ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 20, 1904-TEN PAGES.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

Assert that Police Do Not Protect the Incoming Strike Breake

Indication of Extent of Operati Being Carried On.

PURCHASES MADE AT YARDS Y

SWIFT GETS IN CONSIGNMENT

Two Carloads of Negro Laborers fre St. Louis Landed.

MORE MEN TO BE ADDED TO POLICE FORCE

Commissioners Listen to Complaints and Determine to Increase Number of Men Now Employed to

Give Protection.

Packers at South Omaha complain that men who seek employment at the packing WEEKLY CROP REPORT SUMMARY houses are turned back by the strikers pickets, and assert that if the picketing can be stopped the plants will soon be able to resume work at their full capacity. The strikers say that the only men who are

All of the plants were operated to some extent yesterday. According to the official report from the Union stock yards, the Omaha plant bought fifty head of cattle on the local market, and shipped in seventy head from Kansas City; Swift and Company bought 336 head of cattle and 276 head of hogs on the local market and shipped in 180 head of cattle from Kansas City. The Cudahy company bought twenty of the Cudahy company bought twenty twenty to the official reports from the Union stock yards, the Corn has experienced a week of exceptionally favorable weather conditions and has made rapid growth generally in all districts. Very few unfavorable reports respecting this crop are received. In the Missouri valley and in portions of the Union to the Company bought twenty the conditions and has made rapid growth generally in all districts. Very few unfavorable reports respecting this crop are received. In the Missouri valley and in portions of the Mis

right alongside Swift's fence at the south end of the works, where there is a gate. The moment the train stopped the gate was opened and the men poured into the company's grounds. By the time the striker at the east end of the viaduct realized what was doing the new men were safely inside and the gates closed. Fully 300 strikers gathered about the engine, but no threats of violence were made

Both Look for Peace. Both the strikers and the packers are anxiously waiting on the outcome of the conference in Chicago relating to the calling out of the mechanical workers. Advices here are to the effect that the mechanical workers at Kansas City and Sloux into the air and to turn their bayonets City will not go out if ordered to do so, the assertion being made that they are satisfied with the present scale. It will then be known whether the mechanical

workers will go out or not. All of the packers are complaining about the lack of protection. Three of Cudahy's traveling men came in to report but the travelers were told to apply to Chief Briggs at police headquarters for protection and this was done, with the result that the chief escorted the men to the Cudahy

Charles Bonnor of Council Bluffs came over to work in a packing house, but he decided he did not need any police protection and started along out Q street alone. In each hand Bonner held a half-grown howitzer and was frequently heard to remark that he would make a sieve out of the first man that got in his way. A policeman happened along and Mr. Bonnor is now thinking it over in the city jail. Strikers maintained a strict watch over

all of the plants, but few men were turned back during the afternoon, probably for the reason that but a few men attempted to enter the plants. About 3 p. m. a dozen men came from Omaha on a street car and entered Cudahy's offices. Five of the twelve were branch house men and the balance were men from out of the state. Even with the vigilance of the strikers all of the packers received a few recruits,

Packers Visit Exchange. On account of the turning back of so many of the men destined for the various plants, the packing house managers met and drafted a letter to the Live Stock exchange in which the statement was made that little or no protection was given men desiring to enter the plants to go to work. When this condition of affairs became known at the exchange the commission men declared that if a man wants to go to work he should not be prevented from do- tived without a division ing so. At the suggestion of the members the exchange, a meeting of the directors was held during the afternoon and was recently dismissed by the Dominion call upon the Fire and Police board with a request that something be done at once furnish protection to packing house employes. John Fitz Roberts, Al Powell and Sol Degan were selected.

Commission Promises More Men. A meeting of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners was held last evening and the strike situation was fully discussed. The board received the committee from the Live Stock exchange. The attention of the board was called to the turning back of men by the strikers, thus preventing the working of the packing houses to their usual capacity. The committee showed the board that not only the men who wanted to work and were not permitted to do so suffered, but the comnglasion dealers and shippers as well. Then, again, by reason of the small reat the stock yards were ofther on half pay or had taken vacations. The committee urged the board to do Momething. show results and put an end to the present unsettled condition of affairs. The

(Continued on Second Page.)

PACKERS WANT HELP WYOMING MAN GETS PROMOTION Appointed Superintendent of Cass Lake, Minnesots, Forest Reserve.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, July 19 .- (Special Telegram.)-Acting Secretary of the Interior Ryan today appointed Columbus C. Waln of Big Trail, Wyo., superintendent of the Minnesota forest reserve to succeed E. L. Warren of Cass Lake, Minn., removed. Waln was a scaler of logs, under Superintendent O'Nell, during the past winter. He was promoted on the recommendation of Acting Land Commissioner Fimple.

Additional rural free delivery service has been ordered established August 15 Denhiler, Thayer county, Neb. The route embraces an area of thirty square miles, containing a population of 500.

The postoffice at Palo Alto, Ia., has been relegated to the fourth class, with Joseph 8. Robinson, present incumbent, as post-

master. The application of Robert Scott, C. M. Black, M. Johnson, David Scott, jr., Thomas Gaughen and others to organize the North Bend National bank of North Bend, Neb., with \$25,000 capital, has been approved by the comptroller of the cur-

Corn Experiences a Week of Excep-

tionally Favorable Weather. WASHINGTON, July 19.-The following s the summary of the weather bureau

seeking employment at the packing plants are unskilled laborers, and that no break in their ranks has occurred, nor is any likely to. Yesterday the packers went to the commission men at the Live Stock exchange and laid their case before them, asking that they go before the Board of the middle and northern plateau districts it was unseasonably cool, with light to heavy frosts on the Eith in Washington and Oregon. Too much rain hindered farm work in the central gulf districts and in portions of the Ohio valley and middle Atlantic states, while need of rain is beginning to be felt in northern New Enginning to be felt in northern New En

head of hogs on the local market and shipped in 180 head of cattle from Kansa commande what from lack of cultivation, and in the preceding to the control of cattle in Omaha and 440 head of cattle in Omaha and 440 head of hogs on the local market. No sheep were received in Omaha. Two weeks ago the purchases for Tuesday by these plants were 3,122 head of cattle and 450 head of hogs.

Swift Gets in Negroes.

Yeaterday morning about forty men, bound for the Cudaty plant, and a squad headed for Armour's, were turned back by the plakets.

Swift was more fortunate than the other packers, for at 10:35 a. m. Manager Patterson succeeded in getting two coach loads of negro laborers from East St. Louis into his plant. A Missouri Pacific train on sisting of an engine, baggage car, two coaches and a caboese came in from the north and gave the appearance of soing straight through, but below Q street viaduet a series and save developed in the protocol of the protocol in the protocol of the protocol in the plant in the protocol in the protocol in the protocol in the prot in general progress in the central valleys and middle Atlantic states, with satisfactory yields.

DEFENSE SPRINGS A SURPRISE Counsel for German Social Democrats

is Making Strong Fight. KOENIGSBERG, July 19 .- At today's ses sion of the court which July 12 began the trial of the seven social democrats accused at the instance of the Russian government of smuggling anarchistic literature into Russia the testimony showed that some of the pamphlets in question appealed to the army, urging the soldiers to make common cause with the people, to disobey the command to fire upon the populace, to shoot

against the officers. The defense, near the close, created s sensation by moving to summon Mayor Petkoff of Sofia and Gariasia, former Rus sian Dragoman Jacobsohn of Rushchuk, Bulgaria, and the editor of a Sofia newspaper, in order to prove that the Russian government had been keeping agents in pickets would not let them pass. The the Balkans since 1881 to incite the people against their rulers. The defense wants to prove through these witnesses the Russlans' responsibility for the murder of King Alexander of Servia and Premier Stambuloff of Bulgaria, from which to draw the conclusion that Russia is not a civilized state with a claim for the protection of the German courts. The state's attorney opposed the motion, but the court took the matter under consideration. Another sensation was a telegram from the Foreign office stating that a treaty between Russia and Germany covering paragraph 260 of the Russian penal code does not exist. paragraph refers to punishment for high treason against foreign potentates, which was shown to apply only where a treaty explicitly provides for it.

MOTION TO REPRIMAND DUNDONALD

House of Commons Agitated Over His Action in Military Affairs. LONDON, July 19 .- In the House Commons today Davis Lloyd-George, Weich nationalist, moved an adjournment of the house to call attention to "Lord Dundonald's participation in the political agitation against Canada while still an officer in the British army." Mr. Lloyd-George wanted the government to reprimand Lord Dundonald and to prevent him continuing his agitation against the Cangovernment. Winston Churchill seconded the motion and maintained that Lord Dundonald ought to have been recalled.

Mr. Lloyd-George's motion was nega Major General Lord Dundonald, the for mer commander of the militia of Canada committee of three was appointed to government for indiscretion and insubordination, as it was termed, as shown in speech in Montreal June 23, when he said he regretted that politics had entered into Dominion military affairs, as it would be impossible for Canada to have an efficient

soldiery under such circumstances.

ters at Iloilo, in his annual on the estimation of the army posts, speaks as follows: "This has been followed by the usual crop of saloons and disreputable people. With the well regulated post exchange of mayor of St. Paul were given copies. former days weak men had a choice of These men hope to make them realize the evils and generally chose the lesser, the ceipts a large number of men employed pure beer of the exchange. So long as the misguided Christian women of America insist upon carrying the canteen into politics young soldiers will continue to fall ness, dissolute company and venergal dis-

Packers SayE etailers Are Simply Holding Up the Public.

FINAL CONFERENCE TO BE HELD TODAY

Crisis in Stock Yards at /hleago Expected Today, When Final Efforts Will Be Made at Settlement.

CHICAGO, July 19.-The crisis in the stockyards strike will come tomorrow afternoon. Allied trades unions in the stockyards, which are certain to become involved in the controversy if it is not soon settled, held a conference this afternoon lasting flev hours, and at its conclusion sent a letter to the packers asking for a joint conference between representatives of the strikers, of the packers and of the allied trades to see if a settlement of the strike along peaceful lines cannot be reached.

Tonight there was nobody who would say that the packers would agree to the conference and it is impossible to say with certainty that the meeting will be held. Arthur Meeker, manager for Armour & Co., speaking tonight for the other packers as well as for his own establishment, said he would send a reply in the morning to the letter received from the representatives of the ailled unions. He declined to

say what the nature of the reply would be. The unions joining in the request for the meeting represent all the trades engaged in the packing industry, and they have joined in a final appeal for arbitration for the packers and the striking butchers. President Donnelly of the butchers' union said tonight that he was anxious to have peace, but that unless it came there would be a general sympathetic strike on the part of all the unions. The letter relating to tomorrow's conference is as follows:

Ask for a Conference.

J. Ogden Armour and Associates: Gentlemen—The teamsters, mechanical trades and other unions engaged in the packing industries of Chicago not already involved in the present strike would like to meet representatives of the strikers in joint conferences with a view of helping to adjust the present trouble and prevent it spreading to our organizations. The unrest that now obtains among our members makes this request imperative. If convenient we would like the conference to be held tomorrow.

A similar request was made to the meat cutters and they promptly replied. Kindly notify us as soon as possible if our request can be compiled with.

The letter was signed by representatives Ask for a Conference.

the packers to needy families in the stock ers. These plans are announced by Arthur Vance, attorney of Swift and Company, in the following statement:

It having come to notice that the families of their former employes were suffering for breadand ice. Superintendent Crosby of the stock yards station of the Chicago Bureau of Charities was immediately notified that a carload of ice and 1,000 loaves of bread were at his disposal for distribution daily among those in need of help, with the understanding that further assistance of the same kind would be rendered if necessary.

Claims Help is Plenty. Arthur Meeker, general manager of Ar mour & Co.'s plant, said today: We are getting along fine without the unions. This is a big country and there is plenty of idle labor this year. Our plant is fairly well supplied with labor in every department. I think we have the situation

vell in hand. Most of the nonunion workers aleer cots i nthe packing houses and eat in roughly constructed restaurants on the grounds. Swift and Company decrale 1,600 are at work, Armour 2,000, Nelson Morris

& Co., 1,500. The Swift company killed 1,000 cattle and 1,000 hogs yesterday, according to the statements made by officials.

Weary of turmoil and hardship encountered while struggling for a living in the face of strikes and lockouts, fort-two families of the strikers left Chicago this afternoon to return to Austria-Hungary. There they will receive less pay, they say, but their employment will be more steady and

Condition Serious at St. Paul. ST. PAUL, Minn., July 19.-With the exception of the repudiation by the butchers' nion officials of nominal control of the blockade at the Swift packing plant there has been little change in the situation at South St. Paul today. The women stenographers and several of the leading officials of the Swift company's branch plant were the only persons allowed to pass the picket line, and all efforts to recruit the force of men who have been in the plant for several days were successfully resisted. The retirement of the union officials was evidently brought to a head by the threatened injunction proceedings

M. D. Flower, president of the Union Stock Yards company, was peremptorily ordered to leave the vicinity of the Swift plant by Mayor Lytle of South St. Paul. Mr. Flower had angered the mayor by remonstration on the lack of deputies, whereas the mayor resented Mr. Flower's "hot headed" interference and ordered him out of town. Mr. Flower did not leave. One of the strikers was arrested for suggesting that the crowd lynch Charles Fitch, former mayor of St. Paul, and now the president of the South St. Paul Commercial club. Mr. Fitch was addressing the strikers, and when he remarked upon what he would do if he was in charge of the situation one of the men yelled that DANGERS FOR THE YOUNG SOLDIER If a rope were handy Fitch would be hanged. The man, whose name was

> Governor Van Sant still refuses to interfere, insisting that other means than the calling out of the militia can be used to secure order in the packing house district. The business men of South St. Paul drew up resolutions demanding protection and order, and both the governor and the illegality of their action.

Look for Bigger Strike. KANSAS CITY, July 19 .- The face of probable sympathetic strike of the engineers, electricians and other skilled em-

-(Continued on Second Page.)

NO EXCUSE FOR AN ADVANCE | MACCABEES | MAY RAISE RATES | GREAT BRITAIN IS TROUBLED Proposition is Now Being Considered

by Supreme Test at Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., July 12.-With the re adjustment of the rates as the most important business for consideration the tri ennial review of the supreme tent, Knights of the Maccabees of the World opened here England Sees Chance of War with today. The membership of nearly 400,000 was represented by about 100 delegates. Supreme Commander D. P. Markey of Port Huron, in his annual report stated that the membership at the close of the three year term December 31, 1903, was 362,385, a ne gain during the three years of 124,709 as compared with 19,003 during the previous three years. Commander Markey recom-mended that the offices of supreme record keeper and supreme finance keeper be combined. The report of D. D. Aitken, as supreme

either became defunct or were merged with

larger tents. There have been paid since the organization of the order, said Mr. Ait-

kin, 11,802 death claims amounting to \$17,119,160 of which 5,158 were paid during the past term, amounting to \$7,337,431. Mr. Altkin, who is also supreme counsellor of the order, reviewed the proposed change in the rates, at length, concluding as follows: rates, at length, concluding as follows:

If we wish to be true to ourselves and the membership we represent and hope to see this fraternal order the pride of its membership and the protector of their homes we must pseude for collections equal to the amount demonstrated to be necessary by the mortality table based on our own experience. If we have confidence in the report of the rate commission and faith in its conclusion (and there is no reason why we should not have) the question of what increase of rates is necessary—has already been determined and the only problem now to be solved is how and by what method of plan shall the increase be made, which plan is "on the line of least resistance," which method will be the most popular and successful."

Seventy-five delegates, representing 15,000

Seventy-five delegates, representing 15,000 women in all parts of the country, were present with their supreme officers here oday, when the triennial review of the supreme hive, Ladies of the Maccabees of the world was called to order. Readjustment of the rates of the order is the most important business that will come before them during their three days' sessions.

The following officers were elected today: Supreme commander, Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister, Detroit; supreme record keeper, Miss Bina M. West, Port Huron, Mich.; supreme lieutenant commander, Miss Eva L. Mc Nett, Hornelisville, N. Y.; supreme finance keeper, Mrs. C. V. Heppert, Akron, O. supreme chaplain, Mrs. Minnie W. Aydelotte, Oakland, Cal.; supreme sergeant, of the coopers, packing house teamsters, Mrs. Tiragh A. Nelson, Des Moines, Ia.; stationary firemen, stationary engineers, supreme mistress-at-arms, Miss Anna L. Carton, Dallas, Tex.; supreme sentinel, trical workers, carpenters, car workers, Miss Carrie A. Drake, Danbury, Conn.; supreme picket, Mrs. Anna M. Welch, St. Paul, Minn.; supreme trustees, Mrs. Helen M. Bradber, Port Huron, Mich.; Mrs. Ellen tage in the strike. The packers assert E Downer, Chicago, and Mrs. Grace Mere-

contend that the packing trade throughout CHARGES AGAINST SKELTON Sheriff Bell Aunounces that Papers Are to Be Filed Against Alleged Morderer.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Colo., July 19.-Sheriff yards district. In this way the packers Bell said today that direct information are to help wives and children of the strik- charging Pearl Skelton, the miner arrested in Pueblo two weeks ago, with the Independence depot murders, will be filed tomorrow. Matthew and John Conway and Edward Boyd, after examination before the board of inquiry today, were turned over to the military authorities, with a Foreign office that the movements of the recommendation that they shall be de-

Over 200 pounds of ore, valued at \$500 was found in the cellar of a house where the men resided. They had an engine and crusher erected and were preparing to Alexandria, in accordance with arrangetreat the rock. Great efforts are being made by the mine owners to stop ore stealing. It is asserted that within the past year over \$500,000 worth of ore has been lost in this way.

The Cripple Creek Mine Owners association has issued 4,000 recommendation cards, which are absolutely necessary to obtain employment in the district. The Citizens' alliance of Cripple Creek

district is arranging a monster picnic for the benefit of the maimed victims of the Independence explosion and the families of those who were killed thereby.

DEMOCRATS CALL ON GORMAN Want Senator from Maryland to Again Head National

Committee,

NEW YORK, July 19.—Senator Gorman, as a result of the conference of the distinguished democrats who have been meeting here last night and today, has been asked to become chairman of the democratic national committee. With great reretance he has taken it under consideration, but it seems certain that he will decline. William F. Sheehan is the next ghoice, but he also may not accept, chiefly because he regards his health as unequal to the strain. Should neither Senator Gorman nor Mr. Sheehan accept the chairman ship, opinion is quite uncertain as to who may be chosen. Judge Parker has declined to say who should be the chairman, preferring to leave the matter entirely with his advisers and the national committee. The democratic leaders who came against them. The threat had little effect to New York at the suggestion of former on the pickets, except that it made them Secator Henry G. Davis, the democratic tinued informally the conference of last night. The rooms of ex-Senator David B. Hill at the Hoffman house were the storm ornier. The general outlook and the chairmanship were discussed.

LIGHTNING AT WORLD'S FAIR Mexican Building Struck, but Little Damage is Done at St.

Louis. ST. LOUIS, July 12-World's Fair Grounds.—The Mexican national pavilion was struck by lightning today during a severe storm at the World's fair grounds A large number of visitors were in the building when the storm broke, and so sudden was it's approach that many persons were drenched by the heavy when less than a hundred feet from shelter. The bolt of lightning which struck the Mexican pavilion was accompanied by a deafening crash of thunder. The flagstaff and cupola surmounting the pavilion were destroyed, but the building did not catch

The loss is estimated at \$300. There was considerable exoftement among those in the building, but the visitors' fears were quickly allayed by those in charge of the building.

Following the storm there was a drop in the temperature of 22 degrees. The precipitation during the nine minutes the storm

Siegure of British Steamer and Mails Subject for Cabinet Meeting.

JAPAN MAY ASK TREATY'S ENFORCEMENT

Russia if Turkey Has Permitted Warships to Pass Dardanelles.

LONDON, July 19 .- In British official circles the recent seigures and overhauling of British ships in the Red sea by the Russian volunteer fleet steamers Smolensk and St. Petersburg are regarded as very grave international incidents. The seigure of the Peninsular and Oriental steamer Marecord keeper, showed that 1,549 tents were organized during the term, 156 of which lacca by the St. Petersburg and its arrival in the Suez canal as a prize of war on its way to Libau, on the Buitle, has come as a climax and the cabinet today is considering the course to pursue. British law officers acknowledge the right of the Russians to seize and detain mails, provided that only official communications are taken, but they take the most serious view of the status of two Russian ships patrolling the Red sea, and if any official action or protest ensues it will be chiefly in regard to the passage of these erstwhile merchant ships through the Dardenelles and their subsequent transforma-

> tion into ships of war. In official circles strong comment is made in regard to Russia's policy in this matter. It is regarded as impossible that the commanders of the Smolensk and St. Petersburg were given full power, and the officials therefore are inclined to the grave conclusion that the Russian government gave implicit instructions to the two com

May Involve England in War. The effect on the stock exchange today was seen in a heavy fall in consols and other gilt-edged securities on fears of international complications. The dangers and difficulties of the situation are much commented upon in the newspapers, which are practically unanimous in denouncing the "dublous and irregular character" of the volunteer fieet vessels.

'If their actions are proved, as we be lieve, to be those of vulgar filibusters, said the St. James Gazette, "they must be recalled by Russia or the skull and crossbones must be run up, and they will be fired upon whenever sighted."

Another element adding to the dangers of the situation is the attitude Japan may assume. The Pall Mall Gazette points out that if stated in dispatches from Constantinople the Russian guardship Chernomoretz traversed the straits fully armed. would seem to justify Japan in regarding Turkey as an ally of Russia and invoking the terms of the Anglo-Japanese treaty."

Is Making No Demonstration.

The Foreign office this afternoon authorized the statement that there is absolutely no truth in the story, circulated in the United States by a news agency, that Great Britain had informed Germany of the dispatch of a British fleet to Alex-

Foreign officials also say there is no foundation for the belief expressed in the dispatches from Malta to the Daily Express of London this morning that the British Mediterranean squadron's departure from Malta might be connected with the presence of the Russian volunteer fleet vessels in the Red sea. It was added at the British Mediterranean squadron are in no way influenced by the recent incidents in

the Red sen. The Admiralty further asserts that the Mediterranean squadron is on its way to ments made prior to the recent incidents in the Red sea. No communication on this subject has been made to Germany,

BERLIN, July 19 .- The Foreign office de nies the report, circulated by a news agency in the United States, that Great Britain has informed Germany that it is sending a squadron to check Russian irregularities in

Russia has not yet answered the German the Pring Heinrich by the Smolensk, but the Foreign office confidently expects a dis-

the Smolensk. The Foreign office informs the Assoclated Press that the seized mails include English and Italian bags. The Foreign office points out that the diplomatic sitcreated by the seizure is not uation adapted for common treatment by Germany and Great Britain, since the acts of Russian vessels toward each country is too different. Germany is conducting its case independently of Great Britain, The officials say that much less excitement prevalls in the country than when Great Britain seized two German vessels during the Boer war. Nevertheless the officials emphasize the statement that Germany cannot submit to Russia's treatment.

The newspapers refer bitterly to Russia's action as especially ungrateful, since Germany allowed her to leave her western frontier practically unprotected in order to send troops and artillery against the Japanese.

Russin Awaits Report. ST. PETERSBURG, July 19.-6:20 p. m .-

Germany has called attention to the seizcandidate for vice president, to talk with rich in the Red sea July 15 by the Smoure of the mails on board the Prinz Heinhim regarding the campaign, today con- lensk, and has requested explanations. These have not yet been given, the report of the commander of the Smolensk not having arrived. The restoration of the mails yesterday was made without instructions from St. Petersburg. Russia having declared communications intended for the Japanese to be contraband of war, maintains the right to examine such mail, but does not contend for the right to take general mail addressed to Japan, and unless peculiar circumstances justified the seizure of the mails on board the Prinz Heinrich the act will be disavowed.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IS ATTEMPTED Retired Army Officer Shoots Woman

and Then Himself. PARIS, July 19 .- Colonel George Wilson retired United States army officer, today ired several shots from a revolver at Mile. Charlotte Murmann, 21 years old. Colonel Wilson then shot himself through the head pital. It was stated that Mile. Murmann's wounds are slight.

America Would Protect Seals. ST. PETERSBURG, July 19.-The United States has informed Russia that it will be glad to join Great British in the protection of the seals at the Kommander islands. This act doubtless will make the lasted was 30 of an inch. The wind in- best impression. It is understood that Ruscreased in velocity from six to thirty miles sia will communicate her answer in a few front. Progress along the muchly reads

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday: Hour. Deg. Hour. 5 a. m..... 68 1 p. Hour. 1 p. m 80 3 p. m..... 82 3 p. m..... 84 6 a. m..... 68 7 a. m..... 70 4 p. m..... 5 p. m..... 8 a. m..... 70 9 a. m 71

6 p. m 8

RUSSIAN ATTACK IS REPULSED

10 s. m..... 72

11 n. m..... 76

12 m...... 76

Fighting is Fierce for a Short Time at Mo Tlen Pann.

TOKIO, July 19 .- The Russian attempt to

etake Mo Tien pass on July 17 was not productive of a general engagement, nor was it marked with cerious loss. There were, however, a series of desperate small encounters. The Japanese guarded their positions about the pass with a company on outpost. These men resisted stubbornly the Russian advance and awaited the arrival of reinforcements. When these arrived they joined in the general attack. The outpost detachment stationed at Hst Amatang held this position all day long. It was largely outnumbered by the enemy and every commissioned and noncommisdoned officer was wounded, as was a majority of the men. The attack on Mo Tien pass began at 3 o'clock in the morning. The Russians engaged the outposts and the Japanese at once went into action. The Japanese artillery posted on the heights the northwest of Wufing Kuan opened on the enemy and the Japanese outposts retired gradually. The Russian cavalry galloped forward and deployed along the ridge to the west of the pass. Two hours later, at 5 o'clock, the entire Japanese line was engaged. The Russians were constantly receiving reinforcements and finally they had four regiments in action. They utnumbered the Japanese. The Russians made valu endeavors to envelop the Japa-The activity of the Japanese in the northnese left. At this point the Japanese ocupled the summit of Mo Tien mountain and they resisted desperately the efforts of the enemy to dislodge them. When the Russians finally retreated they were pursued by the entire Japanese line. Seven

checked the Japanese pursuit. onnoitering from Hsul Kai Ling encountered and engaged three battalions of Russians. It fought until reinforced by four companies, when the Russians were reoulsed. The Japanese seized and held the eights west of Makumenza.

the heights of Tawan and with four guns

The attack on Hisamatang began at 8 o'clock in the morning. A battalion of Russian infantry and a squadron of cavalry assaulted the Japanese company on outpost there. The Russians received reinforcements until they were a regiment strong. The Japanese resisted doggedly. All their officers were either killed or wounded, but still the men fought on. The Japanese finally received reinforcements and the Russians retired at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

In the afternoon eight companies of Rusention of checking Rus- sian infantry and a body of cavalry attacked the Japanese position at Chiaton. eight Russians and fifty Chinese on The Japanese there were reinforced by a arrived here this afternoon, five days tacked the Japanese position at Chiaton. eight R rineers and the Russians were repulsed. In his report on the fight General Kuroki of the Third and Sixth Siberian sharpshooters, the Ninth and another infantry division. The Japanese lost four officers and thirty-nine men killed and fifteen officers and 241 men wounded. The casualties all occurred in the second division. General Kuroki mentions but he does not enumerate the trophies captured. He esti-

RUSSIANS DISAPPOINTED Defeat Comes When They Expected a

Victory.

own.

(Copyright, by New York Herald Co., 1904.) Herald Cablegram-Special Telegram to The local agents of the Hipsang say they The Bee.)-Misinformed as to the strength of General Kuroki's army, which had been considerably reinforced, Lieutenant General protest against the seizure of the mails of Count Keller received orders from General Kouropatkin to advance and occupy several deflies. The idea was to turn the position avowal of the action of the commander of of the Japanese at Mo Tien Ling. They at first retired, but the Russians on advancing found the heights around strongly occupied by the Japanese. General Kashtalinsky, with fourteen battlions and twelve cannon, made a brilliant effort to capture the heights, but being unable to place his batteries had to retreat. Seeing this Count Keller brought up reinforcements, consisting of three battalions of reserves, but the Japanese artillery made such havor among them that it was necessary to retreat to Yanselin, the Japanese

following up. Count Keller reports more than 1,000 casualties, This news comes as a blow at a moment when news of a Russian victory was expected. Consolation is found in the fact that after two and a half months the Japanese are unable to get nearer than twelve versts (nine miles) to Port Arthur.

A number of new and speedy transports are being fitted out with quick-firing guns fleet register about thirteen knots. Some in case circumstances prevent the Baltic fleet going east. These will be sent out as commerce destroyers to prevent ships taking coal and munitions from England.

KUROKPS PURPOSE STILL MASKED Expected that Kouropatkin's Losses

Will Exceed First Figures. PETERSBURG, July 19.-The office has no further details of the Russian repulse at Mo Tien pass. The loss of men, which it is firmly admitted will probably be considerably in excess of General Kouropatkin's figures given out last night, is greatly deplored. But evidently the engagement at least served the purpose of demonstrating that General Kuroki's army has been heavily reinforced north, and the general staff is now inclined to believe that the Japanese commander may have decided that a frontal attack from the south is inadvisable and is concentrating his forces for a direct attack on Line Yang.

Tells of Much Fighting.

CHICAGO, July 19 .- A special to the Datly News from New Chwang says: Hard fighting has been going on for several days in the neighborhood of Tongand expired while being taken to the hos- schu, eight miles east of Tatchekiao. It is reported that the Russian loss in last Hong Kong and that the vessel was pronight's engagement was 2,100 and the Japanight's engagement was 2,100 and the Japa- ceeding to Japan with a prist crew on ness loss 1,200. The Japanese also have board. The news of the capture of the been in active contact with the Russians east of Haicheng, where there have been many minor actions.

All along Kouropatkin's front and flank the Japanese are moving into position, but the general attack is being postponed until supplies and reinforcements come to the and mounfain passes is slow.

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST BATTLE HAS BEGUN

Deg. General Engagement in Progress Between Forces of Count Keller and Kurcki.

RUSSIANS BLOW UP ENTIRE GARRISON

S p. m. so Fort Held by Japanese Wrecked by Mines and Four Thousand Men Killed.

RUSSIANS ALSO SINK A MERCHANTMAN

Alleged that the Vessel is Mistaken for a

Japanese Transport. STEAMER SUPPOSED TO BE THE HIPSANG

Indo-China Navigation Company Has Ship Forty-Eight Hours Overdue, Which Lends Truth

to Story. LIAO YANG, July 16, via Mukden, July 19.-6 a, m.-(Delayed in Transmission.)-A. general engagement, it is reported here, began this morning to the cust between the forces of Lieutenant General Count Keller and General Kurcki. It is reported also that an engagement began simultaneously at Ta Tche Kiao, from which the Japanese for some days had been only six miles

distant. The Associated Press correspondent lately traversed the Feng Wang Cheng road, which was in the height of military activity and offensive with the odor of dead

animals. The Red Cross hospital at Ta Tche Kiao was removed to Mukden in anticipation of today's fighting. Consequently there was a large call for Red Cross trains to proceed to Ta Tche Klass.

east caused a wide dispersion of troops and the consequent improvement of the center of the strength a little further north. A Cossack report of an expedition to the Japanese camp shows that the Japanese troops are suffering from dysentery, which

battalions of the enemy made a halt on is now at its worst stage. The Chinese accuse the Japanese of organizing Chinese bandits and they report One company of Japanese soldiers re- that the bandits have attacked natives in the employ of the Russfans. A native from the village of Hungpolovu,

> Japanese there as being very orderly and as having the goodwill of the people, though they are not paying them the exorbitant prices for produce which are paid by the Russians. The best information received here indicates that the siege of Port Arthur is now

forty miles to the eastward, describes the

are most extravagant rumors of losses on both cides. No foreign correspondent has yet witsessed even the simplest military operation, but yesterday the correspondents were noti-

being much more closely pressed, and there

fied that they may go to Ta Tohe Kiao. Russians Blow Up Fort. company of infantry and a company of en- Port Arthur. The Russians refused to talk, but the Chinese say that on July 11 and 12 the Japanese captured and occupied with says that the Russians numbered about 4,000 men one of the eastern forts near Port two divisions and were formed of parts Arthur. Before reinforcements arrived the Russians cut off the 4,000 troops in the fort and exploded mines which resulted in the

killing of every Japanese soldier there. The Chinese report also that the night before they left Port Arthur a Russian torpedo boat sunk a merchant ship near Port Arthur, mistaking it for a Japanese transport. Many Chinese on board the mermated the Russian losses as exceeding his chantman were drowned, but the white crew of the steamer and a number of the Chinese passengers were rescued by the Russians. If this story is true the steamer in question probably is the Hipsang, belonging to the Indo-China Navigation company, which yesterday was forty-eight hours overdue from New Chwang and ST. PETERSBURG, July 19.-(New York which was reported to have struck a mine.

> believe the steamer to have been lost. Russians Are Rejoicing. ST. PETERSBURG, July 19 .- Without discussing in any way the international questions involved, the newspapers here all refolding over the exploits of the volunteer leets in the Red sea. The Novoe Vremya says the work they are doing indicates the wisdom of establishing the fieet, which was begun by national subscription when the country was too impoverished to build the vessels after the Turko-Russian war. It was the ploneer of subsidized austlary cruisers which most countries have since

> The Novoe Vremya adds that there is plenty of scope for the fleet in European Atlantic and Pacific waters. By threatening to deprive the Japanese of arms and munitions it can compel the detachment of part of their freet. This is why the ap pearance of the volunteer fleet in the Red sea is hailed with so much satisfaction. Besides the Smolensk, St. Petersburg and Orel, the latter now being fitted out as a nospital ship, only the Kherson and Moskva have a speed of nineteen to twenty knots. The other cleven vessels of the of the recently purchased transatiantle liners might, however, be outfitted as commerce destroyers, and six weeks ago the Associated Press was informed that such was the purpose of the admiralty.

Port Arthur is Impregnable MUKDEN, July 18.-A letter received here from Port Arthur shows that the besleged have implicit confidence in the ability of Lieutenant General Stoessel to keep out the Japanese. The writer says:

out the Japanese. The writer says:

Licutenant General Stoersel's certainty of victory has imparted confidence to the troops and inhabitants. Major General Fock is engaged in resisting the pressure of the Japanese at our advance positions and the slege will drag on for a long time. General Kondratteff is adding to the fortifications of Port Arthur, making them stronger daily. On a hill previously considered impossible to fortify batteries and entrenchments have now been constructed and guns of both large and small caliber have been mounted. The co-operation of the generals has made Port Arthur an inaccessible fortress.

Chinese Ship Captured by Japa

SHANGHAL, July 19.-The British ship

Lien Shing, which arrived here from

Wel Hal Wel today, reports that she was

signaled by the steamer Pei Ping, owned

by the Chinese Engineering and Mining

company of Shanghal, whose commander

asked the Lien Shing to advise the owners

of the Pel Ping that the ship and cargo

had been captured by the Japanese cruiser

Pel Ping was communicated to the Britis!

admiral, whose squadron is archerel in

British Ospikes does to Bumpa

ental commany's storyour Libbration topo-tured by Stor Emmeloin tendings appet storyour St. Federston's So time Elect son

while bound from Antworp for smooth

BUEIL Jury The files Pentrophy and Our

Yung Ching hay.

Absence of Army Canteen Forces Pri- Haynes, was promptly seized by a policevates to Grog Shops. MANILA, July 19.—Brigadier General William H. Carter, commanding the Department of the Vizayas, with headquar-

victims to the plagues of service in India playes, members of the allied trades unto and the Orient generally, namely drunken- the local packers today placed additional