

LATIN AMERICAN DIPLOMATS MEET SECRETARY LANSING

Conference Adjourns After Session of Two Hours for Another Sitting This Afternoon.

NOTHING GIVEN OUT AT ALL

First Conference to Consider President Wilson's Plan for Pacification of Mexico.

FACTIONS WILL PRESENT CLAIMS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The conference of Pan-American diplomats adjourned after more than two hours, to meet again tomorrow afternoon. Secretary Lansing refused to divulge what had taken place, saying the meeting was informal and confidential.

Mr. Lansing laid stress on the informal nature of the conference, which he indicated might continue some days. The Latin-American diplomats, he said, had entered the conference on the understanding that its proceedings should be entirely confidential.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—The six Pan-American diplomats invited by President Wilson to join the United States in formulating a plan for restoring peace to Mexico arrived here today for their conference with Secretary Lansing.

The first result is expected to be the ground work of an understanding for an all-American project to re-establish constitutional government below the Rio Grande, preserve the sovereignty of Mexico and convince the world that the United States is acting as Mexico's nearest and most powerful friend and neighbor in saving the distracted country from itself.

Ambassador Naon, Da Gama and Suarez of Argentina, Brazil and Chile, respectively, who were mediators at the Niagara Falls conference last year, and Ministers Calderon, Mendez and De Pena of Bolivia, Guatemala and Uruguay, respectively, selected because they are the ranking members of the Pan-American legation corps, went to the State department to meet Secretary Lansing at 2:30 o'clock.

Plan Partly Outlined.
The diplomats were only partly advised of President Wilson's plan. The purpose of the conference was to invite their help in working one out. The government already have signified their willingness to cooperate in the work and after today's conference, it is expected the other Pan-American countries, including Cuba, not represented in today's conference, will be asked to join in the work.

So far as is known the president's plan proposes, first, a cessation of warfare, establishment of provisional government by the factional leaders themselves; should that fail, the American nation would assume the task.

Chieftains Will Present Claims.
The Villa and Carranza leaders here began taking steps to get their claims before the conference, through the courtesy of some of the Latin-American participants.

The Carranza representatives will point out that they now control the greater portion of Mexico, including most of the principal cities and all of the principal ports, and that they have restored civil government and industry in the wake of their armies. They will press their claims of military advantages over the Villa forces.

Villa representatives plan to submit their willingness to participate in peace conferences between the factions and to the elimination of military leaders, but will oppose the recognition of Carranza.

Broader Plan Suggested.
Aside from the plan of settlement among the Mexican leaders themselves, the proposal to establish a Pan-American commission to take over Mexico, require disarmament, restore civil government and conduct elections has been brought forward again. Another plan for policing Mexico with Pan-American forces also has been considered.

The Weather

Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity—Fair; warmer.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday... FAIR... Highest yesterday... Lowest yesterday... Mean temperature... Precipitation... Wind direction and force... Normal temperature... Deficiency for the day... Total deficiency since March 1... Normal precipitation... Deficiency for the day... Total rainfall since March 1... Excess since March 1... Deficiency for cor. period, 1914, 2.82 inches... Deficiency for cor. period, 1915, 2.39 inches... Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

Comparative Local Record... Highest yesterday... Lowest yesterday... Mean temperature... Precipitation... Normal temperature... Deficiency for the day... Total deficiency since March 1... Normal precipitation... Deficiency for the day... Total rainfall since March 1... Excess since March 1... Deficiency for cor. period, 1914, 2.82 inches... Deficiency for cor. period, 1915, 2.39 inches... Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

KING GEORGE OF ENGLAND stepping from mobile at the door of a big munition plant in Birmingham, which he is visiting for purposes of inspection.



OTTO GLICK DIES FROM AUTO WRECK

Car Driven by H. L. Mallo Hits Curb and Trolley Pole—W. J. Berlo Severely Injured.

Mallo is not badly hurt. Otto Glick, shoemaker in the Woodmen of the World building, who was injured in the auto accident at Forty-sixth and Cuming streets yesterday morning, died as a result of his injuries at the Lord Lister hospital two hours later. He did not regain consciousness, and his injuries were so bad that the doctors in charge could do nothing for him.

W. J. Berlo had both legs broken, one being fractured in three places between the knee and the hip. The other leg was almost as severely injured. He will probably recover as his other injuries are not serious. The doctors do not know as yet whether or not he will lose his legs.

H. L. Mallo, the driver, is not in serious condition, his injuries being minor. He is also at the Lord Lister hospital. Mallo driving car. The car was driven by H. L. Mallo, 4514 Webster street, and was coming east on Cuming street. It was with him were Otto Glick, 2803 Lincoln boulevard, and W. J. Berlo, 4514 Webster street.

Mallo became confused when he saw a street car backing into the "Y" to turn around and for some reason was unable to control the car. It struck with terrific force, hurling the men to the ground. Mallo retained consciousness and refused the assistance of the police surgeon for himself and unconscious companions, insisting on waiting till his own physician, Dr. F. J. Wearne, arrived.

Dr. Wearne, when he came, ordered them removed at once to the Lord Lister hospital, where the full extent of their injuries was determined in the operating room. The body of Otto Glick will be taken to Chicago, his former home, for burial. He is survived by his wife, a bride of two years, and his parents and a brother in Chicago. Members of the family arrived from Chicago last night.

Mrs. Mallo is traveling in California. Mr. Berlo was a guest at the Mallo home for the last few days. Accident Wednesday Night. A large crowd gathered at Eighteenth and Farnam streets most of the forenoon to view the two cars which collided about midnight Wednesday night, when a Ford driven down Farnam street by John Jacobs, 1548 South Twenty-sixth street, hit an electric, owned by Max Sommers, grocer, at Twenty-eighth and Farnam streets. The electric was going north on Eighteenth street. Both cars were badly smashed, but the occupants were lucky in escaping serious injury.

Another Collision. Yesterday afternoon two automobiles collided at Thirty-third and California streets. It was reported that two persons were slightly injured and both machines badly smashed. General Villa is Visiting in Juarez. EL PASO, Tex., Aug. 5.—General Francisco Villa arrived at Juarez today. While the precise object of his visit was a matter of conjecture, it is said he is to confer with General Coarchoa, special State department agent, and with General Felipe Angeles. Efforts to verify a report last night that the garrison at Torreon demanded the presence of General Villa under threat of revolt, failed.

REFUGEES THROG TO MOSCOW FROM POLAND'S CAPITAL

Hundreds Arrive Daily from Warsaw, Most of Them Without Money or Means of Sustaining Life.

APPEAL TO U. S. CONSULATE

Care Taken that No Suburban Factories Fall Into Hands of Invaders.

GREAT SUGAR PLANT IS RAZED

MOSCOW (Via Petrograd and London), Aug. 4.—Hundreds of refugees from Warsaw are arriving here daily. Most of them are without money or means of sustenance and are seeking aid at the American consulate, where an enlarged staff is attempting to supply temporary assistance, pending the organization of a Russian relief committee.

The refugees state that although the population of the Polish capital was convinced that the Germans ultimately would occupy the city, a majority of the citizens elected to remain, only approximately 15 per cent to date having been lost to the city.

This accounts for the comparative order and the absence of panic which accompanied the exodus. Third-Class Tickets Free. The German occupation from the first seemed imminent, the tickets issued an order that third class tickets to any point in the interior of Russia should be given free to all citizens desiring to depart. The only condition attached by the authorities was that residents so leaving would not be allowed to return without a special permit.

The abandonment of the city was so carefully planned and so systematically executed that an onlooker received the impression that a no more extraordinary phenomenon was occurring than the ordinary summer exodus. Sufficient extra trains had been provided so that traveling conditions on the whole differed little from normal.

An unusual feature of the present retreatment was the fact that provision tickets were made unnecessary. The bulk of the refugees traveled on foot or with their wagons along the highways. Most of the refugees were unable to proceed southward and to Kiev and finding the railway to Vilna monopolized for military purposes they took the line to the east, temporarily crowding Moscow, Viladova and Brest-Litovsk. Many of these lost their homes in the outlying portions of Warsaw, the destruction of which became a military necessity.

All the territory immediately to the west of Warsaw, containing large factories, Polish estates and peasant dwellings, now presents blackened and uninhabitable areas. Care had been taken that no suburban factories should fall in the hands of the Germans and be converted to their use. Chief among those destroyed was the \$1,000,000 sugar factory belonging to a Polish lawyer, Eugene Kuruluk, with more than 2,000 tons of sugar. The factories in the city itself, although abandoned, had not yet been destroyed when the refugees left.

Blackened Wastes. The territory immediately to the west of Warsaw, containing large factories, Polish estates and peasant dwellings, now presents blackened and uninhabitable areas.

Care had been taken that no suburban factories should fall in the hands of the Germans and be converted to their use. Chief among those destroyed was the \$1,000,000 sugar factory belonging to a Polish lawyer, Eugene Kuruluk, with more than 2,000 tons of sugar.

The factories in the city itself, although abandoned, had not yet been destroyed when the refugees left.

Ex-Pastor of John D. Attacks "Billy" Sunday's Theology

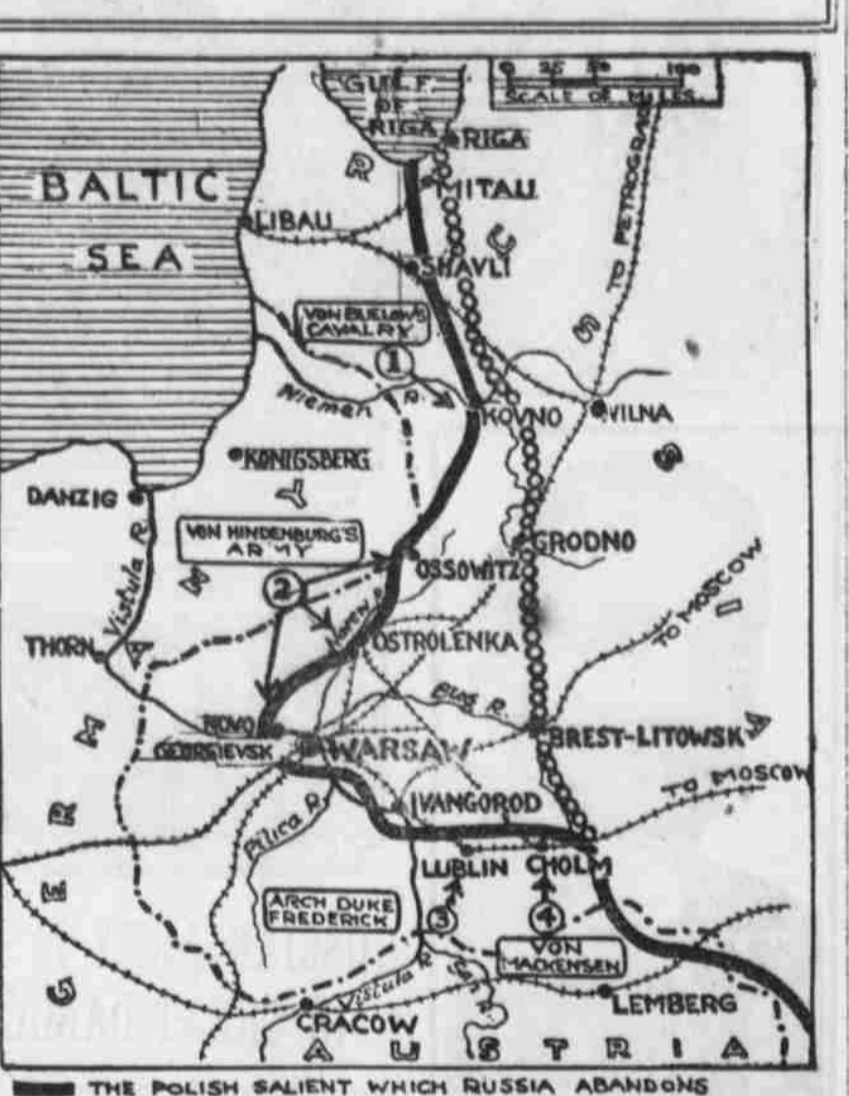
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 5.—Acceptance of the resignation of Rev. Charles F. Aked, D. D. from a committee of 100, organized by the federal council of the Churches of Christ in America, to promote evangelistic meetings here during the Panama-Pacific exposition was announced today.

Dr. Aked is pastor of the First Congregational church here and was formerly pastor of the First Avenue Baptist church of New York, some times called the Rockefeller church. He was vice president of the committee of 100, but withdrew from membership in it, his letter of resignation said, because Rev. William A. (Billy) Sunday was to preach. He also said, "There is no such God as he pretends, no such Christ, no such Heaven and no such hell."

Mr. Sunday concluded his series of addresses last night. The resignation was offered when they began, and Dr. Aked was asked to reconsider. Need of Men Teachers. "To become men and efficient men, boys must be taught and drilled with the ideas and ideals of men, and by men, and not women. But here we have our boys taught by women. There is not a (Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)

WYOMING POPULATION LESS THAN LAST CENSUS. CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 5.—(Special.)—Complete state census returns from seventeen of the twenty-one Wyoming counties show a total population of 19,860, which is between 2,000 and 3,000 less than the population of the same counties as shown by the federal census of 1910. Complete returns probably will show a total population of 143,000, or about 3,000 less than was shown by the federal census of five years ago.

RUSSIA'S NEW LINE OF DEFENSE—Positions to which the Grand Duke Nicholas is now trying to withdraw his forces before the German armies, north and south, can cut off his retreat. The map shows the three principal railways upon which a successful Russian retreat depended.



THE POLISH SALIENT WHICH RUSSIA ABANDONS THE GRAND DUKE NICHOLAS'S NEW LINE OF DEFENSE

U. S. BUSINESS MAN WARSAW LONG CUT IS BEHIND IN RACE

Frank L. Haller Declares Country Not Capable of Taking Advantage of Great Chance.

NEED MEN TEACHERS IN SCHOOLS

"The United States today is the least prepared, least capable of all the great nations, to take advantage of the great opportunity to get the trade of the world that is open to fit now, due to the world war," said Frank L. Haller, president of the Linniger Implement company, in an address on "Commercialism," before a hundred business men and women at the Nebraska Business Men's Outing association chalet at Carter lake Thursday afternoon.

The German government ten years ago sent a secret commission here to investigate and learn whether we would be any danger to them as competitors for the markets of the world. They reported back, "No, no danger whatever, so long as the school system is what it is. Consular Service Attacked. "Our consular service is inefficient and no good to us. Our men in that service are not educated for the work, and have not the business sense to be of value to us."

"Roosevelt, when he was president, threw the consular service into the civil service class, and required an examination of efficiency for the service; but Mr. Bryan, known as the Great Commoner, is responsible for putting it back into the appointment system. Thus our consular service has no schooling for its work; and if we are going to amount to anything in the markets of the world, we must have a consular service that amounts to something. "One thing that is responsible for our inefficiency in business, is that our children are not properly trained. Nowhere from the cradle to the grave is there any authority over the children. And unless a boy is made to learn to obey, he does not become the right kind of a man. If he has never been taught to obey any authority, he cannot make himself obey himself when he grows up."

Need of Men Teachers. "To become men and efficient men, boys must be taught and drilled with the ideas and ideals of men, and by men, and not women. But here we have our boys taught by women. There is not a (Continued on Page Two, Column Four.)

University of Warsaw is Moved to Moscow and Courts Are Suspended

WARSAW, July 22.—(By Mail to Petrograd and London, Aug. 6)—The hurried measures adopted for the evacuation of the city are shown in a number of official orders which have appeared. These orders direct the removal of the University of Warsaw to Moscow and the discontinuance of the administration of justice before the high courts after July 24. Another states that all horses, automobiles and other means of transportation not removed to the right bank of the Vistula before July 18 will be subject to the requisition of the government thereafter. The order for the removal of the university directs the faculty to leave today and says that if it is found impossible for them to return the courses will be continued at Moscow university, a famous educational institution. The edict discontinuing the law courts states that no new cases will be accepted, that pending cases will be discontinued and that sentences will be suspended. A guardian is appointed for

WARSAW FALLS INTO HANDS OF GERMAN FORCES

Kaiser's Army Occupied Capital of Russian Poland This Morning, According to the Berlin War Office.

TRENCHES TAKEN BY ASSAULT

Russian Rear Guard Makes Tenacious Defense, but is Driven Out by Bavarians.

TEUTONS TAKE MANY PRISONERS

BERLIN, Aug. 5.—(By Wireless to Tuckerton, N. J.)—Warsaw was taken this morning by German troops, according to an official announcement made at German army headquarters. Yesterday and last night Bavarian troops under the command of Prince Leopold broke through the forts of the outer and inner lines of the city's defenses, where the rear guards of the Russian troops made a tenacious resistance.

Continuing, the report from headquarters says: "The German armies under General Von Scholtz and General Von Gallwitz advanced in the direction of the road between Lomza, Ostrov and Wyszok and fought a number of violent engagements. The brave and desperate resistance of the Russians on both sides of the road between Ostrov and Rozan was without success.

Lomza, Ostrov and Wyszok are to the northeast of Warsaw. Wyszok is 45 kilometers (twenty-seven miles) from the Polish capital. Ostrov is 50 kilometers (thirty miles) northeast of Wyszok, and Lomza is 45 kilometers (twenty-seven miles) north of Ostrov. Rozan is 40 kilometers (twenty-four miles) north of Wyszok. Many Russians Captured. "Twenty-two Russian officers and 4,840 soldiers were taken prisoners. The Germans also captured seventeen machine guns. "German cavalry yesterday and the day before defeated in Courland detachments of Russian cavalry at points near Genzko, Burski and Oniskiski. A total of 2,323 Russian prisoners was taken. "The situation here and to the north of Wyszok remains unchanged. "The campaign is being continued between the upper Vistula river and the river Bug. German cavalrymen have entered Wladimir-Volynsk on the Bug river. "In the Vozes there has been new engagements near the Lingskopf. Marks End of Great Movement. The fall of Warsaw marks the culmination of the greatest sustained offensive movement of the European war. Thrice before Teutonic armies have knocked at its gates, only to be denied by the strength of its defenses and the resistance of the forces holding it. Apparently impregnable in the face of direct attack, it was compelled to capitulate before the sweep of a vast movement, which threatened to encircle the capital, and with it the Russian armies engaged in the campaign of which it was the storm center, from the north, northwest, west and southwest, the Austro-German forces have been pressing upon the Polish capital in their combined drive to force the Russians out of Poland and if possible to break their offensive power for an indefinite period by administering a decisive defeat all along the line.

Campaign Began in May. The movement may be said to have its inception in May, when the great Teutonic march through Galicia began. To get at the Russian armies in Poland from the southeast, it first was necessary to break through the Austro-German lines. Campaign Began in May. The movement may be said to have its inception in May, when the great Teutonic march through Galicia began. To get at the Russian armies in Poland from the southeast, it first was necessary to break through the Austro-German lines. Campaign Began in May. The movement may be said to have its inception in May, when the great Teutonic march through Galicia began. To get at the Russian armies in Poland from the southeast, it first was necessary to break through the Austro-German lines.

Chief Civil Officials. The chief civil authorities now are the Citizens' Central committee, which has assumed jurisdiction over the entire district, and the committee of Warsaw, with immediate control in the city. All provisions are up to 150 per cent. Sugar, tea, coffee, butter and milk are virtually out of the market. White bread is difficult to procure.

University of Warsaw is Moved to Moscow and Courts Are Suspended. WARSAW, July 22.—(By Mail to Petrograd and London, Aug. 6)—The hurried measures adopted for the evacuation of the city are shown in a number of official orders which have appeared. These orders direct the removal of the University of Warsaw to Moscow and the discontinuance of the administration of justice before the high courts after July 24.

The order for the removal of the university directs the faculty to leave today and says that if it is found impossible for them to return the courses will be continued at Moscow university, a famous educational institution. The edict discontinuing the law courts states that no new cases will be accepted, that pending cases will be discontinued and that sentences will be suspended. A guardian is appointed for

The law buildings pending this suspension which lasts "until further notice." An order from the governor general stipulated three Jewish newspapers, but the editors have announced that funds contributed by American Jewish organizations will permit the continued employment of the editorial staffs and provide three weeks pay for the mechanical forces. A kitchen has also been established where employes may obtain dinner for 12 cents.

Official plans have been published for the organization of the male civilian population between the ages of 18 and 50 years for military work, such as transportation, the building of roads and the digging of trenches. These plans provide that each 1,000 shall be under the direction of a "headman" with a certification for each 100. The "headmen" and centurions will receive \$1.32 a day, while each worker will receive 50 cents a day and his board. The trade organization of civilians will be turned over to the military authorities as complete units.

THE WANT-AD WAY



All Rights Reserved. "I'd like to sell out as soon as I can! I'll sell out right now if you are my man!" "Be sure you're the man. The deal was 'one' made. So he gave up his job To wait on me." "The store he's improved. The business is better. That he uses Bee Ads Goes without saying." "Business are constantly in the market for well-established businesses. If you want to sell your business place an Ad in the 'Business Chance' column of 'THE BEE' today. Telephone Fyler 1300 and PUT IT IN THE OMAHA BEE.