

GEN. STANLEY WILLIAMS HURT ON BATTLEFIELD

Rebel Leader May Die of Injury Received in Daring Attack on Force of Colonel Mayot.

HEAD IS TORN BY FLYING SHELL
Sixty Insurrectos Reported Killed and Remainder Are Routed.

FEDERALS SHOW THEM NO MERCY
Bayonet Completes the Work of Rifles and Machine Guns.

HOSPITAL TENT IS FIRED UPON
Surgeon Appeals to United States Authorities for Aid.

\$4,000,000 VOTED FOR WAR FUND
Number of Deputies Makes Provision for Purchase of Supplies and Other Purposes Under Direction of War Department.

EVENTS OF DAY IN MEXICO.

Chamber of Deputies votes \$4,000,000 gold for war fund.
General Stanley Williams, deserter from United States army, probably fatally wounded in fight at Mexicali, Mex.
Heavily dispatched toll of heavy death loss in battle at Velazquez Tuesday.
International trade continues to increase despite insurrection, according to official report.
General Francisco Madero starts toward Capas Grande region, giving up previous plan of attack.
Force of ninety federals almost annihilated in canyon near Atlixco, Mex.

MEXICALI, Mex., April 9.—General Stanley Williams hurled his little battalion of rebels against Colonel Miguel Mayot's 200 regulars on the mesa five miles south of Mexicali today. Eighty insurrectos went into the fight; twenty returned from the battle field.
Williams was fatally wounded and is now in the custom house here, with his head torn by a fragment from an exploding shell. He held a dangerous fugitive of his fleeing command he was overtaken by a federal shell that fell in his midst and sent up a spray of flame and smoke and fragments of human bodies. His wagon trials were captured, with nearly all of the stored and live stock which he took in his raid yesterday of several ranches.
Survivors struggling into Mexicali tonight say the federals took no prisoners. All those not killed by the fire of the federal, machine guns and artillery were, it is said, slaughtered mercilessly by the bayonet. The federals, it is declared, fired on the hospital tent and the ambulance which accompanied the rebels to the battle field. Dr. W. B. Larkins, the surgeon in charge, and his assistants, who reached Mexicali with the survivors, appealed to United States authorities to send Red Cross aid to the scene of the battle and save those they could of the wounded.

Wounded Rebel Brings Tidings.
News of the rebels' repulse was brought by a wounded rebel, who with one arm nearly shot off, fell exhausted by his horse in front of the insurrecto commander-in-chief, General Salinas, and burst into tears.
He brought information of the wounding of General Williams. Williams was still known as "Stanley" to his men of the independent division of the federal army, and the fact that he was a deserter from the Ninth infantry of the United States Army.
Later Williams was brought in alive, but pronounced fatally wounded and taken to the United States army hospital in the custom house at Calexico, across the line. When Salinas heard of his subordinate's fate, he maintained his stoical calm.
"I told him he was a fool when he said he was going out to fight them," he remarked philosophically. "If he had remained here, the federals would have been forced to attack us in a position of our own choosing. I consented to his going out, but only when he demanded it."
Every detail of Williams' acts from the entrenched position of the rebels here in

Miss Anne Morgan Annoyed by Cranks
Father of the Girl Talks with His Lawyers, but Refuses to Give the Facts to the Reporters.

NEW YORK, April 9.—(Special Telegram)—It was learned today that J. P. Morgan had communicated to a friend the latest information regarding the case of Miss Anne Morgan, who has been annoyingly and annoyingly daily by a crank. Mr. Morgan expressed great anxiety regarding the welfare of his daughter, but so far as could be ascertained the police have not yet been notified of the financier's worry.
Mr. Morgan is said to have questioned the legality of the making and statement to the newspapers, demanding the utmost secrecy.
Miss Morgan has been identified with various industrial affairs for several years. She is one of the leaders in the woman's department of the Civic federation, a member of the Colonial club and a moving spirit in benevolent organizations.
Miss Morgan, on her return from Europe last October, denied the report that she was engaged to marry Don de Bourbon, pretender to the throne of Portugal.

Postmaster Thomas is Off to Washington
Accused Official Hastens to Capital—Quizzes Witnesses Who Testified at Inquiry.

News of the arrival in Washington of the report of Inspector Moss of the Civil Service commission on the charges preferred by Dan Tilloson against Postmaster Thomas at Omaha has been the signal for the postmaster to hike to Washington. He departed last evening. It is said that he received some kind of a communication from official headquarters of the Civil Service commission which made him decide that his presence was more necessary in Washington than in Omaha. Postmaster Thomas has been putting in considerable time the last week interviewing postal employees to get from them the substance of their testimony before the investigators, and explaining to them that he wanted to know just what was in the record in order to be able to frame up his defense.

AGED HEAD OF CHURCH STIRS FEELINGS OF BIG AUDIENCE
President Joseph Smith Says Book of Mormon is Fulfillment of Prophecy.

LAMONI, Ia., April 9.—(Special Telegram)—Possibly the most interesting meeting of the conference of the Latter Day Saints was held this morning when President Joseph Smith spoke at the main auditorium. President Smith, now in his 80th year, his hearing impaired, and his eyesight gone, though his intellect is as bright as ever, spoke to a very large congregation. He spoke to some extent upon the Bible and its teachings, and then asked his son, Hale W. Smith, who was in charge of the meeting for another book, called the two records. As he held up the book he said he believed he held before him the two records which is the new testament under one cover, with the book of Mormon.
This book, he told his listeners was a fulfillment of a prophecy in the Bible and he challenged anyone to contradict him when he said that no other sect or people had fulfilled that prophecy. He then testified in strongest terms to his unfeigned belief in the divinity of the book of Mormon and told of a time when the voice of the Lord spoke to him in the presence of other men, who kept like children, telling him in plain tones that the book of Mormon is of divine authority. He told the congregation how glad he felt that God had permitted him thus to make the trip to the conference once more. He spoke cheerfully of his blindness and the uncertainty of the time he would be allowed to remain with the people.
Most of the audience were in tears at the close of his sermon. Even the choir waited for a few minutes before the closing anthem was sung.

THE WEATHER
Forecast of the weather:
For Nebraska and Kansas—Fair; slowly rising temperature.
For Iowa—Fair and warmer.
For North and South Dakota—Fair and warmer.
For Missouri—Fair and slowly rising temperature.
Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:
Hour. Deg.
8 a. m. 40
9 a. m. 39
10 a. m. 38
11 a. m. 37
12 m. 36
1 p. m. 35
2 p. m. 34
3 p. m. 33
4 p. m. 32
5 p. m. 31
6 p. m. 30
7 p. m. 29
8 p. m. 28
9 p. m. 27
10 p. m. 26
11 p. m. 25
Comparative Local Record:
Highest today 40
Lowest today 29
Mean temperature 32
Precipitation .00
Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal:
Normal temperature 41
Deficiency for the day 11
Total excess since March 1.39
Normal precipitation 16.16
Deficiency for the day 15.87
Total rainfall since March 1.20 inches
Deficiency since March 1.39
Deficiency for year, period in 1911 .13 inches
Deficiency for year, period in 1909 1.38 inches

Colonist Trains Are Loaded with Seekers for Homes

thousand People Pass Through a Gateway in Four Days to Settle in the West.

The last of the special colonist trains to the west via the Union Pacific left here this afternoon with more than 200 settlers for the future of the westward. Today's train is the last of the great four day movement for the west in which time almost 1,000 people have taken out from the Omaha union station.

All of the homeseekers did not, of course, come from Omaha some were brought from Chicago and joined the specials here and many others took the regular trains into Omaha and west out from here.
Inquiry among the homeseekers as to what kind of farming they intended to take up, showed that few of them were going to take up the tiller, but that many were substantial citizens of the middle west, who had felt the desire either to go back to the farm, or else were well-to-do farmers of this country who wished to go to California and other western states. Practically all of them had money with which to buy land, or had the land waiting for them at their destination.
The desire for cheap farming land had brought out a few, ready to start in and try their fortunes in the new west. The train held several newly-wedded couples who were going out west and to grow up with the small communities being started there.

Five of the eight tourist sleepers making up the special of Monday, will start from Omaha, the others from Chicago. The influence it had shown in bringing the land proposition to the minds of those interested is plainly shown in the personnel of the train, as those aboard are all from the sections of the middle west where the great land exhibitions were held during the last winter.
The special train movement closing today is the second one this spring and the last. Three special trains were run the early part of March. Homeseekers will be crowding the tourist trains through Omaha all summer and many of the trains will carry two and three extra cars, a great part of the coming warm weather to accommodate the colonist train.

Interview Given Out by Bryan Deploring Election of Martin Makes Break in Ranks More Pronounced.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—It is daily becoming manifest that congress is facing a stormy session and there can be made as forecast of the probable legislative results. The fact that both of the great political parties are divided is no longer denied and the leaders appear to have little hope of restoring anything more than surface harmony.
There are virtually four parties, each with a large representation, working at odds in the present session. The republican minority of the house is divided between regular and insurgents as was evidenced by the vote in the speakerhip contest. The breach between these two factions is even wider in the republican majority of the senate.
A sharp line has been drawn between the conservative democrats of the senate, who are opposed to any attempt at dictation by William Jennings Bryan and the progressive democrats, including practically all of the new members and several veterans, like Senator Stone of Missouri, who are Bryan adherents. The house democratic majority seems to have escaped a break, but the leaders fear a party contest in the senate may at any time spread to the other branch. The situation has interfered with the selection of committees and the beginning of legislative work.

ENGLAND FACES NEW DANGER
Rats Run Rampant, Spreading Terror Over the British Isles.

Seventy-Five Millions of Dollars Annually is the Value of Property Destroyed by Rodents, Says Secretary Matthews.

LONDON, April 9.—(Special Cablegram)—Menaces to the safety of England continue to multiply. The German peril is always present, the free trade threat against the integrity of the empire is an old friend, socialist spoliation often clouds the future, and recently the country has heard much about the white bread danger.
The latest source of perturbation is the discovery in England that "the balance of nature has been upset," and that innumerable evils are expected to flow from the dislocation. So many of the natural enemies of rats have been destroyed that the long-tailed terriers are rampant in every direction and the Associated Chambers of Commerce are advancing in a solid phalanx against the rodents.

Clark's Intentions Known
Neither is there any obscurity about the program of Speaker Clark. Representative Underwood, chairman of the new ways and means committee, and other democrats who are directing the policy of the house. Their plan for progressive legislation on several subjects with which the country has been familiar in the last year or so, has been given out.
The division in the democratic ranks probably would not have been so pronounced if it had not been for the interview given by Mr. Bryan yesterday denouncing the election of Mr. Martin. It throws the issue in bold relief and it is freely predicted it will crop out frequently in debate.
If there is any disposition on the part of the conservative body in both parties to work together to prevent any radical revision of the tariff it is conceded that they will be able to carry out their plans. The progressives of both parties, actuated by the spirit of crusaders, will not hesitate to widen the gulf between the factions in their parties for they have announced that they are playing for future stakes, and enterprise stakes at that.

Broken Bow Arson Case Postponed.
BROKEN BOW, Neb., April 9.—(Special.)—Judge Heston in district court today granted a continuance in the case of William Moore, who is charged with burning the Custer county court house. The case will come up at the next jury term in September.

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CONGRESS FACES STORMY SESSION

Virtually Four Parties, Each with Large Representation, Working at Odds on Proposed Legislation.

BRYAN DIVIDES THE DEMOCRATS
Sharp Line Drawn Between Conservatives and Progressives.

UNCERTAINTY IS THE KEYNOTE
Uncasiness Equally Distributed Between Two Major Parties.

1912 CONVENTION BIG ISSUE
Interview Given Out by Bryan Deploring Election of Martin Makes Break in Ranks More Pronounced.

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A sharp line has been drawn between the conservative democrats of the senate, who are opposed to any attempt at dictation by William Jennings Bryan and the progressive democrats, including practically all of the new members and several veterans, like Senator Stone of Missouri, who are Bryan adherents. The house democratic majority seems to have escaped a break, but the leaders fear a party contest in the senate may at any time spread to the other branch. The situation has interfered with the selection of committees and the beginning of legislative work.

Such Uncertainty Exists
Probably there never has been a congress where so much uncertainty existed and where the uncasiness has been so equally distributed between the two major parties. Of course, this is due, in part to the fact that in the present congress the democrats are in power in the house and the republicans are in control of the senate.

The real cause of the anxiety is believed to be due to the proximity of the party conventions which will select the standard bearers for 1912 and the knowledge that a slip by either in the extraordinary session or the regular session to follow may very easily determine the result of the next national campaign.

So far as the administration program is concerned there is no room for speculation. President Taft had recommended an act of legislation to carry out provisions of the Canadian reciprocity agreement, and it is no secret he would be glad to have congress stop at that and defer the question of further revision until the regular session assembled next winter. His reason for this is that the cabinet would be able to report several schedules by that time.

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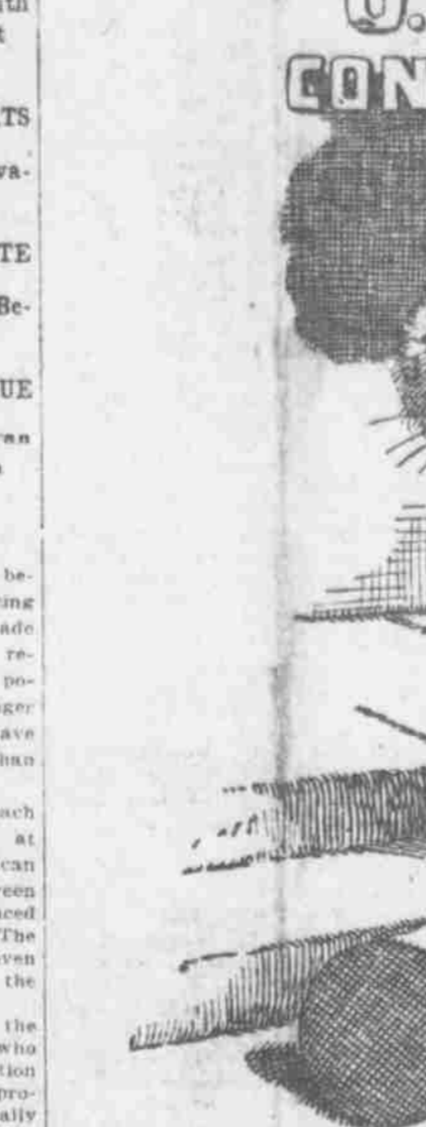
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The first trial resulted in a disagreement of the jury and the court dismissed the case. The state appealed and the supreme court now sustains the dismissal.

Seeking to Find Bottom of Hole.
WHEELING, W. Va., April 9.—(Special Telegram)—Pursued by a slight earth tremor, a treasure trove to the yard of Mrs. Fred A. Kleg's property on Wood street about noon today, and as Mrs. Kleg ran into the yard she stepped into quick sand in the distance and sank to her throat before she could be taken out. A fifteen-foot pole thrust in the sand sunk out of sight. A geologist of the West Virginia state university will be called in to ascertain how far the streak of sand runs. It is in the center of the residence section.

And the Cat Came Back



ENGLAND FACES NEW DANGER
Rats Run Rampant, Spreading Terror Over the British Isles.

SEVEN MONTHS FOR FAILING TO DESTROY REVENUE STAMPS ON CIGAR BOXES
Pool Hall Proprietor at Hurley, S. D., Must Also Pay Fine of Fifty Dollars.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 9.—(Special.)—After being out only about an hour a jury in the United States court returned a verdict of guilty in the case of the United States against E. K. Benson, a pool hall proprietor of Hurley, who was tried on an indictment charging that he had failed to deface the internal revenue stamps on six empty cigar boxes from which he had sold cigars in his place of business. Two of the boxes were offered by the government as exhibits in the case. Soon after the jury returned its verdict, Judge Willard of Minnesota, who is presiding at the present term of federal court sentenced Benson to a term of six months in the Yankton county jail and imposed in addition a fine of \$50 and costs.
A verdict of not guilty was returned by a jury in the case of the United States against August Zolnowsky, a retail liquor dealer of Tyndall, who was charged with selling liquor to a mixed-blood Indian named George Lamoreaux.

Winston Churchill Puts Story at Rest
Secures Damages Against Spencer, Who Charges that During Boer War He Broke His Parole.

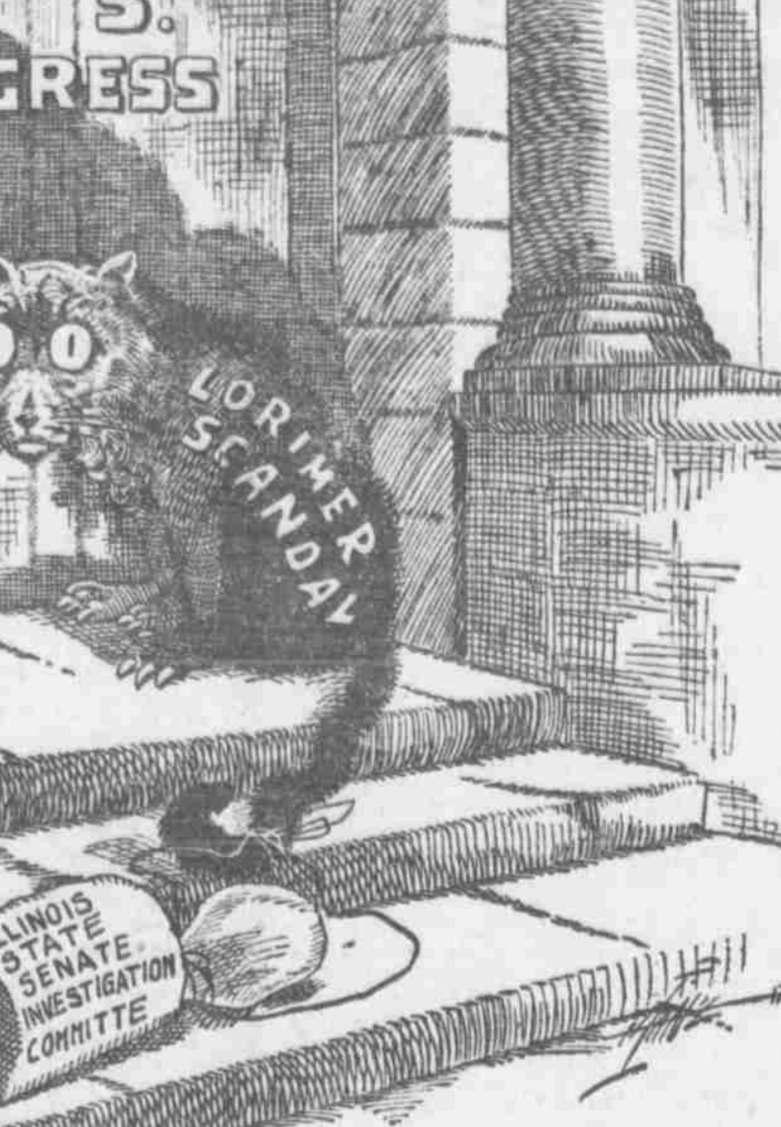
LONDON, April 9.—(Special Cablegram)—For several years Winston Churchill, the home secretary, has been annoyed by a persistent story that while he was a Boer prisoner during the war in South Africa he broke his parole and escaped. Today he took measures to prevent any further circulation of the story by bringing suit for slander against one Spencer, a political speaker, who, during the recent election repeated the calumny.
Mr. Churchill's counsel declared to the court that there was not the slightest foundation for the story. Mr. Churchill had hitherto ignored it, but its repetition for political purposes during the last two elections had forced him to demand damages as the most effective means of killing the story.
The case ended by Spencer apologizing. The judge then condemned him to pay damages in a nominal sum.

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Miss Genevieve Mullen



Mother's Long Quest for Missing Daughter Wins

Twenty years ago Mrs. Joseph Lafferty of Council Bluffs was taken to a hospital sick unto death. She recovered, only to find her husband gone and her two little children, a boy and a girl missing. Later it was learned that the father had placed the children, the boy aged 2, and the girl aged 1, in a "home." Here all traces of them was lost. But the mother never gave over the search for her lost children. She secured a divorce and an order from the court giving her the custody of the little ones, but the father disappeared without making good on his promise to turn the children over to their mother. Mrs. Lafferty married again, and is now the wife of N. J. Dalton of Council Bluffs. She found her son a few years ago in South Omaha, and he is now making his way as a law student. It was through his search of the records of the "home" in which he and his sister was placed that trace of the missing girl was found. She had been adopted by a family named Mullen, and took their name. When discovered she was working as a stenographer in the law office of C. A. Babcock at Sheldon, Ia. Here her mother visited her during the week, and the reunion is to be followed by the permanent reunion of the family in Council Bluffs after May 1, when Miss Genevieve will give over her employment and go to live with her mother and step-father.

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Omaha Taxicab and Auto Livery Co.
Calls answered from any part of the city during day and night.
Office 2022 North 10th and Webster Sts. OMAHA, NEB.
March 16, 1911.
The Bee Publishing Co., Omaha, Neb. Gentlemen—
I have noticed the testimonials of Bee advertisers that have appeared now for several days, and feel that I would like to help the good work by contributing just one more good word in favor of The Bee as an advertising medium.
The Bee regularly during the latter part of 1910, and the results obtained have been far beyond what we had anticipated—firmly convincing us, that Bee advertising is the right way to tell people about our cars and service.
One feature of Bee advertising that is especially appreciated is the service given us by your special service department; for this service means considerable to the man who has neither the time nor the inclination to devote himself to the preparation of advertising copy.
You have our unreserved permission to use this letter, should you see fit to do so, as a recommendation of Bee advertising.
Yours very truly,
A. H. Hansen

LEGISLATURE TO ADJOURNS TODAY

House and Senate Agree to Changes in General Maintenance Appropriation Bill.

COMPROMISE AT LAST ARRANGED
New Steel Grandstand Fund Cut to Fifteen Thousand.

PARTY PLEDGES FORGOTTEN
Many Members of Both Houses Not Proud of Record.

GOOD ROADS REFORMS FAIL
Democratic Majority Successful in Appropriating Sums of Money Which Will Total Far More Than Expected.

(From a Staff Correspondent)
LINCOLN, April 9.—(Special.)—The Thirty-second Nebraska legislature will remain in session until some time Monday. By that time all the bills which have been going through the progressing process will have been signed in the presence of the houses and read to the governor. The big appropriation bill for general maintenance which was the bone of contention all day Saturday and most of the night was finally reported out of the conference committees. The house and senate agreed to the changes in it this morning. The compromise was between the agricultural men who wanted money for the state fair and the university men who wanted \$200,000 for the State university.

The \$200,000 for the fair grounds, which was to have been expended for a new steel grandstand, was cut to \$15,000, which will be used for general repairs, and the university fund to \$10,000. The money for the university will be divided equally between the agricultural school and the city campus. An item of \$60,000 for the Beatrice Institute for Feeble-Minded, which was put into the bill by the senate at the urging of Senator Jansen, was the only large amount cut from the bill. As the bills were finally passed the total appropriation for the maintenance of all state institutions excepting the university was \$1,934,316, a slightly smaller amount than was expected when the members were in the midst of adding items to it ad libitum.

Party Pledges Forgotten
Members of both houses assert the legislature which is just drawing to a close has not distinguished itself by the closeness with which it has adhered to party pledges.
The nonpartisan board of control was saved at the last moment by a surgical operation, which grafted upon a republican bill which had passed the senate a democratic bill by Major on Madison. Reapportionment after much protest from republicans was finally accomplished in a fairly satisfactory manner. A judicial reapportionment bill awaits the governor's signature.

By the help and voice of republicans and over the protests of most of the regular democrats a very conservative initiative and referendum law went through. The author of it declares that it is the most progressive bill in existence as a state law anywhere in the country, but if the republicans had tried to insist on a bill that really fulfilled the democratic platform pledges they would probably have failed.

Good Roads Reforms Fail.
Good roads legislation started out with a flourish, a special committee and fine chances of success and real accomplishment, but the fear of breaking up county political machines or something else kept legislators from passing bills which the committee recommended. None of the widespread and progressive reforms which would have taken the highways out of the control of small community politics and put them on a sound business basis were passed.

The democratic promise to the southwestern part of the state for a new agricultural school has been fulfilled.
Home rule for cities over \$5000 and went about among the new members and stirred up not merely a protest, but a riot.
Mr. Bryan and the radicals attack me as a protectionist. Any man who says I am a protectionist is a fool. They argue that I am a protectionist because I have voted for protective duties, but I want to point out that whenever I have done so, I have voted for lower duties.
"What they call 'Bryanism' is simply the fundamental doctrine of the democratic party. Mr. Bryan and his followers first announced that they were opposed to me as a minority leader in the senate. I could have had the leadership by a clear majority, but I would not take it, because I did not consider myself temperamentally fitted for it.
It was then proposed that Senator Bacon of Georgia, one of the most experienced and intelligent democrats in the senate, should be the minority leader.

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