CURRENT NEWS OF IOWA.

COUNCIL BLUFFS.

MINOR MENTION.

Davis sells drugs.
Leffert's glasses fit.
Stockert sells carpets.
A store for men—"Beno's."
Celebrated Metz beer on tap. Neumayer.
Diamond betrothal rings at Leffert's, 409 Broadway.
14-K and 18-K wedding rings at Leffert's, 409 Broadway.
Picture framing. C. E. Alexander & Co., 333 Broadway. Tel. 366.
State Representative John H. Jenks of Avoca was in the city yesterday calling on friends.
Harry, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Shengren, 208 North Eighth street, died yesterday noon.
Council Bluffs Court of Honor will meet this evening in regular session at Woodmen of the World hall.
The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will give its tenth annual ball Thursday evening in Royal Arcanum hall.
For rent, office room ground floor; one of the most central locations in the business portion of the city. Apply to The Bee office, city.
The remains of Mrs. F. E. Moyer of 514 South Sixth street, who died Sunday, were taken to Newark, O., yesterday for burial by her husband.
At the meeting of Park City lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, this evening visitors from Omaha and South Omaha are expected to be present.
Charles Sutherland has been arrested on a warrant from the court of Justice Carson charging him with the theft of a bicycle from the barn of Douglas & Styles.
The First and Second churches of Christ (Scientist) will hold union services Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock in the Sapp building, when the subject of the lesson will be "Thanksgiving."
The funeral of Mrs. Susan Lundey was held yesterday afternoon from the residence, 1013 Avenue B, and was under the direction of the Woman's Relief corps, who attended in a body. Interment was in Walnut Hill cemetery.
The hearing of the inmates of the Davidson resort on Broadway, arrested Saturday, was continued in police court yesterday until Thursday. The attorney for the defendants assured Police Judge Scott that they would remove from the place before that date.
A marriage license was issued yesterday to L. P. Larson, aged 23, of Fremont, Neb., and Miss Amber Sharpe, aged 18, of Chicago, Ill. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. W. Snyder, pastor of St. John's English Lutheran church, at the parsonage, after which Mr. and Mrs. Larson left for Fremont, where they will make their home.
Joseph Ferguson filed notice of suit yesterday in the district court against the International Harvester company, claiming $2,000 for personal injuries alleged to have been received some time last summer. Ferguson was employed in the local warehouse of the McCormick company on South Main street and was injured by a stack of harvester machine wheels toppling over on him.
The young men's Baraca class of the First Baptist church opened a free reading room for young men in the church parlors last evening. Two members of the class will be in attendance each evening of the week except on Sundays, and games, reading matter and writing material will be at the service of all free of charge. If the reading room proves a success the young men hope to extend the scope of the work and later on establish a gymnasium and bath rooms in some centrally located building convenient to the church.

Exhibition in Quick Hitching.

The firemen of No. 4 Engine house will give an exhibition this afternoon at 2 o'clock of fast hitching from the stall. It is said that a team in Buffalo, N. Y., has established a record of four and one-half seconds for complete hitching from the stalls and this the men at No. 4 house say they can beat.
Chief Templeton has invited the mayor and members of the city council to witness the exhibition and they have promised to attend.

Hafer sells lumber. Catch the idea?

Plumbing and heating. Bixby & Son.

Real Estate Transfers.

These transfers were filed yesterday in the abstract, title and loan office of Squire & Annis, 101 Pearl street:

County treasurer to Caroline Dollarhide, lot 17, block 36, Central sub., t. d.	$ 3
Heirs of Nicholas Schurz to E. E. Schurz, lots 9, 10, 11, block 3, Bayliss 1st addition; lot 15, block 35, Ferry addition; lots 3 and 4, block 4, Fleming & Davis' addition; lot 4, block 40, Riddles' sub.; lot 7, and sub. sw¼ sw¼ 17-75-43, and e½ nw¼ nw¼ 20-75-43, q. c. d.	1
Robert Lippincott and wife to A. H. Doolittle, lot 5, block 1, Lippincott's addition to Carson, w. d.	300
Frederick Kersten and wife to Marzell Kersten, lots 41 and 42, block 13, Wright's addition, w. d.	100
J. P. Greenshields and wife to A. C. Jensen, lot 7 and sub. lots 18 and 19, Purples' sub., w. d.	115
Five transfers, total	$ 419

N. Y. Plumbing Co., Tel. 250. Night, F-667.

Wanted.

1,000 turkeys. J. Zoller & Co.

CONSULT THE KING OF ALL
CLAIRVOYANTS AND PALMISTS.
PROF. KIRO
202 Fourth St., Council Bluffs, Ia
(Cor. 4th St. and Willow Ave.)
Reduced prices for a few days longer. Ladies—50c. Gentlemen—$1.
All business strictly private and confidential

CLEANING AND DYEING
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Clothing Cleaned, Dyed, Pressed and Repaired; also Dry Cleaning. No shrinkage or rubbing off guaranteed. Work done on short notice.
COUNCIL BLUFFS STEAM DYE WORKS
Tel. 590. 1017 West Broadway.

LEWIS CUTLER
MORTICIAN.
28 Pearl St., Council Bluffs. 'Phone 57.

STRANGLE SIGN ORDINANCE

City Council Concurs in Recommendation of Committee of the Whole.

ONE HUNDRED STREET CROSSINGS LAID

Members of Council to Investigate the Condition of Indian Creek East of First Street.

Acting on the recommendation of the committee of the whole the city council last night laid on the table the ordinance regulating and placing a tax or license on illuminated or other business signs. Owing to the opposition manifested towards the proposed measure by the business men of the city this action had been anticipated. The recommendation to lay the ordinance on the table was decided upon at a meeting of the committee of the whole yesterday afternoon when the question was again thoroughly discussed. The aldermen finally decided that it was best to leave matters as they were and permit the erection of all signs provided they did not interfere with travel on the sidewalks or be a menace to the safety of the public at large.
Alderman McDonald, chairman of the committee of streets and alleys reported that in accordance with the authority invested in his committee by the council he had had 100 crossings constructed—twenty-five in the Second ward, twenty-seven in the Sixth ward, twenty-seven in the Fifth ward and twenty-one in the Fourth ward. They were constructed at a cost of $1.25 a crossing and the bill of J. L. Smith for the work was allowed at these figures.
The city clerk was instructed to make out the assessment schedule for the paving on Graham avenue from Madison avenue to Fairmount park, amounting to $7,443.73.
There being little business before the council the meeting lasted but half an hour and an adjournment was taken to the regular meeting in December.
The committee of the whole will meet Friday morning to inspect Indian creek, complaint having been made that its banks east of First street are giving way.

BREAK THE WILLMASSER WILL

Court Holds Deceased Was Not of Sound Mind at the Time of Its Execution.

The will of Mrs. Clara E. Willmasser, an elderly woman who died recently at the Woman's Christian Association hospital and which was contested by relatives living in Omaha, was ordered set aside yesterday by Judge Preston in the district court. The evidence showed that for a year prior to her death Mrs. Willmasser had not been of sufficiently sound mind to execute a will. Mrs. Willmasser in her will, after making a number of bequests of pictures and other personal effects to relatives and friends, provided that the residue of her estate after her debts were paid should be applied in the purchase of a tomb for herself and daughter. It was shown to the court that several thousand dollars would be left in the estate after the debts were paid and this was deemed an unreasonable amount to expend on a tomb.
J. W. Dailey, who was to have been tried in district court yesterday for snatching a gold watch and chain from Henry White, a stockman of Gretna, Neb., while the latter was at the Great Western freight depot in this city, entered a plea of guilty just as the jury was about to be called.
The trial of Harry Hall, who was indicted at the last term of court on the charge of breaking into a Northwestern freight car and stealing several cases of cartridges, will be begun this morning. Hall was recently arrested and charged with holding up and robbing T. L. Coady.
The motion for a new trial in the case of C. E. Bird, convicted of robbing G. W. Catterlin during a holdup in S. Graves' grocery store on High street, was submitted and overruled by Judge Preston.
The motion for a new trial in the case of George Matheson, convicted of shooting Deputy Sheriff Baker, was argued before Judge Preston yesterday afternoon, but no decision was reached as Matheson reserved the right to introduce further evidence. In support of the motion Matheson's attorneys alleged that some of the jurors had talked outside the court room during the trial, but on placing their witnesses on the stand were unable to prove their allegations. They also claimed that one of the members of the jury, J. S. Davis, had been improperly drawn. It developed that Mr. Davis, whose right name is Joseph S. Davis, had been drawn as John S. Davis. On behalf of the state it was contended that if there had been any mistake the defense should have challenged the juror for cause, whereas the record shows that they waived their challenge in Mr. Davis case.
Judge Preston announced that at the close of the trial of Harry Hall he would dismiss the petit jury until December 7. Judge Preston expects to leave this evening for Cedar Rapids to eat turkey Thanksgiving day with his family. Judge Green is expected here Monday, November 30, and will dispose of such equity business as comes before him for that week.

Wickham Willing to Carry Warrant.

Regarding the depletion of the county general fund necessitating the marking of all warrants drawn on this fund "Not Paid for Want of Funds," Supervisor Baker stated yesterday that the Board of County Supervisors was not to blame. He stated that when Contractor Wickham was given a warrant for between $5,000 and $6,000 on this fund in payment of a partial estimate on the buildings at the new poor farm Wickham agreed to hold the warrant until next year, but instead presented it to the county treasurer, who paid it, thus depleting this particular fund.
On the other hand Contractor Wickham emphatically denies having made any such agreement with the board and says that when he took the warrant he fully expected to have it marked "Not Paid for Want of Funds" and was much surprised when the county treasurer paid it. Mr. Wickham states that he is ready to turn back the cash into the county treasury and accept the warrant, as the warrant, carrying as it does 6 per cent interest, would be a good investment.
The question now to be decided by the county authorities is whether the county treasurer, having once paid the warrant, can receive back the money and return the warrant to Wickham and thus make the county liable for 6 per cent interest on it.

Works Wonders for Women.

Electric Bitters invigorate the female system and cures nervousness, headache, backache and constipation or no pay. 50c. For sale by Kuhn & Co.

GENERAL DRAKE IS BURIED

Church at Centerville Proves Inadequate to Accommodate the Hundreds of Friends.

CENTERVILLE, Ia., Nov. 23.—The funeral of General Francis M. Drake was held at 2:30 p. m. today. The services were conducted from the Central Church of Christ, under the auspices of the St. John's commandery, Knights Templar. The body lay in state in the church from 9:30 a. m. until 12 o'clock, when it was taken to the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Henry Goss, from whence it was again taken to the church at 2:30 p. m. The interment took place in Oakwood cemetery, beside the body of his wife. The church was inadequate to accommodate the crowd.

INGENIOUS WOMAN THIEF

Graft of a Government Employe Betrayed by the Vanity of the Grafter.

An ex-chief of the United States secret service once told me that those persons who devise the most ingenious schemes of robbery are, as a rule, the very ones who are surest to be caught. As an offset to their extraordinary ingenuity they seem almost always to possess some quality of foolishness which leads them to expose their rascality. He cited, as an instance, a woman who, several years ago, invented one of the most ingenious methods ever devised for robbing the United States treasury.
Worn, soiled and mutilated paper money comes in a constant flow to the redemption division of the Treasury department at Washington. It is, or at that time was, counted consecutively by twelve different persons each receipting for every package to the person from whom he received it. After the money had been thus repeatedly counted each package was cut in two, one of the halves being sent to the secretary of the treasury, the other to the treasurer of the United States. These halves never came together again until they were reduced to pulp in the macerating machine.
This woman was one of these twelve counters. You will perhaps understand the scheme of her theft more clearly if you take a piece of paper the size of a treasury note and mark it off into ten approximate squares of equal size, for this is what she did in imagination with the actual notes. Now, when, in her counting, she came to a $20 bill, for instance, she tore a piece from the upper left hand corner sufficiently large to include all of the first imaginary square. This piece she dropped into her lap. From the next similar bill she tore a piece which included all of the second square; and so on until she had in her lap a different square from each of ten bills. Of course, this small piece missing from each bill was not noticed among thousands of bills all more or less worn and torn. That evening at home she matched these ten pieces together and pasted them to a tissue foundation, as is commonly done with torn money. Thus out of ten bills she had made an eleventh, composed of genuine parts and in appearance no worse than hundreds of bills that are redeemed every day at the treasury.
But her ingenuity did not stop there. The next day, at her desk, she put this patchwork bill into one of the packages that came to her to count, taking out a reasonably whole and clean bill in its stead, for much of the money sent in for redemption is hardly more than mussed. Thus, you see, she not only got a bill which she could spend anywhere without exciting suspicion, but she put the very evidence of her crime into Uncle Sam's hands, and he, the poor old innocent, destroyed it.
Now, how do you suppose she betrayed herself? She might have stolen millions of dollars and nobody would have been the wiser, had she been able to resist her own petty vanity. But when she began to entertain lavishly, wear large diamonds and go to and from her work in a costly carriage with a liveried coachman, her superiors began to wonder how she could do these things on a salary of $1,200 a year. Suspicion having thus been aroused against her, detection was easy and inevitable. The unseen eye of a secret service man witnessed everything she did at her desk the next day, with the result that her ingenious scheme was exposed and she was brought to grief.—Brooklyn Eagle.

ARE GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER

Federal Prisoners Who Escaped When Guard Was Killed Receive Sentence.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 23.—Six of the convicts who took part in the mutiny at Fort Leavenworth Federal prison when Guard Waldrupe was killed, pleaded guilty today to the charge of manslaughter, and were given a sentence as follows: Sol Southerland and David Grayson, three years and fine of $1,000; Donald Norris, five years, fine $500; James Wilson, four years, fine $500, Ole Bobo and Joseph Deetkin, one year each and fines $500. Three ringleaders pleaded not guilty and will be tried.

Insane Man Badly Frozen.

PIERRE, S. D., Nov. 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Adam Hager, an escaped inmate from the insane asylum at Yankton, was taken in custody here Saturday night and is being held for the authorities at the asylum. He was out through all the cold weather of last week and his hands and feet were badly frozen.

Heart Disease
may be cured by strengthening the heart nerves, enriching the blood and improving the circulation with Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. Safe and sure. Sold on guarantee. Send postal for free book on diseases of the heart and nerves.

Why Syrup of Figs is the best family laxative

It is pure.
It is gentle.
It is pleasant.
It is efficacious.
It is not expensive.
It is good for children.
It is excellent for ladies.
It is convenient for business men.
It is perfectly safe under all circumstances.
It is used by millions of families the world over.
It stands highest, as a laxative, with physicians.
If you use it you have the best laxative the world produces.

Because
Its component parts are all wholesome.
It acts gently without unpleasant after-effects.
It is wholly free from objectionable substances.
It contains the laxative principles of plants.
It contains the carminative principles of plants.
It contains wholesome aromatic liquids which are agreeable and refreshing to the taste.
All are pure.
All are delicately blended.
All are skillfully and scientifically compounded.
Its value is due to our method of manufacture and to the orginality and simplicity of the combination.
To get its beneficial effects — buy the genuine.
Manufactured by
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
San Francisco, Cal.
Louisville, Ky. New York, N. Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

DISTRIBUTE LABOR REPORT

Volume Contains Information Not Usually Found in Such Documents.

WAGES INCREASED, HOURS DECREASED

Grinnell Citizens Decide to Make an Effort to Secure the State School for the Deaf and Dumb.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DES MOINES, Nov. 23.—(Special.)—Distribution of the tenth biennial report of the Iowa Bureau of Labor was commenced today. The report is a volume of 600 pages and aside from the usual statistics regarding the condition of industries in Iowa there is a vast amount of new matter not usually found in such reports. The last legislature provided for factory inspection and Commissioner Brigham inspected 318 places where persons are employed and made recommendations as to safety and sanitary appliances or suggestions as to improvements. The report shows that his recommendations were complied with fully in only a small proportion of the cases. The record of 781 accidents was obtained, of which forty-one were fatal, and the commissioner shows the necessity for more legislation on this. A new feature of the report, which is quite comprehensive, is the report on wages paid to different classes of employes in all the cities of the state, not averages, but actual day or week wages. The report on growth and results of organization of laboring men is unusually complete. It shows a wonderful increase in organization in Iowa in recent years and a considerable advance in the wages received and shortening of hours of labor as the result of such organization. The trade agreements in force in the state are set forth in full, and it is shown that in these is provision for arbitration in many cases, which accounts for the remarkably small number of strikes considering the results accomplished by the workingmen. Tables are given showing exactly the cost of materials and labor in different industries and the profits to the manufacturers. With this is given information regarding the possibilities of new industries and the undeveloped water power of the state and similar information. The report includes also the list of about 4,000 employers of labor in the state, a directory never before compiled. The history of the bureau is given and recommendations as to needful legislation, especially to perfect the factory inspection methods and render that work more effective.

Funeral of General Drake.

The funeral of ex-Governor F. M. Drake took place at Centerville this afternoon. Two special trains went from Des Moines, one bearing Governor Cummins and the state officials and their wives, and the other bearing President Bell of Drake university and the personal and church friends of the late ex-governor. At the same time the state house was closed and at Drake university chapel special memorial services were held for the founder of the college. At Centerville the funeral was the most imposing ever held in southern Iowa. The funeral was at the Christian church, which General Drake virtually presented to the congregation last summer, but it was inadequate to hold the crowd who gathered there to do him honor. The sermon was by Rev. F. L. Moffitt and there was invocation by President Bell. Five wagonloads of floral tributes were sent to the church, and they came from friends of the governor in all parts of the state and many were sent from Des Moines. The army comrades of the Thirty-sixth Iowa acted as pallbearers at the funeral and burial was in the cemetery at Centerville. The procession to the cemetery was led by the Fifty-sixth Iowa band and the funeral was conducted by the Knights Templar. All of the immediate members of the Drake family were present, including the sons, John R. and Frank D. of Chicago, accompanied by their wives, and the daughters, Mrs. C. B. Shontz of Chicago and Mrs. J. L. Sawyer of Baltimore, accompanied by their husbands. Governor Drake's sister, Mrs. Kirkham of Des Moines, and her family, and his sister-in-law, Mrs. John Drake of Albia, were present, as was also Mrs. Mabry of Albia, a niece, and her husband. The governor, the three members of the State Board of Control, the secretary, auditor and treasurer of state, the attorney general, adjutant general, one of the railway commissioners and several other state officials, some of whom were accompanied by their wives, were there.

Bid for Deaf School.

The business men of Grinnell have determined upon making an effort to secure the location of the State School for the Deaf in case there is to be a removal of the same from its present location near Council Bluffs. The report of the State board recommending that the school be located at a point nearer Council Bluffs and on better land has raised much discussion over the matter in the state, and some talk of having the school removed to a more central location before the work of rebuilding is commenced. The Commercial exchange of Grinnell is first to take action and to make a proposal to accommodate the school. It was agreed by those present at the exchange meeting that 400 acres of suitable land could be found near town, and also that an effort must be put ing was made chairman of a committee, with power to select two associates to investigate the matter and report his findings at a later meeting of the exchange.

Prepare for a Memorial.

A meeting was held in the State Historical rooms this evening of prominent residents of the city, chiefly old settlers, under the auspices of the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, at which time a movement was started for the collection of a fund for the erection of a memorial to mark the site of old Fort Des Moines. The old fort was near the junction of the Coon and Des Moines rivers and a part of the grounds now form a small central city park, maintained for the poor children of the city. It is proposed that a memorial of some kind be erected at this place.

Railway Construction Company.

There was filed with the secretary of state today the articles of incorporation of the Midland Railway Construction company of Dubuque, with $250,000 authorized capital stock. Henry Kleme, president; Charles L. Niles, vice president; Stephen B. Hand, secretary. The articles of incorporation of the Grant Township Telephone company of Boxholm, Boone county, were filed; capital, $10,000; Alfred Sunberg, president; Axel Westeen, secretary. Notice was given of an increase in the capital of the Hawthorne Glove and Novelty company of Iowa City from $25,000 to $50,000.

Suit Over Color Line.

R. N. Hyde, colored, a wealthy resident of this city, will go to Centerville this week to prosecute a damage case against J. A. Davis because of the refusal of Davis to serve him in a public restaurant. Several months ago Hyde went into the depot cafe at Moulton and sat down at the lunch counter. He asked for coffee and sandwich. Davis refused to serve him, but told Hyde he would sell him the goods and he could eat and drink outside. Hyde said he was surprised at the refusal and asked Davis if he was to be understood as declining to serve him on account of his being a colored man. Davis retorted that he was running the place and would serve whom he pleased and he would not permit Hyde to eat there. After some angry words and several refusals, Hyde told Davis that he would see what the laws of the state had to say on the subject, so he caused Davis' arrest. He was tried under the civil rights act and convicted. The damage suit followed.

QUARRYING THE GRANITE HILL

Great Value of the Marble Quarries of Vermont—How the Work is Done.

The early settlers of New England did not know what a mistake they made when they called the mountains of New Hampshire White and those of Vermont Green. It is true the beautiful color of the verdure which covers the Vermont peaks seems to give them an appropriate name, but in places where the top has been scraped off masses of marble have been found which are almost equal to the famed products of Italy. The story goes that one of these deposits, worth literally millions of dollars, was traded by the man who owned it in the early days of the state for a mule, so that he could move his household goods into a country where the soil was richer. From this "stone farm" have come monuments and statuary which can be seen in all parts of the United States.
It was in the colonial days that the first Vermont marble quarry was opened in the little town of Dorset, but, like some of the other great resources of New England, the extent of the marble beds was not realized until about twenty-five years ago. Since then, however, the industry has advanced so rapidly that within the last ten years the capital invested in it, as well as the production, has increased over 50 per cent. At present over $3,000,000 worth of marble is being taken out yearly by the 3,000 men employed in the quarries, while nearly 4,000 others are busily engaged with chisel and mallet or power tool in cutting it into various forms for ornament and use. While the marble embraces a variety of hues, from deep black to the purest white, the bulk of it is of an exceedingly fine grain, and so durable that it is being used for public buildings and edifices throughout the country, as well as for mere ornamentation.
In the vicinity of Rutland and Proctor one can look into holes in the mountain side actually large enough to accommodate the biggest office building in New York City, for some of them are over three hundred feet in depth and nearly half a mile in length, yet the walls are principally composed of solid marble, although the blocks have been cut out so regularly that they appear to be built up like the palaces of the Greeks and Romans. Even at this depth, however, the beds continue downward as far as the drill point has yet pierced, and only a few openings have thus far been made. Such is the abundance of the material that it is seldom extracted at a depth below 300 feet, owing to the distance it must be hoisted from its bed, but the most modern machinery is used for cutting and hauling it—machines which will do the work of 100 men. Marble is too valuable to be blown out with explosives, so what are called channelling machines are used, which, operated by electricity and compressed air, cut out blocks from the walls of white, some of which are twenty feet in length and eight feet in thickness. The machine is composed of a set of powerful drills which bore holes from six to eight inches apart in the blocks. Thus weakened, the block is detached from the wall by wedges.
Perhaps at the very mouth of the opening from which the marble is being taken 100 men and boys are fashioning it into various forms. Some of these artisans have also become expert sculptors.—New York Tribune.

WILL GO TO SUPREME COURT

New York Merchant Accused of Postal Frauds to Appeal His Case.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Judge Lacombe in the United States circuit court today dismissed the writ of habeas corpus secured in behalf of Maurice Runkle, the New York merchant indicted in Washington together with August W. Machen and A. F. McGregor, charged with conspiracy to defraud the government through the sale to the postal department of leather pouches.
The claims made in behalf of Runkle were identical with those raised and passed upon in the George W. Beavers case. In the Beavers case, Assistant United States Attorney Wise made the novel contention, which was sustained by Commissioner Hitchcock, United States Judge Holt and United States District Judge Lacombe that the certified copy of the indictment was "the prima facie evidence of the crime" required by statute, the identity of the accused having first been established. In dismissing the Runkle writ of habeas corpus Judge Lacombe again sustains Mr. Wise. The writ was evidently asked for, however, to furnish the accused with the proper material with which to appeal to the United States supreme court.

A Feminine General.

She was visiting the city and she was the prettiest girl in the room. When she stood up to sing the other girls regarded her enviously. A pretty girl who can sing is doubly dangerous, as they considered that the visitor had already received more than her proper share of masculine attention.
While she was arranging her music and whispering to the accompanist the two girls just behind the piano were exchanging confidences.
"I do think it's a shame," said the first girl vexedly. "She's captured all the men already with her airs and graces, and if she sings well—and I know she does—we won't have a bit of fun tonight."
"Oh, yes, we will," answered the second girl, smiling happily. "We'll be all right."
But the other was not to be so easily consoled.
"I wonder who asked her to sing?" she fretted. "It must have been someone who knows all about her little tricks, too, for all the girls in the club are talking about it."
"I asked her," said the second girl calmly. "You'll know why in a minute. Just wait a bit."
Two minutes later the first girl leaned over the other and touched her arm.
"Why, she makes awful faces," she whispered delightedly. "She's positively ugly when she opens her mouth that way."
"I know it," responded the second girl with a satisfied smile. "That's why I asked her to sing."—New York Times.

Settlers for Indian Lands.

PIERRE, S. D., Nov. 23.—(Special Telegram.)—A special train bringing 300 homeseekers came from Nebraska and Iowa points last night and the party crossed the river this morning to make selections on the opening from which the marble is being taken 100 men and boys are fashioning it into various forms. Some of these artisans have also become expert sculptors.—New York Tribune.

IF YOU DON'T LIKE THE ROOM YOU HAVE
If your room is not warm—move—you will find an interesting directory of rumes—all parts of town—all prices in The Bee want ad pages.
Tel. 238. Want Ad Dept.

$1.50 School Shoes That Will Wear
All solid—the best oak soles and box calf uppers. The best on earth for the price, at
SARGENT'S
LOOK FOR THE BEAR.

QUAKER MAID RYE
"Twil make a man forget his wo;
'Twil highten all his joy."—Burns.
Jas. Barley Corn.
AT LEADING BARS, CAFES AND DRUG STORES.
S. HIRSCH & COMPANY,
KANSAS CITY, MO.

THE PORES are the safety-valves of the body. If they be kept in perfect order by constant and intelligent bathing a very general source of danger from disease is avoided. HAND SAPOLIO is unequalled as a gentle, efficacious pore-opener.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquor with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1.
Sherman & McConnell Drug Co., Omaha.
The books reviewed on this page

We Give Thanks
BECAUSE there are lots of people who have money in the bank.
BECAUSE there are lots of people looking for good investments.
BECAUSE we have properties netting from 8 per cent to 10 per cent annually.
BECAUSE we have some cosy cottages, all modern.
BECAUSE our prices are right, terms right, locations right.
BECAUSE we sold $14,250 worth of property last week.
BECAUSE here is some good stuff that must be sold:
$3,500—724 South 6th st.; two-story house, ten rooms, closets, bath, gas, corner lot, small barn. Rents for $35.00.
$2,000—115 Stutsman st.; modern cottage, five rooms, gas, bath, closets, shade, paved street, fine location. Rents for $18.00.
$400—1325 Avenue D; cotage, three rooms, corner lot, good location, size of lot 44x130 feet. Cheap.
$500—1009 Avenue H; frame house, five rooms, corner lot, size 44x130 feet. Rents for $7.00.
$700—725 Avenue D; cottage, four rooms, water in kitchen, cellar, shade. Rents for $8.00. Well located.
$2,000—2102 Sixth Avenue; modern cotage, six rooms, city water, bath, fine lawn, two lots, on corner. Size 50x128 feet.
$1,000—702 South 24th Street; cottage, six rooms, cellar, closets, well, cistern, corner lot. A good home. Size 66x125.
$1,300—1026 Avenue C; cottage, five rooms, closets, water in kitchen, cellar, shade. Lot 49x36 feet. Rents for $12.00.
SQUIRE & ANNIS

Eck, Not Ferguson.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 23.—It developed today that the sergeant of the marine corps who was killed last night is James W. Eck, and not Ferguson, as at first reported. He was here on recruiting service. The police are as yet unable to solve the mystery of his