

Our Magazine Page will interest every woman who likes good heart-to-heart talks with other sympathetic women

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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER
Fair; Warmer

OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 9, 1912—FOURTEEN PAGES.

SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS.

COMBINE BEGINS WAR BY FORMAL NOTICE TO TURKISH COUNCIL

Declaration Served on Porte by the Montenegrin Charge d'Affaires at Constantinople.

PASSPORTS ARE EXCHANGED
Representatives of Two Nations Start for Their Homes.

BATTLE IS RAGING ON FRONTIER

Turkish Troops Attacked and Fierce Fight in Progress.

LONDON TAKES NEWS CALMLY

Probable Defeat of the Peace Plans Brings Little Excitement to the Stock Markets of the World.

CETTINJE, Montenegro, Oct. 8.—Montenegro formally declared war on Turkey this morning. The declaration of war was delivered to the porte by the Montenegrin charge d'affaires early today.

Nine battalions of Turkish troops which were proceeding from Scutari to Tust, along the Montenegrin frontier, were attacked last yesterday by a detachment of Malissori tribesmen. The fighting began just outside Tust and continued all night with vigor. The battle was still in progress this morning. M. Plantamias, the Montenegrin charge d'affaires at Constantinople, has been ordered to leave there today. The Turkish charge d'affaires here has been handed his passports by the Montenegrin government.

Cross Turkish Frontier.
BELGRADE, Serbia, Oct. 8.—Reports reached here today that Montenegrin troops had crossed the Turkish frontier. The Serbian Parliament today voted an extra credit of \$3,000,000 for military purposes and the merchants of this city are making large donations to the funds being raised for the assistance of poor families whose bread winners have been called upon for military service.

Three hundred beds with seven doctors and forty-five nurses sent by the Russian Red Cross society arrived today.

Powers Expected to Act.
SOFIA, Bulgaria, Oct. 8.—The Austrian and Russian ministers at noon today made joint representations to the Bulgarian government on behalf of the powers.

They informed the Bulgarian government that the powers strongly disapproved of the warlike attitude of the Balkan states and urged upon them a prompt cessation of the military concentration. They advised the government to leave to the cabinets the great powers the task of assuming Macedonian reforms.

Fremder Pachitch, speaking at the conclusion of debate in the Serbian Parliament, declared that the treatment of the Servians in Macedonia had gone from bad to worse and that the Balkan states could no longer endure the suffering of their brethren across the border. He insisted that the Ottoman government should be compelled to carry out reforms in the provinces of Turkey in Europe.

Battle Rages All Night.
LONDON, Oct. 8.—A news agency dispatch from Cetinje this morning says that war has been declared by Montenegro on Turkey.

The declaration of war, the dispatch continues, was delivered to the Ottoman government by the Montenegrin charge d'affaires at Constantinople. Heavy fighting is said to be already in progress between the Montenegrins and the Turkish troops along the frontier.

A brigade of nine battalions of Turkish infantry proceeding from Scutari to Tust on the Montenegrin frontier, was attacked last evening by a large force of Malissori tribesmen just before reaching Tust. The battle continued throughout the night and fighting, according to the dispatch is still proceeding this morning.

Passports Handed Over.
No confirmation of the dispatch has yet been received by the foreign legations here, or by the British foreign office. The many special newspaper correspondents in the Balkans also are silent.

A further dispatch from the same source says the Montenegrin government instructed its representative at Constantinople to break off all diplomatic relations with Turkey today and leave Constantinople immediately. The Montenegrin government at the same time is said to have handed his passports to the Ottoman charge d'affaires at Cetinje.

The stock exchange regarded the declaration of war by Montenegro with calmness and prices changed very little. The market appeared inclined to await the report of the action taken by the powers.

Consols did not change, but American stocks were from 1/4 to 1/2 below parity.

May Block Peace Plans.
LONDON, Oct. 8.—The declaration of war on Turkey reported from Cetinje to have been made today by the little kingdom of Montenegro, forestalled the action of the European powers in favor of peace by only a few hours.

The ambassadors at Constantinople and the ministers at the capitals of Bulgaria.

MARINES SHOT AT LEON CITY

Americans Surprised by Attack After Taking Place Without Battle.

FIFTY KILLED IN RETURN FIRE
Public Tribute Paid by Nicaraguans in Services for Four Marines Previously Killed in Battle.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Oct. 7.—When the American marines and blue jackets under Lieutenant Colonel Long marched into the city of Leon to take possession Sunday, they were met in the streets by an irresponsible mob which opened fire. Three Americans were killed and four wounded. The marines returned the fire, killing fifty of the mob and wounding forty. The others were driven out of town.

The American force now in the vicinity of Leon and Chinandega numbers 1,300 and has the situation under control. Evidently influenced by the capture of Masaya, the leaders of the liberals at Leon asked for safe conduct to leave the country, agreeing to surrender the city. This was satisfactory to President Diaz and Admiral Southerland and permission to leave with the proviso that they should not return, was granted General Irias and a dozen other generals who have been making Leon their headquarters.

Services for Dead.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—No report on the killing of marines at Leon by Nicaraguans rebels had been received at the Navy department late tonight. Read Admiral Southerland's last messages did not mention the surrender of Leon and the department knows of the event only through press dispatches.

The admiral reported that high public tribute was paid yesterday to the memory of the four marines who met death in the onslaught on the Barranca hills Friday. The funeral services, held yesterday, were attended by President Diaz, members of his cabinet, and other high officials in the government as well as many of the most prominent men in the republic. The bodies of the marines, Privates Bobbett, Dunham, McGill and Poirard, have been temporarily entombed at Managua pending an expression of the wishes of their relatives. If the families desire they will be brought home for final interment.

Moosers Failing To Name Tickets In Many Counties

Ommond, Broken Bow and other towns in the state in which there has been a dozen bull moosers together for a county convention rapidly are finding companion towns added to their number.

Arthur V. Shaffer of Alma, secretary of the republican county central committee of Harlan county, when calling at republican state headquarters at the Paxton hotel this morning, said two such efforts had been made at Alma and both had failed. He said an effort was made to call a convention of bull moosers at Alma a week ago last Saturday and only a few appeared. The meeting was not called to order, but the moosers made a renewed effort to get out their forces for a showing the following Wednesday. Again the convention failed for lack of the necessary 100 voters. So the bull moosers have not nominated nor endorsed a county ticket.

Mr. Shaffer publishes the Alma Record. His observation is that although Roosevelt's majority in his county was large at the primary, he is now not likely to carry the election, as his followers are leaving him. The people of Alma so keenly recognized the injustice in the stand of the bull moose electors who held places on the ticket under the name of republicans that they were anxious to sign the petition for Taft electors circulated there by Mr. Shaffer.

Mr. Shaffer says he at first hesitated to present the petition to those who had moose tendencies, but he found a great many of those who signed the petition very ready, as they declared it was a "new" deal for the moosers to hold places on the republican ticket and, although they expected to vote for Roosevelt, they recognized the injustice of sewing the Taft people up by fraudulent means so that they could not vote for Taft.

J. W. Welpton, president of the Exchange bank of Ogallala, called at headquarters this morning. He says there are still bull moosers in Kieth county, but declines to discuss the sentiment is rapidly changing and Roosevelt will not be able to carry the county in spite of the large vote he received at the primary.

Details of Money Spent.
The detailed expenses at Washington headquarters, sworn to by McKinley, included:

Printing and mailing literature, \$30,000; telegraph, telephone and postage, \$15,000; campaign buttons and lithographs, \$12,000; advertising and news service, \$30,000; speakers' expenses, traveling and special trains, \$30,000; expenses Washington headquarters, \$2,000; Chicago headquarters, \$7,000.

The cost of President Taft's campaign tour to Ohio was borne by the campaign committee, he said.

Mr. McKinley said no money was sent by Washington headquarters to Massachusetts for the primary fight there.

Ormsby McHarg said the preliminary work he did in behalf of Colonel Roosevelt was undertaken at the request of William L. Ward of New York, who asked him to "make a survey of the country" to ascertain the sentiment of the people.

Later, McHarg said, he took up the work of organizing Roosevelt conventions in the southern states.

He declared that his dealings had been exclusively with local attorneys in the states who were placed in charge of the local campaigns for Roosevelt. He said he had paid out about \$2,500 in Atlanta, through H. J. Tilson; \$2,500 in Florida, through W. L. Anderson; \$2,500 in Mississippi, through W. E. Mollison and S. D. Redmond; \$2,500 in Arkansas, through J. A. Comer.

The total expenditures in Tennessee, he said, had been about \$8,000; in Kentucky, \$1,000; in Oklahoma, \$3,000; in Virginia, \$1,000; South Carolina, \$400. "In Louisiana," he said, "they took care of themselves."

His Jaw Is Broken.
FAIRBURY, Neb., Oct. 7.—(Special.)—George James sustained a broken jaw at Endicott while assisting in unloading merchandise from a box car.

Thirty Killed in Explosion.
TAMPICO, Mex., Oct. 7.—Thirty persons were killed tonight as the result of a powder explosion here. A warehouse in which the powder was stored and several adjacent buildings were burned.

MCKINLEY OUTLINES TAFT EXPENDITURE

Manager of Campaign for President's Renomination on Stand Before Committee.

FAMILY HEAVY CONTRIBUTORS
Three Brothers Pay Out Hundred and Fifty Thousand.

M'HARG TELLS OF ACTIVITIES

First Requested to Make Survey of the Country.

SPENDS MUCH MONEY IN SOUTH

Testifies His Dealings Were Exclusively with Attorneys Who Were Placed in Charge of Local Campaigns.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The sum of \$250,000, collected and spent in the campaign for President Taft's renomination through his Washington headquarters, was partially accounted for today by Representative William B. McKinley of Illinois, in testimony before the senate investigating committee. Mr. McKinley said, the Taft family, comprising Charles F. Taft, Henry W. Taft and Horace Taft, brothers of the president, gave \$150,000. The campaign, he declared, had cost five times what was anticipated.

"When we started out we expected to spend about \$50,000," he told the committee.

The other chief contributors to the Taft fund, with the respective amounts, as given by Mr. McKinley, were: John Hays Hammond, \$25,000; E. T. Stotesbury, Philadelphia, \$25,000; "Mr. Kelsey" and "Mr. Patton" of New York, described as "friends of the president," \$12,000; Richard Kerens, St. Louis, ambassador to Austria-Hungary, \$5,000; Senator W. Murray Crane, \$5,000; Secretary Knox, \$2,500; Attorney General I. Wickham, \$1,000; former Senator Nathan B. Scott, \$1,000; A. C. James, \$1,000.

McKinley's records were read from small penciled memoranda, which he took out of a trousers pocket. He told the committee they were all he had to show for the handling of the big fund, except books kept in the headquarters that covered \$15,000 spent directly for ordinary campaign purposes.

McKinley said he did not know the total amount that had been spent for President Taft in the entire campaign.

Mr. McKinley could give no information as to the Taft funds raised in the different states. He declared he did not even know the names of the men in charge of affairs in many states. The balance of the fund for which he had no records, had "drifted out" in the different state campaigns, he said.

The contributions to state campaigns by the Taft national headquarters were given as follows: West Virginia, \$4,000; Maryland, \$10,000 to \$12,000; Ohio, \$20,000; Illinois, \$15,000; Maine, \$5,000; Texas, \$5,000; Indiana, \$10,000; Iowa, \$5,000; Kansas, \$5,000; and Kentucky, \$3,000.

McHarg on the Stand.
Mr. McKinley and Ormsby McHarg, the latter contest manager for Colonel Roosevelt in the primary fight, held the witness stand throughout the afternoon. Mr. McHarg accounted for the expenditure of \$25,000 or \$30,000 by the Roosevelt committee in the southern states, where contests were brought. He denied that any money had been spent to influence delegates or that he knew of the use of any money in this way either before or at the Chicago convention.

Mr. McKinley admitted that the Taft campaign committee had paid the expenses of delegates to the Chicago convention, a procedure that both he and Mr. McHarg said had been a long-standing custom.

Asked as to how many delegates had been provided for, he said he thought expenses had been paid "wherever a delegate could not afford to pay his own way."

Do you know anything of the use of money at the Chicago convention to change delegations?" asked Chairman Clapp.

"Nothing I would want to swear to," Mr. McKinley said, smiling. "I have kept out of the Ananias club so far and I guess I will remain out."

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FAIRBURY, Neb., Oct. 7.—(Special.)—George James sustained a broken jaw at Endicott while assisting in unloading merchandise from a box car.

Over the Border.



From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Defaulting Cashier Is Given Five Years On His Birthday

Miller Describes Explosions at South Chicago and Springfield.

Letters Read in Evidence
Assertion Made that McNamara Would Kill Watchman, but Ortic McManigal Made Objections.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 8.—Explosions at South Chicago and Springfield, Ill., were described by District Attorney Miller at the trial of the accused dynamite conspirators today.

Miller said Ortic E. McManigal, at his home in Chicago, in February, 1911, put some dynamite on a radiator to thaw.

When the South Chicago plant was blown up on February 24, 1911, Miller said, McNamara wanted to kill a night watchman because he was in the way, but McManigal objected.

Letters were read by the district attorney purporting to show that Murray of Springfield, Ill., head of a local iron workers' union, wrote to the union headquarters expressing impatience because of works at Springfield constructed by employers of nonunion labor had not been blown up.

Wilson on Speaking Tour Through Kansas
NORTON, Kan., Oct. 8.—People from many counties of western Kansas gathered here today to hear Governor Woodrow Wilson, scheduled to make the first stop of his cross-state journey in Norton.

Governor Wilson left Denver last night on his journey to Kansas City. His two principal speeches in Kansas were to be made here in Topeka. Plans called for two addresses in Kansas City tonight, one at a democratic banquet and one in convention hall.

THREE HEAVY GARRISONS IN MIDDLE WEST SAYS WOOD
SPOKANE, Wash., Oct. 7.—Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the army, inspected Fort George Wright today and departed for Seattle tonight.

One of the three great centers contemplated in the concentrated army general will be located on Puget sound. "My plan," Wood said, "The plan calls for a heavy garrison there, another at San Francisco and perhaps a third near Los Angeles. There will be three more heavy garrisons down the middle west and three along the Atlantic coast when the system is in full operation."

Hotel Men Satisfied With the Club's Answer
The executive committee of the Commercial club assured the hotel keepers of the city that there would be no infringement on their rights when the club moved into its new quarters in the Woodmen of the World building.

The hotel men had been invited into conference with the Commercial club executive committee after the club had heard rumors that the hotel keepers had voted fear that the club in its new quarters would enter into an extensive catering business.

Owners of the Rome, Paxton and Loyal hotels were at the meeting representing the Hotel Men's association of Omaha. The executive committee reported to them that the club had no intention of changing its dining room facilities after it moved into the new quarters.

The hotel men seemed satisfied with the attitude of the Commercial club and declared they would let the matter drop since they had been assured there would be no change in the club's policies relative to the dining rooms.

WHITE SLAVERY CHARGE MADE AGAINST WOMAN
SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Oct. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—As the result of her preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Conway this afternoon, Hortense Rich, proprietress of a Sioux Falls resort, was held for appearance before a federal grand jury, which will convene in Sioux Falls Tuesday of next week, to answer to the charge of "white slavery."

She furnished a bond of \$3,000 and was given her liberty pending action upon her case by the grand jury. The government, which was represented at the hearing by Assistant United States Attorney Morris, offered the testimony of the two girls in the case, Florence Schultz and Jessie MacComb of St. Paul, who testified to a visit made to St. Paul by the Rich woman and of her having induced them to come to Sioux Falls and enter her resort, where they remained until the place was raided a few weeks ago.

BOSTON VICTORIOUS IN FIRST GAME 4 TO 3; WOOD STOPS GIANTS

Thrilling Rally by New York in Ninth Inning Blocked by Red Sox Pitcher.

TWO STRIKEOUTS END PLAYING
Nationals First to Score With Two Runs in Third Inning.

TESREAU'S PUZZLE IS SOLVED
Speaker Drives Out Three-Base Hit in Sixth Session.

THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND AT GAME
Boston delegation, headed by Mayor Fitzgerald Marches Across Field After Victory Cheering for Both Teams.

DETAILS OF THE GAME.
BOSTON.
Hooper, R. H. O. A. E.
Yerkes, R. H. O. A. E.
Speaker, R. H. O. A. E.
Lewis, R. H. O. A. E.
Gardner, R. H. O. A. E.
Stahl, R. H. O. A. E.
Wagner, R. H. O. A. E.
Cady, R. H. O. A. E.
Wood, R. H. O. A. E.
Totals, R. H. O. A. E.

NEW YORK.
Devore, R. H. O. A. E.
Snodgrass, R. H. O. A. E.
Murray, R. H. O. A. E.
Merkle, R. H. O. A. E.
Herzog, R. H. O. A. E.
Meyer, R. H. O. A. E.
Fletcher, R. H. O. A. E.
Tesreau, R. H. O. A. E.
McCormick, R. H. O. A. E.
Crandall, R. H. O. A. E.
Becker, R. H. O. A. E.
Totals, R. H. O. A. E.

Two widely variant stories of the killing of Constable John A. Woods by Sebastian Puglisi were told by counsel for the state and for the defense at Puglisi's trial for first degree murder in criminal court today.

Counsel agreed that Puglisi had bought furniture on the installment plan from the Nebraska Furniture company and had failed to meet his payments. When the company started suit and sent Woods to replevin the furniture, County Attorney English said, Puglisi flew into a rage and shot the constable.

A. W. Jeffers, of counsel for the defense, gave this version: A. Weiss, of the furniture company, called on Puglisi regarding the delinquent payments. Puglisi told him he had been out of work, but had secured a job and would make a payment out of his first wages. This seemed satisfactory to Weiss and he left. Later the company decided to replevin the goods. When Woods arrived Puglisi was away. Woods started to take out the furniture. Mrs. Puglisi, unable to understand English, thought the constable was robbing the house and threw herself upon him. In the scuffle that followed she fell to the floor. Puglisi, entering at the moment, saw his prostrate wife and the men standing over her. He thought the constable some rough who had attacked his wife and with curses ordered him out of the house. Woods engaged Puglisi in a fight and the latter, in self defense took his revolver from the wall and shot.

Wilson Says Steel is Behind Moosers
PUEBLO, Colo., Oct. 7.—That the United States Steel corporation "is behind the third party program in regard to the regulation of the trusts" was the charge made by Governor Woodrow Wilson in a speech here today. Corroborative evidence of that assertion, the governor said, was coming to him every day.

Roosevelt Says He Has a Sensation
DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 8.—Hints that "something sensational" would be revealed by Colonel Roosevelt during his eighteen days' tour of the central states, which began here today, were given when the colonel refused to leave his car, sending word to the crowd gathered to greet him that he was too busy with an investigation, whose nature he was not willing to disclose in advance of his speeches.

For several weeks, the colonel said, an investigation has been under way of certain matters which he believes will be of importance in the campaign.

Ten stenographers, who had been engaged in advance by wire, boarded the Roosevelt car here, and with their help the colonel hoped to have the material in shape for his speeches tonight.

Pfanschmidt is Charged With Murder
QUINCY, Ill., Oct. 7.—Ray Pfanschmidt was today arrested for murder in connection with the Pfanschmidt quadruple murder case.

The formal charge is that of the murder of Blanche Pfanschmidt, sister of the accused young man. Young Pfanschmidt is 23 years of age.

Verdict for Mrs. Tullet.
HAMPTON, Ia., Oct. 8.—(Special.)—Mrs. Mary Tullet, housekeeper for James Hunt, deceased, of Chapin, was given a verdict of \$3,000 against the estate in district court. She brought suit on the claim that before Hunt died he agreed to give her eighty acres of land if she would keep house and care for him until he died. He left no will and the administrator refused to settle with Mrs. Tullet.

Gasoline Explosion Fatal.
NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Twenty-five men were imperiled tonight when the explosion of a blow lamp showed them with flaming gasoline, while they were cooped up in a small compartment of a Standard Oil Tank steamer in a dry dock in Brooklyn. One man was burned to death, two probably will die from their burns and several others were taken to a hospital suffering great pain.

Every Page of The BEE is a "Woman's Page" — but those pages which contain advertisements are of the greatest value to her!

She's interested in the news of the day, of course. And The BEE tells most fully, and emphasizes most, the news events of the day in which a woman's interest is keenest.

She is interested in the people who come into the news highlight day by day—and in editorial opinion and home features.

Yet the ads hold her interest most closely—for they bring her news of constructive value to her in her work of home-making. They help her to economize—while buying the newest and best things.

They teach her the business of buying things for the home—and this is the biggest and most important business in the world!

Tyler 1000

The Weather

For Nebraska—Unsettled.
For Iowa—Unsettled.

Hour	Deg.
5 a. m.	58
6 a. m.	58
7 a. m.	58
8 a. m.	58
9 a. m.	58
10 a. m.	58
11 a. m.	58
12 m.	58
1 p. m.	58
2 p. m.	58
3 p. m.	58
4 p. m.	58
5 p. m.	58
6 p. m.	58
7 p. m.	58
8 p. m.	58
9 p. m.	58
10 p. m.	58
11 p. m.	58
12 m.	58