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resident Starts for Two Months' Camping Trip in Texas and Colorado.

TO ATTEND REUNION OF ROUGH RIDERS

Elaborate Reception Prepared at Dallas, Sherman and Fort Worth.

FIRST SPEECH AT HARRISBURG, PA.

This Morning Chief Executive Will Be Guest of Louisville for Three Hours.

WILL KEEP IN TOUCH WITH WASHINGTON

Une of Couriers to Be Maintained Between Camp and Telegraph Office While He is Hunting.

WASHINGTON, April 3.-With cheers and good wishes responding at the Pennsylvania depot the president, at 9:05 a. m. today, on a special train, started a trip through the south. Among those at the station were many friends of the president, including Postmaster General Cortelyou and Secretary Metcalf of the De-

partment of Commerce and Labor. The special train, which is one of the finest the Pennsylvania railroad has ever sent out of Washington, consists of three cars-the president's private car, Rocket; the Pullman sleeper, Forest, and the combination baggage and buffet 'car, Viceroy. Attached to the train, to be run as far as Baltimore as a buffer, was a day coach.

The train is handsomely fitted and contains every known appliance to insure the comfort and safety of the passengers. The train was scheduled to leave at 9 o'clock, but it was a minute after that hour when e prosident arrived at the station. He had been delayed at the White House for a few minutes in signing some important papers. Even after he boarded his car some papers were handed to him for his signature. It was just five minutes after the scheduled time of departure when the train drew out of the station. In the party, besides the president, were Secretary William Loeb, jr., General S. M. B. Young, Dr. Alexander Lambert, Lieutenant G. R. Fortesque, one of the president's aides; M. C. Latta, J. L. McGrew, stenographers to the president; H. A. Strohmeyer, photographer, and reprethe newspaper press associations. This trip is being made primarily to enable the president to attend the reunion of his old regiment, the Rough Riders, which is to be held at San Antonio,

in Oklahoma and Colorado. Will Make Some Speeches.

Tex., next Friday, and to hunt big game

Incidentally, the president will deliver notable addresses at several places enroute. His first important stop will be at Louisville, Ky., tomorrow morning, where he will be the guest of the city for three hours. He will go directly to St. Louis. and thence, via the Missouri, Kansas & Texas refrond, to San Antonio, stopping at several places on the way, among them

After leaving San Antonio the president will go to Oklahoma for a week of hunting and proceed thence to Colorado to hunt big game in the mountains.

Unless it should be necessary on account of unforeseen circumstances to curtail the trip, the president will be absent from Washington about two months. Definite plans for the trip, after he shall leave Oklahoma, have not been made, the pur pose of the president being to adjust his plans to the conditions as they may exist at the time. While he expects to be in the wilds of Colorado for a considerable time, he will keep in constant touch by means of couriers, to the nearest telegraph station, with Washington, and thus will be enabled to attend to such important business as may demand his personal attention. Dr. Lambert, who accompanies the president, was his physician in New York and has hunted throughout the country which the president will visit.

Horse Falls Down, President Roosevelt's delay in arriving at the railroad station to take his special for the south was due to an accident which happened to one of the horses attached to his carriage soon after leaving the White House. The off horse fell, becoming entangled in the harness. The accident amounted to little and the president was in no wise injured. It occasioned a delay of about five minutes. After the borse had been gotten up the trip to the station was made without incident.

Prepare for Big Wolf Hunt. LAWTON, Okl., April 3.-Although the president seeks isolation from the world in planning to hunt wolves for a week in the 480,000-acre pasture reserve in southern Oklahema, the citizens of that section of the territory have demanded that he shall view and participate in one of the rousing, stupendous wolf drives for which the southwest country is noted. According to the arrangements now being perfected, the president will be given a horse and will take part in the final rush after the wolves have been corralled. In order that the plans may be carried out it will be necessay to obtain the consent of the president's manager, who has decreed that during the president's seclusion amid the fastnesses of the Indian reserve, troops of cavalry from Fort Sill will patrol the fences and permit no one to enter.

Big Time for Dallas. DALLAS, Tex., April 3 .- Great preparations are being made for President Roosevelt and party, who arrive here on the evening of April 5. The president is to was unable to push a motion for an imdeliver an open address and later he will mediate trial be tendered a banquet. Over 100 prominent republicans and democrats from all parts of the state have been invited. A military parade has been arranged, in which counsel for Armour & Co., said he would the National Guard from all sections of the state will take part.

Propress of Journey. HALTIMORE, April &-The special train from Washington with President Roosevelt and party passed through this city at 10:05

Talks at Harrisburg. HARRISOURG, Pa., April 3 .- "I don't exactly say that a need a rest, but I am going to taxe one in the open, under God's bine heaven," sain President Roosevest today, standing on the pastform of his special train at the Pennsylvania station and conversing with Congressman Olmstead, United States Senator Carron and United of a great crowd that gathered at the station to meet him. It was suggested to the president that things would go along in a mooth manner even if he were absent.

"rnings will be all right," he said. have left Taft sitting on the lid keeping down the Santo Domingo matter." Later he said: "I am going to have a

outing. I am going to get away where I (Continued on Second Page.)

Eldest Son of King is Under Surgeon's Care for Unaus

nounced Disease. LONDON, April L-The prince of Wales an operation today at Mariuse, the nature of which was MAGOON FOR GOVERNOR OF THE ZONE I in the official statements, subssued. The public was assured ag serious was the matter by s H. Laking and Sir Frederick Trev. Court physicians, whose signatures appended to the statesment, as

to a slight operation this morn rince of Wales will be confined m for a few days. As his condirise to no uneasiness, no bulletir " be issued."

her evidence that nothing alarming as ... matter with the prince of Wales, he yesterday attended church and visited an artist's private studio. When Henry White, the retiring secretary of the Amer ican embassy, who has been appointed ambassador to Italy, and Mrs. White lunched with the prince and princess of Wales on Saturday, the prince was in splendid health and spirits.

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MOROCCO IN THE LIMELIGHT

Attitude of Germany Attracts Attention in All European Capitals.

PARIS. April 3 .- The Morocco incident is daily making a deeper impression, and shock which Emperor William's visit to Tangier and his declaration gave to French However, for the present it is sive attitude and await the development of events.

The Temps tonight says that authoritative version of Emperor William's remarks at Tangler makes it useless to deny the disobliging character of such words, which "constitute almost the maximum short of openly quarreling with France, that William II, could attempt in order to be disagreeable.

However, the general tone of the press is singularly free from belligerent or menacing talk.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 3.-The develpments resulting from Emperor William's speech at Tangler Friday, continue to atdiplomatic circles. The sober view is that the German emperor seized on a favorable opportunity to read France a lesson for leaving Germany out of consideration in the French-British understanding regarding Morocco, with the view possibly of compelling France to make a permanent renunciation of her aspirations regarding Metz and Alsace Lorraine, also with the practical purpose of securing a vote in the Reichstag next fall for a large naval program.

TANGIER, April 3.-Hoffman Philip, United States consul general here, will leave tomorrow for Fez. His journey at the present juncture of affairs is much commented upon.

REACH NO AGREEMENT IN HUNGARY Opposition Parties Will Not Accept

Emperor's Compromise Plan. BUDA PEST, April 3.-The executive committee of the opposition parties at a meeting today rejected the proposed compromise between the crown and the combined opposition, by which it would be possible to effect the formation of a cabinet. Count Julius Andrassy, the former premier, informed the committee that he had learned that only a small part of the proposed increases in military expenditures could be postponed. The committee decided that so limited a concession was not acceptable and did not form a basis for further negotiations.

SUIT AGAINST STANDARD CO.

People of Cottonwood Falls, Kansas Say They Pay Twice as Much for Oil as Emporia.

EMPORIA, Kan., April 3 .- The Business Men's association of Cottonwood Falls, Chase county, has retained an Emporia lawyer to start suit against the Standard Oil company. The Cottonwood Falls people allege that the price of oil that retails at 13 cents in Emporia sells for 25 cents in Cottonwood Falls. In Emperia the Standard competes with the Webster Oil Company, an independent refinery, while in Chase county it has no competition.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 3 .- Attorney General Coleman began suit today in the supreme court to compel T. T. Kelly, state treasurer, and E. B. Jewett, warden of the penitentiary, to sign the bonds which were issued under the provision of the law enacted by the recent legislature providing for the establishment of a state oil The attorney general declares that the state treasurer and the warden have refused to sign the bonds, and that they have given no reason for their refusal. The court is asked to require these officials to come before it and give their reasons for their refusal. The effect of the appearance of these officials in court, with their reasons for refusing to sign the bonds, will be a decision by the court in regard to the validity of the law.

CONNORS IS NOT IN COURT Armour's Superintendent Fails to Appear, So Application for Imme-

dinte Trial Goes Over.

CHICAGO, April 3.-Superintendent T. J. Conners of Armour & Co., under indictment for alleged interfering with federal grand jury witnesses, failed to appear in person before Judge Landis today, and thus falling to observe the formality of arraignment

Judge Landis said that he would not be in Chicago again for at least two weeks after today. Attorney Urion, general endeavor to have Conners in court this

The case was continued until Saturday morning. When counsel for Mr. Connors realized that they would be unable to force the case to an immediate hearing. Attorney Urion filed a demurrer to the indictment which was voted against Mr. Connors by the special grand jury. The demurrer is general in its character and has as its main objection to the indictment the assertion that the indictment is insuf-

REPUBLICANS CARRY MICHIGAN States Marshal Leonard, in the presence Fragmentary Returns Indicate a Plurality of Upwards of Seventy

Thousand.

DETROIT, April 3.-Election returns are fragmentary, but the indications are that the republican state ticket is carried by upwards of 20,000 majority. Only candidates for supreme judges, regents of the University of Michigan and members of the Board of Education were voted for.

Theodore P. Shonts is at the Head of the

New Organization.

Chairman, Chief Engineer and Governor Are Granted Additional Compensation in Addition to Their Regular Salary.

WASHINGTON, April 3.-The president has carried out his plans for the reorganization of the isthmian canal commission as personnel and business methods, gen erally on the lines of the legislation he suggested to congress at the last session, which failed in the crush of business in the closing hours. Today, within half an hour after the president's departure from Washington, Secretary Taft, directly in harge of canal matters, made public the ersonnel of the new commission and the fivision of duties among them. Only one member of the old commission was reappointed, Mr. Benjamin M. Harrod. Othervise the commission is new from top to bottom, for there is a top and bottom and considerable difference between the functions and pay of the commissioners. Finding he was obliged legally to appoint seven while calmness continues to prevail there commissioners, the president did so, but is a growing sense of the rudeness of the he carried out his own plan by making three of them practically the commission. The other four, though bearing the title of commissioners, not only receive a much evident that the purpose is to adopt a pas- lower compensation, but are assigned much smaller fields of activity. The president also has carried out his scheme of dividing up the work of canal building among the ommissioners, so that nominally acting as body on stated occasions, each individual member would operate in a special field. The head of the commission is a trained railway man, chosen for his administrative abilities in the financial and purchasing field; the new governor of the zone is a lawyer, who also has had to do with state affairs; the engineer commissioner already is known for his abilities in the execution of the practical work of canal cutting. The other members of the commission are placed to comply with the law as to the number of the commission, but tract great attention in the press and in are men of high ability as hydraulic engineers. Secretary Taft told them today that they were expected to show results and that is said to be the keynote for the president's action of today.

Personnel of Commission.

The personnel of the new commission is as follows: Theodore P. Shonts, chairman; Charles E. Magoon, governor of canal zone; John Wallace, chief engineer; Rear Admiral M. T. Endicott, U. S. N ..; Brigadier General Peter C. Haines, U. S. A., retired; olonel Oswala M. Ernst, corps engineers,

. S. A.; Benjamin M. Harrod. These names were announced at the War department today, and in connection with the announcement Secretary Taft gave out for publication a statement showing the allotment of salaries to the new commissioners and his own letter to the president and one from the latter explaining the plan of reorganization of the commission, the reasons therefore and the particular duties to be assigned to each commissioner. The first reads as follows:

The presiden the business of the commission.

amounts to \$120,000. The total compensation of the governor of the zone and chief ! engineer are in effect unchanged.

Letter of Secretary.

Prof. William Burr and Barciay Parsons, retary Taft's letter to the president is as

follows: WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, March 30, 1200—Mr. President: In the matter of the reorganization of the machine by which the ranama canal is to be ounit, i beg, first, to cai your attention to the extreme importance of fixing a dennite plan with respect to which you may feel reasonably certain, first, that it can be practically executed and will result in a navigable canal will be the one best adapted to the gemands which may be made upon it by the commerce of the world.

The act of congress evidently contemplates a canal with locks, the cost of which shall be in the neighborhood of \$250,000,000, including the money already expended. It is quite within the bounds of possibility that the best form of canal will be a sea level canal, with a tidal lock only at one end, and that the cost of it may exceed the \$200,000,000 in the mind of congress by at least \$100,000,000 more.

The work of the engineering department of the present commission has been largely devoted to obtaining the data there. WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON,

at least \$100,000,000 in the mind of congress by at least \$100,000,000 more.

The work of the engineering department of the present commission has been largely devoted to obtaining the data upon which the plan of the canal may be determined. These data include topographical measurements, borings, the character of the soil, the flow of water in the rivers—all stated with sufficient exactness to secure the closest calculations by experienced engineers, though not on the ground. It is probably that within the next few months these data will have been so fully ascrtained by the chief engineer. Mr. Wallace, and his assistants that they may be submitted to a board of engineers of the high-esting standing, with recommendations as to the best plan to proceed with the work, it has also been made apparent by the reports of Mr. Wallace and the commission that whatever plan is likely to be adopted work of excavation and construction which would have to be done under any plan may proceed without waste of energy for would have to be done under any plan may proceed without waste of energy for a period quite long enough to enable you to decide which is the best plan.

Favors Advisory Board.

suggest, therefore, that the first work be done is the appointment of an ad-I suggest, therefore, that the first work to be done is the appointment of an advisory board of engineers, say, seven or nine in number, to be selected from the engineers having especial knowledge of hydraunic engineering and canal construction, to whom shall be submitted all possible information with respect to the projected ranama canal, both that obtained by the French engineers before our purchase of the past and the data obtained by the chief engineer of the present canal commission, together with all projects suggested for the sciution of the problem which the canal commissioners deem reasonably possible or practicable; that the advisory board be invited to Washington for the purpose of agreeing on its recommendations in the premises, and that it possible such recommendations be made before the regular meeting of congress in December; that the recommendations be submitted to the canal commission as then constituted for its approval or modification and with the recommendations of the canal commission be submitted to the canal commission of the canal commission be submitted to the president for his action and transmission to congress. commission be submitted to the presider for his action and transmission to congres As already suggested, this work of securit As already suggested, this work of securing the best pian and its approval by congress need not delay in any way the preliminary work adapted to any possible pian or the highly critical work of sanitation, the extreme importance of which have already been emphasized in your previous instructions to the canal commission.

It is conceded even by its own members that the present commission has not so developed itself into an executive body as to give hope that it may be used successfully as an instrumentality for carrying on the immense burden involved in the construction of the canal, and it remains for the president, in the failure of congress to act, to reorganize the commission, both by change in personnel and by certain instructions as to its internal procedure and distribution of powers and authority, to

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

HUNT FOR BIG GAME OPERATION ON BRITISH PRINCE CANAL COMMISSION NAMED SMITHS FIGHT EXTRADITION FORTY-TWO MEN ENTOMBED Attorneys for Nas Patterson's Relatives Allege that Papers Are

Irregular and Void,

CINCINNATI, April 3.-The contest by J. Morgan Smith and wife, relatives of Nan Patterson, against extradition, and the fight against the New York detectives will go hand in hand. This was indicated by the proceedings in court today. Attorney Shay, for the defense, asked for time to prepare an answer. The court granted till Wednesday, when the habeas corpus proceedings will be disposed of Mr. Shay was afterward asked what he intended to do about the letters of the Smiths that was taken by the detectives and sent to New York. He replied that ac tion would be taken against these officers. When the habeas corpus case in behalf of Smith was called Attorney Shay alleged made out after the writ of habeas corpus had been issued.

"If this is true, the persons now in custody are held illegally and ought to be set free," said Judge Spiegel.

"I wish to procure witnesses to show that this is true," said Attorney Shay, "and therefore ask for a continuance." "Your honor," said Prosecuting Attorney Rullson, "we have all of the papers necessary to hold these people here, with the distant, exception of the copy of the indictment. We telegraphed New York Saturday afternoon and received word that the copy was expressed here immediately. This morning by long distance telephone we ascertained been trying all morning to locate the money wagon of the Adams Express company, in which the package will be found. The package arrived here this morning, ready to go on with the habeas corpus proceedings, but ask for a continuance in the matter of the extradition."

The court then continued the case, remanding the prisoners to the county jail in charge of the sheriff. The three points upon which Shay and

Cogan based their contention that the prisoners must be released under the laws and decisions of court are: 1. That they are not fugitives from jus

tice.

2. That the requisition papers were signed in blank by Governor Herrick.

3. That when arrested there was outstanding against them no warrant, bill or charge of any sort; that a warrant is not retroactive; that before they can be arrested legally they must first be set free from arrest under the alleged illegal detention. Their contention is that the requisition

papers were not issued by Governor Herrick, but by a clerk, and that a issue of the papers of extradition is an executive prerogative which cannot be delegated. When the papers were issued Governor Herrick and his party were in Texas. He had left with his executive clerk a number of forms of extradition papers signed in blank. It was one of these blanks that was duly filled out for the return of the Smiths to New York.

MORE WATER IN GAS STOCK Peculiar Business Methods of New York Combine Aired-Buys Gas at Low Lelce.

NEW YORK, April 3.-Nearly 5,000,000 ing a salary of \$7,500, with traveling ex- of the 13,000,000,000 cubic feet of gas suppenses, to each member of the commission, plied to consumers in New York city by by an undertaker arrived in Zeigler. pointed general manager of the Denver. and to the chairman of the committee the the Consolidated Gas company last year additional compensation of \$22,500, to the was purchased from the New Amsterdam dead. chief engineer and additional compensation and other gas companies at the rate of of \$17,500 and to the governor of the zone from 28 to 40 cents per 1,000 cubic feet. thirty-four; wounded, eight. It transpires general manager of the Colorado-Utah the additional compensation of \$10,000. The This fact was brought out today during head of each department is allowed the use the examination of Benjamin A Whitley of a furnished house on the isthmus and assistant secretary of the Consolidated his traveling expenses when traveling on Gas company, before the legislative commission which is inquiring into the light The total is \$102,500. The salaries and ing conditions in this city. The Consoliallowances under the former commission dated company supplies gas to consumers at \$1.00 per 1.000 cubic feet.

Robert A. Carter, secretary of the company, who followed Mr. Whitley on the stand, was asked to explain what disposition had been made of the \$20,000,000 civil engineers, will be appointed members which was realized when the capital stock of the consulting board of engineers. Sec- of the company was increased from \$50,000, 000 to \$100,000,000. He replied that it had been used for "construction purposes," By referring to a statement which had been prepared for the committee, however, Mr. Hughes found that nearly \$12,000,000 three were removed alive, but with fatal of this sum had been invested in corporate injuries. Among the dead are James Reystock of the city of New York at a low burn, engineer; J. P. Fink and Willis were being paid interest on the sum at Lithuanians and were designated by numthe rate of 6 per cent. Mr. Carter ex- bers. plained this was done because the company, might need the money at any time, the shaft was a wreck and that the main not know that it would be wanted in take a week to repair it. three months or even in six months, how-

on this \$12,900,000 out of the profits of the below were let down by hand. In two incompany and charging up those payments; stances the men above were nearly overas part of the expenses of the gas mak- come by gas. ing?" said Mr. Hughes.

"Precisely," replied the witness. Counsel for the Consolidated company Carter's testimony explained that the company happened to have the \$12,000,000 on hand because it took advantage of the

The conditions for floating stock were favorable at that time and consequently the stock was issued and sold. The examination of Henry M. Edwards, auditor of the New York Edison com-

PEABODY AND BELL SUED Charles H. Moyer Asks \$100,000 Damage for Alleged Malicious Per-

issues aggregating \$64,000,000

secution and Imprisonment. DENVER, April 3 .- Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners, filed a complaint today in the United States circuit court against James H. Peabody, former governor of Colorado; Sherman M. Bell, former adjutant general, and Captain Bulkeley Wells, now adjutant general, who was military commander in Telluride when that city was under martial law. The complaint states that the plaintiff was subjected to hardships, humiliations and disgrace by the defendants without probable cause, and also without legal process. He was also deprived, he alleges, of having a public and speedy trial by an impartial jury in the district in which the offense is alleged to have been

The confinement, it is alleged, greatly impaired the plaintiff's health by the reason of the extreme dampness and unwholesomeness of the jail. The complaint asserts that the defendants were guilty of mailee and that they should be imprisoned

Damages in the sum of \$100,000 are demanded from each of the defendants

Explosion in Leiter Coal Mines at Zeigler Ill., Causes Thirty-Four Deaths.

FIFTEEN MANGLED BODIES RECOVERED

Accident Due to Accumulation of Gas in Lower Workings Over Sunday-Tipple Badly Wrecked.

BENTON, Ill., April 3.-Some fifty miners were entombed today in Joseph Leiter's mine at Zeigler by a terrific explosion of gas and it is probable that thirty or more of the buried men are dead. Thus far three bodies have peen found. The exthat the information or affidavit upon which plosion was due to the fact that the Leiter the Smiths are held in Cincinnati was mines are not worked on Sunday, thus allowing gas to accumulate in the lower workings.

When between thirty-five and forty-five miners had descended into the mine today to resume work a terrific explosion blew the timbers about the mouth of the mine high into the air. One of the steel cages was blown to the surface from the bottom of a 500-foot shaft. The shock of the explosion was felt at Benton, twelve miles

Miner on Surface Killed. One miner was killed and four were severely injured at the mouth of the shaft being made with all haste and would be in which the explosion occurred. The work of rescue was begun at once by miners who were arriving when the explosion took that the papers had been sent and we have place, but the main shaft was demolished, so that rescue work has to be carried on through the air shaft. This has hindered the work of aiding the entombed men to such an extent that when darkness fell but so far has not been delivered. We are tonight only three bodies and one injured man had been brought to the surface. These bodies were found thirty feet from the bottom of the air shaft, and this is as far as the rescuers have been able to penetrate. A committee of union miners from Duquoin and other neighboring mining towns, headed by District President Morris, hastened to Zeigier soon after the explosion occurred and offered their aid.

tween strikers and nonunion miners. An all-day investigation tends to show that the catastrophe was due to the accidental explosion of accumulated gas.

Fifteen Bodies Recovered. Up to 10 o'clock tonight fifteen dead bodies had been recovered. The work of by the foulness of the air in the mine. Only two of the bodies found show marks of the explosion. Death in the other cases having guidently resulted from asphyxiation.

Joseph Teiter is expected to reach Zeigler tonight, although it was at first reported that he was enroute to Europe. Rescue work will continue all night. Tonight thirty-one coffins accompanied

The number of dead is estimated at that there were two explosions close together. The first explosion took place in the air shaft and was followed by a much greater upheaval in the main shaft. There were employed in the mine only 180 men, 130 being at work days. Four cages, each

centaining ten men of the day force, had gone down into the mine and were supposedly at the bottom when the catastraphe occurred. The explosion wrecked the shaft, blowing

out the skids on which the cages were hotsted.

Victims Mostly Foreigners. Of the thirty-four men thought to be dead only fifteen had been taken out at 10 o'clock tonight. Besides these bodies rate of interest, while the stockholders Campbell. The remainder are Greeks and

Superintendent Hurd tonight said that and wanted to have it available. He did entrance was so disabled that it would

In the effort to recover the entombed men five rescuers were overcome by after "Meantime you are paying 6 per cent | damp. All the searchers for the men-

MOB GATHERS IN OHIO CITY upon being given leave to supplement Mr. Threat to Burn a Saloen Run by Joseph Kempler at Springfield-Place Heavily Guarded.

SPRINGFIELD, O., April 3.-There was great apprehension here tonight lest repetition of the disorderly scenes, enacted a year ago, when a negro named Dixon was lynched, would occur. Because of pany developed the fact that while the merous complaints that had been made actual values of the properties owned by against the saloon kept by Joseph Kempthe Edison company at the time of con- ler in the "levee" district, a large crowd solidation with the Consolidated Gas com- of men and boys gathered in that vicinity pany was approximately \$19,500,000, the at 10 o'clock, with the avowed purpose of company had outstanding stock and bond burning the place. The police were more alert than during the Dixon riot and quickly surrounded and patrolled the place. making a number of arrests of men who were considered disorderly and likely to arouse the mob spirit. At midnight the police have the crowd, which numbered feeling is growing that there will be no rioting. The saloons in the portion of the city where the Kempler saloon is located are closed. The number of drunken men on the streets is increasing and this fact gives the police officers more concern than anything else.

**ELECTION AT ST. LOUIS TODAY** Mayor Wells is a Caudidate for Re-

election-Nine Million Bond Issue to Be Decided.

ST. LOUIS, April 3 .- The mayoraky election, which is to be decided at the polls tomorrow, will be the climax of the most stubbornly fought campaign in recent years. The democrats have renominated Mayor Wells, the republican standard bearer is John A. Talty and the other two tickets are headed by Lee Meriwether, independent public ownership, and W. M. Brandt, socialist.

In addition to the full city ticket, the Moyer was held as a military prisoner. people will be called upon to decide whether the city shall issue \$5.000,000 worth of bonds to be used for public improvements.

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST TWO

Fair Tuesday. Wednesday Fair and Temperature at Omaha Yesterday

Hour, Deg. Hour. 5 a. m..... 50 1 p. m. 1 p. m..... 43 6 s. m.,., 49 7 n. m..... 46 3 n. m. . . . . . 45 8 n. m..... 45 4 p. m ..... 9 n. m ..... 43 5 p. m..... 45 6 p. m..... 48 10 a. m..... 43 7 p. m..... 47 S p. m..... 46 9 p. m..... 45 11 a. m..... 43

DEPATE ROCKEFELLER GIFT HEARING ON ELECTIONS BILL TODAY

Mass Meeting at Boston Addressed by Two Prominent Congregational Ministers.

the regular meeting of the Congregationalist ministers of Boston and vicinity considered the question of the acceptance of the \$100,000 gift from John D. Rockefeller to the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions and the protest of representatives of the ministers in the deomination in New England, as well as the recent report on the question recently accepted by the prudential committee of the American board, Rev. F. A. Noble, D. D., of Chicago, representing the prudential committee, defended the action of that committee in accepting the gift. The protestants' spokesman was Rev. Daniel Evans of Cambridge. The meeting hall was overcrowded and besides the two principal speakers many were heard on both sides when the subject was open for general discussion. Dr. Noble's principal contentions were:

The American board is not an inquisi-torial body. It was not organized to look into the morality of the man who makes gift.
The board was organized to propagate

The board was organized to propagate the gospel in heathen lands and the charter provides that any man who makes a bequest shall have it carried out.

No man has a right to hinder any other man who wants to do good. Dr. Evans in reply said:

The serious national situation created some corporations whose methods and practices are morally iniquitous and so-cially destructive should slarm the church Bodies Badly Blackened.

The bodies of the dead are so blackened that they cannot at once be identified.
Rolly Campbell is the injured miner brought out of the shaft and it is said that he cannot live. Campbell is conscious, but he is unable to give any explanation of the atcident.

There was much excitement among miners when the accident became known, because there had been a strike of long duration and many conflicts had occurred between strikers and nonunion miners.

to involve the church in entangling al-liances with opposing interests and antago-nistic forces. The church, of which the board is a representative before the pub-lic, must be kept free to strike her blow and speak her rebuke against corporate evil and free to be the leader and in-spirer of those who in many organized ways are fighting the battle of social righteousness.

rescue is made very difficult and dangerous DEUEL LEAVES UNION PACIFIC Becomes General Manager of Denver, Northwestern & Pacific

Hond.

DENVER. April 3.—Announcement was made today that William A. Deuei, superintendent of the Union Pacific railway, with headquarters at Omaha, had been appointed general manager of the Denver.

Northwestern & Pacific railway (the Northwestern & Pacific railway) (the North These represent only part of the known Moffat road) and will enter upon his new finances. It is only a step from state dead. duties on May 1. Mr. Deuel also becomes Construction Company, which has the con-

Construction Company, which has the contract for constructing the Moffatt road.

Mr. Deuel, when asked concerning the above stated it was true so far as it related to the Denver, Northwestern & Pacific road, but that he would have nothing to do with the construction company. Mr. Deuel stated he knew nothing as to who his successor on the Union Pacific would be.

Ultimate construction and ownership of all bridges, without regard to length or number. There is no more reason for the state to enter upon an era of bridge construction for the benefit of the various countles than for it to undertake road improvements, drainage ditching or any other form of improvement which is now properly performed by the counties, or by private or cor, orate enterprise.

I balieve the measure to be against the public weal and fraught with serious possibilities.

The governor returned from Osceola this

A man who is generally well posted on doubtless be made within a few days. It was the impression of this gentleman that Mr. Charles Ware, assistant superintendent under Mr. Deuel, would be tendered the place.

I. O. O. F. HOME DESTROYED Main Building of Institution for Widows and Orphans at Corsienns, Texas, Burns.

today destroyed the main building of the speaker in excess of his regular salary of and Orphans' home; together with its con- eral Brown in an opinion given to the auditents. The loss is \$100,000, with \$18,000 in-

Superintendent Ash says that all the compensation. As soon as the opinion was children are accounted for. Miss Marie published former President Pro Tem Har-Ash, who was ill in the building, swung rison sent back to the state treasurer \$219, herself out of a second-story window and representing the amount he had drawn in osing her hold before assistance reached excess of his \$5 a day. When Mr. Rouse her, fell to the ground, feet foremost, and started to leave Lincoln he put the matter was only slightly injured.

in the second story. Of the number Irene Brown was seriously, but not fatally, hurt, put back. The inventory of the supplies he Laura Kelly, aged 3, was rescued from the returned to the chief clerk of the house is building after losing consciousness from the shown in the following receipt issued to effects of smoke. She will recover.

INDIAN AGENT IS INTERESTED Trouble is Expected Between Standard oil Company and Its Lessees.

GUTHRIE, Okl., April 3.-Frank Frants, the Rough Rider captain, whom President Roosevelt, named as agent for the Osage Indians, is here conferring with United up to 1,000 persons, well scattered and the States Attorney Horace Speed relative to expected trouble between the illuminating oll company, a branch of the Standard, glasses and its sub-lessees in the Osage reserva-

> the new year yesterday, raised the rental on the sub-lessees from \$1 to \$15 per acre. The sub-lessees are organizing for unutual protection and trouble is anticipated.

At New York-Arrived: Republic, from Naples; Zeeland, from Antwerp; L Aqua-tine, from Havre; Heucher, from Ham-burg; Potsdam, from Rotterdam. Minnetenka, from so don-Arrived: Gibraltar Arrived Princess Irene, New York; Koenigen Luise, from York. At Liverpool Arrived: Caledonian, from quire At Palermo-Arrived: Carpathia, from At Naples-Arrived: Romanic, from Alex-Glasgow-Arrived: Columbia, from Hen At Genoa-Arrived: Crette, from New York. At Dover-Arrived: Vaderland, from New York.

At Yokohama-Arrived: Tydeus, from Tacoma; Glenturret, from San Francisco.

H. R. 263-To prohibit the sale of liquere within five miles of any camp of men ea-

Consolidation of Omaha and Douglas County Treasuries One of Them.

ALLEGES MEASURE IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Zuelow Bridge Bill is the Other One Which Fails of Approval.

Speaker Rouse Turns Back Extra Compensation as Speaker.

BOSTON, April 3-By prearrangement ALSO TURNS IN A LIST OF SUPPLIES

Armchair Over Which Comment Was Raised and Office Furniture and Paraphernalia Included

in List.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, April 3 .- (Special.) - Governor Mickey this afternoon vetoed H. R. Mo. the bill providing for the consolidation of the offices of the county treasurers of Omaha and Douglas county; vetoed the Zuelow bridge bill providing the state should pay or the repair or construction of one bridge over 500 feet long in each county; signed the Omaha charter bill, and H. R. 384 and S. F. 141, by Mesarve, providing that it should require a two-thirds vote for a village or town of less than 5,000 people to issue bonds for the construction of a water works system. Haste was urged on this latter measure, for the reason that many towns and villages hold elections tomorrow and the issuance of water bonds

is a question with several of them. The governor vetoed the bill providing for the consolidation of the offices of the treasurers of Omaha and Douglas county for constitutional reasons. His veto message transmitted to the secretary of state is as follows;

The purpose of H. R. 345 is to consolidate the office of the city treasurer of Omaha with the office of the county treasurer of Douglas county. This is in no sense an independent act, for the reason that if it were valid its principal effect would be to amend that part of the school law which makes the city treasurer of Omaha ex-officto treasurer of the Board of Education of Omaha, so as to make the county treasurer ex-officio treasurer of such board. The statute making the city treasurer of Omaha ex-officio treasurer of the Board of Education is section 12, subdivision 17, chapter 79, compiled statutes, or section 1425 of Coobbey's statutes. This section is not a part of the Omaha charter, nor a part of the act relating to the dutes of county treasurers, but is a part of the The purpose of H. R. 345 is to consolidate county treasurers, but is a part of the school law. H. R. 345, being in effect an school law. H. R. 345, being in effect an amendatory act, violates the provision of the constitution providing that no law shall be amended unless the new act contain the section or sections so amended and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed. It does not purport to either amend or repeal the section mentioned nor does it set out in the new act the provisions of the old law.

For the above reasons I transmit to you herewith H. R. 345 without my approval.

Bridge Bill Vetoed. Following is his reasons for failing to approve the Zuelow bridge bill:

struction and ownership of bridges 500 feet in length one in a county as provided for in the bill, to the ownership and construction of those of lesser length, and to the ultimate construction and ownership of all bridges, without regard to length or number. There is no more reason for the number was a super more reason for the super more reason.

The governor returned from Osceola this noon and at once took up the bills before Union Pacific affairs stated last night that him. Among his callers was Representathe appointment of Mr. Deuel's successor | tive Zeulow, who tried in vain to have the executive signature attached to his bridge

bill Tomorrow has been set apart for the appearance of those who are to protest against the signing of the blennial elections bills. The governor will take no action on this bill until after it has been

thoroughly discussed. Rouse Returns Excess Salary. Speaker Rouse has put it back. That was one of the last acts of his legislative career. As a result the state is just \$60 to DALLAS, Tex., April 3.-A special to the good. The money represents the \$3 a the News from Corsicans, Tex., says: Fire day which has always been allowed the Independent Order of Odd Fellows' Widows' 35 a day. Some weeks ago Attorney Gentor held that the speaker nor the president pro tem of the senate had a right to extra up to Auditor Searle with power to act, Three little girls jumped from a window and the auditor just sliced off \$60. But this \$60 is not all that Speaker Rouse

> the speaker: the speaker:
>
> Received of George L. Rouse, speaker of the house of representatives twenty-ninth session of Nebraska, the following state property: Two arm chairs, 2 rocking chairs, 1 office chair, 1 sofa 1 roll top desk, 5 burrers with globes complete, 1 soap dish, 1 looking glass, 1 file board, 2 tabs writing paper, 100 sheets of blank writing paper, 100 seets of blank writing paper, 100 see; 1 auditor's report, 1 copy session taws 1902, 2 volumes Cobbey's Statutes, 1 house Journal 1903, 1 hairbrush and comb, 1 cluthes brush, 1 whisk broom, 4 penholders, 6 lead pencils, 1 stick file, 1 pair shears, 1 lefter opener, 2 bottles mucillage, 1 hettle fountain pen ink, 1 inkwell, 2 memorandum calendars, 1 bill file house; 1 bill file, senate; 5 state officers' reports, 2 spittoons, 1 waste basket, 1 pitcher and two

1 waste basket, 1 pitcher and two All Appropriations Signed. The governor has signed all the general The company recently secured a renewal appropriation bills, but he vetoed the item blanket lesse, and with the beginning of in favor of Mrs. Hoxie on her claim for services at the Kearney Industrial school

during the last fusion regime. Bills Signed by Governor. H. R. 101—Appropriating \$12,000 for a state schibit at the Lewis and Clark exposition. H. R. 242—Giving county treasurers treater power to collect personal taxes. Movements of Ocean Vessels April 3. H. R. 422-Changing the R. 42-4 handing the election of certain trustees in Lincoln to correspond with beenful elections.
R. 347, by Wilson-Appropriating \$1,or general state expenses, 215 For the distribution of fund o county treasuries for maintenance

> H. R. 5. Defining the powers of magis rates to require recognizance in certain H. R. 128-To extend the hotel keepers' Hen law to proprietors of boarding houses R. 381-The deficiency appropriation bill. H. R. 146-To require the registration of