

THE WEATHER: Snow Thursday, colder in extreme east portion; Friday fair and not so cold. Hourly temperature: 8 a. m. 30, 9 a. m. 30, 10 a. m. 30, 11 a. m. 30, 12 m. 30, 1 p. m. 30, 2 p. m. 30, 3 p. m. 30, 4 p. m. 30, 5 p. m. 30, 6 p. m. 30, 7 p. m. 30, 8 p. m. 30, 9 p. m. 30, 10 p. m. 30, 11 p. m. 30, 12 noon 30.

MEXICO FILES UNITED STATES

PRINCE OF WALES HAS ANOTHER FIANCEE.

London, Nov. 26.—The periodical rumors about the prince of Wales' engagement are again cropping up. The latest fiancee whom the gossips have selected for him is the Princess Marie of Roumania, second daughter of the king and queen of Roumania. The princess is at a finishing school at Ascot, England, and is a very constant visitor to the royal palace at Windsor.

UNION PACIFIC GIVES UP SEARCH FOR BANDIT.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 26.—Charging that a brother of a peace officer of Wyoming aided the bandit William Carlisle to escape, William M. Jeffers, general manager of the Union Pacific, announced that the road's special agents had been withdrawn from the search for the outlaw.

AMERICANS IN PARIS CELEBRATE THANKSGIVING.

Paris, Nov. 26.—Three hundred Americans celebrated Thanksgiving by dining together at the Hotel Quai d'Orsay, some of their distinguished French friends joining them. Alexandre Millerand, governor of Alsace, had accepted an invitation to represent the French government, but was detained in Strasbourg. Louis Barthou, former premier, who spoke in his stead, expressed warmly France's appreciation of America's intimate friendship. Troopers of the Republican guard, in dress uniform and with drawn sabers, were stationed behind the guest tables. Dr. Ernest H. Lines, president of the American Club of Paris, presided.

AGAIN HE DENIES HE'S DEAD IN FRANCE.

Stockton, Cal., Nov. 26.—The family of James Tulan has again been notified by the War department that he died in France and for the third time Tulan has written the department that there is no truth in the report. Tulan came home some weeks ago, it has become known.

HIP, HIP, HURRAH! ATTABOY, TOM HOLFORD.

Fremont, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—The Rooseveltian doctrine on race suicide was favorably received by Mr. and Mrs. Tom Holford, residing near Malmo, who welcomed their second twins within two years. Their first children were triplets.

YOUTHFUL CARLISLE ARRESTED IN DENVER.

Denver, Nov. 26.—A youthful "Bill" Carlisle of 13 summers was arrested by the police last night after robbing a lodger in a rooming house of \$1.50 at the point of a revolver and attempting to run a pedestrian on the street. "I am Bill Carlisle of Wyoming," he told police Captain F. W. Lee and then admitted his name was Paul Rand. He refused to say where he lived or whether his parents are living. He was sent to the detention home.

WOMAN SHOTS HER DIVORCED HUSBAND.

San Francisco, Nov. 26.—Mrs. Agnes M. Hunter of Los Angeles shot and seriously wounded W. P. Hunter, a wealthy Texas and Sioux City, Ia., oil broker, who she said was her divorced husband. She said he had refused to listen to her appeals to put their son in a military school.

APPLE JUICE BECOMES NATIONAL BEVERAGE.

New York, Nov. 26.—Prohibition has bred a new thirst for cider, and so irresistible that apple juice promises to become the great American drink, according to Dr. Eugene H. Porter, state commissioner of food and markets. But, says Dr. Porter, the supply is small. The present crop of cider apples is about one-third that of former years "and the big dealers are scrambling to get enough to supply their customers."

MERCURY AT ZERO: "EXPECTS" COLD SNAP.

Beatrice, Nov. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—A touch of winter weather prevailed here Wednesday and snow is falling in greater part of the afternoon. The temperature dropped to about zero and prospects are for a cold snap. The coal situation here is, not the best, one dealer reporting that he is entirely out of fuel.

WIDOWER TO MARRY HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW.

Jersey City, N. J., Nov. 26.—"These mother-in-law jokes are pretty poor stuff. I have never been able to see why a man shouldn't be able to get along with his mother-in-law. Anyway, I'm going to marry mine." That's the way Wilbur B. Broer, a Brooklyn rug manufacturer, disposed of the time-honored woe after obtaining a license to marry Mrs. Kate Schorling, mother of his first wife, who died six years ago. Mrs. Schorling has been a widow since 1907 and Broer has lived in her home since the death of his wife.

Brotherhoods Take No Action Looking To Railroad Strike

Cleveland, O., Nov. 26.—No action looking toward a railroad strike by the four railroad brotherhoods was taken Wednesday by the 500 general chairman meeting here to act on Director General of Railroads Hines' offer of time and one-half for slow freight service and no vote was taken on the proposition, although a motion to vote on it was adopted. The conference adjourned in the afternoon and will meet again Thursday morning.

NATIONALIST PARTY CLUB STONED AT JOHANNESBURG.

London, Nov. 26.—The Nationalist Party club at Johannesburg, South Africa, was wrecked last Friday in retaliation of the act of some Nationalists stoning a house veranda on which were a number of women and children, according to advices from Johannesburg today. The attack on the club precipitated what the police feared would develop into an uncontrollable racial riot. The efforts of the police to restore order, however, were reinforced by a timely downpour of rain which caused the crowd to disperse.

WAGE RATE OF GARFIELD IS REJECTED

Offer of 14 Per Cent Increase Openly Declared "Insulting" and Miner President Says It Won't Be Accepted.

OPERATORS BELIEVE MEN'S STAND FINAL

Fuel Administrator Stipulates That There Shall Be No Increase in the Price of Coal Paid by the American Public.

Washington, Nov. 26.—A government plan for settling the soft coal strike, which embodied a 14 per cent wage increase for miners and the stipulation that there should be no increase in the price paid by the public, was laid before miners and operators tonight by Fuel Administrator Garfield.

John L. Lewis, acting president of the United Mine Workers of America, announced that the miners would not accept.

After a three-hour conference, at which representatives of the miners openly declared the new scale was "insulting" and sharply questioned Dr. Garfield, the subscale committee composed of miners and operators met to consider the settlement plan and quickly adjourned. Another meeting will be held tomorrow.

Operators Will Negotiate. The miners' refusal to accept, while not announced to Dr. Garfield, was taken by the operators to be definite. Thomas T. Brewster, chairman of the operators' association, declared the Garfield 14 per cent statement formally eliminated Secretary Wilson's proposal for a 30 per cent increase.

"The operators are ready to negotiate a new wage agreement," Brewster said, "despite Dr. Garfield's statement that the government will not permit an advance in the price of coal."

While the subscale committee will give consideration to the proposition, the full committee representing both sides will remain here to receive any plan of settlement that might be agreed upon.

William Green, secretary of the United Mine Workers, declared tomorrow would see the end of all negotiations. "The operators are opposed to granting any increase and the miners cannot proceed on the figures given by Dr. Garfield," he said.

Alexander Howat, president of the Kansas miners, who announced that "if we are unable to receive a wage here that will guarantee us a decent living 365 days in the year we will go home and fight for a while."

Accepts Wilson's Estimate. In explaining his statement at the joint conference Dr. Garfield said that in computing the wage advance he had accepted Secretary Wilson's estimate of 79 per cent increase in the cost of living since 1913, which was the highest estimate made by anybody.

Dr. Garfield declared that miners today were receiving higher wages without the 14 per cent increase than any other class of workers in the country.

At the opening of the meeting Dr. Garfield read his statement carefully while both sides gave him the closest attention. He declared that it was a proposal, but a statement of fact.

Lewis, jumping to his feet, at the conclusion of the fuel administrator's statement, wanted to know what had become of the proposal by Secretary Wilson.

"The miners came to Washington," Lewis said, "at the request of Secretary Wilson, who is authorized under the law to arbitrate disputes. We understood that he represented the cabinet and indirectly the president himself. Acting in his official capacity Secretary Wilson offered the miners an advance of 31.6 per cent."

"Does the government intend to (Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)"

Discussion of the proposition and the request of the miners and the trainmen for a general wage increase occupied the afternoon session.

Sell Training Station.

New York, Nov. 26.—The Pelham Bay naval training station was sold for \$158,000 to a North Carolina wrecking company.

NEW ORLEANS IS "HITTIN' HER UP," LIQUOR ON SALE

Federal Judge Declares War-time Prohibition Unconstitutional, Then Bars Open.

New Orleans, Nov. 26.—Whisky, beer and wines were sold openly over the counter in New Orleans Wednesday night after Federal Judge Foster had declared wartime prohibition unconstitutional.

Less than an hour after Judge Foster had enjoined federal authorities from interfering with the sale of bonded whiskies in compliance with the petition of the Herman Leiser Liquor company, bartenders were serving liquor in steadily varied assortments. Mixed drinks were unobtainable during the day because of the rush for "straight liquor."

Later, however, it will be possible to obtain practically all of the widely known drinks for many years peculiar to New Orleans. French restaurants served claret with dinners. Judge Foster, in granting the injunction, ruled that the war came to an official end when congress adjourned recently without rejecting the peace treaty with Germany. He maintained that when President Wilson vetoed the Volstead war-time prohibition enforcement bill October 28 the president declared the army and navy forces demobilized.

Judge Foster formerly held that 2.75 per cent beer was non-intoxicating.

Above the enthusiasm of liquor dealers, however, loomed the warning of the United States district attorney and the internal revenue collector that a strict record was being kept of liquor selling and that should the supreme court of the United States declare the wartime prohibition act constitutional, prosecutions would be instituted.

Cannot Profit. District Attorney Mooney, upon learning of reports that saloon keepers had agreed to make a flat charge of 50 cents per drink for whisky, announced that should they combine to charge high prices for drinks they would be prosecuted for profiteering.

Whisky sold in most places at 25 cents a drink, about half the size formerly sold. Higher grade whiskies served in old style glasses sold from 35 to 50 cents. Bottled whisky, bonded, was to be had at an average of \$6 a quart. Wines were procurable at an average of about 25 cents over former prices.

All of the downtown saloons crowds remained until closing time. Stocks sufficient to last until January 16, should the supreme court rule that wartime prohibition was unconstitutional, were reported by wholesalers. Practically none of the liquor in warehouses here was exported.

Brewers had not yet decided whether their stocks of beer containing a higher percentage of alcohol than one-half of one per cent could be increased by resumption of the manufacture of former content.

PERSHING IS DUE TO VISIT OMAHA AFTER CHRISTMAS

Itinerary of Yank Commander's Tour of Cantonments and Posts Made Public.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The itinerary of General Pershing's inspection tour of cantonments and posts, issued here, shows the trip will cover completely the manufacturing and training machinery erected during the months of war in support of the American expeditionary force.

More than 100 camps, aviation fields and ammunition plants will be visited in order that General Pershing may be able to recommend to Secretary Baker a comprehensive plan for maintaining adequate facilities to back up military establishments.

Leaving Washington on the night of December 3, General Pershing and his official suit will visit Camp Lee, Va., as the initial stop and thence through the southeastern department, arriving at its headquarters, Charleston, S. C., on December 7. Plants and stations in the central department are next in line.

The holidays will be spent by General Pershing with his son and his sisters at Lincoln, Neb., a new start being made west about January 5.

Officers of Pershing's staff estimated (Continued on Page Two, Column Seven.)

Ratification Delay Will Not Keep U. S. Envoy In Paris

Paris, Nov. 26.—Any delay which may eventually be found necessary in the exchange of ratifications required to put the German peace treaty into effect will not change the plans of the American peace delegation, it was learned today.

Secretary of State Polk and other delegates will leave Paris on the evening of December 5.

Wants I. W. W. Deported.

Tacoma, Wash., Nov. 26.—County Prosecutor W. D. Asken referred to Henry M. White, United States immigration commissioner at Seattle, demanding the immediate deportation of 40 of the 66 alleged I. W. W. in jail here charged with violations of the state syndicalism law.

SAY ARREST IS EXPECTED FOR MURDER

Police Told of Deserted Woman Whom Man Threatened to Kill When She Begged to Be Taken Back.

IS NOW RECOGNIZED AS MISS ALICE MASSETTE

Two Omaha Young Women Say Body Is That of Colfax, Ia., Woman—Will Be Placed In Receiving Vault Today.

Before the Douglas county coroner's jury in the case of the woman found dead in a Washington county ravine, Dr. Samuel McCleneghan, county physician, testified yesterday that she had eaten a meal of chicken and vegetables less than an hour before she was killed.

This is regarded as valuable evidence, as it is thought now that some one may remember the woman having eaten such a dinner at some restaurant or farm house.

May Be Miss Massette. The last identification was made shortly after noon yesterday by the Misses Florence Rathke, 218 North Twenty-seventh street, and Ethel Fletcher, 917 1/2 South Thirtieth street, who said the body was that of Alice Massette of Colfax, Ia.

Both the young women profess to having been chums of Miss Massette, who they say has been missing for several days. They told Detectives Trolay and Bolan, who have been working on the case, descriptions of the hat, coat and shoes which the murdered woman wore, but which were missing when the body was found.

Police Seek Relatives. Relatives of Miss Massette are being sought by the authorities. The young women were taken to Gentlemen's undertaking parlors to view the body and positively identified the features, scars and general build of the body as that of their chum, police say.

Further information gained by the detectives concerning the murder was learned yesterday afternoon in that the alleged murderer of the woman disappeared immediately upon reading in the Friday afternoon papers of the finding of the body.

Expect to Make Arrest. Police expect to make an arrest "in the case soon." The murderer of the woman is claimed to be a man with whom she had been living as his common-law wife, but whom he had deserted, say police.

The motive for the murder was to get the woman out of the way, after the Kent kidnapping attempt to take her back, claim the authorities. The chums of the Massette woman told detectives they had heard several times that this man was going to kill her chum if she didn't leave him alone. She told them of threats at various times which he made to her, they say.

Wright Identification a Mistake. D. Ray Wright, Burlington railroad telegraph operator at Cody, Neb., held positive belief Tuesday night that the body of the murdered girl was that of his wife until he met her face to face at 11 yesterday morning in her home on the outskirts of Council Bluffs through the efforts of Reid Zimmerman.

At least 10 other partial identifications of the body were also disproved by investigations conducted by the police.

The last possible clue to the solution of the mystery, according to Chief of Detectives Dunn, would be in the finding of the hat, coat and (Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

Woman Who Stole Furs at Omaha Stores Released on Parole

Mrs. Bertha Kingsley yesterday pleaded guilty to a charge of grand larceny and was paroled to the adult probation officer by District Judge Redick.

Mrs. Kingsley, who is the daughter of a college professor in Providence, R. I., was arrested October 27 for the theft of a number of valuable furs from G. N. Aulabaugh's, Brandeis, Hayden Bros. and other stores. The furs, with the price tags still on them, were found in her home.

She and her daughter and son were driving across the continent in an automobile. Mrs. Kingsley has been in jail since her arrest. Her daughter, who was also implicated in the thefts, is in the hands of the juvenile authorities.

Viscount Astor Cannot Give Up Father's Title

London, Nov. 26.—A bill introduced in the House of Commons under which Viscount Astor would have been able to give up his title, inherited from his father, the late Viscount (William Waldorf) Astor, was defeated by a vote of 169 to 56.



LETTERS SHOW HOWE LEANED TOWARD REDS

Too Sympathetic in Cases Where Deportation Ordered, Investigators Learn.

New York, Nov. 26.—Letters showing a sympathetic attitude on the part of Frederic O. Howe, formerly commissioner of immigration at Ellis Island, toward radicals who had been ordered deported were read today at an inquiry by the house immigration committee.

They were produced after testimony by Byron H. Uhl, now acting commissioner at the island, that conditions under Howe's regime tended to make the island a "forum of bolshevism, a bawdy house and a gambling house."

The correspondence, taken by the committee from files at the island, included letters written by Howe to George Andreytchine, a radical whose deportation order was canceled; Elizabeth G. Flynn and Louis F. Post, assistant secretary of labor; one received by him from Emma Goldman and one from Dante Barton, vice chairman of the committee on industrial relations to Miss Helen Marot in care of "The Masses," a radical New York publication.

Allowed to Go to Spain

Miss Goldman urged Howe not to send "no sure death" in France Joseph Goldberg, a white slaver and a friend of defendants in Los Angeles dynamiting cases. Official records read by the committee showed Goldberg had been allowed to go to Spain at his own expense after being ordered deported.

Andreytchine, an I. W. W. rioter, wrote Howe upon cancellation of an order of deportation: "I have no words to thank you for your appreciation and support. Yours as ever for the emancipation of mankind."

Howe wrote to Louis F. Post, assistant secretary of labor, in regard to the Andreytchine case: "The young man is a clean, wholesome, nice young fellow and Mrs. J. S. Cram has telephoned me several times about him."

While the committee was conducting its inquiry into the former administration a hunger strike and a "silence" strike by more than three-score radicals at the island continued.

Miners Vote to Return To Work After Troops Arrest 52 of Them

Sheridan, Wyo., Nov. 26.—Carneyville coal miners have voted to return to work Friday morning after federal troops had arrested 52 of their number and ordered union officials to call a meeting to vote on ending the strike.

Acting under the proclamation of Brig. Gen. D. A. Poore at Fort D. A. Russell, issued November 1, placing the state under military control, troops of the Fifteenth cavalry descended upon Carneyville under the command of Maj. Warren Dean.

With drawn bayonets the troops surrounded a pool hall where many miners had congregated. The miners were ordered not to leave. The soldiers made a house to house canvass ordering every male to report at the pool hall. From a list of 72 names, and examination of the men, 52 of the names were selected and ordered sent to Fort Mackensie.

Major Dean then called a meeting of the miners' union, at which officials of the union presided. Major Dean explained to them that their strike, begun Monday, was in violation of the Indianapolis injunction and asked the men to vote on ending the strike. The vote was unanimous to end the strike Friday morning.

Australian Chaplain Held For Traitorous Speeches

London, Nov. 26.—Father O'Donnell, the Australian chaplain who was arrested on August 18, charged with the use of traitorous and disloyal language, pleaded not guilty when arraigned before a court-martial here today.

Premier Hughes of Australia, recently appealed by cable to Lord Milner, secretary of state for the colonies, asking for Father O'Donnell's release and saying that the clergyman, who was a chaplain with Australian troops during the war, "had proved himself a patriot."

Want Union With Swiss.

Paris, Nov. 26.—Union with Switzerland was the main topic discussed at the opening session of the Vorarlberg Landtag Tuesday, according to a report from Bregenz, the capital. The governor, stated that 90 per cent of the population had pronounced in favor of a union and said that lists of signatures in circulation in Switzerland for the same object were growing larger.

ANGELES FACES FIRING SQUAD IN TRANQUIL MIEN

Mexican Revolutionary Executed, Following Court-Martial.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 26.—Gen. Felipe Angeles, Mexican revolutionary leader and enemy of the Carranza government, declared a patriot by his followers and friends, was executed as a traitor to the Mexican government by a firing squad at Chihuahua City, Mexico, at 6:35 a. m. today. However, he had never recognized the present government as rightfully representing Mexico.

The specific charge against Angeles was rebellion. He was found guilty by a court-martial at Chihuahua City at 10:45 o'clock last night after a session that had lasted almost continually, night and day, for approximately 39 hours.

General Angeles was executed in the prison barracks. He himself chose the north wall to stand against to be killed and arranged details of his execution with Carranza officers and men detailed to the task.

Fire One Volley.

Opposite the revolutionary stood five soldiers with rifles ready. They fired one volley into the breast of Angeles.

Angeles fell forward. He then was lying on the floor of the barracks. The left side of his face was on the floor.

An officer stepped up to the already dead man and delivered the "coup de grace." This was a shot from the pistol of the Carranza officer.

Democratic Chairman Harshly Arraigns Congress

Washington, Nov. 26.—Homer S. Cummings, chairman of the democratic national committee, in a statement arraigned congress for its failure to enact the extraordinary session the reconstruction program outlined by republican leaders.

Mr. Cummings said the house had "frittered" its time away in "futile investigations of war activities" and that the record in the senate was even "more discreditable" as it had occupied six months in "sterile" debate without being able to say "yes" or "no" to the peace treaty.

JENKINS IS TO REMAIN A PRISONER

Washington's Demand That Consul General Be Immediately Released From Incarceration Is Refused.

OUTSIDE JURISDICTION OF LAW, NOTE ASSERTS

Executive Department at Mexico City Says American's Imprisonment Neither Unjustified Nor Arbitrary.

Mexico City, Nov. 26.—Declaring there is "no legal foundation, nor principle of international law" upon which the United States bases its demand for the immediate release of William O. Jenkins, United States consular agent at Puebla, the Mexican government, through Hilario Medina, under-secretary of foreign relations, tonight stated it was impossible to accede.

It is asserted that the executive department cannot, under Mexican law, intervene at this moment in an affair which is strictly in the hands of state courts. It is declared the imprisonment of Mr. Jenkins was neither unjustified nor arbitrary and that Mr. Jenkins is preventing his own freedom by refusing to give bail, for which reason, it is said, he cannot be considered a victim of mistreatment.

Text of Reply. El Paso, Nov. 23.—The text of the reply of the Mexican government to the note of the United States asking the immediate release of William O. Jenkins, American consular agent at Puebla, Mexico, was received tonight by Andres G. Garcia, consul general at El Paso.

The partial text of the note follows: Mexico City, Nov. 26, 1919. Mr. George L. Sumnerlin, acting charge of affairs for the United States of America.

Sir: You will no doubt realize that the fact that no legal foundation, principle or precedent of international right, or even of reason, is invoked in the demand for the immediate liberation of Mr. Jenkins, who, as you know, is at present under the jurisdiction of a judge of the city of Puebla.

The Mexican government cannot see what the foundation for such a demand might be. It believes that it can be only the power of the country that makes it.

Imperfect Understanding. The terms of a note which I am answering are attributed to my government to an imperfect understanding of our penal laws. The imprisonment is neither unjust nor arbitrary as your note states, since Mr. Jenkins himself has signed contradictory statements regarding the kidnapping of which he was a victim.

The judge has had ample foundation to suppose that he was guilty of the crime of falsifying judicial declarations and this has caused his imprisonment.

Nevertheless this imprisonment does not of itself signify that Mr. Jenkins is guilty, because such a fact can only be established by a definitive judgment.

Passenger in Tourist Car Shot by Another Without Provocation

E. L. Marquis, 630 South Thirty-first street, Omaha, was seriously wounded at 10 last night, when an Italian shot him twice while he was seated in a chair of Union Pacific train No. 6, in Fremont, Neb., yards.

The police know of no reason for the Italian's attack. Four shots were fired. Marquis was "minding his own business," according to other passengers, when the Italian entered the car with two companions. No words were exchanged. The Italian opened fire without warning. He and his two chums were arrested and are held in jail at Fremont. Marquis was taken to a Fremont hospital.

Ask Relief for Germans

Be Made Through Quakers. New York, Nov. 26.—Americans of German blood who wish to contribute to charitable and relief organizations in Germany were asked in a statement by Herbert Hoover to make their contributions solely through the Quakers. Mr. Hoover said he considered that appeals for aid for distressed Germans were undesirable in this country and that to prevent such campaigns having a political import he had asked the Quakers to take charge of this section of European relief work.

Cashier Arrested.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 26.—B. J. Keys, cashier of the First National bank of Worland, Wyo., was arrested today on a charge of embezzlement of the bank's funds. Officers reported Keys had made a complete confession.