Judge Gorden Allowed His Pay for Last Year at Full Bate.

MARKET HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORTS

Lobeck Suggests that City Can Derive Revenue from This Source and that Streets May Be

Used.

The discussion of Judge Gordon and his court was brought before the council by Mayor Moores' veto of the judge's salary for the last half of 1901, which was included in a recent appropriation ordinance. By unanimous vote of the council the mayor's veto was overruled. City Attorney Connell spoke to the council briefly concerning the matter and stated that in his opinion it would not be possible to escape the payment of Gordon's salary for 1901 at the rate of \$2,500. In voting to overrule the mayor's veto many of the councilmen explained that they did not wish to pay Gordon because they thought he had earned the money, but because they wanted to get rid of him.

communication from Judge Gordon was read in which he complained of the treatment he has received at the hands of members of the police department and asked that the officers be prevented from interfering with his duties as police judge. Councilman Hascall moved that the communication be referred to the committee on sewers, but it was finally referred to the city attorney.

Councilman Lobeck made a report for the committee which visited eastern cities to inspect market houses. He expressed the opinion that a market house can be made the source of considerable income and stated that he believes a market house located in a wide street would be acceptable in Omaha, in case the council feels that the city cannot afford to purchase ground for a permanent site.

A resolution providing for the expenditure of \$3,000 for an emergency hospital was introduced. Councilman Hoye suggested that \$3,000 is not enough money to erect the sort of a hospital needed and stated that at least \$5,000 will be required. The resolution was withdrawn and will be considered by the council later in an amended Mayor Moores notified the council that

Union Pacific Railway company. The clerk of the police court reported that the fines and costs collected in the court during December amounted to \$401.50. A report from the city inspector of weights and measures showed that he collected \$153.85 in fees during December. During December the city license inspector collected fees amounting to \$62.

he has approved the contract with the

Edgar Zabriskie and John W. Battin filed claims of \$25 each for extra services as members of the Board of Review. The money is said to be due the two members BOARD OF TRADE ELECTION of the board for work done the nights of December 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14.

An ordinance was passed providing for the paving of Twenty-fourth street between Lake and Spalding streets with vitrified blocks. An ordinance was passed for paving Emmet street between Sherman avenue and Twenty-fourth street with conveyed to the Union Pacific Railway company in the contract recently entered into with that company.

To New York Vin Niagara Falls.

A most attractive and pleasant trip if made via the Lebigh Valley Railroad. Solid westibule trains. Dining car service a la carte.

through tickets to New York and Phila-

Grand Army Installation.

Custer post and the Women's Relief corps No. 82, Grand Army of the Republic, jointly installed officers at the Red Men's hall last night. There was a large attendance and short speeches were made by the newly installed officers. Of the Custer post the following were installed by Department Commander R. S. Wilcox: Commander J. E. Driesbach; senior vice, F. Garrett, junior vice, Charles Harpster; adjutant, Charles Thomas; officer of the day, J. W. Johnson; officer of the guard. Otto Schneiderwind: sergeant major, M. J. Feenan. The officers of the Relief corps are: President, Mrs. A. N. Sayers; senior vice, Mrs. Susan Schwartz; junior vice, Mrs. Paulina Yoder; secretary, Miss Mary Clara Feenan; treasurer, Mrs. Mattle Rhodes; conductor, Mrs. Prinkle; guard, Mrs. Lizzie Baxter; assistant guard, Mrs. Trembreth; color bearers, Mesdames Elizabeth Arnott, Mary A. Rockfield, Emma Clark and Anna Me-Bride. Mrs. Anna E. Askwith, department commander, and Mrs. Lizzie Fleronnet, conductor, were the installing officers. Grand Army Installation.

CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS CHANGES IN YOUNG'S STAFF

C. S. Stebbins Becomes Assistant to General Auditor and Others

Move Up.

The following changes have been made in the staff of the accounting department under the direction of Erastus Young, general auditor, Union Pacific Railroad company, Oregon Short Line Railroad company Oregon Railroad & Navigation company, and Southern Pacific company, and H. I. Bettls, assistant general auditor, Union Pacific Railroad company: C. S. Stebbins, who has been chief clerk

becomes assistant to the general auditor o the Union Pacific and affiliated lines. Will Browne, ir., becomes chief clerk of the general auditor's office of the Union Pacific Railroad company. Mr. Browne has been connected with the accounting department nearly twenty years, having been twelve years in charge of the pay accounts and for the last year and a half material

terial. J. J. Kelth, who has been at the head of the bureau of station agents' and conductors' accounts, succeeds Mr. Browne as material clerk. Mr. Keith has been with the company twelve years, and in the railroad service for a considerably longer period.

R. B. Williams succeeds Mr. Keith. Mr. Williams has been in the department for twelve years. He has been engaged upon station accounts, with special charge of

train and station supplies and other ma-

GREETING EMINENT DIVINES

the surety bonds for employes. .

mick at Home of Robert Dempster.

An informal reception was given last night in honor of Dr. H. C. Minton, moderator of the Presbyterian church of North America, and Dr. S. B. McCormick, for merly of Omaha, and now of Cedar Rapids, In., at the residence of Robert Dempster, 114 South Nineteenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Dempster were assisted in receiving by Dr. and Mrs. Jenks. The affair was informal in name and in fact. no speechmaking and no frills, just a social time, in which every one present participated. During the two hours fully two hundred people paid their respects to their old paster and Dr. Minton. All the Presbyterian churches of the city were represented by their pastors and many of the laity. Light refreshments were served.

Preceding the reception Mr. and Mrs. Dempster entertained a dinner party composed of Dr. McCormick, Dr. Minton, Dr. and Mrs. Jenks, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Wharton, Dr. and Mrs. Gibbs, Mr. and Mrs. Perine. Dr. Minton will visit the seminary today, at which place he will deliver an address Tonight he will preach at the First Presbyterian church and Thursday, accompanied by Dr. McCormick, he will leave for Sloux

James E. Boyd Selected to Serve Auother Year as President-Dividend Declared.

The new board of directors of the Board of Trade met Tuesday and elected officers the same material. Ordinances were also as follows: J. E. Boyd, president; John F. passed vacating the streets which the city Brady, first vice president; W. N. Nason, second vice president; H. F. Cady, treasurer, and Miss Lucie C. Harding secretary.

A dividend of \$10 per share was declared, being the eightt semi-annual divi-

dend since 1898.

Stop-over allowed at Niagara Falls on all by G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry, now coming to market, and immense reserves guarantee the maintenance of quality. Of this brand 120,359 cases were imported in 1901, or nearly 60,000 cases more than any other.

SAME HEADS FOR THE BANKS

Last Year's Directorates and Execu tives Are Continued in Office at Tuesday's Election.

The stockholders of the eight national banks of Omaha held elections yesterday and selected directors for the ensuing year. No change was made in the personnel of directors taking their cue from this, made no change in official staffs when they met after the stockholders' meetings and elected their respective executive heads.



Shall I Drop It? Killing Two Birds with One Stone.

A man said: "I nearly killed two birds | nerves with coffee. Quit it? Well, I think so. I had rather be well, feel good, eat meals, sleep well and be able to do somecoffee on earth."

while, but the day comes when dyspepsia bowels, eyes or heart. begins to show its bead, then come times when the brain gets tired and has to be pushed. That's the time to look out, for Nervous Prostration and probable paraly- brings out the taste and food values.

Coffee poison affects stomach and nerves with one stone when I ruined stomach and (the brain included), and if persisted in will do its work sure as the sun is sure to rise. Medicina will not avert the final thing in this world than to have all the attack. There is but one thing to do. Drop it, if you show the least sign of the poison Brain workers can get on with coffee a affecting you in stomach, nerves, kidneys,

It is easy to change from coffee to Postum Food Coffee if you insist on having it is a forerunner of that terrible disease. Postum prepared by long boiling. That

Robert Oxnard Says Island Planters Can Stand Heavy Duty.

PAID IT FOR YEARS AND PROSPERED

Strong Point Made in Favor of Protec. tion for Beet Sugar Industry Against Competition from

Ontsiders.

The San Francisco Bulletin publishes at interview with Robert Oxnard, the vice president of the American Beet Sugar company, which brings out a phase of the Cuban sugar tariff situation, which is perhaps the strongest point yet made in the arguments of those opposed to the removal cierk, in charge of matters connected with of thes tariff on Cuban raw sugars. Mr. Oxnard's remarks are of especial interest to the people of Nebraska, also, as the beet sugar industry of this state has reached the point where it has demon-

interests of the state Mr. Oxnard said:

There is one point regarding this Cu-

ben matter which has an important bearof it in any of the articles that have come closed the meeting. under my notice. It is this: Prior to the our war with Spain, and which paralyzed CLOSES A PROSPEROUS TEAR all the inlustries of the island, the sugar industry of Cuba was in a highly prosperous state as evidenced by a steady inous state as evidenced by a steady increase in the amount of its production, which arose from an average of about half a million tons of twenty-five years ago to over one million one hundred thousand in 1894. This result was obtained in spite of a crushing load of debt and taxation fastened upon the island by the Spanish government. It was also obtained while paying the full amount of import duties paying the full amount of import duties where 95 per cent of the Cuban crop was marketed. I mention this latter figure as it disposes of the argument falsely advanced that we owe a reduction in duties to Cuba because she has been deprived of the Spanish market. Spain always levied duties against Cuban sugars in order to foster her own home industry. Both beet and cane are cultivated in Spain and the home industry, practically supplies the entire home market.

Relieved of Spanish Oppression.

"We have now relieved Cuba of the entire load of the Spanish debt and the crushing burden of Spanish taxation imof Cuban sugar into the United States.

crushing burden of Spanish taxation imposed to pay the cost of the soldiers that Spain maintained there to garrison the island. And yet this industry, which, as I have shown, was highly prosperous under previous adverse circumstances, is satisfied with the improved condithat we have created for it, but asks to be allowed advantages that, if granted, will surely check, if not destroy, our promising beet sugar industry. This result would not be attained immediately, but through the expansion of the Cubar

2,360,585 tons. Of this quantity 1,000,000 being more delicate and breedy than the tons in round numbers will come from 1893 and similar to the 1889, is represented American sources free of duty, leaving 1,-360,585 to come from other sources and on which duty is paid. The average duty assessed is \$36 per ton.

"The crop of the island of Cuba for the coming year is expected to be something like 900,000 tons. If this were admitted free of duty there would still be 460,585 tons to come from other sources and on which duty would have to be paid.

"It is a well known law of economics that the price of all sugar in this country would be fixed by the cost of these 460,585 tons, plus the duty that they would have to pay to get into this country in order to compete with the duty-free sugar.

"The effect of letting Cuban sugar come the Cuban planters \$36 per ton, or, in one year, \$32,400,000, which at present goes into ation and investigation we determined that the treasury of the United States. This Omaha had all the features for the successbonus would increase year by year as the ful establishment of a jobbing plant. Cuban production expanded and our home production declined, and would be a heavy price to pay to foreigners in order to accomplish out own undoing.

Sugar Beet Farming.

"This sugar beet growing is today the most promising crop that is offered to our farmers. This fact is recognized by the continental nations of Europe, who foster and protect it by all sorts of bounties, direct and indirect, realizing that it is the cornerstone of their agricultural prosperity. A great deal has been said about our protective system benefiting everyone except the farmer, and it seems a pity that the one industry which our protective system gives him to compensate for his sacrifices I found this out in my extensive scouring of in its behalf in other directions should now be threatened with extinction.

"I am very much surprised that we have heard nothing whatever from the laboring men's organizations on this subject. When I lived in Cuba, in the seventies, Chinese laborers came into the harbor of Havana in steamer loads. I mean that actually steamers were chartered and loaded entirely with Chinese contract laborers, hired to work for eight years for \$4 per month. These Chinese, on landing. would be put up at auction just the same as negroes and bought by the planters for the term of their contract. In those days negroes were worth in Cuba about \$1,000 apiece for able bodied men, while the Chinese would sell for about \$300 to \$400 aplece, as their term of contract was only eight years.

"I do not know to what extent Chinese may be going to Cuba now, but it stands to reason that if the American market is thrown open to them at a reduction of duties, the expansion of their sugar industry will again necessitate the importation of coolie labor. Sugar making in tropical countries has never succeeded except through servile labor in some form or We see an example of this today in the Hawaiian islands, whose plant-ers are clamoring for special labor laws to enable them to import Chinese and Japanese for their plantations, claiming that otherwise their industry cannot be made prosperous. This is a feature of the problem that should receive serious attention while yet the matter is only under discussion and before we commit ourselves to the policy of shutting out Asiatic labor, but letting in its products."

Marriage Licenses

Name and Residence.

Jerome DeVriendt, Lincoln
Sadie Robison, Lincoln

taining Delegates to Board of Northwest Convention.

Two hundred women from Omaha and South Omaha were in attendance yesterday afternoon at the third union meeting of the Presbyterian missionary societies of the two cities, held at Westminster Presbyterian church.

Mrs. G. C. Thompson presided during the program, the feature of which was a symposium conducted by Mrs. Robert M. Stephenson of the Second Presbyterian church, Omaha. "Early Planting," by Mrs. Blair; "Cultivation," by Mrs. Johnson; "Harvest," by Mrs. Dickson, and "How Shall We Gather the Grain?" by Mrs. Marrow, made up the symposium.

Mrs. George Tilden presented the report of the local committee for the entertain. ment of the meeting of the board of the northwest, to be held here in April. Not only the Presbyterians, but other denominations will assist in the entertainment of the 250 delegates expected, the women of the First Congregational church, where the meeting is to be held, having agreed to strated its great importance to the farming serve dinners to them, thus relieving the hostess' organization of this responsibility. In response to an appeal from the Presbyterian missionary at the Omaha agency ing on the position taken by those who for funds to provide a well at the mission favor reciprocity from the sentimental station there, \$12 was raised by collection. side. I have not seen any mention made Music by Miss Northrup and Mrs. Drake

(Continued from First Page.)

Ouring the existence of the club a great

Refers to Jobbing Interests

Referring to the Indian supply depot the secretary said that the club hoped to be able to have the government pay the rent hereafter. He touched upon the jobbing trade, saying that the number of visitors brought to the city last year during the purchasing season more than doubled any preceding year. He gave the volume of trade as follows: Eighteen hundred and ninety, \$47,000,000; 1900, \$70,000,000; 1901, \$93,000,000.

but through the expansion of the Cuban crop to the point where it would supply all the needs of the United States in the way of sugar, at a price with which our labor and other conditions would not allow us to compete. During this period, when the Cuban sugar industry was entering our markets free, and yet not fully supplying them, the cost to the United States of the concessions asked for would be something enormous.

"Using figures published in the Statistical Journal of Willett & Gray, we find that the probable consumption of sugar in the United States this year should be 2.360.585 tons. Of this quantity 1.000.000

are growing. All lines of trade are pros-perous and the coming year is filled with opportunities. These conditions assure the good work of the club and a good report at our next annual meeting.

Talks for the Jobbers.

Charles N. Robinson was the next speaker introduced, his subject being "The Jobbing Interests of Omaha." Mr. Robinson elicited hearty applause at intervals of his remarks, which were in part as follows:

"I find I am expected to give some light on a subject which I believe to be of the greatest importance to Omaha. My connection with these interests dates back about four years. We the Bryne-Hammer company, could have started our business almost anywhere, Kansas City, St. Joseph, or anywhere else but Omaha, and we made a careful study of the situation. I myself in free would therefore be to present to traveled 3,600 miles in 1899 scanning the country for a location. After due consider-

> "Mr. Utt's statements are modest. There are now 2,200 men traveling out of and for Omaha jobbing houses. We have in this city today 30,000 people that are supported altogether by pure jobbing interests. There were twice as many country merchants who came to Omaha in 1901, as in 1900. That is a good increase. Railroad interests are showing a similar vast betterment each year, the progress being steady, though

"Because of all these things, I do not believe it is possible to curb the jobbing interests from growing in Omaha. I believe that every man here ought to take it upon himself to spread these remarkable facts. I tell you, gentlemen, that it is not known this country in 1899.

Business and Politics.

J. H. Van Dusen of South Omaha closed the set program with a speech on "The Business Man and Politics." He said in

"You cannot separate business from politics, and you ought not to seek to do so. You complain of your city government, yet there are many business men who, when asked to participate in governmental matters, decline absolutely. If there is that which needs correction in your city, let this Commercial club head the relief corps. This club is composed of men who provide livelihoods for 10,000 voters in Omaha. Speak, gentlemen, and you can secure the relief you desire."

Mr. Pickens then called upon Judge I. F. Baxter for a speech. Among other things the judge said:

"Far be it from me ever to refuse to speak for Omaha or the progress of Omaha. Its advancement is mine, and therefore its interests are also. I have been interested in the sentiments expressed here tonight. The proposition to irrigate is a worthy one. This is not a mere method of building up a country. Thus the Babylonian empire of old was enriched. Can this west but secure the aid of congress in this enterprise the result is assured." P. E. Iler followed Judge Baxter with a

brief speech and then the meeting ad journed. N. Jackson, Danville, Ill., writes: "My

daughter had a severe attack of la grippe and a terrible cough settled on her lungs. We tried a great many remedies without giving relief. She tried Foley's Honey and Tar, which cured her. She has never been troubled with a cough since." Sanitarium for Consumptives.

Sadie Robison, Lincoln

Josef Priestrak, South Omaha

Amelia Makdzisr, South Omaha

Ralph E. Bryant, Omaha

Lillian M. Compton, Omaha

Richard C. Estes, Glenwood Ia

Citair V. Adams, South Omaha

Thomas J. Hart, Omaha

Olive Langhery, Omaha

COLORADO SPRINGS, Jan. 14.—General

William J. Palmer has announced his intention of giving 100 acres of land and \$5,000 to establish a sanitarium in Colorado

Springs for consumptives, the institution of the money of the money of the money will be incorporated soon to carry out the project.

PHILANTHROPIST ADDRESSES YOUNG MEN

Says Best of Wealth in What it Enables Possessor to Do for Others-Gives His Experience.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.-The twenty-sixth anniversary of the railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian association was celebrated in this city tonight. Andrew Carnegie was the principal speaker. Edward V. Rossiter, first vice president of the New York Central, and chairman of the board of management of the railroad branch, presided.

The reports made by Chairman Rossiter and Secretary Warburton showed the work to be in a most prosperous condition. There are 170 local railroad branches of the Young Men's Christian association in the United States and Canada, with membership of more than 43,000 and an annual expenditure of more than \$400,000, of which sum the railroad corporations contribute about 50 per cent. The report gives some space to the relations between the railroad companies and the associations, and says they are most friendly. Mr. Carnegie and Dr. George C. Morrimer

spoke. Mr. Carnegie referred to his experience in the railroad, service as a telegraph operator and later as superintendent of the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania railroad. In discussing wealth and its uses he employed these expressions: Value of Wealth.

Value of Wealth.

The best of wealth is not what it does for the owner, but what it enables him to do for others. And let me tell you there is nothing in money beyond having a competence, nothing but the satisfaction of being able to help others.

It is one of the most cheering facts of our days that under present conditions the wages of labor tend to rise and the price of necessaries of life to fall. There was never a nation so spfendidly situated as ours is at this moment in regard to labor. Every sober and capable and willing man finds employment at wages which, with thrift and a good wife to manage, will go far toward laying up a competence for old age. There is nothing that succees and happiness of a workingman so much depends upon as a good managing wife.

What all of you should strive for is a competence, without which Junius has said no man can be happy. No man should be happy without it if it be within reach, and I urge all of you to save a part of your earnings these prosperous days and put it in savings banks at interest, or better still, buy a home with it.

Laugh at Discomfort. Laugh at Discomfort.

any more.

"Imagine my pleasure when the next

attack came to find that a few doses of

Peruna relieved me considerably. I kept

taking it for three weeks longer, and I

ARABELLA MACDONALD.

of ache or pain since.

It took me some time to learn, but I did learn, that the supremely great managers, such as you have these days, never do any work to speak of themselves; their point is to make others work while they think. I applied this lesson in after life to that work and I did the laughing, and I commend to your superintendents the thought that there is very little success where there is little laughter. The workman who rejoices in his work and laughs away its discomforts is the man sure to rise.

Mr. Carnesia predicted that in the near Mr. Carnegie predicted that in the near

future railroad trains will run 100 miles an hour, and on this point he said: "In the improvements made today on the lines I do not think many managers are looking far enough ahead. They are spending on some parts, perhaps half a million dollars, where they ought to spend double and easing the curves which they should abolish, and some future president is to say they wasted a good deal of money Nothing but a straight line will be up to date in 1950 or before that. The speaker said it is a great delusion to say that capital and labor are foes; they

W. L. Yancy, Paducah, Ky., writes: "I had a severe case of kidney disease and three of the best physicians in southern Kentucky treated me without success. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure. The first bottle gave immediate relief and

three bottles cured me permanently. I gladly recommend this wonderful remedy. Take no substitute.

The city inspector of buildings has issued the following permits: C. E. Balbach, 1012 North Thirty-ninth, frame shed, 159; Mrs. Nettle Husted, Thirty-third and Lincoln avenue, frame dwelling, \$1,000; G. A. Stemquist, Thirty-third and California, frame dwelling, \$1,000; Mrs. E. Shields, 1428 North Tenth, frame dwelling, \$1,000;

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The physicians attending the little daughter of Judge and Mrs. D. M. Vinson-haler reported last evening that though pneumonia is her malady she is already pneumonla is much improved. The condition of Mrs. Frager, who was kicked by a horse Saturday night and taken to St. Joseph's hospital, remains unchanged. Early this morning she was resting well and physicians held out a hope for her recovery.

for her recovery.

Attorney Ed P. Smith is nursing a broken arm, received last Saturday night at Morand's Dancing academy. Mr. Smith was learning a new dance when he fell and broke the bones in his wrist. He is rapidly recovering.

Plans for the construction of a \$100,000 dwelling for George A. Joslyn, to be erected at Fortieth and Davenport streets, have just been completed by Architect McDonald. Bids for the building contract will be opened later in the week.

President Lowe of the Omaha Theological seminary has returned from the east, bringing with him two checks, one for \$5.000 and one for \$1,000, gifts for the seminary. He has secured promises for more money for the endowment of the school.

A. I. Root, Louise M. Root and Gustav A.

A. I. Root, Louise M. Root and Gustav A. Wiese have filed articles of incorporation for a firm to be known as "A. I. Root, Incorporated," and the business of which is to be general printing and bookbinding. Capital stock of \$50,000 is to be divided into 500 shares of \$100 each.

500 shares of \$100 each.

The Lincoln Street Rallway company may continue to refuse to sell twenty-two tickets for \$1 and the city of Lincoln is restrained temporarily from prosecuting the company for not doing so. Judge Munger of the federal court issued a temporary injunction Tuesday to this effect.

Junction Tuesday to this effect.

John H. Grossman filed his \$10,000 bond as deputy clerk of the district court yesterday afternoon and is familiarizing himself with the duties of the office as speedily as possible. Asel Steere, jr., whom he succeeds, will resume the practice of law when he quits the office the last of the month, taking a desk with Woolworth & McHugh. ing a desk with Woolworth & McHugh.

The proprietors of the Grand Union Teacompany's store, 406 North Twenty-fourth street, report to the police that their safe was robbed Monday night of \$35. The rear door of the building was broken open, after which the burglars worked the combination of the safe. The job is supposed to have been done by some one familiar with the combination.

> Neuralgia Relieved Speedily

BANISHES PAIN OF EVERY KIND EVERY TIME

Sold by all Dealers 25 cm. A HOTTLE Harris sters 50 milel 00

CUBA AND A SUCAR TARIFF PRESBYTERIAN WOMEN MEET CAPITAL AND LABOR ALLIES WOMEN SUFFER They Mast Bo, to Give Prosperity, Saye NEEDLESS MISERY.



bought three bottles of it at once. Now I am a changed woman. "Peruna cured me; it took as his medicine never did any good, I am much improved I kept taking it, as sure that he never knew what the trouble I dreaded an operation so much. was. At last Peruna was suggested to I am to-day in perfect health, and me, and I said that I would try one bottle, have not felt so well for fifteen and if that did not help me would not take

lately. She writes:

"I suffered for three years with

what is generally known as leu-

corrhea, in connection with ul-

ceration of the womb. The doc-

tors advocated an operation

which I dreaded very much, and

strongly objected to go under it.

"Reading of the value of Peru-

na, I thought it best to give this

well-known remedy a trial, so I

MRS. EVA BARTHO. vears." Mrs. Belva Lockwood, the eminent barrister, of Washington, D. C., is the only woman who has ever been a candidate for the Presidency of the United States. She think I am cured, for this was eight is the best known woman in America. As months ago, and I have had no sign the pioneer of her sex in the legal profes-In a letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., she "I gratefully acknowledge the merits of says:

an invaluable remedy for cold, catarrh, hay Catarrh of the pelvic organs is most fever and kindred diseases; also a good common. Peruna is an internal systemic tonic for feeble and old people, or those run remedy which acts beneficially on the in- down, and with nerves unstrung. I desire flamed mucous membrane wherever located. also, to say that it has no evil effects and Hence it cures catarrh of any organ of the produces no after depression.

MRS. BELVA LOCKWOOD If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O. Ask Your Druggist For a Free Peruna Alamanac.



ALL CASES OF DEAFNESS OR HARD HEARING ARE NOW CURABLE by our new invention. Only those born deaf are incurable.

HEAD NOISES CEASE IMMEDIATELY.

F. A. WERMAN, OF BALTIMORE, BAYS:

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30, 1901.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30, 1901.

Intlemen: — Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you

Gentlemen: — Being entirely cured of deafness, thanks to your treatment, I will now give you a full history of my case, to be used at your discretion.

About five years ago my right ear began to sing, and this kept on getting worse, until I lost my hearing in this ear entirely.

I underwent a treatment for estarrh, for three months, without any success, consulted a number of physicians, among others, the most eminent ear specialist of this city, who told me that only an operation could help me, and even that only temporarily, that the head noises would then cease, but the hearing in the affected ear would be lost forever.

I then saw your advertisement accidentally in a New York paper, and ordered your treatment. After I had used it only a few days according to your directions, the noises ceased, and to-day, after five weeks, my hearing in the diseased ear has been entirely restored. I thank you hearfily and beg to remain

Very truly yours.

I. A. WERMAN, 730 S. Broadway, Baltimore, Md.

Our treatment does not interfere with your usual occupation. Examination and YOU CAN CURE YOURSELF AT HOME at a nominal international aural clinic, 596 La Salle ave., Chicago, ILL

BEST PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOURIST EXCURSIONS

ALIFORNI

Three Excursions Weekly Scenic Line Hock Island Houte

OMAHA Wednesday Friday and Saturday

LEAVE

Daily First-class Sleeper Through to San Francisco via Colorado, passing the Grandest Scenery of the Rockies and Sierra Nevada by Daylight. Direct Connections to Los Angeles.

City Ticket Office, 1323 Farnam St., Omaha.

When dissatisfied, move to The Bee Building 3 3 3

Reasonable rental prices and perfect accommodations as as as as as

R. C. PETERS & CO., Rental Agents.

Ground Floor. Bee Building.