

### BERKMAN CHARGED WITH BOMB MURDER

#### Grand Jury at Frisco Indicts Leader of Anarchists in Connection With Preparedness Day Outrage.

San Francisco, July 14.—Alexander Berkman, anarchist, was indicted by the county grand jury here last night for murder in connection with a bomb explosion here last July which cost ten lives, it became known early today.

Berkman is alleged to have taken a leading part in the conspiracy which the state charges culminated in the explosion.

Mrs. Rena Mooney is on trial here for one of the bomb murders and her husband, Thomas J. Mooney, and Warren K. Billings are under sentences of death and life imprisonment, respectively, for murder growing out of the blast.

Berkman, who is now serving a term of two years in the federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., for conspiracy to defeat the draft law with the aid of Emma Goldman, also sentenced to two years' imprisonment, published an anarchist paper called the Blast in San Francisco about the time of the explosion. Editorials from this pamphlet were admitted as evidence in the trials of the Mooneys.

District Attorney Charles M. Fickert said that every effort will be made to bring Berkman here for trial before expiration of his sentence.

### Kaiser Summons Military Leaders for Pow-Wow on Crisis

(Continued From Page One.)

only a peace policy. The peace must be honorable, guaranteeing Hungary's frontiers and its political independence.

State Department Review. Washington, July 13.—The German political crisis centers principally on the question of peace and internal reform, according to a review of State department advices issued tonight by the committee on public information and "there is not the slightest reason to believe that it will result in anything remotely approaching revolution, or in any diminution of Germany's military power."

The review says it is apparent that Germany's food crop will hold out until the present crop is harvested, although the sufferings of the poor have been intensified greatly in the last five months.

Military domination has reached such a stage in Germany, the review says, that the imperial chancellor is utterly without authority over the military leaders who do as they please "and leave the civil authorities to come along behind and apologize."

Question of Reform. "Information reaching the Department of State," says the committee's review, "indicates that the German political crisis now centers primarily on the questions of internal reform and peace, and that the question of the changes in the personnel of the government is subordinate in importance. The dispute is over measures rather than men. And whether or not the chancellor and several secretaries of state lose their positions it is unlikely that the political storm can be stilled until definite action has been taken in regard to internal reforms and peace."

"In spite of the bitterness of the present contest in Berlin, there is not the slightest reason to believe that it will result in anything remotely approaching revolution or in any diminution of Germany's military power. The crisis probably will lead to internal reforms, which from the point of Germany, will seem colossal, but will be in truth only the first steps toward making the German people masters of their own destiny."

### FRENCH AND AMERICAN WAR LEADERS IN PARIS—First photograph of Marshal Joseph Joffre and Major General Pershing together in Paris.



MARSHALL JOFFRE & GENERAL PERSHING

### OMAHA GRAIN MEN HAVE ADVANTAGE IN WHEAT ZONES

(Continued From Page One.)

ever, and the Omaha grain dealers and millers are alive to the importance of keeping busy in presenting Omaha's claim.

The grain-growing belt is being divided into great zones, and certain central markets will be specified for the territory within given zones. Omaha hopes to get all of Nebraska, the north half of Colorado, all of Wyoming, most of Montana, the north half of Idaho, the southern half of South Dakota, and all of Washington and Oregon.

A certain ambitious faction in the Omaha Grain exchange also hopes to get a part of northern Kansas assigned to the Omaha zone. Here they will encounter a bitter fight with Kansas City.

Rates Favor Kansas City. The Burlington, the Rock Island and the Union Pacific roads entering Omaha, are lines that tap the grain belt of northern Kansas. The rates on these roads from Kansas favor Kansas City in the shipment of grain. It is understood that Omaha will ask to have these rates put on a parity, and will then ask to have this northern Kansas strip assigned to the Omaha zone.

Omaha will make the claim that since Kansas City has a rate advantage over Omaha in competing for grain in the southern part of Nebraska, Omaha should be given the same advantage in northern Kansas, especially since the railway facilities tapping that belt and reaching Omaha are excellent, and the distance is about equal.

The Kansas Milling association has not been asleep on the job. The association has made the plea to the railroads that the wheat crop is short this year, and that Kansas is not raising enough wheat to supply even its own mills, therefore, all Kansas wheat should be allowed to flow into Kansas City and other Kansas milling points.

In Montana, Omaha hopes to have

assigned to the Omaha zone that territory tapped by the Burlington, the Milwaukee, portions of the Great Northern, and all of the Northern Pacific.

Big Northwest Crops. Washington and Oregon are reported to have wonderful wheat crops this year, and for that reason these two states are sure to be disputed territory.

A flat blanket rate of 50 cents per 100 pounds obtains from these two states to Missouri river points such as Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, and also to Chicago, Peoria and Minneapolis. Thus Omaha has no real rate advantage over these cities in the matter of receiving grain. However, there is a standing custom of allowing the milling of the grain in transit at Omaha and Minneapolis and allowing the manufactured flour then to go on to its destination on through rate based on the flat 50-cent rate from the coast.

In this case, Omaha gets a clean advantage of 1 1/2 cents over Minneapolis in shipping to New Orleans, which is the destination of much of the flour milled here and at Minneapolis. Owing to the congestion which has long existed at eastern ports, flour has long flowed regularly from Minneapolis and Omaha to New Orleans, where it is loaded for shipment abroad.

It is known that the federal food administration hopes to eliminate what are known as "back hauls" in the transportation of food stuffs. Omaha grain men consider that shipping grain from the west coast to Minneapolis and then after milling, shipping it down to New Orleans, would decidedly come under the classification of "back hauls," since the distance hauled would be much greater than if the grain had originally come to Omaha for milling.

Fifty-Eight Condemned To Die at Antwerp. London, July 14.—The Echo De Belge is quoted in a Central News dispatch from Amsterdam to the effect that fifty-eight persons were condemned to death at Antwerp and fifteen of them were shot on July 5. Among them, the newspaper says were three sisters who were accused of smuggling letters.

### LUTHERANS TAKE STEPS TO REFUTE COUNCIL CHARGE

(Continued From Page One.)

ods and conferences in the state that will publish to the world the fact that the vast majority of Lutherans yield to no one in their loyalty to the government."

Call Synod Heads. This was the sense of the whole meeting, and the further recommendation was made that a meeting be called at which the presidents of the several Lutheran synods of Nebraska be present.

"There is no time to be lost in this matter," declared Rev. Mr. Kuhns. "We will telegraph and can have these men here in a short time to take official action that will bear the endorsement of the Lutherans of the whole state."

The meeting was called for next Tuesday morning. The Lutheran minister of the city are to be present and the state presidents of the several synods. The following committee was chosen to arrange for this meeting: Rev. Luther M. Kuhns, Rev. William T. Kahse and Rev. E. G. Chinlund.

The ministers were unable to decide what could possibly have inspired the finding of the Council of Defense regarding the Lutheran church.

"It is the doctrine of the Lutheran church to preach nothing but the gospel from its pulpits," said Rev. Mr. Kahse. "For this reason we have not preached the buying of Liberty bonds from the pulpits, nor have we devoted sermons to other war subjects. But Lutheran ministers and laymen have been active in helping the government in these things and Lutheran buyers of Liberty bonds and subscriptions to the Red Cross and so on have been numerous."

Adopt Resolution. The meeting unanimously adopted the following statement of the loyal stand of the Lutheran church:

The Nebraska Council of Defense has in a statement issued July 11 found itself called upon to question the undivided loyalty of the Lutheran church in this hour of the nation's need. It is to be deeply deplored that this council in its official capacity has put an odium upon the entire Lutheran church of the state, thereby branding the thousands of law-abiding American citizens as traitors, an attack as unfair as it is unwarranted.

In order to offset this unjust charge and place the Lutheran church in the proper light before the public, the Lutheran ministers of the general synod and the general council offer the following statement to the public:

The Lutheran church in its main confession, that of Augsburg, 1530, teaches that the church is found

wherever the word of God is taught in its purity and the sacraments are administered in accordance with the words and institutions of Christ. The church is a religious organization pure and simple, with distinctly spiritual activities. In refusing to substitute any other message in its pulpits for the exposition of the scriptures, our church is often maligned and frequently misunderstood. By this very insistence upon the preaching of the gospel the church is serving most faithfully not only the individual, but the community and the state. More devotedly than ever before is it necessary to hold high the banner of the cross and to preach that faith which makes men righteous before God and blameless before men, courageous in danger and unflinching in duty, "with malice toward none and with charity toward all." True to its God-given mission, the church teaches unswerving loyalty to the government under whose jurisdiction it exists and whose protection it enjoys.

While the church does not dictate the political faith of its adherents, and cannot as a church be held responsible for the particular color of the political creed of its members, the messages which go out from Lutheran pulpits always insist upon loyalty to country, obedience to all in authority, and respect for the law of the land. In every Lutheran church prayers are offered for the president and congress of the United States, for the governor and for all judges and magistrates.

The Lutheran church can point with pride to its history in America, where it was planted contemporaneously with the earliest settlements in our land. Lutherans have always defended the Stars and Stripes. Lutherans have in all crises of American history cheerfully answered the call to arms and many men of Lutheran faith shed their blood in the battles of the revolutionary, civil and Spanish-American wars. And now in the conflict into which our country has been drawn, Lutheran homes throughout the union are sending forth brave boys, second to none in valor and patriotism.

Lutheran chaplains and soldiers in the army and navy, and who will respond to the call of their country, contradict better than argument the unjust accusation that the Lutheran church in this state is disloyal to the government.

Missouri Troops Sent to Quell Rioting in Lead Mining Zone. Nevada, Mo., July 14.—Two companies of National Guardsmen today were ordered to Flat River to take charge of the situation arising from labor disorder there.

Flat River, Mo., July 14.—Three thousand armed men are parading the lead belt of St. Francois county today threatening a renewal of last night's rioting.

Every mine has been closed and members of the mob demand that work shall not be resumed until all foreign-born laborers leave the district.

Western federation officials blame the trouble on the I. W. W. The attack last night was led by men who recently came into the district. Residences of aliens were invaded and men, women and children driven into the streets.

The foreigners today are fleeing in great numbers. No deaths are reported as a result of last night's rioting, but scores of aliens were seriously injured.

HUNDREDS SEEK TO "FIX IT" WITH DRAFT BOARDS

(Continued From Page One.)

He confidentially explained to Acting Judge Sundblad "he didn't mind serving in the army, but he thought the government could get better use out of him on his farm."

He was also "confidentially" informed that there were older men who probably could run the farm as well as he.

Another young man announced he had a father and mother wholly dependent upon him.

Having nothing else to do, one of the exemption board members investigated and found that his father owns a big farm near Omaha and is president of a bank.

"These sort of people won't get far," said a board member. "We'll take people's words for some things, but when we have our doubts we'll investigate."

Missing Mooney Juror Found After Search of Half Hour

San Francisco, July 14.—John T. Welby, a juror in the trial of Mrs. Rena Mooney for murder growing out of a bomb explosion here last July which cost ten victims, disappeared today during an inspection by the jury of principal points connected with the blast and was found half an hour later at the hotel occupied by the panel.

Welby said he became weary and confused because of the crowds and was afraid of being struck by an automobile. So he decided to return to a hotel where he had been staying. If Welby should be disqualified from further participation in the trial, the thirteenth juror can sit, it was said. He is 79 years of age.

Bill for Big Airplane Fleet Up in the House

Washington, July 14.—Consideration of the administration's bill providing for the establishment of an immense airplane fleet at a cost of \$640,000,000 began in the house today. Chairman Dent, of the military committee in charge of the bill, hopes to dispose of the measure by tonight.

Representative Kahn of California, urged secrecy regarding the details of the government's program and immediate action on the bill.

### LOWE DAMAGE SUIT SETTLED BY HATTERS

#### Union Men Pay Manufacturing Firm on Judgment Returned Growing Out of Boycott.

Danbury, Conn., July 14.—An agreement for a settlement of the judgment of \$252,000 and costs in the case of D. E. Lowe & Co. against members of the United Hatters of North America was announced this afternoon.

The amount paid by the union was not officially stated, but it is learned that the settlement was for approximately two-thirds of the amount of the judgment.

The case had its inception in a boycott of the product of the Lowe factory after the firm refused to make their shop a closed one, at the time in 1902, when organized labor was trying to unionize all factories in Danbury.

Litigation was almost continuous until recently, when final judgment was secured by the firm and it moved in the United States to recover judgment.

#### Gold Ore Thieves Are Given Two-Year Sentences

Cheyenne, Wyo., July 14.—Six men recently convicted here of conspiracy to reframe the government in connection with an interstate stolen gold conspiracy today were sentenced to two-year terms in the United States penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., by Federal Judge John A. Riner. Antonio Cuaz, who pleaded guilty to a similar charge, received the same sentence.

### The Weather

Hourly Temperatures at Omaha.		Hour.	Temp.
6 a. m.	66	7 a. m.	65
8 a. m.	68	9 a. m.	70
10 a. m.	71	11 a. m.	73
12 noon	74	1 p. m.	76
2 p. m.	78	3 p. m.	79
4 p. m.	81	5 p. m.	82
6 p. m.	81	7 p. m.	80
8 p. m.	78	9 p. m.	76
10 p. m.	74	11 p. m.	71
12 noon	68	1 p. m.	65
2 p. m.	62	3 p. m.	59
4 p. m.	55	5 p. m.	50
6 p. m.	45	7 p. m.	40
8 p. m.	35	9 p. m.	30
10 p. m.	25	11 p. m.	20
12 noon	15	1 p. m.	10
2 p. m.	5	3 p. m.	0
4 p. m.	5	5 p. m.	10
6 p. m.	15	7 p. m.	25
8 p. m.	30	9 p. m.	45
10 p. m.	55	11 p. m.	70
12 noon	85	1 p. m.	90
2 p. m.	95	3 p. m.	100
4 p. m.	105	5 p. m.	110
6 p. m.	115	7 p. m.	120
8 p. m.	125	9 p. m.	130
10 p. m.	135	11 p. m.	140
12 noon	145	1 p. m.	150
2 p. m.	155	3 p. m.	160
4 p. m.	165	5 p. m.	170
6 p. m.	175	7 p. m.	180
8 p. m.	185	9 p. m.	190
10 p. m.	195	11 p. m.	200
12 noon	205	1 p. m.	210
2 p. m.	215	3 p. m.	220
4 p. m.	225	5 p. m.	230
6 p. m.	235	7 p. m.	240
8 p. m.	245	9 p. m.	250
10 p. m.	255	11 p. m.	260
12 noon	265	1 p. m.	270
2 p. m.	275	3 p. m.	280
4 p. m.	285	5 p. m.	290
6 p. m.	295	7 p. m.	300
8 p. m.	305	9 p. m.	310
10 p. m.	315	11 p. m.	320
12 noon	325	1 p. m.	330
2 p. m.	335	3 p. m.	340
4 p. m.	345	5 p. m.	350
6 p. m.	355	7 p. m.	360
8 p. m.	365	9 p. m.	370
10 p. m.	375	11 p. m.	380
12 noon	385	1 p. m.	390
2 p. m.	395	3 p. m.	400
4 p. m.	405	5 p. m.	410
6 p. m.	415	7 p. m.	420
8 p. m.	425	9 p. m.	430
10 p. m.	435	11 p. m.	440
12 noon	445	1 p. m.	450
2 p. m.	455	3 p. m.	460
4 p. m.	465	5 p. m.	470
6 p. m.	475	7 p. m.	480
8 p. m.	485	9 p. m.	490
10 p. m.	495	11 p. m.	500
12 noon	505	1 p. m.	510
2 p. m.	515	3 p. m.	520
4 p. m.	525	5 p. m.	530
6 p. m.	535	7 p. m.	540
8 p. m.	545	9 p. m.	550
10 p. m.	555	11 p. m.	560
12 noon	565	1 p. m.	570
2 p. m.	575	3 p. m.	580
4 p. m.	585	5 p. m.	590
6 p. m.	595	7 p. m.	600
8 p. m.	605	9 p. m.	610
10 p. m.	615	11 p. m.	620
12 noon	625	1 p. m.	630
2 p. m.	635	3 p. m.	640
4 p. m.	645	5 p. m.	650
6 p. m.	655	7 p. m.	660
8 p. m.	665	9 p. m.	670
10 p. m.	675	11 p. m.	680
12 noon	685	1 p. m.	690
2 p. m.	695	3 p. m.	700
4 p. m.	705	5 p. m.	710
6 p. m.	715	7 p. m.	720
8 p. m.	725	9 p. m.	730
10 p. m.	735	11 p. m.	740
12 noon	745	1 p. m.	750
2 p. m.	755	3 p. m.	760
4 p. m.	765	5 p. m.	770
6 p. m.	775	7 p. m.	780
8 p. m.	785	9 p. m.	790
10 p. m.	795	11 p. m.	800
12 noon	805	1 p. m.	810
2 p. m.	815	3 p. m.	820
4 p. m.	825	5 p. m.	830
6 p. m.	835	7 p. m.	840
8 p. m.	845	9 p. m.	850
10 p. m.	855	11 p. m.	860
12 noon	865	1 p. m.	870
2 p. m.	875	3 p. m.	880
4 p. m.	885	5 p. m.	890
6 p. m.	895	7 p. m.	900
8 p. m.	905	9 p. m.	910
10 p. m.	915	11 p. m.	920
12 noon	925	1 p. m.	930
2 p. m.	935	3 p. m.	940
4 p. m.	945	5 p. m.	950
6 p. m.	955	7 p. m.	960
8 p. m.	965	9 p. m.	970
10 p. m.	975	11 p. m.	980
12 noon	985	1 p. m.	990
2 p. m.	995	3 p. m.	1000

## The World's Standard

IN the demand for this super-size cord tire the responsibility in Firestone leadership is shown. To Firestone the public confidently looks for a new era in cord tire service. And this faith is justified. Besides the usual Firestone thoroughness and care in manufacture is the spur of ownership; since 11,000 Firestone employees are stockholders in the business. Every Firestone worker takes a personal interest in answering your expectations of a higher standard.

## Firestone Cord Tires

carry, to the highest degree, those vital principles of tire service, resiliency and strength. Luxurious riding is combined with the ability to stand road-punishment; and fuel-saving is added to the economy of Most Miles per Dollar. With the new skidless tread on rear wheels and triple treads on front, you'll have tire equipment at its best.

Firestone Tire and Rubber Company  
2566 Farnam Street, Omaha, Neb.  
Home Office and Factory: Akron, Ohio.  
Branches and Dealers Everywhere.



## The Thompson Belden Store

### These Are Days of Action—Business Is Moving at a Quick Step

#### A Very Unusual Price on White Voiles

Beautiful sheer white voiles embroidered in small figures, checks and stripes, in various pleasing arrangements. A happy fabric for summer wear. A quality that sells for 65c a yard.

**Monday Only 39c**  
A Saving of 26c a Yard.

Linen Section



#### To Keep Baby Cool and Happy

The warm days and nights will be less oppressive and so much fairer to little ones if they are properly clothed. The baby shop has specialized on lighter clothes for the summer.

Shirts and bands of cotton, cotton and wool or silk and wool. Correct weights for this season of the year. Prices vary according to quality of fabrics.

Soft sole shoes and one-strap slippers, in white and dainty colors, 75c to \$1.35.

Summer bonnets, hand made or machine made, plain or trimmed, 65c to \$2.

Creeping rompers, in white and colors, 6 to 1 and 2-year sizes, 50c to \$2.50.

Water proof pants, 25c, 50c, 75c.

The Baby Shop  
Third Floor

#### Peri Lusta 15c a Ball

At which price we have all sizes and colors. Peri Lusta Crochet Cotton is too well known to require comment. But notice the price, 11c per ball. Third Floor.

STORE HOURS:  
8:30 A. M.—5 P. M.

#### Newness, the Life of Laces and Trimmings

To be abreast, even ahead of the times, is the aim of these sections, and how well they succeed is easily shown in present displays.

Real hand made filet lace, lovely patterns.

Machine made filets, torchons and vals.

Net top laces, in all widths.

Venise lace, both wide and narrow.

Metal and novelty laces.

Hand crochet cotton drop ornaments.

White cotton tassels.

Metal tassels and drops.

Silk tassels in black, colors and white.

Jet tassels and drops.

ALL NEW

#### McCall's Patterns

Approved by the American Red Cross

Women who wish to make up the garments most needed for the Hospital service, will find McCall patterns correct, as they have the approval of the American Red Cross.

Basement

#### White Silk Hose

#### The Vogue for Summer

White silk with lisle tops and soles, \$1.25.

Very fine pure dye white silk, silk lisle tops and soles, \$1.35.

Pure thread white silk, garter tops and double soles, \$1.75.

Fine qualities of sheer white silk, \$2.25, \$2.50.

#### Clearance of Wash Fabrics for 15c a Yard

Colored cotton materials, including Printed Batiste, Dimity, Voiles, Organdies and other new seasonable fabrics. Patterns and colors are all desirable. To be sold in Monday's Clearance, from the bolt, for 15c a yard. Basement.



### Summer Clothes That Appeal Because of Style, Fabric, Price

Cool, and consequently comfortable. Attractive above the ordinary. Priced lower than one would expect, quality and workmanship considered.

New White Tub Skirts, \$5 to \$10.50.  
Latest Summer Dresses, \$7.50 to \$25.

The Store for Blouses—Wherein all the loveliest creations for warm weather wear are to be found, and at a moderate cost in every instance.

#### A July Clearance

#### Pumps for Summer Wear

All New This Season

**\$3.95 \$4.95 \$5.95**