Justice of Supreme Court Discusses the Evil and Its Remedy.

CONDITIONS REQUIRE PROMPT ACTION

Moving Cause of Most Lynchings Naturally

Rouse Resentment of Men. MOB VIOLENCE BRUTALIZING ANTIDOTE

Confidence Should Be Restored in Orderly Methods of Punishment.

COURT'S DELAYS LARGELY RESPONSIBLE

Advocates the Elimination of Techsiculities and Groundless and Interminable Appeals in Criminal Cases.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.-Associate Justice David J. Brewer, of the supreme court of the United States contributed to Lealies' Weekly an article on "The Crime of Lynching," in which he says:

Lynching," in which he says:

Our government recently forwarded to Russia a petition in respect to alleged atrocities committed on the Jews. That government, as might have been expected, unwilling to have its internal affairs a matter of consideration by other governments, declined to receive the petition. If, instead of so doing, it had replied that it would put a stop to all such atrocities when this government puts a stop to lynchings, what could we have said?

It is well to look the matter fairly in the face. Many good men join in these uprisings, horrified at the atrocity of the crime and eager for swift and summary punishment. Of course they violate the law themselves, but rely on public sentiment behind them to escape punishment. Many of these lynchings are accompanied by the horrible barbarities of savage torture, and all that can be said in pailiation is the atrocity of the offense which led up to them. For a time they were confined largely to the South, but that section of the country no longer has a monopoly. The chief offense which causes there lynchings has been the section of the country no longer has a ined largely to the South, but that secion of the country no longer has a
monopoly. The chief offense which causes
those lynchings has been the rape of white
women by colored men. No words can be
found too strong to describe the atrocity
of such a crime. It is no wonder that the
community is excited. Men would disgrace
their manhood if they were not, and if a
few lynchings had put a stop to the offense, society might have condoned such
breaches of its laws; but the fact is, ifwe may credit the reports, the crime, instead of diminishing, is on the increase.
The black beast (for only a beast would be
guilty of such an offense), seems to be not
deterred thereby. More than that, as might
be expected, lynching for such atrocious
crimes is no longer confined to them, but is
being resorted to for other offenses.

What Can Be Done.

What Can Be Done.

mearly low years there was no appeal from the judgment of conviction in criminal cases in our federal courts and no review except in a few cases in which two judges sitting, a difference of opinion co. sitting, a difference of opinion on a ques-tion of law was certified to the suprem-

England the rule has been that there In England the rule has been that there was no appeal in criminal cases, although a question of doubt might be reserved by the presiding judge for the consideration of his brethren. Hon E. J. Phelps, who was minister to England during Mr. Cleveland's first administration, told me that while he was there only two cases were so reversed. Does anyone doubt that justice was fully administered by the English courts?

Claims in Extenuation

Claims in Extenuation.

It is said in extenuation of lynching in case of rape that it is an additional cruelty to the unfortunate victim to compel her to go upon the witness stand and in the presence of a mixed audience tell the story of her wrongs, especially when she may be subject to cross-examination by overgealous counsel. I do not belittle this matter, but it must be remembered that often the unfortunate victim never lives to tell the story of her wrongs, and if she does survive she must tell it to someone, and the whole community knows the fact, Even in the court room any high minded judge will stay counsel from any unnecessary cross-examination, and finally if any lawyer should attempt it, the community may treat him as an outcast. I can but think that if the community felt that the eriminal would certainly receive the punishment he deserves and receive it soon, the feeling of lynching would soon disappear, and the gathering of mobs, which means, often the destruction of jails and other property, and also the loss of innocent lives, would greatly diminish in number.

One thing is certain, the tendency of lynching is to undermine respect for the law, and unless it be checked we need not be astonished if it be resorted to for all kinds of oftenses and oftentimes innocent measurement and suffer for wrongs committed by others.

### SLIGHT EARTHQUAKE IS FELT Houses in St. Louis, Alton and Sur rounding Sections Are

Shaken,

ALTON, III., Aug. 16 -- An earthquake phock was felt here at 3:54 this morning. The majority of the residents of Alton were awakened. Some thought the powder mills at East Alton had exploded and others thought an explosion had occurred at the lead works. The shock broke a quantity of plastering loose in the main auditorium of the Methodist church on Bixth street. At East Alton bricks were shaken from several chimneys and glass broken in several windows. From the best information the shock lasted nearly eight

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 16.-An earthquake shock which insted for several seconds was distinctly felt in all parts of St. Louis early this morning. So marked was the sesimatidisturbance that many slumbering residents of the city jumped from their beds in fright and waited tremblingly for other and greater shocks, but they did not materialise. According to those who felt the disturbance the shock took place at 3:53. All agree that it was a jar rather than a trembling of the earth, but so violent was its nature that houses shook at their foundations as though they were momentarily to totter and full. No damage has been reported.

### HOLD CONVENTION Question of Education of Jewish Children One of Things

Considered.

PHILADELPHIA. Aug. 16.-The first business session of the second annual convention of the United Orthodox rabbis of America was held here today. Rabbi Yoffe, of Brooklyn, presided. The session was only public one during the convention and was devoted to the question of establighting securate whools for Jewish children. executive committee tonight the convenon appointed a committee to draft a sysbenatic method of teaching Jowish chil-

quantry and Canada are in attendance.

# BREWER ON LYNCHING CYCLONE DOES GREAT DAMAGE CABINET LOSES A LEADER HIGH WATER CAUSES NO ALARM INDIANS ARE NOW WORKING

Breaks Upon Yucatan Coast with Terrific Fury and Wrecks Plantations.

MERIDA, Yucatan, Aug. 16.-The effects of the tropical cyclone in this city and GENERAL STAFF BILL HIS MEASURE over a widespread area are terrible. wind commenced in the early hours of the night and although everybody had been prepared for the gale in consequence of warnings given sometime before, panic had quickly seized the community. terrible destruction wrought overthrew the anticipated calm. The wind increased in relocity and soon it was tearing up trees by the roots, blowing roofs away and de-

# Russian Taller of Viceroy of -s Comment on the

docks at Progresso ready for shipment.

ST. PETERSBURG. manimously dilates c powers conferred on Vice 2. spot a more easy matter.

the St. Petersburg Vedomosti to resume publication, which had been forbidden for inknown reasons since February 25. LONDON, Aug. 17.-According to a Tokio dispatch to the Times, the Japanese consider Admiral Alexieff, the new viceroy province, their ablest and most bitter enemy.

# COREANS GREATLY WORRIED

Fear the Ultimate Outcome of Rivalry Between Japan and Russia.

LONDON, Aug. 17.-The Peking corre-What can be done to stay this epidemic of lynehing? One thing is the establishment of the Sun-mark and the Sun-mark and establishment of the Sun-mark and the s spondent of the Times, telegraphing from did not meet the favor of the associa-in, but I still believe in its wisdom. For The correspondent adds that the domestic concerns of Corea are fairly prosperous. things will wholly disappear. The general The reports of a great influx of Japanese are incorrect, but Japan retains and is increasing its commercial predominance.

# ISTHMUS WANTS THE CANAL Petitions for Ratification of Treaty

PANAMA, Aug. 16.-The following telegram in favor of the canal was sent this

Being Forwarded to

The Vice President of the Republic, Bo-The Vice President of the Republic, Hogota.—Numerous municipalities request
congress to approve the Hay-Herran
treaty, which signifies the salvation of the
isthmus. I am sending by mail the original petition. Inform house of representatives, the senate and publish.

(Signed) DEMETRIO BRID. (Signed) DEMETRIO BRID.
President of the Municipality of Panama Nearly all the municipalities of the isth mus have answered favorably the reques of the municipal council here to send a petition to congress in favor of the ratifi-

### HARTY CONFERS WITH POPE New Archbishop and Pontiff Discuss Conditions in Philippines.

cation of the canal treaty.

ROME, Aug. 16.-The pope at 5 o'clock ence in his apartment Archbishop Harty, who was yesterday created archbishop of the situation in the Philippines. The pope said the efforts of the clergy toward the pacification of the archipelago and the triumph of Catholicism would always receive the warmest support at Rome.

# Vesuvius Quieting Down

NAPLES, Aug. 16.-The eruption of stream of lava flowing from the crater is divided into two branches. The longer reaches a distance of 2,500 feet in the direction of the village of Ottajano. The other 10,000,000, and the number of persons of is now 2,300 feet toward Pompell. There is foreign parentage exceeds 25,000,000. no immediate danger.

### ALLISON AND CANNON CONFER Prospective Speaker is Noncommuniontive Regarding the

Meeting. statesman would discuss the meeting. "I saw Senator Alison," said Congresssay about our meeting. I am on my way

to Nebraska." Senator Allison remained but a short other politician durink his visit it is surmised that he came especially for the conference with Congressman Cannon.

# TROLLEY STRIKES A BUGGY

One Person is Fatally and Three More Are Seriously injured.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 16 .- A buggy containing four persons was struck and wrecked by a street car on the Electric from Delegates from every section of the conductor were arrested, but later re-

Retirement of Elihu Root Removes One of Its Strong Men.

Was Carried Through Congress by the Indomitable Energy of the Secretary Who Will Soon Re-. turn to Private Life.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) to save small vessels but to no avail and keep in touch with public events. More on is looked for. twenty of these lying in the path were cast than six months ago it was announced on apon the shore. Among other damage done what appeared to be excellent authority still suspended, as the temporary pile by the cyclone was the destruction of hun- that Mr. Root would retire from the cabdreds of bales of cotton which were on the inet after the general staff bill had been away today, striking the James street put into practical operation.

POWERS ARE UNPRECEDENTED labored more zealously for a cause than rendered that structure unsafe for street 4.-The press General Corbin, General Bliss, General the bottoms, the Swift Packing company enormous Bates and others occupying important po- removed several tons of provisions to this Alexieff, sitions in Washington. At one time sev- side of the river today. The water must the new vicercy of the Amur story, and eral heads of departments in the war rise fifteen feet before it can reach the the Kwan-Tung province, was even exceed- branch of the government objected to the plant or the business houses, however, and ing the authority conferred on the governor manner in which they would be legislated this is not at all likely. general of the Caucasus during an insur- out of office and compelled to return to section and explains the difference as being their regiments after long service in the GIVES GROUNDS OF DEADLOCK due to international complications. The staff, These objections, however, were met newspapers agree that the innovation and where injustice was seemingly done Question at Issue Not the Right of strengthens the Russian position in the far these features were corrected, and finally east and renders immediate action on the the general staff bill as it now stands upon the statute books was the outcome The minister of the interior has allowed of tireless and persistent hammering.

### Was Leader of the Cabinet.

Secretary Root when he joined the presi of the Amur territory and the Kwang Tung tant position. A brilliant lawyer, a force- the vital question on which the board deadful speaker and a thorough American he locked, and which required the appointreputation, however, did not deter him a ppint of dispute, Mr. Nichols says. little bit from going ahead and working out the problems that were presented to board is deadlocked are the alleged mainhim as secretary of war. The antiquated department were a source of great irrita- the alleged breaking of an agreement tion to Mr. Root. He saw the War de- entered into by Coze Brothers of the Hazelpartment moss grown and covered with ton district when their employes returned

> Sentiment has ceased to exist, everything After August 15 the old ways of doing branch of the government, and men who chance of learning the staff and men who have never seen the work of the line will have an opportunity of coming face to face with Tommy Atkins. This amongst other things is the achievement of Elihu Root,

occupies so high a position. Some Immigration Statistics.

discussing the immigration question. Statesmen throughout the country, find in jurisdiction. it quite as fruitful a theme for discussion as the tariff or finance. Although the last congress amended the immigration laws with a view to restricting the number of immigrants, it is equally true that the laws at present in force have utterly failed in this purpose. The tremendous immigration of last year, larger than any preceding year in the history of the country, is a subject of serious consideration among the this afternoon received at a private audiof foreign birth of the immigrant class came to America last year as against 650,000 Manila, with whom he spoke at length on the year preceding. The fact that the immigration of the fiscal year just ended exceeds in number that of any preceding year, and that a marked change is apparent in the relative share of the various countries in supplying these immigrants, seems to justify the large consideration that is being given the subject in the public prints. The total recorded immigration into the resuvius somewhat increased today. The United States since the organization of the government is, in round numbers, 20,000,000 The number of fereign-born persons now residing in the United States is more than

How the Figures Have Grown.

Prior to 1830 no records of immigration were kept. Samuel Blodgett, a statistician of more than ordinary research and ability, who wrote on this subject in 1806, when the facts in regard to the immigration of that period were fresh in the minds of those having opportunity to study the sub-CHICAGO, Aug. 16 .- Senator William B. ject, expressed the opinion that the immi-Allison of lows and Congressman Joseph gration during the period from 1784 to 1794 G. Cannon of Illinois, slated as speaker of did pot average more than 4,000 per annum. the next house, held a conference at the Seybert's "Statistical Annals" estimates Auditorium Annex tonight, but neither the arrival of immigrants from 1794 to 1810 at an average of 6,000 per year. From 1810 to 1816 the relations between the United man Cannon, "but there is nothing I can States and Great Britain caused a cessation of immigration. 1817, however, peace having been declared, the tide of immigration was resumed with greater force than time in Chicago, and as he did not see any ever, and in that year the total number of immigrants arriving was estimated at over 20,000. The tide of immigration continued to rise from 1820 to 1854, when the total number of foreign-born persons dropped back a bit over preceding years, but the very next year it was higher than ever before, and so it has continued. The Industrial commission in its report for 1895 says upon the question of immigration: The most influential factor in immigration is the prosperity of the country. The highest number coming to this country in one year was in the exceptionally prosperous year 1882, when it reached 789,000, after which it declined."

Kansas City is Able to Stand Fifteer Feet More Before it is Dangerous.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 16.-Notwithstand-ing the fact that the Kansas river at this point had risen a foot in the twenty-four ours up to 2 o'cleck this afternoon, when it became stationery, and that a further rise is expected tomorrow, no great damage is likely to result. West of here at Law rence and Topeka the Kansas river has risen slightly since last night, and at Salina and Junction City its tributaries, the Smoky Hill and Republican rivers, are WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.-(Special.)-The rising at a steady rate and sending their stroying houses and plantations. Great decision of Secretary Root to leave Presidence was done in a very short time. dent Roosevelt's official family and to re-Naturally the cyclone was more terrible sume the practice of law in New York city four hours, but while a further two-foot along the coast. Great efforts were made does not come as a surprise to those who clse here is predicted, a fall from that time

Traffic between the two Kansas Cities is bridge, the principal outlet between the Perhaps no man in the public service has two cities, knocked several piles loose and has Secretary Root for the general staff cars or vehicles. At the Belt Line bridge bill. By force of indomitable energy, per- the current was so swift that it became severence and sagacity he beat down all necessary to remove a section of the bridge opposition to the measure and finally suc- to let the great mass of driftwood through, oceded in getting the bill through congress. Fearing a temporary abandonment of some It is true he had valuable assistance in of the railroad yards in the lower part of

Operators to Discharge Employes.

SCRANTON, Pa., Aug. 16 .- District President T. D. Nichols of the United Mine Workers, a member of the conciliation dent's family and assumed the war port- board, denies that the question of the emfolio brought to his high office one of the ployers' right to discharge for any reason keenest minds that ever filled this impor- other than membership in a labor union is became at once the leader of the cabinet, ment of an umpire. The demand of the Like all men of his temperament he ap- Rock Meas' union, that its members share peared cold and austere to the world. This in the award of the commission is the main

Other points on which the conciliation tenance of a "black list" by the methods of doing business in the War Lehigh Coal & Navigation company, and

President Nichels declared himself as well with them later as a friend, and again in satisfied with the appointment of Commission of Commissio loner of Labor Wright as the umpire on the conciliation board.

# staff will be charged largely with the war LAYS DOWN RULE FOR CHINESE

have never done staff duty will have a New Regulation Prescribed for All Who Seek to Enter This Country.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 .- A new set of who will go out of the cabinet after the Chinese regulations, prepared by Commis-Christmas holidays. Mr. Root's family sioner General of Immigration Sargent, does not like Washington. They do not and approved by Secretary Cortelyou of like the official life of the capital. They the Department of Commerce and Labor, are unused "to the fetch and carry" idea jurisdiction of the matter of the exclusion which prevails in the social life of the of Chinese having been transferred from city, and the secretary, too, who while the Treasury department to the latter debeing an indefatigable worker, does like partment, were made public today and are his case and comfort, has agreed with the ready for distribution. These rules desigviews of his family and in consequence nate what Chinese persons are allowed to he will go back to New York and resume land at United States ports under the exthe practice of his profession in which he clusion law, together with the ports at which Chinese other than Chinese diplo mats may land, and name the officers who have been invested with the power and Political economists will never tire of authority heretofore conferred on collectors of customs, giving their stations and

Conditions are named to which every Chinese person must subscribe seeking admission into the United States under the provisions of the act of 1902, for the purpose of taking part in any fair or exhibition authorized by congress.

### VETERANS ARE FLOCKING IN Generals seekes and Black and Jommander-in-Chief Stewart Reach

the Const. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 16.-While the formal exercises of the national reunion own use. of the Grand Army of the Republic do not begin until tomorrow, the department was to all intents and purposes opened today with the arrival of General Thomas J. train bearing 365 members of the different of the Republic.

bureaus and information booths were beon Wednesday, the day set for the parade, it is estimated that there will be 50,000 risitors in the city.

veterans.

### TROLLEY CARS IN A CRASH Two People Fatally and Several Seriously Injured at Kansas

City.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 16 .- In a rear-end collision of two trolley cars tonight on the Independence-Kansas City line, two persons were fatally injured, four seriously hurt, and half a dozen others sustained minor bruises and cuts.

The aeriously injured: Eric Cobb. aged 30, will die. Willie Wood, 16, both legs broken and badly cut; will die. Minnie Damer, 20,

C H Ingalia. Barney Haney. Ed Brown, conductor.

The cars were returning to Kansas City

Noble Red Men en Pine Ridge Reservation Rapidly Becoming Self-Supporting.

RADICAL CHANGE DURING A FEW YEARS

Are Becoming Prosperous in Live Stock and Larger Proportion of Children Are Attending School

RUSHVILLE, Neb., Aug. 15 .- (Special.)-Visitors to Pine Ridge agency and reservation this summer, who go from here by stage, have complained that "things are not what they seem," or words to that effect. A number of them who have arrived here on the trains from the east and left in some fear and trembling on the stage coach for the agency have returned declaring that the "glory of the that they saw much that was picturesque dians, that is, those who still cling to the blanket and old-time customs

But the agency itself within the last few years, with its schools and churches and other institutions, has in fact become a very civilized place. Even those from this lived here but a comparatively few years Denver. can see that a wonderful change has taken place. It has been recalled a number of times within the last few days in connec tion with the retirement of General Miles here in command of thousands of soldiers, and that it was only after the Indians had along the Cheyenne river east of the Black he will be elected, too." Hills in South Dakota and also along the Nebraska boundary of the reservation, and after the affair at Wounded Knee and several hot skirmishes, that they were in duced to come into the agency and at least make a pretense of giving up their arms.

### Guns Not Material Now.

But while it was known then to those well acquainted with the situation that it was, at least to a very large extent, only a pretense, and that the Indians in fact retained a majority of their rifles and ammunition, the fact of their having 100 or 1,000 or any other number of guns is of no interest today to the people living around the reservation. For the changes which helping to get them in to the agency and protect the property and lives of the white settlers along the Cheyenne. So that he is peculiarly fitted for the position of agent, and has both the respect and confidence of

the Indians. There are now about 400 Indians working on the reservation building roads and dams, digging irrigation ditches and reservoirs, and the work is being well done and will be of permanent benefit. The Indians effect that he was an eye witness to a are paid \$1.25 per day, or \$2.50 per day for man and team, and this money is in lieu of all rations. And as all able-bodied In- the jail break several days ago, Coroner dians are now stricken from the ration Egan has ordered an autopsy performed on rolls during the summer the "noble red Orloff's body. Dorval alleges he saw Orloff man" has at last discovered that he can kicked on the stomach repeatedly in an work just as well and as industriously as effort to make him divulge the name of the the white man. Old Chief Sitting Bull's person who gave him the gun used in the sons are now working on dams and ditches, break, until the man's groans and frantic and like all such Indians have complied with the order to cut off their long hair.

# Other Indians Working.

A large number of other Indians are also ment at the hands of the jailers. at work off the reservation, and as there is not enough work on it to keep all of them busy they are encouraged to find teaming, railroad and such work. Over 100 of them are employed on the Black Hills division of the Northwestern railroad in various capacities and are giving satis-

faction. The roundup a few weeks ago showed that the losses during the last winter were unusually large, just as they were off the reservation. But still the Indians are progressing and growing richer in livestock, those on the Pine Ridge reservation now having about 50,000 head of cattle and about 50,000 head of horses. They are along the Missouri river, and over in the in the vilayet of Adrianople are cited. Alalso being taught how to take better care Nemaha valley this year that we have together the memorandum gives particulars of their stock, and there are regulations ever grown. There will also be lots of of no less than 131 individual and general for their protection in disposing of them, grapes, though not as large a crop as usual, as well as in slaughtering them for their

# Money Earned by Them.

During June the government paid to the Indians over \$125,000 in cash on account of Stewart, commander-in-chief, on a special old pony claims, grazing tax, interest money, from sale of hides, for labor per-Pennsylvania posts. Other distinguished formed during May, and for freight and arrivals today were General Nelson A. wood delivery. But a very few years ago Miles and General John C. Black, who is the only money which would have been most prominently spoken of as the next paid them would have been for the old commander-in-chief of the Grand Army claims and interest, and the Indians would all have been idle. The new system of Trains arrived all day and late tonight making the Indians work, and making bringing many veterans. The registration them more self-supporting every year, is certainly working well on this reserva sleged all day. It will be midnight before tion, though it was predicted three years all incoming trains will have arrived, and ago that it could not be put in successful operation among these Sloux.

The educational work on the reservation is also progressing rapidly, and it undoubt-Tomorrow the local posts will inaugurate edly goes hand in hand with the policy of the encampment with receptions to the making the Indians self-supporting and will materially aid in carrying it out. There are thirty day schools on the reservation, with an attendance of about 800, and the large boarding school at the agency has 125 and the Holy Rosary Mission school, four miles away, has 200 pu-The institute this summer was the most largely attended in the history of the reservation, and was attended not only by reservation school teachers, but by teachers from the Indian schools at Rapid City. Pierre and Chamberlain. The complaints of visitors from the east

who expect to find the old conditions still existing, and to possibly have some exciting experiences during a trip on the reservation, are therefore well grounded, at least so far as the Pine Ridge reservation from is concerned.

# Grain in Shock Damaged.

COLUMBUS, Neb., Aug. 16.-(Special.)-Threshing has been greatly retarded in from Forest park and were crowded with this county by the continuous wet weather. park line today. Molile Berens was perhaps fatally hurt, and the following were seriously injured: Ha Cross, George Underwood, James Goodwin. The motorman and condustor were arrested, but later re
after which it declined."

In the decade ending with 1900 the total had slipped the wire and while it was being replaced the second car, running at only those who managed to get their grain stacked can feel in any way secure. Oats Halifax. N. S. and Philadelphin.

Europe. The arrivals from Germany durplested, but later re
condustor were arrested, but later re
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In the decade ending with 1900 the total had slipped the wire and while it was being replaced the second car, running at only those who managed to get their grain stacked can feel in any way secure. Oats Halifax. N. S. and Philadelphin.

Europe. The arrivals from Germany durplested, but later re
Liverpool, for New York.

Liverpool, for New York.

At New York—Arrived—Minnetonka, from religious and educational work and deprive passengers. The trolley of the first oar Many fields of rye and wheat in shock are

Forecast for Nebraska-Fair Monday and Warmer in Southern Portion; Tuesday Fair, Except Showers in North Portion.

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### AND PROSPERITY POLITICS

Prominent Denver Contractor is Optimistic and Says Democrats Will Elect M. E. Smith Governor.

W. C. Strohm, a prominent contractor of Denver, was in Omaha vesterday, and said of affairs in his state: "Colorado is in better condition than it

noble red man" of which they have read has been for years. The mining industries and heard in the east has forever departed. are increasing rapidly, especially in the Those who took trips to some of the points reducing of what were hitherto classed as fifty or more miles from the agency, where low grade ores. New processes for re there are small villages of Indians, admit ducing these eres are being constantly discovered, and fortunes will yet be realized and interesting, including some real In- from the dump heaps about the mines that have hitherto been looked upon as so much waste. There is a great amount of railroad building being done in Colorado, and the contractors are all full of work. Denver is building very rapidly, and the festival of mountain and plain to be held there and other towns near the agency who have this fall will be the greatest ever given in

"Considerable politics is affoat in Colorado just now. The democrats especially are very active, and we of that faith figure on slecting our candidate for governor this that during the winter of 1900-1901 he was year with a hig majority. It looks very much just now, at this distance, that M. E. Smith of Denver, the present chairman for several weeks terrorized the people and of the state democratic committee, will be in a number of cases pillaged the ranches the nominee of his party for governor, and

### TAKES LONG CHANCE TO ESCAPE Braves Death in Ocean in Effort

to Avoid Trial on Murder Charge.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.-Braving death in the ocean rather than face trial for murder, Herman T. Coates broke from his guards and leaped overboard from the Old Dominion liner Monroe when two miles off back to Nanuet, near Spring Valley, Rockland county, where there is an indictment against him for the murder of a coachman in 1902. He was in the custody of Charles chief of police of Suffern, Rockland county, when he made his effort to escape. It was another outbreak so long as the Indians are from Fisher that he broke away, and nearly carrying the deputy sheriff with disappeared from view. A boat was quickly lowered and Coates was rescued and brought aboard.

# Amdavit Filed Stating Kicked and Beaten by

Jailers.

BUTTE, Mont., Aug. 16 .- On the strength of a signed statement made by Edward Dorval, chief operator of the Western Union Telegraph company here, to the terrible beating administered to Frank Orloff, the Wyoming stage robber, who led cries for mercy were hushed by insensibility. Orloff's body was found hanging in his cell vesterday and it is alleged the prisoner was driven to suicide by the treat-

# DENIES REPORT OF NO APPLES Cass County Man Says Crop is Not

Entire Failure by Any Means. D. L. Garrett of Cass county, was in Omaha yesterday and takes exception to the report that the apple crop of Eastern Nebraska is going to be a failure this year. "It is true," he said, "that the corn crop will not be a very heavy one, but we will

produce some of the finest apples down but the deficiency in quantity will be made up in quality. Corn is doing well considering the season, and if the frost will only keep off we will have about a twothirds crop. Some wheat down in our section went as high as thirty-five bushels

# TO BE BANNER CELEBRATION Bulgarians were shot, killed with swords

is going to be a hig one."

Frontier Day in Cheyenne This Year Will Beat Record, Says Wyoming Man.

"We are going to have some mighty do ings at Cheyenne next month at the Frontier Day celebration," said Easton Burnett of Southern Wyoming yesterday. "There will be the biggest crowd of cowboys there that has ever been gathered in that section. Roping contests, broncho busting, fancy riding, shooting tournsments and a roaring good time generally who were imprisoned, mostly on the filmsiantelope chase if we can get the antelope, if not we will substitute jack rabbits. Then we will have a coursing meeting that will Salonica 900 prisoners, for Uskub, 500; for bring out some of the best running dogs in Monastir, 850, and for Adrianopie, 550, a Wyoming. There is to be all sorts of fun grand total of 2,800. As information is Wyoming. There is to be all sorts of fun grand total of 2,806. and if you fellows down here want to have lacking from many districts in these a rattling good time, come up, we will vilayets it is thought that without exaggertreat you all right."

Movements of Ocean Vessels Aug. 16 At Kinsale-Passed: Cevic, from Liverfinale—Passed: Cevic, from laver-for New York.
The Lizard—Passed: Zeeland, from York, for Antwerp.
Dover—Passed: Priedrich der Grosse, Bremen, for Cherbourg and New York, Prawie Point—Passed: Rotterdam, Rotterdam, for Boulogne and New At Frawie Point-Passed: Rotterdam, from Rotterdam, for Boulogne and New York.

At New York-Arrived: Bluecher, from Hamburg, Southampton and Cherbourg; Columbia, from Glasgow and Moville.

At St. Michaels-Arrived: Cambroman, from Boston, for Naples and Genos.

At Moville-Arrived: Parisian, from Montreal and Quebec, for Liverpool, and proceeded.

# CONDITION OF THE WEATHER ARRAIGNS THE TURE

Bulgarian Government Submits a Memorandum to the Powers.

TELLS A STORY OF RAPINE AND MURDER

Bulgarian Inhabitants Are Everywhere Plundered and Persecuted.

GIVES DATES, DETAILS AND AUTHORS Redhot Irons in Some Cases Applied to the

Poor Peasants. PRIESTS AND TEACHERS SENT TO PRISON

All This is Alleged to Have Been Done by Turkish Officials Under Guise of Instituting Reforms.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Aug. 16 .- The Bulgarian government has presented a memorial to the powers setting out at great length the condition of affairs during the past three months in Macedonia, since the Turkish government undertook to make the promised reforms. The most precise details, dates, places and names of persons are given in the memorandum, the whole constituting a terrible category of murder, incendiarism, piliage and general oppression committed by the Ottoman soldiers and officials.

These particulars were obtained entirely from official sources, such as the reports of the Bulgarian consuls and agents of the Bulgarian government, and in many instances the reports made by Turkish authorities. The Bulgarian government guarantees the absolute truth of every statement, and challenges the porte to disprove a single charge made in the memorandum. The memorandum begins by stating that during the past three months the Ottoman government has taken a series of measures with the alleged intention of inaugurating the era of promised reform, and of assuring peace and tranquility to the Bulgarian population of European Turkey, but which have had the contrary effect of exasperating this population and reviving the revolutionary movement. Instead of proceeding solely against persons for breaches of the public order, the military and civil authori-Sea Girt today. Coates was being brought ties have sought every possible pretext to persecute, terrorize and ruin the Bulgarian inhabitants alike in the large cities and in the small villages. Wholesale massacres, individual murders, the destruction of vil-D. Fisher, a deputy sheriff, and A. N. Smith, lages, the pillaying and setting fire to houses, the arrests, ill-treatment, tortures, arbitrary imprisonment and banishment. the closing and disorganizing of churches and schools, the ruining of merchants, the him, leaped from the upper deck, turning collection of taxes for many years in ada somersault before he hit the water and vance-such, proceeds the memorandum, are among the Ottoman administration's acts of the vilayets of Salonica, Monastir, Us-

# kub and Adrianople.

Kill and Torture. number of such cases in each vilayet. Beginning with the vilayet of Balonica it states that in the town of Salonica itself the Bulgarian professors of the university. the students and the shop keepers, in fact all the intelligent Bulgarians in the city. have been cast into prison. One hundred and twenty soldiers entered the village of Gorna-Ribnitea on May 19 and tortured to death five men and two women. During the first three weeks of July twenty-five villages in the district of Tikavitch were subjected to the depredations of the Turkish soldiers and Bashi-Bazouks. The villagers were beaten and tortured, the women violated and the houses plundered while

the administrative authorities looked on. In the vilayet of Monastir artillery bombarded and razed the flourishing town of Smerdesch, the 300 houses being left a heap of ruins. At the beginning of July two Greek bands, with the connivance of the authorities, pillaged Bulgarian villages and murdered many of their inhabitants. In the vilayet of Uskub the entire Bulgarian population has been systematically persecuted since last May. The director of the normal school at Uskub was imprisoned because his library contained the "revolutionary" works of "Othelio" and "Les Miserables." In the districts of Palanka. Koschiana, Kosovomo and Kostigar the prisons are filled with Bulgarian priests, school masters and merchants.

# Red Hot Irons Used. During June the soldiers and Bashi-

Bazouks terrorized the inhabitants of the Schtlif district, torturing the people with red hot irons. Similar atrocities perpetrated cases of excesses and outrages committed by the Turkish authorities.

In summing up the details of outrages mentioned, the memorandum declares that wholesale massacres were perpetrated by regulars and Bashi-Basouks in the town of Salonica and the villages of Baldavo, to the acre and the quality is of the best. Banitza. Echourilivo, Karhinza, Moghil. The oats crop was good and the potato crop Smerdesch and Enidje, while the scenes of carnage, pillage and incendiarism were everywhere terrible. At Smerdesch over 200 or burned to death. Over 250 houses and the churches and schools were set on fire with petroleum and pillaged, the property being sold by the soldiers and Bashi-Buzouks in neighboring places. Similar acenes occurred at the villages of Gorna-Ribnita, Igoumenete, Dobrilaki and Nikodot. The villagers there abandoned their homes and fied to the mountains. Over 300 men, women and children fled from the saniak of Seres and even more from the

sanjak of Kirkklisse. It is difficult, says the memorandum, to obtain the exact number of Bulgarians will be had. There is some talk of an est pretexts, as when they were released others were immediately arrested. estimates obtainable, give for the village of ation the number of prisoners may be placed at even three times this total.

# Merchants Are Ruined.

Dealing with other acts of oppression the memorandum states that the Bulgarian merchants and artisans living in Constantinople and Salonica were ordered to return to their native villages and were not allowed any time or opportunity to dispose of their business or property. these Bulgarians, who with their families had been established for twenty years or more, were utterly ruined. As the order applied equally to professors and school