"The Reliable Consignment House." OMAHA, NEBRASKA