

CONGRESS FACES MANY BUSY DAYS

Both Houses at Washington to Labor at High Tension Until March.

IMPORTANT MEASURES PRESSING
Lorimer Vote and Senatorial Election in the Senate.

BORAH HAS CALL ON HIS BILL
Likely to Force Senators to Act at Early Date.

RECIPROCITY MATTER IN HOUSE
Will Probably Go Through Lower Body and Senate May Pass It to Prevent Extra Session and Tariff Revision.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Congress worked under high tension during the last week and the prospect for the remainder of the session does not promise many busy days for either house. The congestion is such that appropriation bills are in some danger, but members of experience recall conditions equalled which were met without the necessity of extra sessions.

The real difficulty in both branches seems to be that numerous matters of a political or partisan nature are being pressed for consideration before the close of the session on March 4, and it is realized that many of these must fall through lack of time. The inevitable result is to make members irritable over delays and not infrequently the time-honored and much-vaunted courtesy between factions in congress has been depressed almost to the point of complete disappearance.

Most of the measures of an inflammable character are pending in the senate, and chief among them are the Lorimer case and the resolution looking to the election of senators by direct vote of the people. The latter, as the result of a persistent fight made by Senator Borah, who reported the decision from the judiciary committee under circumstances which assured a contest, was advanced last week to the position of the unfinished business.

Pushing Direct Vote Bill.
Senator Borah is determined that there shall be a vote on his resolution in time to obtain consideration by the house. He will urge senators who oppose it to make their speeches early in the week.

After waiting what he believes to be a reasonable time, he says he will insist upon continuous consideration until a vote is had. The indications are that he has sufficient votes to carry out this program.

The situation is extremely interesting. A large majority of the republicans is opposed to the resolution, but the progressive republicans and the democrats control the situation by their vote. Senator Borah to have a 'day' fixed on which to take a vote, but unanimous consent thus far has been refused. Senator Thurman, the colleague of Mr. Borah, remarked dryly one day that he thought he would be ready to give such consent on March 4, which, of course, meant that he would oppose the resolution to the end.

One senator could prevent a vote on the resolution so long as he has strength to occupy the floor and three senators could conduct a successful filibuster for a week. Half a dozen determined members probably would hold the fort for the rest of the session, but the probability is that the republican leader would be willing to permit the resolution to come to a vote.

If the resolution passes the senate it is not known what its fate will be in the house. Ordinarily a measure which had to do only with the manner in which members of the senate were elected would find ready acquiescence in the house. This resolution, however, will encounter a crowded calendar and perhaps an unwillingness on the part of members to give time to a measure in which they have so little concern.

The situation has changed somewhat in respect to the Lorimer case. It now looks as if there may be a vote during the present session. Senator Burrows, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, has promised it, and there are others who favor Senator Lorimer who deny that there is any plan to filibuster against such a vote. As this matter is entirely in the hands of the senate and requires no action by the house, any day before March 4 will be sufficient for the recording of the senate's decision as to whether Senator Lorimer is to continue as a member of the body.

Few Hearings Given.
Legislation to put into force the Canadian reciprocity agreement probably will be advanced during the present session. Many applications were received by the ways and means committee for hearings, but such hearings as are granted probably will be disposed of by Thursday. The McCall bill on the subject may be reported out of the committee on the following day and a rule to permit consideration of the measure without amendment will be brought in with little delay.

Many of those who oppose the reciprocity agreement in the house concede that it will pass, but the situation in the senate is not so favorable. The upper house would not be likely to permit the passage of a measure of so much importance until opportunity was had for full debate. There will be no chance for such debate this session.

Want No Extra Session.
Senate leaders, however, are extremely anxious that there shall be no extra session. Some of the present session will be allowed to pass after March 4 would arouse sentiment throughout the country in favor of a general revision of the tariff. These republican leaders say that the temper of the country at the present time is such that a tariff revision session might menace the principle of protection. Whether this fear will weigh heavily enough to cause the senate to act upon the reciprocity agreement is doubtful.

Most of the democrats of the house are believed to be in favor of the Canadian agreement, but to determine this question absolutely a caucus has been called for tomorrow night to frame a party policy with respect to the question.

Many important measures are pending in

Continued on Second Page.

Progressive League Sends Many Appeals On Direct Vote Bill

Legislators of Various States Urged to Instruct on Pending Measure.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—The recently organized National Progressive Republican league, through Senator Jonathan Bourne, Jr. of Oregon, president of the league, sent telegrams to the governors and legislatures of various states today asking them to bring influence to bear on their respective senators in favor of the joint resolution providing for the election of senators by direct vote.

Dix Wanted Neither Sheehan Nor Shepard

Governor Told Murphy He Believed Both Candidates Should Withdraw Before Caucus.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 5.—Before the democratic caucus selected William F. Sheehan as a candidate for United States senator, Governor Dix told Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader, that he believed both Mr. Sheehan and Edward M. Shepard should withdraw, according to a statement tonight by Dr. Minor McDaniel, an assemblyman from Tompkins county and one of the insurgents.

Mr. Murphy, Mr. McDaniel said, told the governor he would ask Mr. Sheehan to withdraw if the governor could bring about the withdrawal of Shepard. A few days later Murphy was told by Governor Dix that Shepard had decided to withdraw. The organization then decided to name Sheehan.

Governor Dix tonight declined to affirm or deny the story. "I have no comment to make," was all he would say.

Dr. McDaniel said he had an interview with Murphy last night, in which the Tammany leader told him of the talk with Governor Dix.

Murphy, it is said, told Dr. McDaniel that he believed the insurgents had sufficiently demonstrated to their constituents their opposition to Sheehan and that in the interest of party harmony they should now support the caucus candidate.

The third week of the deadlock ended today with no apparent prospect of a break. Sixteen joint ballots have been taken.

Stock Rustler Landed in the Penitentiary

John Piper, Arrested at Winner, S. D., Pleads Guilty, but Refuses to Name Accomplices.

SIoux FALLS, S. D., Feb. 5.—(Special.)—The latest prisoner to be lodged in the Sioux Falls penitentiary is John Piper of Winner, Tripp county, who entered a plea of guilty and will serve a term of two years. Piper was arrested several weeks ago, as stated in these dispatches at the time, by the Lyman county authorities just after he had been arrested on the charge of "rustling" by the authorities of Tripp county and had furnished bonds for his appearance there. He also was charged with stock "rustling" in Lyman county, and it was this charge to which he pleaded guilty and will serve the sentence stated.

That Piper is only one of a band of "rustlers" who are operating in Lyman, Tripp and Gregory counties is indicated by a remark he made to Sheriff Bornerding of Lyman county a short time before being brought to Sioux Falls. He practically admitted to the sheriff that others were implicated with him in the wholesale "rustling," but added:

"Before I will tell you who they are I will go to jail for a thousand years." Notwithstanding his refusal to confess and furnish the names of his accomplices it is understood that the authorities of Lyman and Tripp counties have secured a clew to the identity of some of the "men higher up," whose tool Piper appears to have been, and that other arrests will be made in the near future.

Missouri's Capital Burning to Ground

Lightning Strikes Cupola of Structure at Jefferson City and Building is Doomed.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 5.—Lightning struck the cupola of the state capitol building here at 7:35 o'clock today and the structure is burning rapidly. At 8:30 the building seemed doomed.

New York Club Women Botch Voting in City Federation

after the regular municipal output. Some one in the excitement, however, forgot to order the printer to put in the ring wherein the cross of the voter records his choice.

This slight lapse, coupled with the numerous independent names which appeared either in print or were whispered in willing ears in the corridor, accomplished its full purpose.

Women did their best to cancel social debts by writing in or crossing up a candidate, but the ballot proved their Waterloo.

The testimony of the inspectors that instructions were freely given to those in doubt only added horrible proof of the inability of the feminine to make her mark. The voting lasted ten hours. Some of the candidates and delegates are displeased with the voting. It was charged that in "just like a man" with a president of the board of elections and a ballot tailored

EXECUTOR SAYS EDDY WILL VALID

Answer to Bill of George W. Glover Made by Friends of the Church.

DISPUTES CHIEF CLAIM MADE
Will Broad Enough to Escape New Hampshire Law.

MONEY NOT FOR ONE CHURCH
Allegation it is Generally for Denominational Purposes.

CHARITY AIM OF SCIENTISTS
Assertion Made if Residuary Bequest Void, It Would Not Go to the Heirs-at-Law of Mrs. Eddy.

CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 5.—An answer to the bill in equity by which George W. Glover of Lebanon, N. H., seeks to have the residuary bequest in the will of his mother, the late Mary Baker Eddy, founder of Christian Science, declared invalid, was filed in the superior court late Saturday night by counsel for the executor of the will, Henry M. Baker of Bow, N. H., and for the trustees, Adam S. Dickey, Archibald McLellan, Joseph E. Fernald, Stephen A. Chase, Allison Y. Stewart and John V. Dittmore, all of whom are named as defendants in the original bill.

The answer disputes the claim of the petitioner in the bill in equity that the statutes of New Hampshire and Massachusetts prevent the First Church of Christ, Scientists, in Boston, from legally receiving the residuary bequest.

While the statutes in question limit the amount of a bequest to any one church the defendants aver that the bequest of Mrs. Eddy is intended "for denominational or other uses which are not confined to one church."

The defendants deny that there is no regular system of educational and charitable work connected with the mother church and say that, on the contrary, the fundamental purpose for which the church was established and exists, namely, the promotion of the doctrines of Christian Science, is essentially charitable, the objects sought to be furthered by such promotion being the furtherance and spreading of religion, the spiritual education of mankind and the relief and overcoming of sin, suffering, disease and distress.

Another principal argument set forth is that George W. Glover has released all claims as an heir to the estate of his mother and has bound himself never to contest or question any disposition of property which she might make, and therefore does not occupy any position of trust entitling him to the direction and guidance of the court in the performance of fiduciary duties for which he is asked. It was further declared that the bringing of the bill in equity is a "flagrant breach of faith" on the part of the plaintiff.

Residuary Bequest to Church.
Even if the residuary bequest were void, says the answer, in effect, it would not go to the heirs at law of Mrs. Eddy, as in testate property, but would pass to the church in trust for the execution of her final and paramount purpose and extending the religion of Christian Science as taught by her.

Hence, it is argued, the plaintiff, George W. Glover, has no interest in Mrs. Eddy's estate, or, in the effect of the statutes, upon the residuary bequest.

The defendants say that the present bill is dismissed and that Glover and his managing attorney be enjoined and commanded by the court not to bring, prosecute or maintain any other proceeding in any court relating to an alleged claim of interest as an heir at law in Mary Baker Eddy's estate.

Creighton Founders' Day Observed Tuesday

Banquet Will Be Held at Hotel Rome in Honor of Edward and Count J. A. Creighton.

Founders' day will be observed by Creighton university this year with a banquet at the Hotel Rome, February 7, in honor of Edward and Count John A. Creighton, Governor Chester H. Aldrich will be present as guest of honor, and the principal address will be delivered by W. D. Oldham of Kearney, Mr. Oldham will take for his subject, "The Call of the West."

There will be 200 men in attendance, representing the combined faculties of the departments of arts, law, medicine, dentistry and pharmacy, as well as a large number of men prominent in political, commercial and educational circles. An elaborate ten-course banquet will be served, and at its conclusion Prof. Charles F. Crowley, head of the university chemical department and gas commissioner of Omaha, will introduce Governor Aldrich and Mr. Oldham.

Earthquake Shock Recorded.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 5.—The seismograph at St. Ignace college recorded an earthquake last night, commencing at 10:27 p. m. and ending at 11:12. Father Odenbach, the university astronomer, stated that possibly California was the scene of the tremors.

CLARK SAYS WORLD IS BETTER

Next Speaker of House Declares He is Optimist.

COMPARES WITH YEARS OF PAST
Aeroplane and Other Modern Inventions Form Vehicles of Progress in Varied Ways—Manner of People Working Up.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 5.—Saying he is an optimist and believes the world is growing better, Representative Champ Clark of Missouri, speaker-elect of the next national house of representatives, delivered a message of "hope and courage" in an address today before the Young Men's Christian association here.

Mr. Clark contended it was better to look upon the bright side of things than upon the dark, and that "pessimism is more pleasing music than a miserer." If the world were not growing better, he said, then the school system which America boasts and which costs so much was an ignominious failure and all religion was a failure, and he did not believe either to be true.

Why so many good people believe the world is growing worse was explained by Mr. Clark as a matter of evolution of communication; that nowadays any place on earth is in reach of the telephone or telegraph and a man may do a thousand things and never get his name in the newspapers, but the first time he does a bad thing "it is in it."

Mr. Clark said that when he went to Missouri thirty-five years ago the average number of homicides in Pike county was between four and five a year and now they averaged less than one. That, he believed, was measurably true of every other county in the country.

How World Progresses.

"Somebody once said," continued Mr. Clark, "that after all, we are simply veneered savages. I neither affirm nor deny that proposition. Up to ten or fifteen years ago a prize fight could be pulled off in any state without any fear of serious consequences. Now there is no state in which it is not a felony. A man who would have anything to do with a duel in Missouri is a stark idiot. It is a murder in the first degree to kill a man in a duel there and a penitentiary offense to fight a duel; a felony to agree in Missouri to go out of the state to fight a duel.

Work of Aeroplane.

"Thanks be to Almighty God, wars are becoming rarer and rarer. One thing which the flying machine will accomplish will be to put an end forever and forever to all wars. Lotteries have been stopped. Institutions for preservation of morals, relief of human sufferings, for perpetuity of our institutions are springing up on every hand.

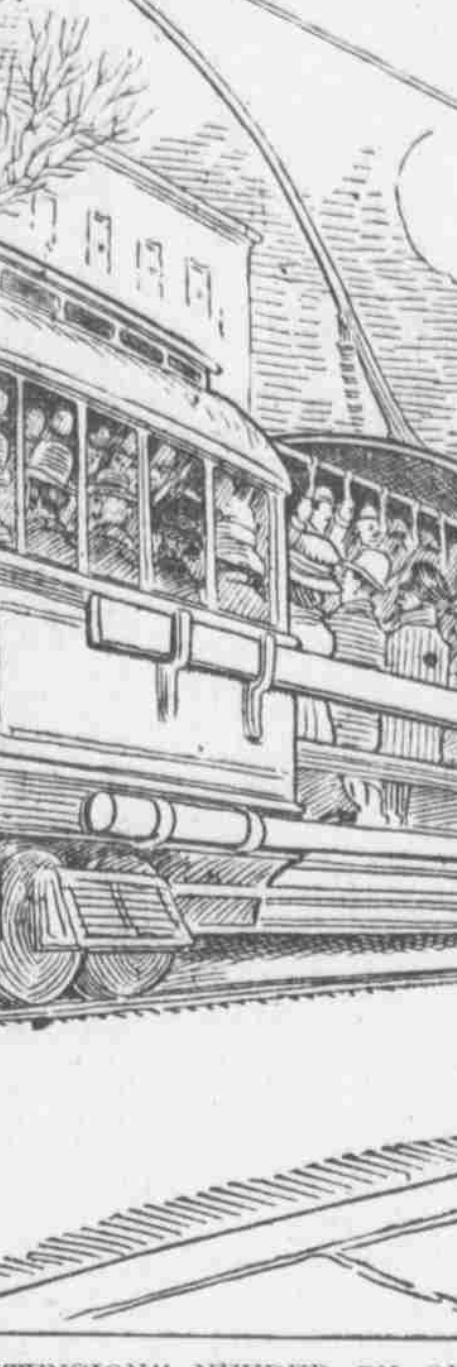
"The idea of reformation of criminals rather than their punishment is taking a deep hold on the minds of men. There is more money today devoted to charity per capita than ever before. Controversial religion has passed and practical religion is at hand. The masses of the people are waking up to the fact that politics should be purified, demanding primary elections, senatorial elections by popular vote and other important reforms.

"Of course we have not attained the millennium. This mighty republic is built not for a day but for all time, one and indivisible, destined under God to be the dominating influence throughout the world in all the centuries yet to be."

Real Estate Men Meet.

RAPID CITY, S. D., Feb. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—The Rapid City Real Estate Dealers' association here today elected officers as follows: D. C. Ricker, president; D. E. Ingram, vice president; Carlisle E. Farley, secretary; D. E. Ingram, Carlisle E. Farley, T. W. Brown, Arthur Larson, Howard Radcliffe, Fred McGee, delegates to North Dakota Real Estate Dealers' association at Pierre February 7 and 8.

Move Up!



"STREET CAR EXTENSION" NEEDED ON OUR LINE.

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FIERCE FIGHT NEAR JUAREZ

Rebels Force Federals to Retreat Toward City.

MANY ARE KILLED IN BATTLE
Number of Federals Deserted and Colonel Robago is Being Pursued by Orozco and His Men.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 5.—Colonel Robago and his forces escaped from Orozco late this afternoon. They are now said to be coming in the direction of Juarez, with Orozco and his men close behind them.

DEATH RECORD.

Gilbert Thorson.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Feb. 5.—(Special.)—Death came suddenly to Gilbert Thorson, a pioneer resident of Sanborn county, who for many years had lived on a farm near Letcher. He had not been in good health for some time, having had trouble with his heart, but was accustomed to do light work about the place. Death came while he and a son were engaged in building a new pigeon house. He had been in bed for a few moments he set down on a bed and almost immediately fell to the ground dead.

Dr. W. L. Bowman.
STANTON, Neb., Feb. 5.—(Special.)—Dr. W. L. Bowman a pioneer physician of this county, passed away this evening Saturday morning at 1 o'clock. He reached the age of 82 years and several months. He had been ill for some time. All of his children were at his bedside, including his wife, who is also very feeble.

General Over Iowa, Too.
Railroad reports from all over Iowa yesterday indicated that practically the same storm conditions existed as prevailed here. A good shower of rain damped the dust that had accumulated on top of the frozen earth and made a firm foundation for the snow.

For the purpose, perhaps, of awakening the superstitious groundhog, there were a number of sharp claps of thunder over Council Bluffs in the afternoon. The excessively dry condition of the soil in the vicinity of Council Bluffs has caused thousands of wells to fail and their owners have seized upon the opportunity to sink them deeper.

Street car traffic was somewhat interrupted during the day by the storm and the entire complement of sweepers had to be brought into use. The snow was so wet and heavy that it clung to the pavement and required many trips to move it. On the trolley wires made brilliant electric pyrotechnics whenever a car passed.

IMPRISONED MINER IS FREE

Larry Nichols, Who Was Caught by Cave-in at Lead, S. D., Only Slightly Hurt.

LEAD, S. D., Feb. 5.—This morning Larry Nichols, a miner who was imprisoned in the Homestake workings by last night's cave-in, which killed shift boss Joe Thomas, was dug out and returned to the hospital. He is not seriously injured. Seven other imprisoned miners made their escape through other workings and reached the surface. The men were filling in an old caved slope when the underground cave-in occurred.

Monarch Mine Fire Under Control.
SHERIDAN, Wyo., Feb. 5.—(Special.)—The fire in the mines of the Wyoming Coal company at Monarch is now under control and it is expected the miners will be able to return to work in a few days. The explosion was caused by drilling through the walls into an old abandoned working in which gas had accumulated. This ignited the workings and caused a mass of smoke. Twenty-nine miners had a miraculous escape from death.

FIRST STORM OF SERIES IS HERE

Rain and Snow Over Valley of Mississippi and Missouri—More Brewing in West.

GREAT BOON TO FARM HOPES
Precipitation Strengthens Agricultural Prospects of Section.

RAILROAD TRAFFIC AFFECTED
Trains Late Many Hours and Plows Are Ordered Out.

TEMPERATURE ABOUT FREEZING
Wind High Several Hours, but Little Suffering is Incurred—Street Cars Operate Under Difficulties.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—This coming week will be marked by a series of well-defined storm areas passing eastward across the United States from the Pacific ocean, in consequence of which periods of fair and foul weather will follow in quick succession, according to the weekly forecast of the weather bureau.

The first of these disturbances is now over the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains, whence it will move eastward, attended by gusts in southern, rains or snow in middle and snows in northern districts east of the Mississippi river, and reach the Atlantic states Monday night or Tuesday.

Another disturbance will appear on the Pacific coast Monday, across the middle west Wednesday or Thursday and the eastern states Thursday or Friday.

The third disturbance of the week will reach the Pacific coast by Wednesday or Thursday and prevail over the middle west the last of the week. Marked variations in temperature will occur during the week in practically all districts east of the Rocky mountains.

Precipitation in rain, snow and sleet amounting to nearly an inch of water fell over the Missouri and Mississippi river valleys yesterday. The storm began soon after midnight Saturday and continued in varying fits of intensity until after darkness came last night. Temperatures ranged in a narrow scale about the freezing point, never becoming severe. Through the first six hours of the storm a rather high wind prevailed.

Traffic in the three cities of Omaha, South Omaha and Council Bluffs was affected by the storm. The street cars were somewhat delayed, but service was maintained with little change in schedules. Through the first six hours of the storm a rather high wind prevailed.

Railway service generally was affected over a wide territory. Delays, rather than cancellation of service, were common.

Helps Crop Prospects.
Vast benefit to the agricultural prospects of the west has accrued from the precipitation. The peculiar condition of the soil gave the snow a double value. The winter-sown fields exposed to a surface wind and almost dusty dry. Moisture began to soak into the soil as it fell and but little will escape into the streams. A great supply will thus be stored for the nourishment of the crops of the coming season.

The storm swept Omaha with an easterly wind, with a cover temperature of 30, and having a blizzard. The general nature of the storm is indicated in the reports received at the office of the weather bureau in Omaha. Yesterday morning snow was reported falling at North Platte, Valentine, Neb.; Sheridan, Wyo.; Sioux City and Des Moines, Ia.; Rapid City and Huron, S. D.

The storm was a heavy snow in northern Nebraska. Near Sioux City snow-plows were sent out on most of the roads to clear the tracks. In many places fourteen inches of snow was on the ground last night, with snow still falling.

The railroads did not suffer from the storm yesterday as they did from that a month ago, owing to the fact that the wind was much less violent.

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