

Boys and Little Men's SHOES

This Shape \$2.00 \$2.50

Let them be as critical as they can—every demand is met by this specialty shoe stock for boys and little men.

Let them be as critical as they can—every demand is met by this specialty shoe stock for boys and little men.

Sizes 11 to 13 1/2 \$2.00 and \$2.50 Sizes 1 to 6 \$2.50 and \$3.00

High Top Boots—For boys from 4 years up—\$3.00 and \$3.50—classy models newly received and shown in all popular leathers.

Girls' Misses' and Small Women's Shoes—of superior quality and foremost style that conform to the very latest fashions. Shoes who seek extra value at the price.



1518-1520 FARNAM STREET

shortage. I am not in position to refer a fight between Partner Hitchcock and Partner Bartley. I admit that I have more or less prejudice against both men. I am prejudiced against Bartley because of his part in the treasury shortage, and I am also prejudiced against Hitchcock, who borrowed the money from the state treasurer and then refused to pay it back, thus making it necessary for his partner, Bartley, to become a defaulter. I am content to submit my cases to the people of Nebraska. I do not know what verdict they will render. I only know that I have tried to do my part in starting the state of Nebraska the disgrace of sending a Lorrimer to the United States senate.

HOWARD PUBLISHES LETTERS

Correspondence Between Himself and Hitchcock Given Out. (From a Staff Correspondent.)

COLUMBUS, Neb., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Edgar Howard has called another Hitchcock bluff and his call will appear in his paper, the Columbus Telegram, this afternoon. This has reference to a letter Howard wrote to Hitchcock after the primaries, which Hitchcock failed to publish, but which was announced as an offer from Howard to support him if Hitchcock would apologize for calling him a liar.

The editorial is as follows:

Who is the Liar?

"In his newspaper, the World-Herald, G. M. Hitchcock, the man who shared with Bartley in the robbery of the state treasury, recently published the direct charge that Edgar Howard had offered to support him for United States senator, provided he would apologize to Howard for something. Mr. Hitchcock has published as many falsehoods regarding his connection with the Bartley shortage that it was easy for him to publish another one with reference to Howard. In order that the public may know what a stranger Mr. Hitchcock is to common, every-day honesty, we have deemed it best to here publish the only letter written by Edgar Howard to Mr. Hitchcock during the last year. That letter was written a few days after the close of the last primary campaign. In that campaign Edgar Howard, knowing that Hitchcock was tarred with the sin of the Bartley shortage, wrote a letter to each of the candidates for the democratic nomination for the various state offices, pleading with them to keep the name of Mr. Hitchcock off the senatorial ticket, stating that because of his bad record his name would be a millstone about the necks of the other candidates on the ticket. One of the candidates to whom this letter was sent immediately carried the letter to Mr. Hitchcock, who then denounced Edgar Howard as a liar. We enjoy the facetious side of life more than the serious side, and in a facetious vein we wrote the following letter, and asked that it be published in the same paper in which Mr. Hitchcock had denounced Edgar Howard as a liar:

COLUMBUS, Neb., August 22, 1910.—Hon. G. M. Hitchcock, Editor World-Herald, Omaha, Neb.: Dear Sir: In several issues of your newspaper just prior to the late primary election you branded as false certain statements concerning me, which were written by my hand with reference to your candidacy for the democratic nomination for the United States senate. I take it for granted that you will give me space in your newspaper to set aside, as far as possible, the impression you may have conveyed to my mind as touching my own veracity.

We are now entering upon an important political campaign. It is important that we may be able to elect the democratic ticket in Nebraska. In view of the order to do so we must employ every energy and every advantage in the democratic battle. It is always a mistake to believe that a republican victory we must not only successfully appeal to the republican electors, but also to sufficient of the republicans to overcome the natural republican majority.

EXPOSURE NOW UP TO MR. BRYAN

Lincoln Wants to Know What the Feeble Leader Will Do.

LINCOLN, Oct. 20.—(Special.)—The publication by Edgar Howard of proof that Congressman Hitchcock did borrow money from Joseph S. Bartley, former state treasurer, in contradiction of the denial issued by Mr. Hitchcock, is having its effect in Lincoln.

The greatest speculation over the publication, of course, is what will Mr. Bryan do? He endorsed the candidacy of Mr. Hitchcock previous to the awful exposure made by Edgar Howard, and since that time he has not been at home, inasmuch, however, as Hitchcock has tried to apply Richard L. Metcalf with the same tar that has been smeared over him, it is the general belief that Mr. Bryan can do nothing less than repudiate the Omaha candidate.

The publication of the facinorous letters which passed between Bartley and Hitchcock has served to line up republicans who had heretofore taken no interest in the campaign either because of the county option plank or because of their unfriendly feeling toward Senator Burkett, and, while not desiring to be quoted, they are talking that it will not do to send any beneficiary of the Bartley shortage to the United States senate.

The manner in which Edgar Howard

because, if any considerable number of Nebraska men believe you, then how can those same people believe me when I shall write appeals for our ticket, or when I shall write to refuse campaign charges against our candidates?

I greatly fear, Mr. Hitchcock, that you underestimate the injury done to your own cause by that unfortunate and passionate assault upon my veracity. I have tried to do my duty in my home state, have been hoping that if I were not to say that Edgar Howard was brilliant, that I might say he was a rascal. I have earnestly hoped that if I could not convince men that Edgar Howard was a smart politician, still they might say he was a square one. But if there shall be in Nebraska any person who is influenced by a state official, I am confident that to that person, all my hope is dead—struck down by the advertisement of my ability in my own newspaper. Of course, you are anticipating, Mr. Hitchcock, that in the approaching campaign very serious charges may be lodged against our candidates by the enemy. It will be my duty to repel every assault of the enemy, and I shall be out during every hour. But do you see that you have lied my hands? Do you not now realize that, by advertising me as a state official, you have invited me to defend from the power of my appeals when I shall ask the people to believe not at all in the wicked charges you may lay laid at your door during the campaign?

Already it is intimated that you will be specifically charged with being a bondholder to two millionaires owners of public-service corporations in Omaha and that the sum of your due bill in their office drawers will be named in detail.

But there is the possibility of a more serious charge against you, Mr. Hitchcock. I tremble in presence of that possibility. In contemplation of its serious nature I doubly regret that the World-Herald has branded the name of the publisher of the best defense I am able to make in your behalf. This charge is so serious that should it be lodged against me, there would be an imperative demand for your withdrawal from the ticket. You may recall that once upon a time the republican party of Nebraska nominated for a state office a man who was denounced by the World-Herald as a scoundrel. I am a republican, and I am a republican because I believe in the right of a man to withdraw from respectability upon the withdrawal of his name from the state ticket, and I am a republican because I believe in the right of a man to withdraw from respectability upon the withdrawal of his name from the state ticket.

I did my democratic duty, Mr. Hitchcock, when I appealed to democrats to refrain from placing a dangerous name upon your ticket. I can afford to suffer under your charge that I am a liar, but I cannot afford to be the laughing stock of the people of my own party and of the people of my state. Yours very truly, EDGAR HOWARD.

"Of course," Mr. Hitchcock refused to print the above letter in the World-Herald. He kept the letter several days and then wrote the following threatening reply:

"OMAHA, Aug. 22, 1910.—Mr. Edgar Howard, The Telegram, Columbus, Neb.: Sir—Four letters have been received. Your support is not wanted and your attack is not feared. You have posed as a jurist, but there are enough people who will support me to take care of your hypocrisy. Start the attack if you want to. My life, private as well as public, is an open book. Very truly, G. M. HITCHCOCK.

"Evidently he figured that Howard would be frightened by a threat to publish something about his private life, but there he often published in his own newspaper an admission of his own faults just as bad as any which Mr. Hitchcock could find by searching the whole record of Howard's life.

"We print the above letters as a matter of simple justice. Mr. Hitchcock was too cowardly to print Edgar Howard's letter, but here we give both letters, and no man can find in Howard's letter any suggestion of a request for an apology.

"We believe it is best to be honest in politics. It would have paid Mr. Hitchcock better if he had never had any slips in the drawer of the treasurer of Douglas county.—Henry Hollis—when that poor fellow went down to a defaulter's disgrace and death. It would have paid Mr. Hitchcock better if he had never participated with Joseph S. Bartley in the state treasury defalcation. It would have paid Mr. Hitchcock better if he had told the truth when he was confronted with the evidence of his share in the Bartley shortage. Some children have been known to tell a lie when the truth would serve their cause better. Mr. Hitchcock has played the part of an unfortunate child so constituted that it is unable to tell the truth on any occasion."

COMPTROLLER IS KEPT BUSY

Millions of Dollars Worth of Government Transactions During the Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The comptroller of the treasury directed thirteen suits to be instituted against officers and handlers indebted to the United States, handed over to him 15,000 papers and passed upon many million dollars worth of government transactions in the last fiscal year, according to his annual report.

Express congressional authority is urged to permit payment without letters of administration, upon the numerous applications by beneficiaries of the estates of deceased persons for small sums due the estates from the United States. These payments are now being made without express legal authority and are at the risk of the government.

Belief of the government from the risk of double payment is sought in a recommendation that congress in cases where \$50 or less is due estates of deceased persons or other employees, authorize accounting officers to allow the amount found due the widow or legal heir. Such a provision already applies to officers and enlisted men of the army.

MEET TO PAY LAST TRIBUTE

(Continued from First Page.)

with those of the nation in mourning his departure.

In behalf of the Senate.

Speaking in behalf of the United States senate, Senator A. B. Cummins voiced his appreciation of the life and work of Senator Dolliver. He said in part:

"In behalf of his colleagues in the senate I am bidding him a last goodbye rather than uttering the eulogy which later on will pour from the lips of his friends in the chamber, which he so often filled with the lofty and laudatory oratorical eloquence, the lofty and laudatory oratorical eloquence we have all suffered. I am thinking of his work, mightily advanced but still unfinished. We will miss him as we would have missed no other man. To him was given a measure of affection rich in his quality and loyal in its extent. No man surpassed him in the accuracy of his analysis, the depth of his thought or the thoroughness of his investigation.

"His was a master mind and it is inconceivable that at the climax of his influence, the zenith of his greatness, when his mind was clear and broader than ever before, that we must give him up."

At the close of the program the funeral cortege, undoubtedly the largest ever witnessed in this city, started its journey to Oakland cemetery, where a few spoken words marked the beginning of the journey to a hillside overlooking the city where his career was ended.

The Pallbearers.

The active pallbearers to bear the body of the late senator to the grave are all old friends and were selected as the deceased himself might have done. S. T. Meservey of Chicago, a Fort Dodge pioneer and close friend of Dolliver, is one. Postmaster S. J. Robertson, who participated in many fishing trips with his beloved friend, is another. Ed Thompson, who for many years has operated the Dolliver farm, is the third; another is Otto Otosen, who as a struggling young foreigner was greatly encouraged in his early farming by the rising attorney. The others are A. E. Loring, a near neighbor and prominent local financier; J. W. Campbell, cashier of the Commercial National bank; E. M. Williams, representing the Masonic lodge, and Frank Gates, another pioneer.

Honorary pallbearers were colleagues from the senate who were present and Frank Farrell, M. F. Healy, Daniel P. Frielan, Charles Larrabee, William McEwen, E. G. Larson, C. F. Duncombe, J. C. Cheney, Webb Vincent, G. S. Ringland, C. A. Roberts, Frank Paige, John Rutledge, L. M. Neudeck, C. D. Case, Floyd Douglas, O. W. Olson, E. H. Rich, Z. W. Thomas, R. W. Kitchen, Charles More, W. T. Chetland and Senator Larrabee.

Those of the mourners in carriages were, first carriage Mrs. J. P. Dolliver, little Margaret, Francis and George Dolliver, children of the deceased, and Miss Gay Dolliver, his sister.

Second carriage, Rev. and Mrs. Robert D. Doliver, brother of the deceased, and Mrs. E. B. Graham, the latter a sister.

Third carriage, D. W. and Robert Graham Barrett and Garrett D. Dolliver.

Fourth carriage, Captain J. W. Heavener and wife, C. E. Dawson and A. H. Pearsons.

OMAHA ARCHITECT CHOSEN TO COMPETE FOR BUILDING

Thomas B. Kimball Will Be Asked to Submit Designs for Commerce and Labor Building.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 20.—(Special Telegram.)—Thomas B. Kimball of Omaha is among the list of architects who have been chosen to compete on the building in which the Department of Commerce and Labor will have its future home. The building will occupy a portion of land bounded by Pennsylvania avenue, the Mall, Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets. Provisions have been made for an expert commission of awards to report on relative merits of designs, but neither the judges will not be made public at this time.

The ground area of the building of the Department of Commerce and Labor will be 90,000 square feet and the building is to be five stories and basement, and the limit of cost fixed is \$2,500,000.

In building for the Department of Commerce and Labor, accommodations will be provided for two assistant secretaries, chief clerk, disbursing clerk, apartment clerk, solicitor of the bureau of corporations, statisticians, manufacturers, light-house, labor, census, immigration, and naturalization, navigation, fisheries, coast and geological survey and steamboat inspection, service-library, correspondence section, law section, computing division, tariff division, consular division, division of international commerce, division of compilation of publications and of supplies and accounts.

The census bureau alone will require 75,000 square feet of floor space. A feature of the building will be an aquarium for the bureau of fisheries, which will occupy 25,000 square feet of floor space. The building will contain 60 rooms.

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Separate Garments and Union Suits, VELLASTIC issue of the famous Bodyguard underwear.

Look for the Bodyguard name on the label. Write for Bodyguard Book.

Makers of Bodyguard Underwear—Including Longjohns, Towels and Socks.

UTICA KNITTING CO., UTICA, N. Y.

OFFICE OF THE CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER, Fort Crook, Nebraska, Oct. 20.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for the construction of a reservoir and well at Fort Crook, Nebraska, will be received at this office until 11 a. m., Nov. 4, 1910, and then publicly opened. A guarantee of 10 per cent of the amount of the contract must accompany each bid. Plans and specifications may be seen at this office only. Blank forms and information furnished upon application here. Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Constructing Reservoir and Well" and addressed to Second Lieutenant A. W. Lane, Constructing Quartermaster, A. W. Lane, Fort Crook, Nebraska. For further information, apply to the Quartermaster, A. W. Lane, Fort Crook, Nebraska. Oct. 21-22-23-24

FIGURING ON SUCCESSOR

Some Iowa Men Who Would Succeed Senator Dolliver.

NORTH PART OF STATE HEARD

Contention that for Last Fifty Years All Senators Have Come from Central and Southern Portions.

MASON CITY, Ia., Oct. 20.—(Special.)—Those who are examining the senatorial situation with reference to the selection of a successor to the late Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver, have been brought to the realization of the fact that the north half of the state has never had a senator, and that the selections have come largely from the southeast quarter of the state, Fort Dodge to the west and Dubuque to the north, being the extreme limits. Of course, the senatorial question is not one of location, neither are the officers chosen on the basis of position, yet there is always an opinion, and it seems to be just to pass honors around.

For the purpose of giving a better understanding of the situation during the last sixty-two years Iowa has had fifteen senators, all being republicans, with the exception of the first two who were democrats. In this list special attention is called to the location:

Augusta C. Dodge, Burlington..... 1848-55

George W. Jones, Dubuque..... 1848-52

James H. Wilson, Fairfield..... 1852-56

James W. Grimes, Burlington..... 1856-62

Samuel J. Kirkwood, Iowa City..... 1862-68

James H. Howe, Keosauqua..... 1868-74

James Harlan, Mount Pleasant..... 1874-78

George C. Wright, Des Moines..... 1878-84

William H. Allison, Dubuque..... 1884-90

Samuel J. Kirkwood, Iowa City..... 1878-84

James W. McMill, Atkinson..... 1884-90

James H. Wilson, Fairfield..... 1852-56

John H. Gear, Burlington..... 1896-9

Jonathan P. Dolliver, Fort Dodge..... 1899-10

Albert B. Cummins, Des Moines..... 1908-

May Go to People.

Of this number only two were appointed by the governor to fill vacancies. These were John W. McMill and Jonathan P. Dolliver. It now seems quite apparent from the attitude of Governor Carroll that the selection of a successor to Senator Dolliver will be referred directly to the people, if it can possibly be done, or the nearest approach to that method—selection by the legislature. It is early yet to think of concentrating the strength of the party upon any man. In fact there is no man in Iowa who stands out so far as can be done on account of the factional feeling that is apparent everywhere. However the north part of the state, which has never been given the opportunity of honoring his favorite sons, have men of marked ability for service in the senate of the United States, and who are without spot or blemish.

It would not be a difficult matter for the entire north and northwest part of the state to unite on A. B. Funk of Spirit Lake, as a successor to the late Senator Dolliver. He is a man broad and liberal in his views and stands high in the esteem of all republicans.

Might Be Haugen.

Congressman Gilbert N. Haugen, who was at one time much talked of as the standpat opponent of Senator Cummins, when the latter defeated John P. Lacey in the primary, would be available at this time for the senate, as he is looking to Mr. Haugen, as a possibility at that time, they did it more because he was a friend and supporter of William B. Allison, than because of his political belief. In the district he has always been classed as decidedly leaning toward insurrection.

Congressman Haugen is a resident of Northwood. Among the state leaders of the insurgents, a vigorous man in deed and action is James A. Smith of Osage, present state senator. Willard Eaton, state railway commissioner, is also a suitable successor and a resident of Osage. He is a lawyer and is especially able in debate. If the contest goes to the legislature, as now seems quite probable, it is likely that there will be a coming together of republicans of northern and western Iowa and that the strength of this section would center on one of these men. The man could bring signal ability to the position.

HYMENEAL.

Bevington-Woods.

SCHUYLER, Neb., Oct. 20.—(Special.)—Dr. G. A. Bevington and Miss Kate Woods, both of Schuyler, were married Tuesday evening at the home of the bride's parents, and a reception was given in their honor.

BUY a Winter Underwear of comfort—as well as of warmth.

VELLASTIC Ribbed-Fleece Underwear is lighter than the ordinary heavy fleeced underwear, but equally as warm. Ribbed for strength and elasticity. Fleece-lined for comfort and warmth. And so woven that the fleece will not wash out, knot or mat.

For Men, Women and Children

Separate Garments and Union Suits, VELLASTIC issue of the famous Bodyguard underwear.

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DEATH RECORD.

Prof. Frank E. Bryant.

LAWRENCE, Kan., Oct. 20.—Prof. Frank E. Bryant, associate professor of literature at the University of Kansas, died today of typhoid fever, aged 31 years.

The Key to the Situation—See 'Want Ads.'

The Weather

Official Forecast.

For Nebraska—Fair Friday.

For Iowa—Partly cloudy Friday.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

High..... 59

Low..... 39

Normal..... 45

Deficiency..... 20

Excess..... 0

Normal precipitation..... 40

Deficiency for the day..... 20

Total rainfall since March..... 15.71 inches

Deficiency since March..... 1.31 inches

Deficiency for period in 1910..... 1.31 inches

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Deficiency for period in 1856..... 1.31 inches

Overcoats