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# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER  
Unsettled

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OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 13, 1915—TWELVE PAGES.

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## BOSTON WINS FOURTH GAME OF WORLD'S SERIES

Immense Crowd Watches Phillies Lose to Boston Sox in Fourth Game of World's Series

## LEWIS BAT AGAIN DANGEROUS

Hard Hitting Outfielder of the Boston Team Lands When It Counts.

## SHORE HOLDS QUAKER TEAM

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BOSTON, Oct. 11.—Only one game stands tonight between the Boston Americans and the base ball championship of the world. For the third successive time they defeated the Philadelphia Nationals today by the same score that has marked all of the Red Sox victories—2 to 1.

Tomorrow the scene of battle shifts back to Philadelphia, where Alexander undoubtedly will be called upon to pitch his third game of the series in an effort to stem the tide of Red Sox success.

The two teams left for the Pennsylvania metropolis early tonight, the Phillies fairly deep in gloom and the Red Sox confident that the championship is but a step away.

"Alex" Last Hope of Phils. If Alexander should prove a winner in his own ball yard tomorrow, the sixth game of the series will be played in Boston on Thursday. Alexander is the last hope of the Phillies. He is ready and anxious to go back in the box tomorrow and is sure to give a good account of himself. He won from the Sox last Friday and was defeated yesterday only by a fierce batting rally in the last of the ninth. The Phillies themselves feel that if they can give big "Alex" any sort of offensive support he will put across a victory tomorrow that at least will give the National leaguers a fighting chance in the series.

The Philadelphia batters took rather kindly to Ernest Shore's offerings today and made more hits than they had registered in any one of the three previous contests. The power to drive in the runs was lacking, however, and eight of the visitors were left stranded on the bases.

Cravath's Long Drive. "Govvy" Cravath sent Lewis back to the left field fence again today to catch a drive that from the Philadelphia grounds would have been a hit into the stands and good for the circuit. A little luck in placing these long hits tomorrow would be all the difference in the world behind a pitcher of Alexander's ability and there are many students of the game tonight who do not share the confidence of the Red Sox that tomorrow's contest will be the last.

Differing widely from the two sparkling, blood-tingling games of Saturday and Monday, today's contest was decidedly commonplace. The Red Sox got away in front and were never headed. Their margin never was very wide, but it seemed at all times sufficient and there was little to stir the crowd to the high pitches of extreme excitement that marked the struggle of yesterday.

The Phillies made a threat in their half of the eighth inning. "Trix" Speaker again had trouble with the sun and let Cravath's single bound over his head, the runner pulling up at third with a three-bagger to his credit.

Luderus to Rescue. Two were out at the time and the fans were not inclined to take the situation seriously until Luderus, who seemed to have found his batting eye at last, slammed out his third single of the day and sent Cravath scampering over the plate.

Dugy went in to run for Luderus and further complicated the situation by stealing second. Whitted, with a single, might have tied the score, but his fast liner went directly at the Boston pitcher, who gamely knocked it down and threw the Philly left fielder out at first.

In both the first and second innings to— (Continued on Page Four Column One.)

## ITALIAN BIG GUN—The picture here gives a good idea of the gigantic size of the modern weapons used in the titanic struggle in Europe. It shows an Italian twelve-inch howitzer being used to shell the Austrian positions.



ITALIAN 12 INCH HOWITZER

## DEMOS MUST ALL CONSULT G. M. H.

At Least Those Who Have Any Desire to Run for Governor Must Pay Attention.

## TO GIVE MOREHEAD CHANCE

"Democrats wishing to run for governor of Nebraska will please consult Senator G. M. Hitchcock." No, that sign does not glow in electrical display from the senator's door, but nevertheless several demagogues who had gubernatorial ambitions were pretty sore at present because the senator "won't let them run."

That information comes straight from some of those who have been "sent for" and "talked to" by the senator.

No, the way must be kept open for John H. Morehead for a third term of governor. This is Hitchcock's plan, according to demagogues who know.

Why? Well that is not so hard to guess. Morehead has been known to have designs on the senate himself. Hitchcock does not want him as his opponent at the primaries and so hopes to keep him shelved out of his own way by getting him to run for a third term as governor.

The Reason Why. That's why he calls in good democrats and tells them they must not run for governor, but must leave Morehead a clear field.

Morehead tied up more or less with the Bryan faction in the last legislature, and that does not roll well on the tongue of Senator Hitchcock.

"Yes, Hitchcock has even gone some this summer over the proposition," said one democrat. "He has done little but scheme on this matter during the summer and fall. I am given to understand that he is about ready to yield to all or most of the Bryan recommendations for federal appointments, as a last resort to get the support of the Bryan element in the state next fall."

## Soldiers Called to the Polls in South Carolina

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 12.—Four companies of the National guard of South Carolina, and three divisions of the naval militia were held in their armories today to be ready to supercede the local police, should the latter, in the opinion of Sheriff J. E. Martin, fail to preserve order at the polls during a municipal primary election. The sheriff had also sworn in some fifty deputies for similar duty. There was a rushing early today, however, to indicate possible disturbances.

Today's democratic primary, nomination in which is regarded as equivalent to the regular election, was preceded by a bitter political fight between local factions.

## SUNDAY CALLS DANCE HOTBED OF IMMORALITY

It is Hugging Match Set to Music and a Graveyard of Girlhood, He Declares at the Tabernacle.

## TANGO NEXT TO PIT OF HELL

Strikes at Theater, Card Playing, Movies and Other Modern Amusements.

## SAYS NONE CAN HUG HIS WIFE

MEETINGS TODAY. 8:30 a. m.—Central high school girls' prayer meeting, First Methodist church, Miss Miller.

10 a. m.—District prayer meetings. 10 a. m.—Bible class, Dundas Presbyterian church, Miss Eise.

11 a. m. to 2 p. m.—Business woman's lunch, 1809 Farnam street, Miss Miller.

12:30 p. m.—Men's prayer meeting, E. M. C. A.

2 p. m.—Sunday at the Tabernacle. 2 p. m.—Tabernacle Bible class.

3:15 p. m.—Business woman's invitation meeting, Y. W. C. A., Miss Miller.

3:45 p. m.—Boys' and girls' meeting, South Side, First Methodist church, Miss Gamlin.

4:30 p. m.—Boys' and girls' meeting, Albright Methodist church, Miss Gamlin.

6:45 p. m.—Business women's committee, Y. W. C. A., Miss Miller.

7:30 p. m.—Sunday at the Tabernacle. 7:30 p. m.—Bible class, Christian church, South Side, Miss Saxe.

This is what "Billy" Sunday said about the dance in his sermon yesterday afternoon on "Amusements."

"It is a hugging match set to music. It is a secondary sexual love feast. It is the hotbed of immorality. It is the moral graveyard of the young women of America. It is one of the principal recruiting places of the pandemonium. It has caused the downfall of more girls than any other institution this side of hell. The rottenest, most suggestive and licentious thing that ever wriggled out of the pit of hell is this tango."

"I'd like to see the color of the buck's hair that'll put his arm around my wife at a dance or anywhere else," he said grimly. And after the applause and laughter had stopped he added: "I'll monopolize all that hugging myself."

"Billy" struck blows at card-playing, theater and "movie" going and other amusements of the modern world and painted vividly the evils that result.

"I hate to tell you what I think of some of the shows that are shown at the theaters," he declared. "The papers would have to print in tabular paper and it would burn holes in the mail sacks."

"Some women," he said, "could carry their pumps and the dress they wear at a ball in an envelope."

Passion Beats of Dance. "I declare to you," he shouted, "that passion is the basis of the dance. If it isn't, why don't you men dance with men and women with women? I have more respect for a saloon keeper than I have for a dancing master."

He attacked the churches for their laxity in enforcing their beliefs against these evils.

"The lowest down rascal on God's dirt is a dancing Methodist," he declared, and then told several stories about church people who played cards and did other unbecoming things.

"There are too many deacons that don't 'dear' and too many stewards that miss the stew," he said, "and too many church dignitaries that don't dig."

Speaking of harmless amusements he mentioned that he liked to play base ball, checkers, chess, crokinole, croquet.

## Governor Dunne Wants Federal Aid for the National Guard

QUINCY, Ill., Oct. 12.—Federal compensation for members of the National Guard, more thorough military training for college students and the establishment of federal munition factories, and perhaps another West Point in the middle west, were advocated here today by Governor Dunne of Illinois as a means of furthering the national defense. The governor, who spoke at the dedication of a new National Guard armory, held up the Swiss military system as a model for democratic governments. He pointed out that the average compensation to militiamen in Illinois does not exceed \$15 a year, and added:

"But if the National Guardsmen were paid for drilling I believe that instead of a National Guard of 120,000 men we would have from 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 throughout the country." Discussing the location of national arsenals and ammunition factories in the middle west Governor Dunne said:

"I was surprised upon visiting the United States arsenal at Rock Island some time ago to discover that no ammunition, guns, rifles or other arms were being manufactured there. The only products were blankets, harness, saddles and other equipment of this character." In the event of invasion and capture of our ammunition factories along the eastern seaboard it would require much valuable time to build and equip such factories in the heart of the nation.

In conclusion he said: "As between the Chinese republic, with its 400,000,000 inhabitants, without an efficiency army, covering before the militant empire of Japan with its 70,000,000 population, and the little republic in Switzerland standing among the warring nations of Europe and protecting its independence by a trained soldiery, let us rather incline to the fortunate situation of Switzerland."

## RESOURCES OF RUSSIA TAXED

Drain of Both Men and Money on Account of Continuance of War Beginning to Be Felt.

## MUST HAVE HELP FROM OUTSIDE

LONDON, Oct. 12.—The enormous drain on Russia's supply of men and the financial strain upon the country are emphasized by the Times' Russian correspondent in a review of the situation in the east. Russia, he says, never expected the war to last longer than six months. It had sufficient money, an abundance of shells and a superfluity of men for such a war, but was not prepared for so prolonged and strenuous a struggle.

"She strove hard," the correspondent asserts, "to meet the demands for ammunition and munitions. Her industrial background, the skilled hands and the industrial mobility to support her army adequately. She must depend upon outside help and has to buy from Japan, the United States or elsewhere. Thus the problem becomes largely financial."

"It should be remembered that the Russian ruble has depreciated 40 per cent; that Russia raises nothing by the sale of spirits and scarcely anything by her tariff on imports and she also has greater difficulty in borrowing in America."

"For the time being Russia continues to hold its own. Soldiers' wages and army bills are paid with admirable punctuality and there is a feeling that all supplies will be obtained easily if once the Dardanelles are taken. But those who know the truth of the inwardness of the situation know how much financial difficulty stands in the way of Russia making up lost ground and entering again upon a vigorous offensive."

No Death Lists Given. Taking up Russia's enormous losses in men, the correspondent says they undoubtedly are much greater than generally supposed. No lists are published of losses in the ranks and it is difficult to gauge the extent of daily casualties.

"There was dreadful carnage in the Russo-Japanese war," the writer asserts, "but everything in this war has been on a scale five times as large. Enormous numbers of young men who never expected to serve and whose parents believed they were immune, are now being trained. The act of calling them out of school and executive offices from many parts of the United States were a further example of Russia's wholeheartedness and determination to cast everything on the altar of the nation."

## Protest Against Reopening Case

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Informal protests against a reopening and rearranging of the western advance freight rate case have been received by the Interstate Commerce commission from the National Wool Growers' association and the National Live Stock association. The railroads involved have petitioned the commission for a reopening, but no action has been taken.

## The Day's War News

BULGARIA'S LONG AWAITED thrust at Serbia has been begun. News dispatches telling of the start of the Bulgarian drive were confirmed this morning by an official announcement telegraphed from Nish. All the attacks by the Bulgarians have been repelled, the Serbians declare.

THE BULGARIAN invasion he outchronicled with Emperor Nicholas' assumption of command and was in a way a further example of Russia's wholeheartedness and determination to cast everything on the altar of the nation.

IMPORTANT VICTORY for the Russian army is claimed by Petrograd, which states that the Austro-German lines on the Stripa, in Galicia, have been pierced and that the Russians are vigorously pushing their advance. This attack is being made north of the Romanian border and synchronizes with the virtual opening of the campaign of the central powers and Bulgaria upon Serbia. The possible political effect upon the situation in the Balkans may have been a strong consideration in its launching.

## RUSSIAN FORCES PIERCE GERMAN LINES ON STRIPA

Two Thousand Men and Many Officers, Besides Large Numbers of Guns Are Captured During the Battle.

## ADVANCE IS BEING PUSHED

Bombs from Aeroplanes Dropped Upon Villages of Valhoj and Tauerkalm, Making Hits.

## FIERCE FIGHTING ALONG LINE

PARIS, Oct. 12.—Bulgarian troops invaded Serbia last night. The Serbian legation today received this telegram from Nish:

"Last night Bulgarians began an attack in the direction of Vlasina. All attacks up to the present have been repulsed decisively."

LONDON, Oct. 12.—A dispatch to the Times from Athens says that the Bulgarians began an attack on Serbia at Gariboghas, near Kniashevatz, at midday Monday.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 12.—Russian forces have pierced the Austro-German lines on the Stripa river. They have already taken prisoner more than 2,000 men and sixty officers and have captured four guns and ten rapid firers. The Russian advance is being pushed vigorously.

Successful operations against the Germans in the vicinity of Dvinsk are contained in the official statement issued at the headquarters of the general staff. The communication follows:

"South of Friedrichstadt, seventy-five bombs were dropped on the villages of Valhoj and Tauerkalm from our aeroplanes. Good hits were observed."

"In the Dvinsk region, on many parts of the front, furious fighting has been carried on successfully against the Germans, who assumed the offensive repeatedly. Northwest of Dvinsk, the Germans were ejected from Garboukova and forced to flee by new attacks of our troops. In the region of the high road southwest of Dvinsk, the Germans were driven out of their trenches between Lautseus Ghey and Ghirvishki. In pursuing them we took a line from the southeastern end of Lake Metemoust to Lautseus Ghey."

Bombarded by German Aviators. "Firing continued on Lake Demen from midday until dark. German aviators bombarded Dvinsk and the nearest railway stations. Our cavalry occupied Oustine, on the western bank of Lake Bogdanov. We repulsed the enemy's attempt at an offensive from Lubetsa, on the upper Niemen."

"On both sides of the Kovel-Barny railway there have been several skirmishes with the enemy advancing towards the Strz river. Our artillery on several occasions developed a deadly fire against the enemy. There was stubborn fighting on the left bank of Strz, below Koltki, which ended in the evening of October 10 of our occupying the third line of the enemy trenches."

"Southeast of Koltki, our troops, supported by artillery, captured the eastern border of the villages of Chortorsk and Rukody with very slight losses."

"German counter-attacks were repulsed in the region of Moshantitsy and Slinco, east Derasono."

"On the Caucasus front, in the region of Iahkam, the Turks, who assumed the offensive, were repulsed. There were no important events elsewhere."

## Form of Chinese Government to Be Determined Shortly

PEKING, Oct. 12.—In a mandate dated October 10 and issued last night, President Yuan Shi Kai acknowledged the receipt from all the provinces of the Chinese republic of petitions, urging a restoration of the monarchy. He stated emphatically that the will of the people must solve the question of a change in the form of government and that any change must be in accordance with the constitutional compact.

The people's real wishes will be followed, President Yuan Shi Kai asserts. He ordered those in control of the elections to carry out their duties strictly in accordance with the law.

It is learned officially that the National assembly will be called early next year and that whichever form of government is decided upon in the impending expression of the popular will, the government will be a constitutional one.

## Meeting of the Big Railroad Men On

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 12.—Rate experts, public service chiefs and railroad presidents and executive officers from many parts of the United States were assembled here today to attend the sessions of the National Association of Railway Commissioners.

One of the outstanding features of the convention was expected to be the discussion of government ownership of public utilities.

A report of the committee on shippers' claims was to be presented to the convention for approval. The report, submitted by Clyde B. Altshuler of Oregon, chairman, pointed out a seeming injustice of the present system, which limits the shippers' remedy for over charges by carriers to two years, while the carriers remedy against the shipper for under collections are not barred short of the statutory period of limitation in the state where the action is brought.

## Crazed by Grief by Death of Brother

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Oct. 12.—(Special.)—Crazed temporarily with grief by the receipt of a letter from his mother in Germany, stating that his younger brother had been killed in battle, Baldwin Schliker, a painter of Ramona, ran amuck and attempted to shoot up the town. Following the reading of the letter he rushed to a saloon, loaded up on liquor and then ran amuck through the town, threatening to perform the wild west stunt of shooting up the town.

## George H. Wiltse Dies at Home in Randolph

RANDOLPH, Neb., Oct. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—George H. Wiltse, died suddenly this afternoon of hemorrhage, induced by cancer of the tongue, which reached an artery. Mr. Wiltse was a widely known attorney in northeastern Nebraska and his name is well known in political circles over the state.

He was state senator in the famous reform legislatures of 1897 and 1899, was a member of the judicial committee and passed upon the measure that gave Nebraska 5-cent fare, the anti-pass law, the 8 o'clock closing law and other measures of reform character. He was about 63 years of age and leaves a widow and one daughter.

## The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity—Unsettled.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour	Temp.	High	Low
6 a. m.	50	50	50
7 a. m.	50	50	50
8 a. m.	50	50	50
9 a. m.	50	50	50
10 a. m.	50	50	50
11 a. m.	50	50	50
12 m.	50	50	50
1 p. m.	50	50	50
2 p. m.	50	50	50
3 p. m.	50	50	50
4 p. m.	50	50	50
5 p. m.	50	50	50
6 p. m.	50	50	50
7 p. m.	50	50	50

## Comparative Local Record.

1915	1914	1913	1912	
Highest yesterday	52	56	51	50
Lowest yesterday	31	32	33	30
Mean temperature	41	45	44	43
Precipitation	.24	.01	.00	.00

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal at Omaha since March 1, 1915, and compared with the last two years.

Normal temperature	47
Deficiency for the day	6
Total deficiency since March 1	419
Excess for the day	0
Total excess since March 1	0
Total rainfall since March 1	3.33
Deficiency since March 1	1.67
Deficiency for cor. period, 1914	1.77
Deficiency for cor. period, 1913	1.97

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M. Station and State Temp. High—Rain—Wind—Direction—Force—Fall.

Station	Temp.	High	Rain	Wind	Dir.	Force	Fall
Cheyenne, clear	42	49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Denver, clear	42	49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Des Moines, cloudy	40	47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
North Platte, clear	42	49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Omaha, raining	42	49	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Rapid City, clear	38	45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sheridan, clear	38	45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sioux City, clear	38	45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Valentine, clear	38	45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

## Prison Association at San Quentin

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 12.—San Quentin penitentiary is said to have the largest number of prisoners of any penal institution in the United States, was the meeting place of one of today's sessions of the American Prison Association.

One of the features of the program was an address by J. E. Frick, judge of the supreme court of Utah, on "Criminals and Their Punishment."

Topics discussed were: "Outdoor Work for Prisoners—Roads, on Farms, on Other Public Work;" "Wages for Prisoners;" "The Honor System—What Do You Mean by It?"

## Fine Big Action Photo of "Billy"

This is one of his best liked photos—He ordered a copy himself.

15 by 20 inches—Price \$3.00 Give your order at the Tabernacle book store or direct to the Photograph Dept. of The Bee.

WOMEN TO STUDY BIBLE IN CURRENT TOPICS WORK

The current topics department of the Women's club at its meeting Tuesday afternoon voted to devote part of each meeting to the study of the Bible. Mrs. M. I. Creigh, leader of the department, acknowledged the Sunday meetings were the incentive.

The lessons will not begin with the Creation, but with Abraham. The women decided that to begin with the creation would require too much scientific research.

Parliamentary practice also will be a feature of each meeting.