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# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

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Fair

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## PLAN TO TABLE MOTION TO WARN IN THE SENATE

Administration Men Agree to Attempt to Sidetrack Gore Resolution When it is Brought Up Today.

### HOUSE PLAYS WAITING GAME

Mann Sees Wilson and Later President Sends Out Call for Lansing.

### REPUBLICAN KEEPS SILENCE

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Administration senators, after consultation with republican leaders, tonight agreed to bring to a vote a motion to table the Gore warning resolution the moment it is called up tomorrow. A roll call will be ordered on the motion to table, which is not debatable. No substitutes will be offered, Senator Stone having abandoned his purpose to submit one after a conference with his colleagues.

This plan would shut off further discussion of the issue, which senators of both parties agreed might be damaging to the interests of the country. Democratic and republican leaders asserted that no sort of a resolution like the Gore measure could pass the senate, and predicted the motion to table would carry overwhelmingly.

### Senate Adjourns

After this agreement the senate adjourned until noon tomorrow. The house already had adjourned, the leaders there expecting to await action in the senate before making another move.

Minority Leader Mann went to the White House at 5 o'clock and conferred with the president for an hour. Later he declined to talk. As he left, President Wilson sent for Secretary Lansing.

## Berlin Hears that Congress is Against Wilson, Five to One

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The State department today received advice that reports are being circulated in Berlin according to Washington that congress stands five to one against the president in the present crisis. Officials made this information known to show the extent to which they believe Berlin is being misinformed.

## Daniels Modifies Radio Censorship

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Changes in the naval wireless censorship regulations were announced today by Secretary Daniels. A strict interpretation of the regulations as they were made when the government placed naval censors at Sayville and Tuckerton prohibited the censors from passing for publication in the United States the German official statements if they made reference to movements of localities of war or other vessels of belligerents.

The regulations as modified provide: "The restriction as to movements of war or other vessels of belligerents shall not apply to messages received from belligerent shore radio stations."

It applies only to Germany, as Great Britain is using the cable.

## Burkett Files His Name at Des Moines

DES MOINES, Ia., March 2.—E. J. Burkett of Lincoln, Neb., former senator, today filed with the Iowa secretary of state his affidavit of candidacy for the republican nomination for vice president of the United States.

## The Weather

Temperatures at Omaha Yesterday.	
Hour.	Temp.
6 a. m.	32
7 a. m.	32
8 a. m.	32
9 a. m.	32
10 a. m.	32
11 a. m.	32
12 m.	32
1 p. m.	32
2 p. m.	32
3 p. m.	32
4 p. m.	32
5 p. m.	32
6 p. m.	32
7 p. m.	32
8 p. m.	32
9 p. m.	32
10 p. m.	32
11 p. m.	32
12 m.	32

## Police Called Out to Quell Riot When Former Priest Talks

CHICAGO, March 2.—Two patrol wagons filled with policemen, an ambulance with its siren, a fire engine and a fire truck crew, were called to a south side hall last night to suppress a riot. The trouble followed an attempt of Dr. Joseph Slatery of Boston, a former Catholic priest, and his wife, Dr. Mary E. Slatery, a former nun, to lecture. Hundreds halted and outside the hall at South Halsted street and Garfield boulevard, which adjoins St. Ann's Roman Catholic church, were engaged in the fighting and all efforts to suppress disorder failed until the firemen turned streams of water on the rioters.

When the police finally gained control nearly a hundred persons were arrested. About thirty of the number were held last night to suppress a riot.

## ARMY OF 700,000 MEN AGREED ON BY HOUSE COMMITTEE

Military Body of Lower Chamber Reaches Final Decision on Measure and Will Report it Next Week.

### ACTION WILL BE UNANIMOUS

Estimated that Hundred Thousand Men Can Be Enrolled Through Summer Camps.

### INDUSTRIAL RESERVE CLAUSE

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Final agreement was reached by the house military committee late today on its bill for the increase of the army, and it will be reported unanimously to the house early next week.

In round figures the measure would authorize the formation of an army composed of regulars, National Guardsmen and federal volunteers with a total peace strength of approximately 700,000 men.

Maximum Strength. It provides for a maximum of 170,000 fighting troops for the regular army, for a minimum of 425,000 for the National Guard within five years and an organization of federal volunteers through an extension of a summer training camp idea. It is estimated that 100,000 men can be enrolled in the latter force.

The bill retains provisions for organization of industrial and technical reserves behind the fighting lines and authorizes the creation of a board of officers of control and industrial mobilization in time of war or imminence of war. It also provides that manufacturers of war materials must give immediate preference to government orders in war time or when there is danger of war, under heavy penalty for failure to do so.

Change in Size. While the minimum strength of the regular army remained at 142,000, a change was made before the final vote to fix the maximum of fighting troops at 370,000, bringing the total authorized strength of the regular force, including the hospital corps and other non-combatant troops to 500,000.

### London Suspends All Quotations on Metals Except Tin

LONDON, March 2.—Following the announcement that no speculative dealings would be permitted in metals used for making munitions, the members of the London Metal exchange today decided to suspend all dealings, with the exceptions of those in tin, pending the report of a deputation which will interview the minister of munitions tomorrow. Dealings in the Glasgow pig iron market also have been suspended.

NEW YORK, March 2.—John D. Ryan, president of the Anaconda Copper Mining company, issued a statement today saying that the suspension by the London Metal exchange of trading in all metals except tin occasioned no surprise.

Mr. Ryan declared that bids of most of the prominent producing companies indicated that the London market, so far as copper, lead and zinc quotations were concerned, has been fictitious ever since the war began, chiefly because of the embargo placed by the British government on exports of metal from Great Britain.

## Passenger Train Derailed by Snow-Slide in Colorado

DENVER, March 2.—Two persons missing, a number of passengers slightly hurt and three cars derailed were the known results early today of the snowslide that late yesterday struck westbound Denver & Rio Grande narrow gauge train No. 215 five miles west of Sapinero, Colo. The accident occurred in the Black canyon, where, at places the waters of the Gunnison river wash the roadbed.

The missing: C. H. MATHEWS, express messenger; EARL LEVY, busboy, captain of Centennial High school basketball team. Wire communication with the scene of the accident was interrupted by the blizzard, which also interfered with the search for the missing and efforts to clear the track. Reports to railroad headquarters here stated that sixteen inches of new snow had fallen up to 1 a. m. At that hour the fall of snow continued driven by a high wind.

## Woman Adopts Six Young Boys of Different Races

CHICAGO, March 2.—Six homeless boys of less than 6 years of age and of varying nationalities, are to be adopted by Mrs. Beattie Fuller of South Porcupine, Ontario, Canada, as a sociological experiment, she announced today. Mrs. Fuller, who is visiting in Chicago, asserted that, having no children of her own, she plans to rear the six, regardless of color, race or creed, in the Canadian backwoods, her theory being that they will fuse in the "melting pot." Mrs. Fuller is the wife of a mining engineer.

## WILSON DENIES THE SENSATIONAL CHARGE OF GORE

White House Issues Statement in Reply to Intimations President Not Opposed to War with Kaiser.

### OKLAHOMAN'S WORDS STARTLE

Stone and James Take Up Cudgels in Behalf of Leaders of Their Party.

### EXCITING TIME ON THE FLOOR

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The following statement was issued today at the White House: "When the attention of the White House was called to certain statements in Senator Gore's speech this afternoon the president authorized an unqualified denial of any utterance to which any such a meaning could be attached."

President Wilson at conferences with congress leaders today is understood to have said that following out the notes of the United States government diplomatic relations might be broken off with a nation causing the death of an American in disregard of international law, and that he had been informed breaking off of diplomatic relations might precipitate war.

Gore Puts Question Squarely. Senator Gore in his speech declared that at the proper time he would put squarely before the senate whether the sinking of an armed merchant vessel by a submarine would be considered sufficient cause for war.

"I introduced my resolution because I was apprehensive we were heading toward war," he said. "My act was based on a report which seemed to me to come from the highest authority that certain senators and members of the house in a conference with the president received from him the intimation, if not the declaration, that if Germany insisted on its position the United States would insist upon its, and that this would result probably in a breach of diplomatic relations and breach of diplomatic relations would probably be followed by a state of war, and that a state of war might not be an evil, might not be disastrous, might not mean the loss of our civilization. I cannot certify to the truth of the report. I tell the tale as it was told to me. There was such external and internal marks of truth that I feared that it might be the truth."

"If the senator from Missouri, the chairman of the foreign relations committee, will deny it, that will satisfy me. If the senator from Indiana says it is not true, I will accept that."

"I do not know why the senator quoted me," replied Senator Stone. "I did not quote the senator," responded Senator Gore.

Disclaimer by Stone. "Well, in fairness to the president," said Senator Stone, "I think I should state that this president never stated to me nor stated in my hearing that he believed or in any way entertained the thought that war between the United States and the central powers would be desirable or would result in any good, or would not be unprofitable."

"It is well known that the president has a passion for peace," interjected Senator Kern in a tone that indicated denial of Senator Gore's charge.

"I have no passion for peace," Senator Gore responded. "I do not believe all peace is honorable or that all war is dishonorable, but I repeat that what I heard of the reported conversation between the president and the senator from Missouri was believed to be founded on fact because of the source from which it came to me. I was convinced that there must be some basis for the report that the president suggested to the senator from Missouri that the United States (Continued on Page Two, Column Four)

## Italian Liners Will Continue to Carry Artillery

ROME, March 1.—(Via Paris, 2:50 p. m. delayed.)—The Italian ambassador at Washington, Count Macchi, has been instructed to notify the American government that, notwithstanding the German and Austrian decrees regarding the shipping of armed merchandise, Italian merchantmen will continue to carry armament for defense purpose only.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Count Macchi Di Cellere, the Italian ambassador, conferred today with Secretary Lansing, presenting the views of his government on armament of merchant ships. It was said that the Italian government's reply to the American memorandum is not final and that its formal answer will be a joint one with its allies. The information being presented now, it was said, was a statement of the reasons which had actuated Italy to arm Italian merchant ships, which hitherto had carried no guns.

## Illinois Has Men Enough for Thirty-Five Army Corps

CHICAGO, Ill., March 2.—Illinois has enough men available for military service to make up thirty-five army corps, according to figures announced today by Colonel Milton J. Foreman of the First Illinois cavalry. Colonel Foreman's figures indicated that there are 1,581,194 men between the ages of 18 and 45 in the state.

Illinois Has Men Enough for Thirty-Five Army Corps

## IDEAL TYPE OF CAVALRY HORSE—Now that "preparedness" has become one of the watchwords of American national life, the cavalry arm of our land defenses is coming in for a great deal of attention. It has suddenly been discovered that the unprecedented demand for horses on the part of all the warring European nations has greatly depleted the available American stock of cavalry mounts.



THIS IS THE IDEAL TYPE OF CAVALRY HORSE. PHOTO BY HALL

## ASKS POLICE TO AID IN KILLING CHILD

Des Moines Laborer Astounds Chief by Seeking Help in Ending Life of Crippled Daughter.

WANTS IT DONE ALL REGULAR

DES MOINES, Ia., March 2.—The action of Dr. Harry J. Haiselden of Chicago in permitting the death of the deformed Bollinger baby several weeks ago, was recalled today in this city by Charles Cleveland, a laborer, who asked the chief of police for assistance in killing his two-months-old daughter.

Cleveland spoke with discouraged earnestness. "Chief," he said, "won't you tell me how I can kill my baby so it won't be against the law. Maybe you'll help me so it will be all right like that baby in Chicago."

"What's that, say it again," gasped the chief.

Tells of Histories. "You see," went on Cleveland, "this baby hasn't any regular mouth at all and the doctors say that she might not ever be able to eat regular food, and chief, she has fits all the time, and my wife, she does nothing but cry all the time and she's sick."

"So I asked the doctors to kill the baby, but they would not, because they said the police would let them. So I came to ask if you'd help me to do it all regular."

At Cleveland's desolate home the city physician found the baby in convulsions and the mother in hysterics. He instructed that both be taken to a hospital. He said it would be impossible to operate on the infant during the convulsions.

## Germans Equip Their Mines with Periscopes to Fool Enemy Ships

BALTIMORE, Md., March 1.—Floating mines equipped with periscopes is said to be the latest device now being used in bringing about the destruction of enemy ships, according to Captain B. J. Keely of the British steamship Hartford. The Hartford arrived here Sunday from London.

Captain Keely tells of having sighted one of the new destructive mines and the theory being that they will fuse in the "melting pot." Mrs. Fuller is the wife of a mining engineer.

## BRITISH ANNOUNCE SUCCESS AT YPRES

English Capture Trenches Previously Taken by the German Forces.

COUNTER ATTACK IS REPULSED

LONDON, March 2.—The British official statement issued tonight on the fighting in the western zone says: "We recaptured the trenches at the bluff of the Ypres-Comblines canal, which were lost February 14, and also captured a small salient in the German line."

"A counter attack launched by the enemy some hours later was repulsed. German mine galleries in the captured trenches were destroyed. We have taken 180 prisoners, including four officers."

"There has been much artillery activity on both sides today, from Vierstraet to Boesinghe."

The capture of 800 yards of British positions southeast of Ypres, after heavy artillery bombardments, was claimed in the German official statement of February 15, which added that a majority of the defenders of the British trenches were killed.

## COPPER COMPANIES INCREASE DIVIDENDS

NEW YORK, March 2.—Larger dividends were declared today by several of the leading copper producing companies. Utah Copper declared an extra dividend of \$1.00 in addition to its regular quarterly dividend of \$1.50.

## COMMISSION FILES REPORT ON COLORADO COAL STRIKE

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The final report of the strike commission which investigated for President Wilson labor troubles in the Colorado coal fields was presented today at the White House. The commission made no recommendations, but reviewed the situation before and after the strike. Charles W. Mills of Pennsylvania and Patrick Giddy of Clearfield, Pa., presented the report. Chairman Seth Low was unable to be present.

## GARMEN SYLVA IS DEAD AT BUCHAREST

Queen Mother Elizabeth of Roumania Meets Death at Age of More Than 70.

KNOWN BY HER NOM DE PLUME

LONDON, March 2.—A Bucharest dispatch received by Reuter's Telegram company by way of Amsterdam says that the queen mother Elizabeth of Roumania (Carmen Sylva) died this morning.

Carmen Sylva is the nom de plume assumed by Queen Elizabeth of Roumania in her literary work, and the name by which she is known among her own people and throughout the world.

She was born on December 29, 1845, the daughter of Prince Hermann of Wied, a German principality. At Newwid, her father's capital, she first met her future husband, then Prince Charles of Hohenzollern, who had been recommended by Bismarck as ruler for the turbulent Roumanians.

Reads Like Romances. Princess Elizabeth von Newwid, to whom Charles was married November 15, 1869, is known the world over by her pen name of "Carmen Sylva." The story of their courtship reads like a page out of a romance. His majesty was calling at the castle of a German prince, when, on proceeding upstairs, a young girl who was coming down, missed her footing and fell into his arms.

Wins Subjects' Love. Queen Elizabeth soon won the love of her new subjects. She began at once to enter with her characteristic energy into the life of the Roumanian people, to study their customs and to endeavor to understand their thoughts and aspirations.

In 1890 on the day after receiving from her brother the news of the battle of Sedan, in which he had fought with honor, her only child, a daughter, was born, whose death from diphtheria occurred in 1874.

During the anxious days of the war of 1871 Princess Elizabeth worked day and night in the hospitals, sustaining by her presence the courage of the victims of battle and setting an example which was followed by the Roumanian women in the most unselfish manner. When the victorious Roumanian army, headed by Prince Charles, entered Bucharest on their return from the campaign the war song which they sang and which they sang and which had inspired them in many battles, was composed by Princess Elizabeth.

## THE DAY'S WAR NEWS

REPORTS OF THE CAPTURE OF a German sea raider, either the auxiliary cruiser Moewe or the cruiser Roon, came to hand today from South American sources. The capture is said to have been effected by British cruisers, which took their prize to Trinidad Island.

AFTER A LULL an infantry operation in the vicinity of Verdun since the early part of the week there has been a resumption of the German offensive in the Woevre region. A violent bombardment was followed by a spirited attack on the French at Fresnes, ten miles southeast of Verdun. Paris reports the driving out of the Germans from the few positions which they succeeded in penetrating.

FROM DUTCH SOURCES come reports that the German drive is to be resumed from the northeast, 80,000 men having been concentrated near Buxy, behind Fort Vaux, which is said to have been destroyed by the German heavy mortars.

ESTIMATES OF GERMAN LOSSES in the offensive are running high in estimate reports, one from Paris placing them at between 125,000 and 150,000. All accounts from German sources, however, declared that the casualties of the attacking armies were surprisingly small.

RUSSIAN STEAMER Alexander Wentzel, of 2,538 tons, is reported sunk, eighteen of the crew having been drowned. The Italian steamer Etila and three British fishing smacks also are reported sunk.

## TEUTONS RESUME TERRIFIC ATTACKS NORTH OF VERDUN

Paris Announces that Germans Are Again Advancing on Fortress with Artillery and Infantry.

### ASSAULTS ARE REPULSED

Fire of French Troops Decimate Invaders Pressing to the Charge.

### ACTIVITY ALL ALONG FRONT

PARIS, March 2.—German attacks of great violence, both artillery and infantry, have been resumed to the north of Verdun. The official statement issued by the French war office tonight says that furious infantry assaults have been repulsed by the French troops, "whose fire decimated the ranks of the enemy."

The text of the statement follows: "In Belgium destructive fires have been directed by our artillery against the German organizations to the west of Steenstraete. "Between the Somme and the Oise a German work was destroyed by our batteries in the region of Beuvraignes."

Falls in Flames. "In Champagne a German aeroplane, shelled by our batteries in the vicinity of Suippes, fell in flames, within the enemy lines.

"In the Argonne we executed concentrated fires to the north of Harasce and on the Chepy wood.

"In the region to the north of Verdun and in the Woevre the activity of the enemy artillery, which had abated somewhat during the preceding days, was considerably increased in the course of the day along the entire front, and principally on Le Mort Homme, the Cote de Pelvire and in the region of Douaumont. At the last named point the bombardment was followed by several attacks of infantry of extreme violence. This series of attacks was repulsed by our troops, whose fire decimated the enemy ranks.

"Our batteries replied energetically everywhere to the bombardment and shelled the enemy's roads of communication.

"In the northeast of St. Mihiel our long-range guns bombarded the railway station at Vignulles. According to our observers, two fires were started, several trains were hit and a locomotive was blown up.

Fighting in Alsace. "In upper Alsace there has been great activity on the part of both armies in the region of Seppois.

"Last night one of our bombing squadrons dropped forty-four shells of all calibers on the station at Chambley, which appeared to have suffered serious damage. Notwithstanding a lively cannonade, the aeroplanes returned in safety to our lines.

"Today our aeroplanes dropped forty shells on the railway station at Benetort and nine projectiles on the enemy establishments at Avricourt."

The Belgian official communication reads: "Artillery duels have occurred chiefly in the northern part of the front. There was fighting with bombs in the direction of Steenstraete."

For Women Specially

The Bee's exclusive features relating to household topics, current fashions, social entertaining and the personal problems of the eternal feminine are unexcelled. Read Our Woman's Pages.