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Democratic Representatives Indulge in Personalities Until Silenced.

SULLIVAN REPLIES TO HEARST'S PAPER Bay State Man Resents an Attack Upon

Him Printed in the American. WARM REPLY FROM NEW YORK MAN

Mr. Sullivan, by Inference, is Charged with Homicide.

AMBER GREAT UPROAR IN THE i that Speaker Cannon Finally Language is Unparlia 2 and Incident Closed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18 .recent years has the house with sed such a spectacle as it did today with Mr. Sullivan Massachussetts and William R. Hearst of New York as the central figures. Both indulged in personalities of the gravest character and so stirred the house as to arouse among certain members a feeling of the greatest indignation. Mr. Sullivan heaped upon Mr. Hearst a tirade of denunciation, while the latter, by implication, charged Mr. Sullivan with complicity in a

* The affair grew out of the recent discussion of the freight rate question in the house, when Mr. Sullivan inquired of Mr. Lamar of Florida, who was favoring the Hearst bill, why Mr. Henrst did not defend his own bill. This was followed by s criticism of Mr. Sullivan in the New York American and Journal.

Several appeals were made to Speaker Cannon to cause the two men to desist in their abuse of each other. Speaker Cannon, however, allowed them to proceed. Sullivan entirely concluded, but in the case of Mr. Hearst the speaker, on reconsideration, noting the temper of the house, decided that an accusation of homicide against a fellow member was not parliamentary, because it calculated to provoke disorder and disturbance.

Almost immediately thereafter Mr. Hearst took his seat, hurling defiance and declaring that it would be his pride to continue his hostility to individuals such as he charged Mr. Sullivan to be

Sullivan Reads His Speech. Mr. Sullivan took the floor immediately

after the reading of the journal at noon today. He had prepared his speech in advance and read it throughout. After he had explained the purpose of his remarks he read the article in the New York American to which he had taken offense. This, he said, touched him in his representative capacity, and was a deliberate insult from one member of the house to another. At this point Mr. Robinson (Ind.) interrupted to make the point of order that Mr. Sullivan was violating the rules of the house. There were quite general expressions of disapproval of Mr. Robinson's point, and it was sometime before Speaker Cannon could reheld that the language used to that time was strictly in order. Mr. Cannon read the rule governing the point and Mr. Sullivan proceeded, but with such vigorous denunclation as again to bring forth another point of order from Mr. Robinson. Speaker Cannon said he would have to hear the words read again. He sent for Mr. Sullivan's manuscript and the reading clerk slowly repeated the paragraph questioned. This paragraph scathingly assailed the presidential aspirations of the gentleman from New York, Mr. Cannon ruled the speech in order and no further interruptions

Mr. Hearst arose to reply at once as Mr. Sullivan took his seat. He had to wait some minutes for order. His reply was brief, the the interest of King Frederick Augustus to sensational part being contained in the con- demand that the countess relinquish to the sentences, which by inference charged Mr. Sullivan with murder. Mr. bility for the article which had aroused his errand. Suffivan's indignation, although he know in advance of its intended publica- view with the Counters Montignoso, He said he was glad to incur the hos-"of that class of individuals." Prefour to this he had reviewed the attack on him by former Representative Johnson of California, and alleged that Mr. Johnson's defeat for re-election was the result of the fight Mr. Hearst had made on countess. ifm through his newspapers.

Mr. Sullivan after the house adjourned said he would take the floor tomorrow and answer the reflection on him contained in Mr. Hearst's speech.

Beginning of the Incident. Immodiately after the house convened today Mr. Sullivan (Mass.), in pursuance

ice given by him last Friday, addressed the house in reply to certain statements regarding himself alleged to have been printed in the New York American. Mr. Su'llivan's remarks were the outcome of hast week's debate on the railroad rate in the course of which he inouired of Mr. Lamar (Fla.) why Mr. W. R. Hearst (N. Y.) was not present to explain his own bill.

Mr. Sullivan at the outset stated that he had given his notice early in order that Hearst might be present today. He had interrupted Mr. Lamar, he said, because he thought Mr. Lamar was criticising too hurshly his democratic colleagues for their failure to support the so-called Hearst bill, and he felt that Mr. Hearst himself might produce the desired effect Ordinarily, he said, public men expect fair criticism of their official acts, but where the proprietor of a paper is a member of congress, he owes a double duty to his colleagues to be fair and impartial in his criticisms of them. He read the article the New York American of February 9. in criticism of himself, which, he said, had been called forth by an infraction of Hearst's monarchial dignity and thereby had been consigned to the political assassination of Mr. Hearst's paper.

The article in question, Mr. Sullivan said, touched his representative capacity, and is a deliberate insult to one member by another."

Sullivan Uses Bitter Words.

He was interrupted by Mr. Robinson (Ind.), who raised the point that Mr. Suilivan was not in order. Immediately there went up a howl of "No," "no," "no," speaker ruled that Mr. Sullivan was proceeding by unanimous consent. Continuing, Mr. Sullivan said:

Continuing, Mr. Sullivan said:

The writer raises the query whether my ignorance of pending measures was due to congenital incapacity or indifference to the people's rights. Congenital incapacity is a serious charge, yet obviously one which a person accused would not care to discuss. If the charge is true he is not guilty, but unfortunate, and it is surely grievous miafortunate not to be able to appreciate the value of the legislative services of the gentlemen from New York. But congenital incapability to understand is a term that

(Continued on Sixth Page.)

Strikers Return to Work, but Quit Again and Trouble May Follow.

WARSAW, Feb. 13 .- Advices from Lodz say that a number of men resumed work today, but that after a couple of hours they again walked out. The town is quiet. It is semi-officially announced that as a result of the disturbances at Lodg 144 bodies have been buried, while 200 wounded persons are still in the hospitals.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 13.-Quiet continues in this city. The Putiloff iron works and four other works are still idle.

The strike situation, according to reports from the interior, is everywhere improving, even in Poland. Here all danger of a renewal of an acute stage seems to have passed. All the works, with the exception of the Puttloff fron works and two others, have resumed work.

The imperial ukase summoning a joint commission of masters and workmen. chosen by themselves, to investigate the causes of discontent among the laborers, was posted at all the works today, creating a favorable impression.

The government has increased all wages at the shops and also the pay of the railroad employes by 15 to 20 per cent. In addition the minister of finance has taken a bold step in recommending to the committee of ministers the formation of labor associations for protecting the interests of the workmen.

Count Szembek, the head Catholic archbishop, has ordered that prayers for peace be offered up in all the Catholic churches

NORTH SEA HEARING FINISHED

for Both Nations Present Briefs and Open Session Ends. PARIS, Feb. 13 .- The international com mission which is inquiring into the North larly on those lying in the northern part sea incident today heard the conclusions

of the British and Russian agents upon the testimony presented. The British summary of facts is under that the live stock losses in the present cold

four main heads: First—That no torpedo boats or torpedo boat destroyers were in the vicinity of the incident as shown by the declarations of the fishermen and the official statements of various governments, no torpedo belonging to their fleets were in that neighborhood and that therefore the Russians made mistake largely as the result of ension that an attack was about

Second—That fire was opened without suf-ficient reason and was continued for an un-reasonable time after the mistake had been the south. That no effort was made to succor

the sinking ships or wounded.
Fourth-That not the slightest irregularity was shown in the conduct of the innocent fishing fleet. The Russian summary, after setting

forth the justification under four heads, concludes as follows:

The imperial Russian government therefore maintains that the fire of the Russian
squadron was ordered and executed in the
legitimate accomplishment of the military
duties of the commander of the squadron.
Consequently no responsibility whatever is
chargeable against Vice Admiral Rojestvensky, or any of the officers of the
squadron.

vensky, or any of the officers of the squadron.

The imperial government sincerely deplores that the incident resulted in innocent victims and therefore the admiral's responsibility being eliminated, the Russian government expresses its readiness to make material reparation by indemnifying the innocent victims, deferring the amount and partition of the indemnities to the permanent tribunal of arbitration at The Hague.

Today's session practically closed the public work of the commission until a decision proper, but the po is reached when Admiral Fournier, the care for numberless frost-bites throughout president of the commission, will call a the day. meeting for the public announcement. The admirals in the meantime will hold daily workmen who are engaged in keeping the

elapse before definite results are reached.

Agent Will Go Into Italian Court to Get Possession of Princess Anna. FLORENCE, Italy, Feb. 13.-After a conference today with the lawyers representing the Countess Montignoso (former wife of Frederick Augustus, king of Saxony) Dr. Koerner, the Dresden lawyer, sent here in former the custody of her child. Princess Anna, decided to take steps before the Hearst said he assumed entire responsi- Italian courts for the accomplishment of

Dr. Koerner announced today that he seld he had not inspired it, nor did he would make public his report of his interwhich, while recognizing the right of the king under Saxon law to claim the child, a princess of royal blood, she refused to give her up to Dr. Koerner.

The latter denies that in the interview he used violent or offensive language to the

STEAMER SYLVIA REACHES PORT

Long Overdue Vessel Driven from Its Course by Ice.

Grand Banks. The engines broke down for twentyfour hours in the height of the storm during which all the passengers and crew labored incessantly at the pumps, expecting momentarily that the ship would founder. After the storm had abated the engines ere repaired and on Saturday the steamer reached Trepassey, where it remained until this morning, and then started for this having been unable to report its safety owing to the telegraph line from Trepassey having been broken down in

PORTO RICANS ARE FRIENDLY

House of Delegates Denies the Story of Disaffection of Its Members. SAN JUAN, P. R., Feb. 13.-The House Delegates unanimously adopted the following resolution:

First—To protest against the false accounts published by the press of the United States attributing to the house sentiments of hostlifty toward the American people. Second—To declare that the House of Delegates of Porto Rico is inspired with a fundamental sentiment of adherence to the people of the United States and with the most cherished ideal of preserving the personality of the Porto Rican people and promoting their welfare.

Germans Want Their Cash

BERLIN, Feb. 13.-The German settlers in Samoa have petitioned the Reichstag to do something toward obtaining for them payment of the indemnity from the United States and Great Britain under the arbitration award of King Oscar of Sweden and Norway. October 14, 1902, which, it is were interfering with wire connections with affirmed, still remains unpaid, the settlers northern Wyoming and they expressed the in the meanwhile being unable to rebuild their houses or develop their plantations.

Fannie Moran-Olden

BERLIN, Feb. 13.-Fanny Moran-Olden, formerly well known as an opera singer, died today in a private sanitarium, where passenger train was snowbound on Marshall she had been a patient since October, 1963. Mme. Moran-Olden was the daughter of the in number, were suffering from cold and late Dr. Tappenhan, physician to the grand lack of food. This was erroneous. The duke of Oldenburg. She visited the United

UNEASY CONDITION AT LODZ COLDEST FOR MANY YEARS

Frigid Wave Extends from Canada to Gulf of Mexico.

Storm Center Moves East and Richland Center, Wis., Has Lowest Temperature in United States.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.-Not during the last six years has the equal of the present cold weather been experienced in the west and in many places no such low temperatures have been recovered since the extablishment of the weather bureau.

The area of the cold wave extends from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico, and from the Rocky mountains to the Atlantic. The line of zero weather is about in the latitude of Memphis, but all through the before the committee. south freezing weather is reported. In the north the mercury has registered anywhere from zero to 45 degrees below, the latter mark being scored at Richland Center. Wis.

Trains everywhere in the west and northwest are from two to twelve hours late, and because of the packing of fine snow in the cuts, it is expected that it will be several days before the roads are able to restore the schedule time even if the weather moderates. Although details are lacking it is estimated that about a score of people have lost their lives, the majority of the fatalities being in the southwest, where distances between houses and towns are great and shelter hard

Fifty Thousand Cattle Die.

The loss of cattle on the ranges, particuof the southern states, will be very heavy W. E. Bolton, secretary of the Oklahoma Live Stock association, declared tonight weather will be the greatest since the great blizzard of 1896. He places the number of head lost on the range in western Kansas, western Oklahoma and the Panhandle of Texas at 50,000 head. Further north in Nebraska and the Dakotas and Montana the stockmen are better prepared to shelter their stock, the stock is better inured and it is not expected the loss will be anywhere so heavy as those on the ranges further to

Coldest for Six Years. Officially speaking, this was the coldest day in Chicago since February 9, 1839, when the mercury registered 23 degrees below zero, which stands as the record for cold weather in the records of the local weather bureau. In the opinion of pedestrians on the streets and according to the showing of unofficial thermometers the government thermometer was anywhere from 2 to 12 degrees too warm. The official record was 19 below, while all over the city temperatures of from 20 to 25 were common, while in some of the suburbs as low as 33 degrees below zero was touched. At 10 o'clock tonight the weather bureau issued a statement to the effect that it was 6 below zero. while on the street it was 12 below. through the day the bitter cold was intensified by a wind that blew from the northwest at the rate of thirty miles an hour. Today's session practically closed the pub- There were no deaths reported in the city

At the water cribs in Lake Michigan the private sessions to deliberate upon the de- in-takes clear from ice had a desperate cision. It is expected that some days will time of it. The mercury was thirty below and the men were compelled to work in shifts of fifteen minutes, it being im-SAXON KING TO BRING SUIT possible for them to endure the cold and wind for a longer period at one time.

Zero Weather in the South. The severe cold has brought upon the south a renewal of all the troubles visited upon it by the recent storm of sleet which greater part of a week. The cold wave has spread with great speed all over the south, accompanied by heavy snowfalls in Mississippi, Alabama and Tennessee. Railroad traffic is seriously hindered by the fairs. snow all through the central part of Georsnow all through the central part of Georgia and in the central and northern parts of Mississippi the tieup of the railroads today was almost complete. The Mobile & Ohio railroad is the greatest sufferer and it is reported that there have been no trains between Meridian, Miss., and New Orleans for a week. The only cheering news from the entire south came tonight from western and southern Texas, where a slight moderation in temperature was a slight moderation in temperature was reported. From western Missouri and Kansas come reports of temperatures ranging from twenty to thirty below. All through coldest known since the establishment of the weather bureau and the month of Feb-ST. JOHNS, N. F., Feb. 12.-The long ruary has shown equal severity. All ments. In this connection Police Inspector verdue steamer Silvia, from New York and through Wisconsin and Michigan the mer-Halifax, arrived here this afternoon after cury ranged from twenty to forty-five be- not come to this country until 1896 and a terrific experience in a blizzard which low, the coldest place on the map being could not have been employed by Holmes struck it on Wednesday, driving it eighty Richland Center, Wis., which announced miles seaward among great ice floes on the the low mark of forty-five degrees be low.

Warming Up in Northwest,

A general warming up is noticeable tonight in the northwest, St. Paul showing temperature of 4 below tonight as compared with 25 below twenty-four hours earlier. In the Canadian northwest and throughout Montana from 6 to 30 above was shown tonight. The rise in temperature is accompanied by some snow, but no

heavy precipitation is recorded. Temperatures tonight in the principal cities of the west and northwest were reported as follows: Bismarck, 22 above Cheyenne, 24 above; Cleveland, 6 above Denver, 32 above; Detroit, 3 below; Indianapolis, 10 below; Chicago, 10 below; Kansas City, Cincinnati, St. Louis, zero; Duluth. below; Milwaukee, 8 below; New Orleans, 24 above; Omaha, 2 above.

Warmer in Eastern Colorado. DENVER, Feb. 13 .- The local weather bu reau reports show that the backbone of the cold snap is broken so far as the section immediately east of the mountains in Col-Wyoming and New Mexico is concerned, although it is colder tonight on the western slope in Colorado. Clear skies | the force of an explosion. are reported everywhere. At Roswell, N where it was 26 below zero this morn ing, an unprecedented condition of temperature, the thermometer had risen to House Amends Measure to Apply Only 8 above at 6 o'clock tonight. Similar moderation was reported all along the eastern slope to Cheyenne, Wyo. The fact that no reports were received from Yellowstone park led the officials of the weather bu reau to believe that weather conditions

On the continental divide in Colorado and occurred Saturday night and Sunday. It was reported that an eastbound Rio Grande pass and that the passengers, some sixty

(Continued on Third Page.)

BALLOT BOX IS MISSING COLD WAVE WEAKENS SOME Colorado Contest Committee Having

Trouble Getting Evidence from Huerfano County.

DENVER, Feb. 12—When the joint legis-lative committee sating on the Peabody-Ames gubernatorial contest, was called to order this afternoon it was discovered that Juan de Dios Montez, county clerk of Huerfano county, was still unable to pro duce the ballot box of Precinct 23, Huerfano county, known as Mailland district It was in this district, Contestee Adams alleged in his answer to the charges of former Governor James H. Peabody, that the grossest frauds were committed by the republicans.

Attorney H. C. Vidal, for the democrats, vanted Montez punished for contempt, but that matter was held in abeyance while an effort was being made to have the box

Montez will be sent tonight to Walsenburg in charge of an officer with imperative orders to bring the disputed box

Four witnesses from Adams county identified their ballots from a bunch of seven emocratic ballots alleged to be fraudulent. One of the witnesses declared that there was one scratch on his ticket that he had not put there. The proprietor of one rooming house and

were reported to be nonresidents by repubnean canvassers. Ten witnesses were called tonight, most leged bogus ballots and proving the fair- ord was I above. Observations at 7 p. m. ness of the November election in their par-

existence of persons characterized as phantoms by republican cunvassers. Mason N. Seevey, a republican committeeman, upon being asked as to the conduct of the election in his precinct, said it was all right with the exception of the action of the democratic committeeman and other democratic workers, who, he declared, made several gun plays, threatening people with the vengeance of the democratic ma-

wishes. On redirect examination he ad-

mitted that no complaints were made

against any one by the special supreme court watchers. Several witnesses tonight, including on or two republicans, testified that they were old residents of their respective precincts, in some instances having lived in one house twenty-five years, and that the recent election was held amid the most perfect quietude and without any evidence of irregularity. In some of the precincts Peabody experts gave it as their opinion that more than 100 fraudulent ballots had been cast.

ASKS HOCH FOR HER MONEY One of "Bluebeard's" Wives Makes

Personal Appeal for Return of Funds. CHICAGO, Feb. 13.-Mrs. Emflie Fischer-Hoch, the latest wife of Johann Hoch,

called upon him today to make a demand for her money. After Hoch had been brought from a cell into Police Inspector Shippy's office the wife said: "John, you have got my money, and I want it. Give it back to me if you have

any heart at all, for I need every cent." answered: "Now, my dear, don't get excited. You will get all your money back, and more, if you do the right thing. All of these stories

about me are false. You leave me alone and you will come out all right. Wait and we will talk 't over later." The woman did not make any reply and the interview was at an end.

A special detail of detectives has been set at work in an effort to locate the drug store at which Hech is supposed to have purchased the arsenic which, the police will endeaver to prove, was administered to has demoralized railway traffic for the Mrs. Marie Welcker-Hoch. The post mortem examination disclosed three grains of arsenic in the woman's stomach,

Hoch made a statement today that his matrimonial ventures were not love af-I want to correct one impression of m

George Slyter, a carpenter, declared positively today that Hoch was the janitor of the apartment house or so-called "castle of H. H. Holmes, who committed many the states the month of January was the murders in this city. Siyter claimed to have paid rent to Hoch as janitor of the building in 1892. Hoch denies Slyter's state-Shippy expresses the opinion that Hoch did here in 1892.

BANK ROBBERS ARE ARRESTED

Four Men Accused of Dynamiting Safe at Lebanon, Ore., Apprehended at Portland.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 13 .- Four men known as Darling, "Cheney" Smith, Tom Dunn and George Culver, have been arrested here charged with being members of the gang that dynamited and robbed the safe of the Lebanon. Ore., bank last week. Two other alleged members of the gang J. F. Kingsley and a man named Rand escaped. Warrants have been issued for their arrest and it is said that the sheriff knows of Kingsley's whereabouts. Kings ley, who has lived in this city with his wife, was supposed to receive a regular remittance from England and his integrity had been unquestioned. He was an elderly man and active in Sunday school work Dunn formerly was in the house moving business, while Smith and Culver say they are gamblers. In rooms occupied by some of the men arrested the police found coins that had been bent almost double as if by

EIGHT-HOUR BILL IN COLORADO to Mines and Certain Other Employes.

DENVER. Feb. 13.-The house in committee of the whole today passed the eighthour bill as agreed upon by the republican members in caucus. Its provisions apply opinion that it might be storming there only to labor employed in actual mining or directly attending blast furnaces, smelter furnaces, stamp mills and chlorination and northedn New Mexico a heavy snowfall cyanide processes, and not to all persons employed in mines, mills and smelters, as provided in the original draft. The bill received the votes of all the republican members except Representative William H Griffith of Cripple Creek, who stood with the democrats in favor of the more comprehensive measure demanded by the labor

Indications Point to Consation in the Low

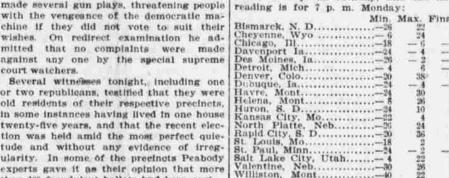
Temperature Rereabouts. MARKED IMPROVEMENT IN FAR NORTH

Lair of the Cold Wave Shows Change of as High as Sixty Degrees in Favor of Humanity and Warrants Hope.

Up from the south at the close of day. coming to contest the winter's sway, strong breeze blew with a summary touch and the mercury climbed up the tube-not

With the mountain regions to the north and west enjoying a temperature suggestive of a chinock, and the breeze coming from the south, the eastern half of Nebraska ought to realize today on the predictions of the head weather sharp in Washington that we'll have it fair and warmer. In the earnest language of Bert Williams, "I hope so, dear." Omaha people who had to get out yesterday morning so that the early street cars could have some one to haul, came down town through a temperature of minus twenty-two, which was the limit of clerks from three others identified nearly the cold wave for the day. From 6:30, when every one of the names of persons who 22 below was touched, until 4 p. m., when 4 above was registered, the improvement was steady. Mr. Welsh promised only 8 to 10 below for the night, and at 9 o'clock of them for the purpose of identifying al- his latest announced observation, the recgave color to the prediction of warmer do, and in addition several swore to the lair of the cold wave and all signs were in our favor.

> Some Cold Weather Records. In the records here published, the figures are taken from the weather bureau reports. The minimum figures are for the twenty four hours ended at 7 a. m. Monday; the maximum is for the twenty-four hours ended at 7 p. m. Monday, and the final



It will be noted that the northern staions all show a most marked change in he conditions, some of them showing an mprovement of sixty degrees between the minimum and maximum. This is quite a

remarkable range of temperature, Omaha's Meanest Day.

Omaha's experience of Sunday hangs out a new record for one thing. Colder days showed a lower mean temperature, but no cold day was ever known here that showed such an unvarying intensity of the frigid quality. On January 5, 1884, which still holds the belt as the day that saw the local office of the weather bureau, 32 below zero, the maximum was 6 below, giving a range of 26 degrees for the day, with mean of 19 below. On February 11, 1899, which takes second money for low temperature, the minimum was 26 below and he maximum 12 below, the same as on Sunday, with a range of 14 degrees, and a below, a range of 5 degrees, with a mean of It below. This gives Sunday the belt for believe will be the worst final breakup of venness or equability, to use the weather the river in many years. office term. And so far as has been heard, no one disputes the claim. All are agreed that it was just a little bit the cussedest day ever experienced in these parts.

OWEN KELLY IS LOCATED

Philadelphia Grocer Who Disappeared Last December is Found in Los Angeles.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.-Chief of Deectives Donaghy received a telegram from the chief of police of Los Angeles today asking the former if Owen Kelly was wanted in Philadelphia. Chief Donaghy reolied that he was. This is all the information that the police officials of this city have with reference to the probable arrest of Kelly.

A lawyer of this city, who is a friend of Owen Kelly's family, also received word from Los Angeles saying that Owen Kelly was in that city. The family will await one ballot, the twenty-first, adjourned until and on motion of Burns of Lancaster the further particulars before taking any action n the matter.

Kelly, who was in the wholesale grocery business in this city, disappeared from of the Continental Trust company. Since that time no trace of him has been found | L. D. Hicks of Saline county. by the family until the receipt of today's telegram from Los Angeles, Little is known of the condition of his affairs in this city, but a cousin in New York City has brought action to recover about \$20,000. which he alleges Kelly had failed to ac count for.

CAR STICKS IN SNOWDRIFT Passengers Spend the Night in Waiting and Are Finally Taken Off in a Sleigh.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 13 .- During the intense cold weather a street car on the Lebanon branch of the East St. Louis & Suburban railroad stalled in the snow two miles west of O'Fallon, Ill., and the thirty-five passengers remained in the car all night. seing taken off today in a sleigh. The wind had drifted the snow heavily over the track and the car finally stuck. The car carried a telephone and a message was sent for assistance, but not until daylight did the gang of laborers reach the car Electric heaters kept the passengers warm and the Street Car company provided a warm breakfast.

GOULD PRIZES ARE AWARDED British Bantist Minister Gets \$1,000 for Best Essay on the Origin of the Bible.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.-Three prizes offered by Miss Heien M. Gould for the three best essays on "The Origin and History of the Roman Catholic and Protestant Versions of the Bible," were awarded today at a meeting of the judges. The awards are as follows: First prize, \$1,000: Rev. William Thomas Whitley, Baptist minister of Preston, Eng-

und. Second prize, \$500: Rev. Gerald Hamilton Beard. Congregational minister, Eurlington. Vt.
Third prize, \$250: Mr. Charles B. Dalton, teacher, of New York City.

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Fair Tuesday and Warmer in East Portion. Wednesday Fair. Temperature at Omaha Yesterday: 1 p. m -

Hour. Deg. 5 s. m.... -20 6 n. m -22 7 a. m. -21 3 p. m 9 a. m..... -18 5 p. m 10 a. m. -16 11 a. m. -14 7 p. m 12 m 9 8 p. m 9 p. m..... - Indicates below zero.

AFTER MAYOR JOHNSON

Cleveland Council Asks Him to Substantiate His Charges of

Corruption.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 13.-Tonight's ession of the city council was one of the most exciting that body has ever held. The republican members took up Mayor Johnson's recent statement that he believed their votes on the question of annexing the village of South Brooklyn to the city of Cleveland had been unduly influenced. Councilman Halle, a republican, said with much anger that if the mayor included him among those whose votes had been so influenced that the mayor was a liar. Councilman Horner intimated that Mayor Johnson had, when he was a street railway owner, influenced the votes of councilmen to obtain desired privileges. The mayor retorted that no man dared face him with

a definite charge to that effect. A resolution was introduced and referred ticular precincts. This they were able to for today, for the warmest reports from the to the judiciary committee to expel all persons from the council floor except memhers of the council, newspaper men and heads of city departments. This resolution would exclude the mayor from the privilege he now has of a seat in the council chamber. Another resolution was adopted requesting the mayor to furnish written charges of undue influence in the matter of the vote of the council on the question of the annexing of the village of South Brooklyn.

DELAWARE DEADLOCK BREAKS

Eight Addicks Republicans Announce that They Will Vote for T. Coleman Dupont.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13 .- A special to the Evening Telegraph from Dover, Del., says: The senatorial situation took a change today when it was announced on good authority that eight of the union republican assemblymen will leave J. Edward Addicks during this week and cast their votes for T. Coleman Dupont of Wilmington, the millionaire president of the Dupont Powder company, for senator.

This agreement was reached after conferences had been held this morning by the members concerned in the movement. This will be the outcome of the recent rumors that have been current on the have been recorded twice, that is days that subject of a break and it will mark the first desertion from the Addicks ranks since the session of 1895. It has not been announced on what day

the break will be made lowest temperature ever recorded at the COLD WEATHER HOLDS THE ICE Conditions Are Temporarily Improved on the Ohio River by

Lower Temperature. CINCINNATI, Feb. 13.-The sudden drop in temperature brought the river ice to a mean of 19 below, thus tying the record on stand, gorges forming at a number of this point. On Sunday at Omaha the mini- points. The ice moved slowly all day Sunmum was 17 below and the maximum 12 day, crushing everything before it, and the new freeze only postpones what river men

> The damage already is estimated at from \$100,000 to \$200,000, the amount depending on the possibility of saving some of the barges and steamers which are now caught in the ice pack or pushed upon the shore. In addition to the loss already incurred vessels and other property valued at more than \$500,000 are in serious danger of total

SMALLEST VOTE FOR SENATOR Sixty-Two Absentees in Missouri Legislature When the Bal-

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 13 .- With one of the smallest attendances since the beginning of the deadlock over the selection of a United States senator to succeed Senator Cockrell, the joint sessions of the Missouri legislature today failed to materially change the situation, and after

lot is Taken.

tomorrow. The vote was as follows: Niedringhaus, 46; Cockrell, 52; Kerens, 11; Finkelnberg, 1; Hicks, I. There were sixty-two absen-Philadelphia on October 25, 1904, after at- tees, making fifty-seven votes necessary tending a meeting of the board of directors to elect. Representative Walmsley changed his complimentary vote to State Schator

NEW YORK THEATERS UNSAFE Statement that District Attorney Jerome Will File Complaints

Against Managers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13 .- The Herald will say tomorrow: "Following the fire in the Casino theater it became known that District Attorney Jerome had experts visiting the State Board of Public Lands and Buildthe sixty or more playhouses in this county for the last two months, making a thorough inspection. The reports of these experts have satisfied Jerome that thousands who attend the theaters are in imminent danger. He has determined to present the reports to Mayor McClellan and if there is no immediate action to remedy the defects he will place the matter before the present grand jury with the desire to obtain in-

dictments against the managers." RAILROAD BILL IN INDIANA Senate Passes Measure to Regulate Freight Rates by Unani-

mous Vote.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 13.-The new house railroad commission bill, amended to conform with the views of the railroads and the shippers, was passed in the senate today by a vote of 42 to 0. The bill creates a commission of three members with power to review rates and to adjust@those found to be inequitable. Appeals from the decisions of the commission shall be made to the state appellate court. Rebates and discriminations are probibited, penalties being prescribed for the railroad emigrants rebates and for the shipper who asks them.

Movements of Ocean Vessels Feb. 13. At New York-Afrived: Corean, from Glasgow, Sailed: Italia, for Marsellies, Al Genoa-Arrived: Konigen Luise, via Naples.
At Plymouth—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm majority members of the legislature. How-der Grosse, from New York.

Changes in Anti-Trust Measure to Meet Objections of Commercial Interests.

CHANCES OF PASSAGE ARE PROBLEMATICAL

House Holds No Session on Account of

JONES HAS A SENSATION TO SPRING

Wants to Investigate Handling of Appro-

Lack of Quorum.

priation for Norfolk Asylum.

CHARGES LAW HAS NOT BEEN FOLLOWED

Legislative Committee Thinks the Wise Plan Was Followed, but Structures Are Not Reanomically Planned.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Feb. 13 .- (Special Telegram.)-In the interests of his constituents Representative Lee of Omaha this ecvning held a long conference with Representative Junkin of Gosper county, author of H. R. 110, the anti-trust and rebate bill. sult Representative Junkin will offer an amendment to the bill when it comes up in the committee of the whole tomorrow calculated to remove the features to which the commercial interests of Omaha, South Omaha and Nebraska generally found such strong objection. The amendment, which

of the bill and the commercial interests, reads as follows: Amend section 4, line 8, by inserting be-tween the words "debts" and "shall" the tween the words "dehts and shall the words "except private corporations incor-porated under the laws of the state of Ne-braska and common carriers or property owned and used by them in the transac-tion of the carrying business."

will be mutually satisfactory to the author

This amendment will meet the approval of the big interests in Omaha whose protests against the bill in its original form have been heard through the medium of the Omaha Commercial club. It has been approved by the Commercial club of Lin-

Mr. Junkin says it is entirely satisfactory

to him, as, he explains, it was not his desire or intention to injure a single interest in Nebraska, but to curb those gigantic monopolies which he conceived to be injuring the public. It is an open secret that the bill is aimed primarily at the Standard Oil and Meat trusts. With the amendment attached it will not operate against any native Nebraska interest, letting escape the stock yards company at South Omaha, whose managers so urgently protested against the measure. The bill in its original form has been regarded as most sweeping and even prohibitive so far as native oncerns went.

Copies Sherman Bill. It may not be known generally that fourfifths of this measure was copied from John Sherman's anti-trust act, with the word "state" supplied for that of the

United States. What chances this bill has to pass is difficult to say, but it is admitted by even Mr. Junkin that its chances are much bet ter with than without this amendment. Railroad men even concede there is a pronounced anti-trust sentiment in this legislature and declare that all it needs to accomplish its purpose is a leader.

"But we don't believe they have the exact man," smilingly remarked a railroad

man tonight. House Short & Quorum. The lack of a quorum in the house at 2 clock this afternoon prevented a session and therefore possibly deprived the members of another bit of sensation in the form of a proposed investigation.

Jones of Polk, a fusion member, has ready for introduction a resolution calling for the appointment by the speaker of a committee to investigate the expenditure of the money appropriated two years ago for the reconstruction of the burned portion of the Norfolk Insane asylum and all the circumstances incident thereto. Mr. Jones intends submitting the matter tomorrow.

At 2 o'clock the roll call in the house showed forty-four members, seven short of a quorum, present. Considerable discussion arose as to what was best to do, some of the members preferring to adjourn without further ado and others insisting on awaiting the arrival of more members. McClay of Lancaster moved that a recess be taken until 3 o'clock. After this motion had been carried the speaker declared it out of order, saying the only thing the house could do was to demand a call of the house. This showed only one additional member present call was raised and the house adjourned

until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. The senate held a meeting, beginning at 2 p. m., being more successful in getting a quorum than the house. The senators comed to fare better with trains and the snow than their colleagues in the lower branch.

Jones' Proposed Investigation. Representative Jones claims the law enacted by the last legislature appropriating \$100,000 for the reconstruction of the surned wing of the Norfolk asylum has been violated, and while not specifying any alleged guilty parties intimates that a graft or fraud has been practiced upon the state. The bill providing for this appropriation and work two years ago was introduced in the house by Nelson of Pierce. It vested in

of the law. The first and principal section of that bill reads: of that bill reads:

That there is appropriated out of any money in the treasury of the state of Nebraska. not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$100,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the purpose of repairing and rebuilding the damaged and destroyed portions of the Hospital for the Insane of Nebraska, located at Norfolk, to be expended under the direction of the Board of Public Lands and Buildings.

ings the task of carrying out the provisions

Jones claims this provision was not complied with; that instead of rebuilding the old wing, an administration building and three cottages were erected and that great extravagance was practiced. He wants to know why the state board erected the administration building and three cottages and did not rebuild the old wing.

Richardson of Madison is the author of H. R. 20, which originally called for an appropriation of \$50,000 for the repairing and rebuilding of this old wing. The committee on public lands and buildings recommended that this appropriation be cut to \$35,000 and the bill was then amended to comply with that recommendation, so that now the eginiature is asked to appropriate \$35,000, Jones points out, to do what the last legislature set aside \$100,000 for. Jones, there-

fore, wants a little light on that point, May Make Campaign Thunder, As a means of manufacturing campaign bunder for the fusiorists the potentialities of Jones' resolution are admitted, but that "it could lend to the disclosure of intentional fraud is not believed by the majority members of the legislature. How-