

SENDS NINETY SHIPS

Russia Places War Vessels in Waters Near the Disputed Territory.

ANCHOR NEAR THE JAPANESE BOATS

Letter Country Already Has Fleet in One Harbor of Corea.

TROOPS ALSO MOVED TO BOUNDARY

Army of Russia Camps on Border of Hermit Kingdom.

HAS AMPLE FORCE TO RESIST JAPAN

In spite of Belligerent Preparations Negotiations Are Still in Progress at Tokio Looking to Settlement of Trouble.

PARIS, Oct. 8.—Official information received here shows that a formidable Russian fleet, comprising ninety war ships of all classes, has left Port Arthur and has arrived at Ma San Pho, south of Corea, where the Japanese fleet had already arrived. The Russian ships have anchored within the Ma San Pho harbor, alongside the Japanese ships.

Several brigades of Russian troops have been moved forward to the Korean boundary and are now encamped on the border. Diplomatic negotiations are still in progress at Tokio. These negotiations do not relate to the evacuation of Manchuria by the Russian troops, but to the future of Corea.

Enough to Resist Japanese Forces. The Patrie today in a special dispatch from Darmstadt gives an interview with Alexander Svanberg, the secretary of Foreign Minister Lamoriniere, who spoke it is claimed on the authority of his chief upon Russo-Japanese relations.

Our agents at Tokio have informed us that Japan demands the evacuation of Manchuria. We have enough troops in Siberia to resist all the Japanese forces.

Regarding Turkey and Bulgaria, M. Svanberg says that the accord between Russia and Austria was stronger than ever and that he did not believe war between those countries would occur.

London Has No News. LONDON, Oct. 8.—The foreign office informs the Associated Press that it has heard nothing of the reported gathering of Russian war ships at Ma-San-Pho. The foreign office reiterates that government officials give no credence to the possibility of a Russian-Japanese outbreak.

The Japanese minister here, Baron Hayaashi, today denied the announcement made by the London Daily Mail's correspondent at Kobe, Japan, that Baron Rosen, the Russian minister to Japan, had presented a note to the Japanese government contending that Japan had no right to interfere in the question of the evacuation of Manchuria and proposing the partition of Corea between Russia and Japan as being "unjustified and unworthy of consideration."

Says Rumor is Unreliable. The news from Kobe, the minister says, "about as unreliable as news from Shanghai."

He reiterated that there was nothing in the situation in Corea to occasion uneasiness.

"I have not heard, and do not believe," added the Japanese minister, "that Russia intimates her desire to evacuate Manchuria and that she has refused to allow Japan to interfere with her occupation. I see nothing in the situation at the present moment that supports the reports of a warlike attitude on the part of either Russia or Japan."

The Associated Press learns that the dispatch of the British minister to Japan, Sir Claude M. MacDonald, while detailing many requests made in Russia on the present negotiations at Tokio, in connection with concessions in Corea relating chiefly to wharves, make no reference to any possibility of an impending crisis.

China Plays for Time. VICTORIA, Oct. 8.—The steamer Olympia arrived here today from Yokohama and the Orient bringing news that China had replied to the new Russian demands, seeking a postponement of the evacuation of Manchuria. China answered all the clauses, excepting that relative to a duty imposed on Russian goods entering Manchuria, and the replies being evasive efforts to delay action. A Japanese correspondent telegraphed from Peking that prior to responding, Prince Ching endeavored vainly to secure news from the Japanese minister regarding the direct Russo-Japanese negotiations and China has now arrived at the conclusion that war between Russia and Japan is inevitable.

Held Positions in Manchuria. TIEN TSIN, Oct. 8.—A telegram from Yin Kow under date of October 8, states that the Russians are taking no steps to evacuate New Chwang. Reports from the north show that they are holding their positions everywhere.

INVESTIGATION SEEMS CERTAIN Grand Jury Will Probably Be Called to Probe Into School Board Affairs.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 8.—A grand jury to investigate alleged bootlegging on the part of members of the Board of Education of Kansas City, Kas., seems a certainty. Each day develops further evidence of crooked work and today it was asserted by M. A. Waterman, chairman of the investigating committee, that a member of the board had demanded money from a Chicago firm to influence the awarding of the contract for books. Mr. Waterman said:

"We have gone far enough to know that nobody can longer oppose the calling of a grand jury. The board of education has been promoting a regular holiday game. The boldest schemes have been promoted. A Chicago representative of a Chicago text book publishing company told a member of this committee that he would be paid a large sum of money for his vote as a member of the school board when the board was to get the money provided the board accepted the books."

Dick Welles and McChesney Match. CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—The news today says that Secretary Hooper is presiding the proposed match between Dick Welles and McChesney during the race meeting at the Elmhurst track and has offered a \$5,000 purse. Mr. Hooper has secured the consent of "Rube" Renshaw, owner of Dick Welles, to enter Welles. Rumor is at present in Chicago and it is believed here that E. E. McChesney will be the challenger. The distance is one mile, weight for age or ten pounds below the scale.

TREATY WITH CHINA IS SIGNED

Document in Effect So Far As China Is Concerned—Two Ports Opened in Manchuria.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—The State department was informed today that the American-Chinese treaty has been signed at Peking. The Japanese-Chinese treaty was signed this afternoon.

The cablegram announcing the signing of the treaty was sent from Peking. It was signed by Minister Conger, Messrs. Goodnow and Mr. Freeman, British commissioner, who negotiated the instrument.

The imperial decree by the Chinese government has made the treaty effective so far as that government is concerned, but it must be approved by the United States senate before ratification can be exchanged and the treaty put into operation. Great satisfaction is expressed at the State department at the outcome as it makes certain that the two ports in Manchuria will be opened to the United States, no matter what the outcome as to the territorial rights in Manchuria.

The assurances that Russia has previously given, and to which this government would insist upon adherence, is that the treaty arrangement made with China covering Manchurian ports will be binding upon the Russian government.

The principal points of the treaty are briefly as follows:

- First—Settlement of the long vexed question of internal taxation in China.
Second—Recognition of Japan's right of residence throughout the empire for missionary work.
Third—Protection of patents, trademarks and copyrights.
Fourth—Mining rights.
Fifth—Right to establish localities to international trade on the part of the empire in which the United States has vast commercial interests.
Sixth—Right to carry on trade, industries and manufactures in all parts of China.

DYNAMITERS KEEP UP WORK

Rumor of Northern Pacific Bridge Blown Up is, However, Denied.

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 8.—Northern Pacific officials have just received word that a bridge on the line near here has been blown up. It is believed that it is the work of the blackmalsters who, for two months, have been demanding \$50,000 from the road, carrying out their threats by wrecking trains and destroying property with dynamite.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 8.—General Manager Cooper of the Northern Pacific, when shown the dispatch stating that a bridge on the line near Helena had been blown up, said: "I have no information here of anything of that nature, and so far as we know nothing of the kind happened."

Helena, Mont., says: A report was received here last night that dynamiters had wrecked a Northern Pacific bridge. Later it was learned that the bridge had been destroyed by fire starting from an engine.

A special dispatch from Helena, Mont., states that the railroad officials at Helena and authorities of Broadway county have been notified by Nicholas Sivick, a farmer, that he found two large sticks of dynamite under his hay in his barn.

Rivick said that one morning several weeks ago he went to his barn early he found a dog sleeping on the hay, who upon being discovered, mounted his horse and rode away. The two circumstances are looked upon by officers as valuable clues to the Northern Pacific dynamiters.

BUTTE, Mont., Oct. 8.—Dan Gilmore, an inmate of the county jail, found a stick of dynamite on the Northern Pacific tracks near Butte this morning. A fuse and cap was attached. He removed the explosive in time to prevent the wreck of the North Coast limited, the fast passenger train of the road, which was about due.

FOURTEEN ARE HURT BY CAR

Dashes into a Loaded Wagon, Throwing Occupants to Pavement.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 8.—A Chelsea park trolley car struck a wagon containing fourteen persons in Kansas City, Kan. The front wheels of the wagon were torn in splinters and all the occupants of the wagon were thrown to the pavement.

The injured are: Mrs. Edna Barker, Weiborn, Kan., may die. Mrs. Otto Brenner, Weiborn, Kan., cut and bruised, rendered unconscious.

Knob Barker, Weiborn, Kan., cuts. Neva Barker, Weiborn, Kan., cut and bruised. Addis Wilson, Kansas City, Kan., cuts rendered unconscious.

Mrs. Bertha Wilson, bruised, rendered unconscious. John Wilson, 3 years old, Kansas City, Kan., bruised. Lottie Wilson, 12 years old, Kansas City, bruised, rendered unconscious.

Dottie Wilson, 19 years old, Kansas City, Kan., hurt. George Gray, 20 years old, Weiborn, Kan., cut in leg. Douse Gray, 7 years old, Weiborn, Kan., bruised and cuts, rendered unconscious.

The occupants of the wagon had been to the city to witness the Priests of Italy parade and were returning home when the accident took place.

CONVICT CUTS IRON FLOOR

Daring Man Almost Makes His Escape from Prison at San Quentin.

SAN QUENTIN, Cal., Oct. 8.—The plot of one of the most daring prisoners confined at San Quentin to cut his way out of one of the cells and escape has come to light. The floors of the cells are covered with three-quarter inch boiler iron, and the convict had almost completed cutting a hole through it. This would have given him entrance to a storeroom below, where he could have procured a rope and hook to aid him in his attempt to scale the walls.

Harry Hammel, serving a sentence of twenty-four years, by the name of the prisoner concerned.

TELEPHONE SHARES DECLINE

Decision in Suit by Western Union Has Had Effect on Boston Market.

BOSTON, Oct. 8.—A sharp decline in American Bell Telephone shares testified to the adverse decision of the United States court yesterday in the litigation with the Western Union Telegraph company, marked trading on the Boston Stock Exchange today. On sales of 184 shares the stock broke 34 points to 134, rallied to 137, where it held for an hour, and afterward rose to 138.

TREATY TO AVOID WARS

France and Great Britain Agree on a General Arbitration Plan.

HAY-PAUNCFOTE TREATY THE MODEL

Plan Rejected by United States Senate Becomes Basis for Ending Lines of Trust and Bad Feeling of Centuries.

PARIS, Oct. 8.—It was learned in authoritative quarters this evening that the terms of the general treaty of arbitration between France and Great Britain have been concluded between Foreign Minister Delcasse and the authorities in London.

All the substantial terms of the treaty have now been settled. There only remain minor questions of detail and the signing of the treaty. These formalities are far advanced that the treaty is considered to be an accomplished fact today.

The advanced stage of the negotiations has not yet been communicated to the public. The treaty follows the general lines of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, which to a considerable extent served as a model. It is pointed out that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, although rejected by the United States senate, now serves the useful purpose of giving a basis for this important Anglo-French treaty.

The view the negotiations as evidence of the sympathetic attitude of the United States, France and Great Britain on the practical adoption of the theory of arbitration.

Ends Distrust of Centuries. The treaty is mainly suggestive in being the elimination of the approachment between France and Great Britain after centuries of warfare, the maintenance of defensive armaments and the recent and most serious growing out of the Fashoda incident and the South African war. It is also significant of the tendency toward a rearrangement of the European political alliances.

The treaty is mainly the outcome of the exchange of visits between King Edward and President Loubet and the visit of Baron d'Estournelle de Constant and the French parliamentarians to London. Official paper parlors followed.

French feeling heretofore has been rather skeptical over the realization of the treaty, and with its advanced stage is known to will occasion widespread attention and discussion in France and throughout Europe.

ARGUMENTS ARE CLOSED

Discussion of Alaskan Boundary Question Ends and Matter is Submitted to Judges.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The arguments in the Alaskan boundary arbitration were finished at 2:30 p.m. today. Mr. Dickinson concluded with an eloquent peroration, referring to the bonds of amity between the United States and Great Britain.

John W. Foster, the agent for the United States, thanked the British government in the name of the American government for its courtesy. Lord Chief Justice Alverstone paid a tribute to Mr. Dickinson and the session broke up.

The closing moments were marked by an intensity of interest hitherto lacking in the proceedings. As Mr. Dickinson finished his argument he commenced his references to international relations and the possible effect of the verdict thereon, the members of the tribunal and other listeners appeared to grasp the true import of the proceedings, which has almost been lost sight of in the puzzling technical details in which they had been shrouded.

MAY PAY THE SALA CLAIM

Dominican Government Appoints an Arbitrator to Hear the Case.

SAN DOMINGO, Santo Domingo, Oct. 8.—The Dominican government yesterday appointed Mario Ceballos arbitrator in the case of the Sala claim.

The Sala case is that of a Frenchman who lent money and supplied munitions for war aggregating about \$250,000 to the then president Heureaux of Santo Domingo. The Dominican government at first recognized the claim, but afterwards contested it.

HAWAIIAN VOLCANO ACTIVE

HONOLULU, Oct. 8.—Further advice state that the outbreak of the volcano, the flowing lava makes a grand spectacle. Excursions are being arranged from Honolulu. A wireless message from Hilo says that the lava flow is going toward the Kahuka cattle ranch. It is believed that the lava will break out further down the mountains.

CHINESE MINISTER BUYS ARMS

BERLIN, Oct. 8.—The Chinese minister is at Essen, where he is buying arms and other war material.

LANGLEY NOT DISCOURAGED

Says that Airship Was Well Balanced, but a Clutch Did Not Work.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8.—Speaking of yesterday's experiment at Widewater with his aerodrome, Prof. Langley said that Mr. Manley's first impression was that there had been defective balancing was corrected by the second examination, when the clutch which held the aerodrome on the launching ways and which should have released it at the instant of the fall, was found to be injured. Prof. Langley continued:

"The machinery was working perfectly and giving every promise of a successful flight, when this accident, due wholly to the launching ways, drew the aerodrome abruptly down into the water, and the machine failed for lack of power to fly."

Without the knowledge of the husband or his brother, it is said, the coroner was asked to investigate, the body was disinterred and a chemical examination made.

"All this is the work of the dead girl's stepmother," said Dr. Low. "My brother was heart-broken over his wife's death and that is the reason for his sudden departure. He is in Oklahoma and will return in accordance with his wife died, and a certificate showing death to have resulted from arsenic poisoning was issued."

HOTEL BEAT IS SENTENCED

Orrville B. Smith, Known to Many Keepers, Comes to Grief at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 8.—Orrville B. Smith was today sentenced to pay a fine of \$200 and to serve three months in the work house on the charge of defrauding an employer. Smith contracted a bill at the Hotel Grand Central here, a few weeks ago, was released from confinement, the verdict of the court-martial being not guilty.

SENTRY IS GIVEN FREEDOM

Soldier Who Kills Man Near Arsenal Released by Court-Martial.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 8.—Private John Doved, the United States sentry, who shot and killed William Crowley near the United States arsenal here, a few weeks ago, was released from confinement, the verdict of the court-martial being not guilty.

WELL SUPPLIED WITH CASH

Constabulary Officers Who Make Dramatic Exit from the Philippines.

MANILA, Oct. 8.—It is now learned that George Herman and C. J. Johnson, the constabulary officers stationed at Miamias, Mindanao, now fugitives from justice, not only took \$50,000 in cash from the safe, but also turned most of the supplies into cash before their dramatic exit in the vessel they appropriated.

They took the steamer Victoria, of thirty-five tons register, and got sufficient coal from the captain at the point of departure to carry them to Balangao, a town on the north shore of the island. There they procured wood and water before putting to sea. They also had reached Sandaugau, Borneo, today.

CHECKS ARE MUTE WITNESS

Held as Evidence Against Men Charged with Accepting a Bribe.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 8.—Daniel V. Miller, late assistant attorney general of the Postoffice department, and Attorney Johns were indicted by the United States grand jury today, charged with conspiracy to bribe John J. Ryan of J. J. Ryan & Co., turf commission.

Prior to their arrest postoffice inspectors had recommended that a fraud order be issued against the Ryan firm, suspending all its mail. Ryan and J. D. Outgate went to Washington to argue their case. Attorney Miller representing the other side, Ryan claimed his company had enough money to pay all depositors in full, and as a result of the hearing Acting Attorney General Christiany recommended that the postoffice inspectors make another investigation.

They did so, and a second time a fraud order was recommended.

A few days later, according to telegrams produced before the grand jury, Miller telegraphed Johns to deal with Ryan. A meeting was held at the Gibson house between Johns and Ryan, in which Ryan paid \$2,000, and which \$2,000 was for a favorable decision on the scheme, allowing Ryan's continued use of the mails, and \$2,000 was for revising Ryan's advertising matter so as to conform to the ruling of the attorney general.

Ryan paid the amounts in checks, which are held as evidence against Johns and Miller.

Later both Miller and Johns appeared in court and entered pleas of not guilty. Johns made his plea conditional, reserving the right to change it after reading the indictment. The defendants were allowed until Friday to file demurrers of motions, and their bail was fixed at \$2,500 each, which was furnished.

NEBRASKAN BUYS IN CANADA

Peter Jansen Purchases Fifty Thousand Acres of Fertile Lands.

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—Peter Jansen of Jansen, Neb., has purchased 50,000 acres of land of the Saskatchewan Land Company (Limited) of Winnipeg, and has secured an option on 50,000 acres. He has also arranged with the Canadian government to locate 1,000 families on homesteads adjacent to the land purchased. Mr. Jansen is a Monomonte, and is planning to locate a Mennonite colony on his new purchase, which is located in northern Saskatchewan and southeastern Saskatchewan.

In 1871 a Mennonite colony settled in the vicinity of Jansen, Neb. They proved to be good farmers and excellent citizens, requiring property and raising large families. The overflow from this settlement is seeking new rich land, and chose northwestern Canada as the most promising location. Mr. Jansen, who is now in Chicago, is enthusiastic concerning this country.

YELLOW FEVER INCREASING

Report from Laredo is Not Encouraging. Although Doctors Take Hopeful View.

LAREDO, Tex., Oct. 8.—The number of new cases of yellow fever, which developed since a slight increase as compared with the past three days. The doctors, however, still maintain that there is no need of alarm. There was one death from the fever today, the victim being an old Mexican woman. The official bulletin follows:

Sixty cases, 23 deaths, 1 total cases to date 143, total deaths to date 7. Twelve suspicious cases were found today at Minerva. Dr. Alonzo B. Garrett, the United States consul at Nuevo Laredo, is ill of a fever, but the case has not yet been diagnosed as yellow fever.

Two additional cases of yellow fever and three suspicious cases have been reported at Monterey. At Tampico the latest death from yellow fever was that of Sidney R. Frood of Swansea, Wales, operator for the cable company.

EARNINGS OF THE WABASH

Fourteenth Annual Report Continues to Show Growth and Improvement.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 8.—In the fourteenth annual report of the Wabash Railroad company, which will be submitted at a meeting of stockholders at Toledo, October 13, President Ramsey says in his report to the board of directors:

"The summary report for the year ending June 30, 1903, like all annual reports since June 30, 1902, shows a continuous growth in the earnings of the system and great improvements in the condition of the property and in its equipment and facilities for handling traffic economically and promptly."

The report, which covers the year's operations to June 30, 1903, shows a total revenue from all sources of \$21,698,756; operating expenses and other charges, \$17,550,000; net revenue after payment of interest on bonds, \$4,148,756; and a surplus of \$1,150 to profit and loss account, after the payment of sinking fund charges and dividends on debenture A bonds.

GUN IS QUICKER THAN KNIFE

South Dakota Rancher Stops Career of Man Who Assaulted Him.

STURGIS, S. D., Oct. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—Word has been received here of a shooting scrape Monday in the ranch of C. K. Hartzel, a stockman in the eastern end of Meade county. As near as can be learned, James Estlick, who is working for Howard, was intoxicated, and it is said, took to beating his wife. Mr. Howard interfered and was knocked down by Estlick. Mr. Howard then went into his own house and Estlick followed him and broke in the door. He had an ugly looking knife and was about to use it on Howard, who took down his shotgun and fired. The shot took effect and may prove fatal. The wounded man was taken to Rapid City.

PLAINTIFF GIVES MORE PARTICULARS

DES MOINES, Oct. 8.—An additional abstract has been filed in the Iowa supreme court by the plaintiff in the case James Doyle against James P. Burns, involving the Portland gold mine in the Cripple Creek district, which have made Burns, the Colorado base ball magnate, many times a millionaire. The Estlick Mr. Howard case, which the plaintiff claims partnership, the virtue of which Doyle alleges Burns owes \$100,000 to Burns, was argued in judgment for \$100,000 and Burns appealed.

RECOVERS MENTAL FACILITIES AFTER KILLING POLICEMAN AND CAUSING INJURY TO ANOTHER.

PIEBLO, Colo., Oct. 8.—Dr. C. O. Rice, a prominent physician, who, crazed with liquor, last night shot and killed Policeman Shaws Martin, who was trying to arrest him, drove the clerks from a drug store and defied a crowd of 3,000 people for more than two hours, is slowly recovering his mind in the county jail.

All talk of lynching has died out and the coroner has ordered a jury and will investigate the crime. The jury was composed of Policeman Slater, who was accidentally wounded by the attempt to capture Rice, is improving and will probably recover.

DOCTOR DEFIES A CROWD

Recovers Mental Facilities After Killing Policeman and Causing Injury to Another.

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WANT SIGN LANGUAGE TAUGHT

Deaf and Dumb Association Favors Teaching Its Mode of Expression in Public Schools.

The Nebraska Association for the Advancement of the Deaf closed its three days' session in the Board of Education rooms in the city hall last evening. Representatives were present from different parts of the state and the meeting was a most interesting and instructive one. The proceedings were all carried out in the sign language and the extremely graceful movements of the hands of the speakers was an interesting sight.

The association was organized last year at Lincoln and has already a large membership. Matters pertaining to the interest and education of the deaf were discussed and numerous papers upon these subjects were presented before the assembly and elicited much enthusiasm and interest.

The address of welcome Tuesday was made by Mayor Moore verbally and translated as rapidly as spoken into the sign language for the edification of the members by one of the officers of the association. Numerous resolutions were introduced and unanimously adopted. Among them were resolutions recommending that the association take active interest upon the suggestions made in the address of the retiring president that a committee be selected to take measures toward securing the adoption of compulsory education laws for deaf children; expressing gratification over the splendid progress of the Nebraska School for the Deaf under the superintendence of Mr. Stewart; to have the single-hand deaf alphabet incorporated into the school text books and readers of the primary grades of the public schools in order that hearing people might become familiar with the manual language for the mutual interest of both deaf and hearing people; thanks to Prof. Stewart, the Omaha Board of Education, the St. Louis clerk and other deaf residents of Omaha for special courtesies and favors; to incorporate the association and condolences over the death of Mrs. Job Turner, one of the first deaf mute pupils of the Nebraska institute for the deaf at Hartford, Conn.

BIG BREAK IN HOG PRICES

Almost a Dollar on the Average Knocked Off Since Monday Morning.

IMMENSE LOSS TO BUYERS AND FEEDERS

Declared to Be Intention of Packers to Force Hogs Down to \$4.50 and Hold Them at that Figure.

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—With a crash that recalled the days of 1887, the live market broke today and the wildest excitement prevailed. A break of from 50 to 60 cents on light grades and from 40 to 50 cents on other grades was registered during the day. It is the first step to put hogs on a 40-cent basis, according to advice. It means a loss of hundreds of thousands of dollars to the shippers and farmers.

Since Monday there has been a steady decline, which foreshadowed the break of today. Since Monday morning the whole market has broken from 70 to 90 cents on heavy hogs and an even \$1 on lightweights. Furthermore, there were 13,000 hogs unshipped when the market closed today.

The condition of the hog market has not been so bad since the Cudahy failure in 1887. It is the direct result of the closing of the land and ribs corner operated by Swift and Company. In cleaning up that deal it was necessary to hold up the high prices which have prevailed in the past year. During that time hogs sold as high as \$8 and ranged between that price and \$6. Now it is the intention, it is declared, to put the market on a firm \$4.50 basis.

In the market today Swift bought heavy packing hogs for \$4.75 to \$4.50, while Cudahy bought them for \$4.75. At that rate it means a loss of \$1.00 to shippers who were bought at the old rates. This will entail a heavy loss on the farmers if the plan succeeds. They have reaped a harvest from the high prices in the past year or two and the whole country has gone crazy over the hog market. The country, it is said, is filled with hogs being fattened to take advantage of the high prices.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair and Warmer Friday; Saturday, Fair in East, Rain in West Portion.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg.
5 a.m. 47 1 p.m. 48
6 a.m. 46 2 p.m. 47
7 a.m. 45 3 p.m. 46
8 a.m. 44 4 p.m. 45
9 a.m. 43 5 p.m. 44
10 a.m. 42 6 p.m. 43
11 a.m. 41 7 p.m. 42
12 m. 40 8 p.m. 41

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair and Warmer Friday; Saturday, Fair in East, Rain in West Portion.

KING ON HIS THRONE

Ak-Sar-Ben IX at Head of Royal Pageant Marches Into Quivers.

THOUSANDS ON THOUSANDS RECEIVE HIM

Imperial City is Ablaze with Glory on Advent of Majestic Ruler.

ELECTRICAL DISPLAY IS GORGEOUS

Never Before Does Great City Display Itself More Magnificently.

ROYAL BALL TONIGHT AT COLISEUM

Every Sign Points to the Perfect Success of This the Crowning Social Function of the Carnival.

Weather.

Fair and warmer.

Paris Carnival Admissions.

Table with 2 columns: Day, Admissions.
First day 1,000,000
Second day 1,200,000
Third day 1,400,000
Fourth day 1,600,000
Fifth day 1,800,000
Sixth day 2,000,000
Seventh day 2,200,000

Ak-Sar-Ben Dates.