

BANK DEPOSITS GAIN NEARLY 14 MILLION IN YEAR

Remarkable Showing Indicating Continued Prosperity Which Surrounds This Market.

Bank deposits in Omaha gained \$13,861,476 since a year ago. The loans have gained \$15,916,147 in that year.

These gains are gleaned from the figures made public by the Omaha banks when the national comptroller of currency issued his call for bank statements of September 11. The call a year ago came as of September 12, 1916. Thus the comparison can be made on the basis of a year lacking just one day.

As compared to three months ago, however, the deposits in Omaha are down \$9,000,000, and the loans are down \$3,500,000.

This is the normal slump in deposits due to the withdrawal of money at this time of year by the country banks to supply the farmers during the harvesting, crop gathering and crop moving season.

This showing of the banks is also more remarkable when it is considered that farmers have no wheat to sell, which generally comes in at this time of the year.

Following are the figures and comparisons:

DEPOSITS.		
June 30, 1917.	Sept. 11, 1917.	
Omaha National.....	\$24,978,995	\$22,314,602
U. S. National.....	23,799,493	18,062,923
First National.....	20,118,279	17,944,103
Merchants National.....	12,541,238	11,802,526
Stock Yards National.....	10,548,984	11,287,743
Live Stock National.....	7,426,074	7,516,122
State Bank of Omaha.....	4,444,758	4,501,296
Packers National.....	4,322,112	4,359,548
Nebraska National.....	3,597,761	3,433,676
Corn Exchange Nat'l.....	3,597,761	3,433,676
Security State Bank.....	1,061,566	1,063,493
American State Bank.....	852,846	852,846
So. O. Savings Bk.....	416,812	427,859
Union State Bank.....	350,000	350,000
Ralston State Bank.....	76,999	76,999
Totals.....	\$116,981,134	\$107,866,360

DEPOSITS.		
Sept. 12, 1916.	Sept. 11, 1917.	
Omaha National.....	\$13,890,459	\$12,889,476
U. S. National.....	14,295,726	13,017,719
First National.....	12,818,426	12,818,426
Merchants National.....	8,302,759	7,980,429
Stock Yards National.....	8,306,374	8,030,078
Live Stock National.....	4,444,758	4,501,296
State Bank of Omaha.....	2,989,208	3,024,409
Packers National.....	2,804,818	2,806,612
Nebraska National.....	2,041,917	2,173,094
Corn Exchange Nat'l.....	2,248,728	2,305,961
Security State Bank.....	746,885	778,107
American State Bank.....	491,854	512,124
So. O. Savings Bank.....	409,155	406,950
Union State Bank.....	325,000	325,000
Ralston State Bank.....	76,999	76,999
Totals.....	\$117,282,683	\$113,374,838

Rebellion Ends; Kerensky Forms Joint Cabinet

ity. 279 against 150, in favor of the extreme radical position which declares that not only the social democrats, but all the representatives of property-owning classes must be excluded from power.

Call for Republic.

This program also demanded an immediate declaration of a democratic republic, the abolition of private property, working class control over production, confiscation of war profits, the "merciless taxation" of capital, an immediate invitation to the warring states to conclude peace, etc.

The civilian and military organizations are acting vigorously to negate the influences of General Korniloff's venture, says a statement given out by the official news agency, which reports that the chief of the ministry for revolutionary security has arrested Deputy Dorima Schaenghine and suppressed his newspaper, the Kievlainin, one of the most important journals published in Russia. Simultaneously the houses of persons in private life and officials who were partisans of the old regime have been searched.

Take Korniloff's Friends.

At Odessa, Minsk and Mohilev and in other towns numerous officers who had declared in favor of General Korniloff have been arrested, as have prominent politicians believed to still be in sympathy with the old regime. Among the latter was Deputy Rimsky Korsakoff, the former president of the League of the Russian People.

How Korniloff Worked.

An officer who arrived here today from General Korniloff's headquarters at Mohilev gave the first authoritative account of the events there at the outbreak of the rebellion. The officer said that last Saturday a number of infantry "striking battalions," volunteers and picked men, the backbone of General Korniloff's brief Galician offensive early last summer, arrived at headquarters. They had been informed that they were needed to reinforce the Riga front, but the real aim was to march them against Petrograd.

That night Korniloff prepared his first proclamation to the army, ordering the printing of a vast number of copies. The socialist compositors later received Premier Kerensky's proclamation and while diligently printing that of Korniloff also secretly printed Kerensky's and circulated it everywhere. Meanwhile the local council of deputies began a vigorous demonstration among the "striking battalions." The Kerensky proclamation caused

This is the Way Our Omaha Soldier Boys Look in Overalls at Fort Riley



Awkward squad drilling, with Robert H. Loomis of Omaha, son of Nelson H. Loomis, general solicitor for the Union Pacific railroad, in center. Lower—Mascot of Omaha machine gun company.

dissensions among the troops and a majority of them sent a demand to Korniloff that they immediately be sent back to the front. A battalion of the Cavaliers of St. George seceded from the rebellion and announced that they would die for the provisional government and issued orders to attack Korniloff.

The local civilians were anti-Korniloff, but the local union of officers of the army and the fleet appealed to them to support Korniloff, declaring that he was Russia's only salvation.

Plan Massacre.

Another officer says that he, with one officer from the all-Moscow regiments, was summoned to Mohilev. "In Petrograd," the officer said he was told, "there has been planned a new Bolshevik rising, in which are implicated some of the ministers, and the object of which is to conclude a separate peace and send disbanded soldiers from house to house to massacre the bourgeoisie. Without help from the front it is impossible to defeat the plot. General Korniloff already has sent part of the army to Petrograd and his plan is to appoint himself temporary dictator."

This officer says that every officer was given 150 rubles for expenses. The officers, he added, on Monday returned to Moscow, where they read Kerensky's proclamation and realized the truth of the situation.

Disciplined Army Needed.

Judging from the tone of the press comments, party and individual expressions of opinion which are raining in, the Korniloff episode has had the effect of quickening interest in the war and convincing the public that only a well disciplined army with a vigorous fighting program can save Russia.

General Palchinsky, the new commander of the troops in the Petrograd district, in an interview assures the public that the revolt "has had not the slightest unfavorable influence on the fighting capacity of our troops."

Telegrams from the front announce that the spirit of the soldiers is good, while an official dispatch refers to the devoted bravery displayed by the soldiers fighting at Okla. It is stated that the revolting troops everywhere are returning to their positions.

U. S. Will Not Requisition Wheat on Farms, Says Hoover

Washington, Sept. 14—Reports that the government is contemplating requisitioning wheat on farms to keep flour mills going were denied tonight by Herbert Hoover, the food administrator. Mills generally, Mr. Hoover said, are running on full time, although some are handicapped by shortage of grain.

Food administration officials expect wheat to begin to move freely within a short time. Except in limited areas where anti-war and pro-German propaganda is carried on, there has been no disposition by farmers, Mr. Hoover said, to withhold wheat from the market.

Ship Launched By Number for The First Time

Quincy, Mass., Sept. 15—For the first time in the history of the Forster Shipbuilding corporation a steamship was launched here today by number instead of name. The vessel, an oil burning freighter of 9,100 tons gross, was christened as "No. 265," this being due to the fact that it was taken over by the government while under construction for the Luckenbach line.

Mrs. Patrick Henry Makes "Give Me Liberty" Speech

Patrick Henry, last name Hughes, didn't spring the immortal speech of "give me liberty, etc." when his wife, Ruth L. Hughes, was granted a decree by Judge Sears, sitting in divorce court. Patrick Henry didn't get his liberty—his wife got hers, but Judge Sears ruled he would have to pay her \$50 a month alimony anyway.

Mrs. Hughes sued on grounds of alleged nonsupport and desertion. She said her husband earned \$200 a month salary, but did not contribute regularly to the family exchequer. She was given custody of two children—Robert Munger Hughes and Hortense Ruth Hughes.

The Hughes were married in Chicago January 18, 1914.

France Demands An Explanation From Sweden

(Continued from Page One.) anxiety at the State department, where officials, although surprised at the sweeping denial, consider that their investigation determined the authenticity of the disclosures and that Von Eckhardt's letter speaks for itself.

German Argument Weak.

Amsterdam, Sept. 15—The three cablegrams sent by Count Luxburg, German minister to Argentina, to the German foreign office through the Swedish legation have finally been permitted to be published in the German press.

The Koelnisch Zeitung says that it is easy to understand that the publication of these dispatches in Argentina has made an unpleasant impression and that President Wilson has so far probably been successful with his maneuver, but adds that they can only be rightly judged if it is not forgotten that they were secret messages in code and if the dispatches of entente diplomacy could be read still more drastic expressions would be encountered. Regarding the phrase in one of Count Luxburg's dispatches about sinking steamships without leaving a trace the paper further argues that the expression does not mean sinking a ship with all hands, but so sinking it that military mishaps might be avoided, as, for example, concealing the fact from other ships that it was sunk by a submarine and not a mine.

Speculators Begin to Ship Wheat to Market. Holders of wheat in Omaha trade territory are beginning to loosen up, presumably in anticipation that instead of prices being higher, they are going to be lower, is the opinion of Food Administration Agent Neal, who is greatly pleased with the outlook for the future.

Saturday wheat receipts on the Omaha market were twenty-nine carloads as against fourteen on the corresponding day of last week. This to the mind of Mr. Neal indicated that the men and corporations having wheat in storage are beginning to show a disposition to help in the matter of increasing the available food supply.

While the receipts were fairly heavy, there was nowhere enough to go around and fill the orders that Mr. Neal had on hand. The demand from millers of this territory are piling up and at the same time numerous orders are coming from those in far away states. No attempt will be made to fill orders of the outsiders until the home territory is amply supplied.

On the prospect of a bumper crop over the corn belt, prices on this cereal slumped off 10 to 12 cents a

KING CORN WINS IN HOT RACE WITH OLD JACK FROST

(Continued from Page One.)

great extent by heavy and frequent rains that have been general over northern and central Nebraska.

Fall plowing in most localities is well along and the sowing of winter wheat under way, with a considerably increased acreage over any former years.

Already in many portions of the state farmers have nearly completed seeding their corn fields. This is done by working small seeding drills between the corn rows. Good results are anticipated, the theory being that the seed will germinate this fall and attain considerable growth. Then when the winter snows come it will fall between the rows of the stalks will prevent drifting away, thus holding and conserving the moisture for next spring.

All through the state haying has been finished and the tonnage of both wild and tame, is the largest ever gathered.

Editor Receives Prison Sentence For Conspiracy

San Francisco, Sept. 15—Lawrence de Lacey, editor of a weekly publication, was sentenced today in the United States district court to eighteen months' imprisonment at McNeil's island (Washington) penitentiary and a fine of \$5,000 following his recent conviction with two others of conspiracy to effect the escape of former German Consul General Franz Bopp and E. H. von Schack, former vice consul, from a detention camp on Angel island.

D. J. Harnedy, a shoe dealer, and William Mullane, a bartender, were each sentenced to one year in the county jail and fined \$1,000. Motion for a new trial for the three was denied and notice of an appeal was made.

Bopp and Von Schack were interned as dangerous aliens after the declaration of war. Both had previously been convicted of violation of United States neutrality.

Barber Service is Resumed at Springfield

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 15—Union barbers went back to work here this morning after a forty-eight-hour strike and will remain at their chairs, they declare, providing authorities permit a parade tomorrow in support of striking street car operatives.

City and county officials are silent as to whether the labor demonstration will be allowed, but it is understood no objection will be raised.

It was believed confidently this morning that the action of the barbers will signalize a back-to-work movement on the part of the 8,000 men and women who have been on protest strike because a parade similar to that planned for tomorrow was broken up by soldiers last Sunday.

Eastman in Jail at Grand Island on Arson Charge

Grand Island, Neb., Sept. 15—(Special)—Frank E. Eastman, recently of Loup City, was brought to the county jail here last night from Des Moines, where he was arrested on the charge of arson. He is said to have confessed setting fire to George Wotens' frame store building at Loup City about two months ago, and to have declared that Wotens offered him \$300 for the job, of which sum only \$100 has been paid.

Wotens' hearing will take place in the county court at Loup City on Tuesday morning. He is under \$500 bond to appear at that time.

The building was used as a postoffice, and it is understood that the federal authorities are following the case closely. All mail and postoffice fixtures were burned at the time.

The purpose of the fire, it is said, was to defraud the Connecticut Fire Insurance company out of \$3,000. The sum was collected after the fire. It is declared that the building was worth considerably less than that amount.

Gompers Pledges Labor's Support to Kerensky

Washington, Sept. 15—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has cabled to Premier Kerensky a resolution adopted by the Minneapolis conference of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy pledging the support of the American working class to the new Russian democracy.



Mascot of Omaha machine gun company.



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