

CONGRESS READY TO START IN ON GRAVE MATTERS

Man Power Bill, War Tax Measure and National Prohibition to Come Up for Consideration.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Enactment of the man power bill extending army draft ages to 18 and 45 years; launching of the \$8,000,000,000 war tax measure in the house and action on national prohibition during the war, are the tasks before congress this week.

The draft bill will be transferred tomorrow to the senate and reported by the senate military committee with its "work or fight" and other minor amendments and substituted for the measure which has been under debate there. Passage by the senate tomorrow or Tuesday, quick agreement in conference and transmission to President Wilson before the week-end is the course planned.

To Push Revenue Bill.

The revenue bill is to be completed tomorrow by the house committee, introduced in the house Thursday and called up the next Monday. Its passage in the house by September 15 is expected.

Chairman Simmons of the senate committee plans a meeting late this week to set a date to begin hearings on the house draft of the measure. Ten days of senate committee hearings are planned and passage of the bill by the senate early in November is hoped for.

The war time prohibition bill, under a senate agreement, comes up tomorrow, but leaders have agreed to lay it aside until after disposal of the man power bill. Negotiations are on between "wet" and "dry" leaders of the senate toward a compromise. As pending, the bill proposes virtually "bone dry" prohibition for the country, beginning January, next. Efforts are being made to secure a respite of several months for the liquor traffic.

Urge Vote on Suffrage.

Contests are expected in the senate on the amendments to the man power bill affecting youths under 21, and the "work or fight" proposal. Defeat of all amendments designed to raise the minimum age of 18 or to defer service of those under 21, is predicted. Leaders say that the "work or fight" amendment will be retained and sent to conference.

Agitation for an immediate vote on the woman suffrage resolution is expected, in view of the demand voiced by the republican senators' conference yesterday for its early disposal. A meeting of the senate mines committee is scheduled for tomorrow to report out the substitute for the house mineral control bill. The substitute would authorize the president to form a minerals purchasing corporation with a revolving fund of \$200,000,000, to stimulate production of minerals which are scarce and needed for the war.

Chairman Sims of the interstate commerce committee, has served notice in the house that he will make no attempt to bring up his general water power bill until Tuesday.

FOE SWEEP BACK IN NORTH TO OLD HINDENBURG LINE

(Continued From Page One.)

Last night and today that it is impossible to be certain where the front lines will be located from one hour to the next.

The Germans exhibit signs of cracking at some places, but are offering desperate resistance. Many more guns, some of large caliber, have been taken. One British corps alone has counted 80 guns.

There is evidence of confusion in the enemy rear. Units of the same divisions hurled into the battle have been taken at points separated by many miles. Quantities of material are falling into British hands because the boche has not troubled to apply the torch or explosives.

Pozieres Captured.

Pozieres, to the north of Albert, fell this morning. British patrols were seen entering Martinpuich, where apparently the boche made good his escape.

High wood, a strong position near Longueval (northwest of Combles) is reported captured, while Eaucourt L'Abbaye, Contalmaison and Courcellette have been occupied by the British.

Sapignies is completely in British hands after hard fighting. At last reports a local battle within the big battle was being fought at Mory and its environs, where the lines run through the town.

St. Leger was captured and left far behind. After having once been reported in Croisilles, the British withdrew to the outskirts. The Germans counter attacked heavily and the British retired to the edge of the town and poured shells into the place, while pressing forward on the sides.

This practice of withdrawing from any place where heavy counter attacks are being delivered, then shell the area and driving past to the north and south, eventually getting into a position somewhere near the rear, has given wonderful results, not only in saving British troops, but in netting large numbers of prisoners or killing Germans.

Armored Cruiser in Front.

At Neuville-Vitasse and almost up to the Scarpe the line, at last reports received at headquarters, ran through the outskirts of the villages and severe fighting was in progress there.

The Bapaume-Peronne road was attacked by British armored cruisers, which, during the last 24 hours, have been performing wonderful service, scouting far ahead of the infantry. Some of them have dashed through the country, overtaking retreating enemy transport columns and inflicting terrible damage upon them and bodies of troops with their machine guns.

Co-operating with the armored cars, the tanks, again have been in action, some rolling into towns in

Yankee Soldiers Aboard Transport at Sea Watching Battle With U-Boat



WATCHING U-BOAT BATTLE © CORP. PUBLIC INFORMATION

advance of the infantry, sweeping over debris and finishing off enemy strong points in the face of a perfect deluge of fire.

Germs Dread Tanks.

Many tanks returned to their line with all their paint shot off their steel sides by machine gun bullets. At some points the Germans approached the tanks as soon as they saw them, with hands high above their heads, fearfully shouting "kamerad."

When Thiepval ridge fell into British hands yesterday, troops pressed forward at both sides and large numbers of Germans were pinched. They promptly threw aside their helmets and other equipment and, without even guards walked toward the British rear. In the neighborhood of Thiepval, a British detachment during the early part of the advance managed to reach Pys, but found itself surrounded on all sides by the enemy.

An airplane saw the detachment's plight and dropped a message "Stick it," and soon after heavy British formations attacked at this point and drove off the Germans, relieving their hard pressed comrades.

Since then Pys has been left well behind. Pozieres, southeast of Thiepval, fell this morning and later Martinpuich was occupied, as well as Martinpuich. There was no sign of the boche around Martinpuich, although just to the south bitter fighting continued.

Forty-two Divisions Suffer.

British Front in France, Aug. 25.—(Havas Agency).—Forty-two German divisions have suffered considerable losses in the present drive, losing 40,000 soldiers, including several hundred officers, in prisoners alone.

Shell Craters Give Trouble.

Everywhere the boche is taking advantage of shell craters, and these ready-made strong points have in many cases caused considerable trouble before being silenced. The craters west of La Boisselle were especially troublesome. A large one there, after holding out for several hours, fell during the night, while other smaller holes were silenced at daybreak.

The worst of this shell crater country now is being passed at many points, however, and there is a prospect that the ground may be more favorable to the British.

It seems certain that the Germans have brought up fresh troops but it is believed they are still some distance from the rear. It is problematical whether the German high command intends to throw them into battle now or to use them to hold the line to which the enemy is now being driven.

Among the prisoners taken in today's and last night's fight, which progressed under a brilliant moon, are many Saxons. The officers among these, as soon as they got to their cages, stripped themselves and asked for water with which to bathe.

Alsations Embrace Captors.

The Alsations also appeared in the prisoners' cages. Happier men than these it would be hard to find anywhere. They fell on their captors, embraced them and spoke in French of being "liberated." They pulled pictures of their fathers, dressed in the French uniform of 1870, from hidden pockets and exhibited them proudly. They said that all the Alsations had been placed in German regiments.

"It goes hard with us if we are caught deserting," said one youth. "If it is ever found out that anybody deserts his family is punished, and even his female relatives are sent to dig in the front line and other trenches."

One of the prisoners said he was carrying food in an advanced post when the British advanced. He cried "we surrender," and he and the men in the post gave themselves up. Prisoners taken when Miraumont fell, after a brave resistance by its garrison, said they had been fighting for three days without food.

The high ground east and north-west of Bray has been captured and the Australians here are pushing forward. One force is now nearing Longueval, and more Germans may be penned in. High wood, a strong position in this general locality which was lined with machine guns, has been reported captured, probably by a flanking movement and a large number of machine guns have fallen into British hands here, as well as many at other places. Many thousands of machine guns have been taken away from the Germans during the past two days.

Pastor Russell's Temple To Be Made War Plant

New York, Aug. 25.—The Russellite temple in Brooklyn, used as headquarters by the followers of the late Pastor Russell before the cult attracted the attention of the federal authorities and eight of its leaders were sent to the penitentiary for conspiracy to defeat the draft law, has been sold to a firm which will use it for the manufacture of war munitions, it was learned here tonight, Walter E. Spill, acting president of the organization, announced new headquarters would be opened in Atlantic.

PATRIOTISM IS PREDOMINANT AT FALL CARNIVAL

Allied War Exhibit, Patriotic Pageants and Military Parades Will Feature Ak-Sar-Ben.

Patriotism will play a larger part than ever in Ak-Sar-Ben festivities this year. The big Allied War exhibit, which has been presented in San Francisco and Los Angeles, will be shown at the Auditorium the week of September 30 and will be the leading attraction. Patriotic pageants and floats will predominate throughout the electrical parade on the evening of Wednesday, October 2. If the present number of troops is maintained at Fort Omaha and Fort Crook, a military parade will be held on the afternoon of Thursday, October 3.

Gus Renze, official Ak-Sar-Ben officer, is now working on a large number of floats for the electrical parade. The promise is that this year's night parade will excel all previous efforts in this line. Brilliant light effects and a large number of floats will make the parade more dazzling than ever.

Over 400 soldiers from Fort Crook will be special guests of honor at the den show Monday evening. "Dad" Weaver, J. E. Davidson and Robert Manley made a trip to Fort Crook Thursday and through the co-operation of Major Hamilton, two-thirds of the soldiers at the suburban post will be granted furloughs for the evening.

Soldiers Like Show.

Another special contingent of men from the balloon school at Fort Omaha will also be on hand Monday evening. The show has made a big hit with the men in khaki this season and the crowd from Fort Omaha is always the most enthusiastic part of the audience.

Only one more show will be given after next Monday night's performance. That will be on Monday evening, September 9, when the out-of-town visitors to Merchants Market week will be taken to the den, under the direction of Joe Kelley of the M. E. Smith company. No show will be given the evening of Labor day, September 2, because of the other attractions in the city that day.

A crowd from Lincoln will also be guests next Monday evening. Because so large a number of the younger business men from Lincoln have gone to war and because so many of the older men are busy with war activities of various sorts, the delegation from Lincoln will not be so large this year as previously, but W. S. Whitten, secretary of the Lincoln Commercial club, has informed "Dad" Weaver that he will nevertheless have a large number of visitors from the capital city.

The board of governors will entertain several officers from Fort Crook at the regular meeting of Monday evening.

Contracts for building the entrance arch, fences and other carnival construction work have been let again to Lee McGree, for the last 20 years official Ak-Sar-Ben carnival carpenter.

Permit has been granted by the city commission to close Capitol avenue from Twelfth to Fifteenth streets, Fourteenth street from Dodge to Davenport streets and Thirteenth street during the Ak-Sar-Ben festival period, from September 25 to October 5. The street car company will reroute its cars as usual.

Knights Take Tobacco To Troops in Front Line

New York, Aug. 25.—With the advance of the allies, the Knights of Columbus have put into operation a motor delivery service between ports of embarkation and the front line in France and this service will be expanded as rapidly as possible, according to announcement made here tonight after conference between the Knights Overseas commissioners and a commission on war activities.

Jap Mariner Kills Himself After Losing Ship on Reef

A Cuban Port, Aug. 25.—A United Fruit company steamer arriving here has brought 61 survivors of the crew of the Japanese steamer Kaakamu Maru, picked up off the coast of Nicaragua August 20. The men were rescued from their small boats, which were towed by a gasoline launch manned by the lost ship's captain. The crew took to the boats when their steamer struck a coral reef.

As soon as his crew were aboard the liner the Japanese captain, it is believed he committed suicide as he failed to respond to repeated calls from the officers of the liner to save himself.

Spain and United States Negotiate Commercial Loan

Madrid, Aug. 25.—El Liberal, today announced that negotiations were proceeding for a commercial loan between Spain and the United States. "Spain," the newspaper says, "is opening a credit of 300,000,000 or 500,000,000 pesetas, the United States giving as a guarantee the signatures of American firms exporting cotton to Spain. With this credit the United States will be able to obtain in Spain some of the products necessary for its army in France, without the necessity of changing dollars into pesetas and this avoiding the reduction in exchange.

Ambassador Willard and other American officials have had several interviews with the members of the Spanish government and it is believed that the basis of an agreement has been reached. The interest payable on the loan has been the subject of discussion, the United States offering to pay 3 per cent. America objects to pay the balance remaining of the loan in Mexican gold on the day of liquidation."

The Weather

Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding period of the past three years:

	1918.	1917.	1916.	1915.
Highest yesterday	74	84	84	76
Lowest yesterday	71	67	68	64
Mean temperature	72	70	74	64
Precipitation	.00	T	T	.60
Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal at Omaha since March 1 and compared with the past two years:				
Normal temperature	73			
Excess for the day	1			
Total excess since March 1, 1917	766			
Normal precipitation	.12			
Deficiency for the day	-.12			
Total rainfall since March, 1916	18.45			
Deficiency since March 1, 1916	19.80			
Deficiency for cor. period 1917	1.72			
Deficiency for cor. period 1916	9.31			

T indicates traces of precipitation. L. A. WELSH, Meteorologist.

Scene of Some of the Heaviest Fighting of War



ANCRE—SCENE OF HEAVY FIGHTING

When Marshal Haig opened his present drive on the western front, the fighting near the River Ancre was probably the most desperate of the war. The Germans had strongly fortified their positions there, and it was only the indomitable fighting spirit of the British "Tommys" that broke the enemy line. The breaking of the enemy line on the Ancre resulted in the present retirement of the Huns. The photo shows a section of the Ancre over which the allies are chasing the fleeing enemy.

GERMANY LOSES SPIRIT SHOWN IN EARLY STAGES

(Continued From Page One.)

ern France and even negotiate the Alsace-Lorraine question.

Treaty a Mistake.

They are generally unanimous in agreeing that annexations thus far made and the Brest-Litovsk peace treaty were a great mistake, but think they cannot withdraw from Russia in the present condition of affairs there.

They are aware that the American army now has assumed very formidable proportions and there is a general admission of the seriousness of this factor.

The submarine campaign they cannot refer to without gestures of impatience.

Air Service Inefficient.

Captured noncommissioned officers attribute recent German defeats to the inefficiency of their air service and more especially to the inexperience and lack of stamina of the latest recruits who are most inadequately drilled and trained and who are physically incapable of sustaining the heavy strain of defensive warfare. The mere presence of these new recruits, they say, produces in a company a demoralizing effect upon the older men because it indicates to what straits Germany must be reduced to employ such poor material.

U. S. Navy Men Interned in Constantinople Well Treated

Washington, Aug. 25.—Officers and enlisted men of the United States ship Scorpion, interned at Constantinople by the Turkish government since April 11, 1917, are being accorded excellent treatment and all are in good health, the Navy department announced tonight upon receipt of a report through the Swedish legation at Constantinople.

Want Herd Law of State Of Wyoming Repealed

Cheyenne, Wyo., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—The resistless tide of western settlement threatens to soon mark the passing of Wyoming as one of the great open range states of the union. A lengthy petition, signed by settlers in various sections of the state, has been presented to the National Defense league, praying for the protection of crops from wandering range cattle and demanding the repeal of the Wyoming herd law.

AIM OF ALLIES IS TO DRIVE HUNS OUT OF RUSSIA

Statement of Lenine and Trotsky Flatly Contradicted by Allied Governments of Northern Region.

By Associated Press.

Archangel, Aug. 22.—An official announcement issued today by the allied governments in the northern region of Russia denied the statement recently made by Lenine and Trotsky that Great Britain, France and the United States were enemies of Russia. The allied military action, the announcement added, was aimed at the expulsion of the Germans from Russian territory and the suppression by force of arms of the Brest-Litovsk treaty. The statement follows:

"Lenine and Trotsky declare that the British, French and Americans who disembarked at Archangel are brigands and they call upon the Russian proletariat to fight against them as enemies of Russia who attacked her without a declaration of war.

Are Allies of Russia.

"We declare to all Russian citizens for whom the welfare of Russia is dear, that this is not true. The British, French and Americans at Archangel are the allies of Russia. They were invited to make a landing here by the legitimate government and with the complete and unanimous agreement on the part of the population.

The government of the northern region is composed of members of the constituent assembly which was elected by the whole people of the northern border, which comprises also representatives of the Zemstvos and municipalities elected by universal suffrage.

Aimed at German Expulsion.

"This government had been formed and was overthrown by the illegitimate bolshevik government before the descent of the allies. It was formed on the initiative of the league for the regeneration of Russia, which reunites representatives of all political parties, recognizing the constituent assembly as the only rightful Russian government.

"The allies then were called to Russia by the only legitimate and representative authority for the purpose of military action in common, aiming at the expulsion of the Germans and the complete suppression by force of arms of the Brest-Litovsk treaty traitorously signed by the bolsheviks. But they were called on the distinctly specified condition that they must not mix themselves in the internal affairs of the government of Russia."

"IT'S THE GRANDEST ON EARTH" DECLARES MRS. BERTHA STINE

Gains Twenty Pounds By Taking Tanlac and Her Troubles End.

"I've gained twenty pounds on four bottles of Tanlac and I think it's the grandest medicine on earth," declared Mrs. Bertha Stine, of Springfield, Neb., a few days ago.

"I suffered from stomach trouble, and asthma for a year," she continued, "and I can hardly begin to describe the agony I went through with it. I had no appetite at all and what I did force myself to eat would sour on my stomach and cause gas to form that pressed around my heart until I could hardly breathe. Sometimes it was so bad I would faint away, and I have lain unconscious from one of these spells for as long as an hour and a half. I suffered with pains from the back of my neck all the way down my spinal column, and my head ached almost constantly. My nerves were on edge and I could hardly sleep at night; would just roll and toss and then doze off a little toward morning, only to wake up feeling all tired out and not fit for a thing. I got worse as time went on, and lost fifteen pounds in a few weeks. Oh, I tell you I was miserable, and just didn't know what to do as nothing seemed to help me.

"Finally someone urged me to try Tanlac, and I began to improve right away. Tanlac and Tanlac Tablets soon completely restored my health, and I found I'd gained twenty pounds since I began the treatment. Now I am eating anything I want; meats, vegetables, in fact, everything, and it all tastes so good, and doesn't hurt me a bit. All the aches and pains are gone. I don't have any more fainting spells and my nerves are in fine shape. I go to sleep at night early and when I wake up next morning I'm refreshed and full of energy. I just can't say enough in praise of Tanlac. It's the best medicine I ever heard of and I'm glad of this chance to tell what it did for me."

Tanlac is sold in Omaha by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co., corner 16th and Dodge streets; 16th and Harney streets; Owl Drug Co., 16th and Farnam streets; Harvard Pharmacy, 24th and Farnam streets; northeast corner 19th and Farnam streets; West End Pharmacy, 49th and Dodge streets, under the personal direction of a Special Tanlac Representative, and in South Omaha by Forrest & Meany Drug Co.—Advertisement.

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