ing Colon and perhaps other of the enemy's dicted, in whole or in part, directly or invessels as they lay at enchor; that no effort directly, testimony given by a majority of on the 31st was brief and abortive."

whatever was made to do so on the 29th or | the witnesses. on the 30 of May and that the attempt made paper above mentioned that certain cau- Cotton, Evans and Taylor, Captains Sigstionary orders issued by the department bee, McCalla, Cook, Folger and Chadwick were not 'in the alightest degree' referred

to by the court. Discussed Those Orders.

These cautionary orders were introduced in evidence and fully discussed in argument. We contended that quite obviously they had no application to the conditions existing at Santiago on the 29th, 30th and 31st of May and the findings of the court that Commocore Schley 'should have endeavored to capture or destroy the Spanish vessels at anchor near the entrance of Santiago harbor on May 29 and 30' and that he 'did not do his utmost with the force under his commaud to capture of destroy Colon and other vessels of the enemy, which he attacked on May 31' show that the court reached such conclusion.

"It may very properly be added that the claim of the applicant and counsel that the affair of May 31 was intended merely as a reconnaissance is not borne out by the evidence, for while testimony was introduced to show that it was so designated by Commodore Schley in conversation with a naval cadet and with a newspaper correspondent prior to entering upon it mone of the commanding officers of the vessels engaged were so advised and no instructions were given relative to the taking of notes of the engagement, the commanding officers were, on the contrary, informed in effect that the purpose was to destroy Colon and

before the court of the original letters themselves that Rear Admiral Schley obtained from Lieutenant Commander Hodgson, a junior officer who had served under him, a categorical statement that a certain colloquy reported in the public press to have taken place on the bridge of Brooklyn. July 3, between himself and Commodore Schley, 'never occurred,' although Mr. Hodgson had assured the admiral that the facts as reported were 'substantially correct; that the admiral gave out for publication the categorical denial thus obtained, but did not publish an accompanying explanatory and qualifying letter, and that subsequently, although repeatedly appealed to by Mr. Hodgson, Admiral Schley failed to do justice in the

That Hodgson Matter.

"All members of the court agree in finding that Admiral Schley did injustice to Lieutenant Commander A. C. Hodgson in publishing only a portion of the correspondence which passed between them.

The mere perusal of the correspondence in this case is sufficient to show the correctness of this finding and to convince any impartial reader that it could not be and ought not to be modified.

"Upon the points above set forth, which appear to embrace substantially the important matters covered by the inquiry, the court is united and its findings are unantmous; they are sustained by the unimpeached and unimpeachable testimony of Commodore Schley's brother officers, who it would accordingly be idle to remit these matters to the same body for reconsideration upon the same evidence.

Could Give More Points.

covered by the inquiry are the only points in all respects or substantially unanimous, because the truth is, that the court is a mous finding. unit upon all points, except those as to which the admiral expresses individual, but not in all cases, contradictory views. It does not appear that any good purpose would be served by asking the court to reconsider these.

"Aside from the inaccurate and mislead ing use of the term, 'the majority of the court,' the next prominent feature of the paper before us is the broad and sweeping solely that of Judge Advocate General fashion in which the applicant and his counsel declare that the court has 'ignored' or not considered evidence. A sample sentence is the following from paragraph 27, although the paper is largely made up of such remarkable statements:

Refer to Schley's Testimony. "The majority of the court has rejected

the whole of the testimony offered on behalf of the applicant and has not adverted to such testimony, and has entirely ignored the testimony of the applicant himself. "The court adjourned on the 7th of November last. Since that date its members

have been, with rare exceptions, in daily seasions, morning and afternoon, examining the evidence before them. It was their sworn duty to consider and weigh that evidence and the applicant and his counsel have no right to say that they have disregarded it. But it is particularly urged in paragraphs 24 and 27 and elsewhere in the objection that the applicant himself has been ignored. This is merely stated. not shown. We contend that the testimony of the applicant alone, upon direct and cross-examination, establishes the important facts generally of dilatoriness, vacillation and want of energy at Cienfuegos, and throughout the entire campaign, the particular of the retrograde movement, the disobedience of orders, of the inaccurate fallure to destroy Colon; injustice to Lieutenant Commander Hodgson and some

minor matters. Hold Right to Ignore.

"The facts of these points were all subetantially confirmed by the applicant's own testimony, so that, far from ignoring such testimony, they may have based its more important findings thereupon. But the court has a perfect right, after weighing it, to ignore any testimony. Neither the applicant, his counsel nor the judge advocate is to say what testimony it shall accept or what it shall reject. These matters may be argued, but their final determinais the province of the court. "It happened in the present inquiry that

Dragged-Down Feeling

In the loins.
Nervousness, unrefreshing sleep, despon-It is time you were doing something.
The kidneys were anciently called the reins—in your case they are holding the mins and driving you into serious trouble.

sands of testimonials prove that Hood's Sarsaparilla

a purely vegetable compound, acts with the most direct, beneficial effect on the kidneys. It contains the best and safest substances for correcting and toning these It thoroughly cleanses the blood and Strengthens all the bodily functions.

to prevent the flying squadron from destroy- the applicant while on the stand contra-

"By way of particular illustration Commodore Schley gave evidence with that of It is complained in paragraph 16 of the the following witnesses: Rear Admirals Commanders Rodgers, Wainwright, Schroeder and Hellner; Lieutenant Commanders Hodgson, Sutherland, Sharp, Marsh and Wood; Major Wood, U. S. M. C.; Lieutenants Hood and Reys and others.

Court's Power of Choice.

"In most cases these witnesses swore affirmatively to incidents of which Commodore Schley had no recollection. Where the matters thus in dispute were of importance and they generally were, was not only the right, but the duty, of the court to accept the one and reject the other, and to report in harmony with such decision. Every such action constitutes no ground for remanding the case for reconsideration.

under consideration are the statement in is as follows: paragraph I, that there was no 'specification' covering the voyage from Key West
to Clenfuegos, when this point is, in fact,
covered by the first and in part by the
second clause of the precept; the complaint that there was no place mentioned
in the McCalla memorandum at which a
comp of insurgents was located, when the camp of insurgents was located, when the Santiago. fact is that the court does not say that that the purpose was to destroy Colon and the officers in charge of the turrets of Massachusetts were instructed accordingly by the commodore in person.

Evidence Indisputable.

"Under the ninth clause of the precept: "The evidence adduced before the court from the bridge and from the engine room the first part of clause 8, that the flying that Texas was stopped and the first part of clause 8, that the flying the commodore Schiey second in Commodore Schley only for use in connecshowing that Texas was stopped and the first part of clause 8, that the flying

engaged in the battle of Santiago, the finding of which fact was absolutely necessary in order to determine properly the first specification of the precept as to the conduct of Commodore Schley in connection with the events of the Santiago cam-

paign. "If it is true that a finding by the court upon this question was absolutely necessary in order to determine properly the first specification of the precept, then it must be stated that counsel for the applicant failed of its duty during the inquiry. Several times in the course of the proceedings they brought this question into court and took it out again, without giving the court opportunity to rule upon it, once even withdrawing it so hastily as to interrupt the president of the court in a sentence that promised to be an adverse

Plain Duty.

"If they seriously believe as they now state to be the case, that the matter of command on July 3 was essential to the applicant's interest, it was their plain duty not only to bring the question before the court, but to insist on a hearing there and others interested should have been heard. To protest now upon it is to ask that another officer's interests he passed upon to his possible prejudice in his absence and without a hearing-a thing intolerable, whomsoever may be concerned.

"In conclusion we are satisfied that no good purpose would be served by remitting served with and under him, by official tele- the proceedings or any of the features of grams, letters and reports and by the logs this inquiry to the court. A more patient, of the several vessels of his squadron, and exhaustive and painstaking hearing was never given, greater consideration was never extended to any officer before a milltary court of inquiry. No expense was spared no convenience or facility denied. no courtesy refused. The applicant has "It is not by any means intended here had his day in court and the judgment is to say that the foregoing principal points against him. It is accordingly recommended that the proceedings be not reupon which the findings of the court are turned, but that the matter be concluded by the department's approval of the unani-

'We have the honor to be, "SAMUEL C. LEMLY, "Judge Advocate Court of Inquiry. "E. P. HANNA.

'Assistant to Judge Advocate.
"THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY." Long May Act Today.

The report as appears from its text is Lemly and Solicitor Hanna and as such it was laid before Secretary Long. The secretary said this afternoon that he would

not act upon the report today. He added that he would also withhold action today on the other matters pending connected with this issue, namely, Admiral Sampson's appeal and Admiral Schley's request to be allowed to be heard by argument on this appeal and the findings of the court of inquiry itself. There was an intimation, however, that all of these matters would receive attention tomorrow and would be finally disposed of as far as the department is concerned.

> Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quintne Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25

FIRE DESTROYS A HOSPITAL Excitement and Intense old Likely to Prove Fatal to Several

Patients.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Dec. 20 .- A special to the Daily News from Maryville, Mo., says: St. Joseph's hospital was almost completely and misleading official reports; neglect and destroyed by fire last night and the lives of twenty-five patients were jeopardized, fatal results being feared in several cases, owing to the shock and the zero weather into which the sick ones were carried for refuge from the flames. The thermometer registered 13 below zero at the time of the fire An overheated furnace was the origin. The estimated loss is \$6,000, fully covered by insurance. Residences were thrown open for the temporary accommodation of the patients.

Guthrie State Bank.

GUTHRIE, Okl., Dec. 20 .- The State bank and eight other business buildings were burned today at Francis, I. T., the total loss being estimated at \$60,000. Fire also destroved much business property at Stennet,

Sash and Blind Factory.

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 20 .- The Simon cases have proved what my remedy can do. Lumber company's warehouse, sash and blind factory and storage plant was destroyed by fire tonight, involving a loss of \$50,000.

Fixing the Dutch Boundary. THE HAGUE, Dec. 20.-Great Britain THE HAGUE. Dec. 20.—Great Britain having fully recognized the fact that the rights of The Netherlands are in no wise affected by the Paris arbitration of the boundary dispute between British Gulana boundary dispute between British Gulana cine. Wis.

Simply state Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia. Which book you Book No. 2 on the Heart. want and ad-Book No. 3 on the Kidneys. dress Dr. Shook No. 4 for Women. Box 661. Ra-Book No. 5 for men (sealed). Cine. Wis. and Venezuela, the government has ordered the delimination of the Dutch frontier.

Disapproval of Dewey's Report.

SAYS SCHLEY WAS NOT IN COMMAND

Theall Asserts that His Client Was the Acknowledged Commanderin-Chief at the Battle of

Santingo.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20 .- The objection of Admiral Sampson to that portion of Admiral Dewey's report of the Schley court of inquiry in which he says Admiral Schley was in command at the battle off Santiago and pearing court must do this when occasion arises and entitled to the credit for the victory was filed with Secretary Long today. The document was brought to the Navy department "Some of the minor misstatements of fact by Mr. E. S. Theall, the counsel for Admiral above referred to as appearing in the paper | Sampson and handed to the secretary. It

i-Commodore Schley was not in comfact is that the court does not say that there was such a place, but correctly paraphrases the memorandum; the statement that the McCalla memorandum was sent to be the manual for was in compact.

showing that Texas was stopped and backed to avoid possible collision with Brooklyn is indisputable. That danger and delay to Texas and loss of distance and position by Brooklyn were the immediate results of the loop executed by the latter ressel, is too clearly shown to admit of doubt, and the finding of the court upon this point is fully sustained by the evidence. "The majority of the court have entirely failed to determine as to who was in command of the American naval forces before the court of the original letters."

number of the ships than is the second in command.

It is true that the commander-in-chief could not have reached the most distant vessel by signals except by causing them to be repeated by an intermediate vessel—an entirely usual course, but it is equally true that the second in command could not have reached the remote vessels of the fleet (namely, the Indiana and the Gloucester), without likewise repeating signals. In this state of affairs the regulations of the navy and the customs of the sea place the command and the full-responsibility in the senior officer.

(b) The Brooklyn's maneuvers during the setion destroys any claim that Commodore Schley might have had as to the command. The finding and opinion show that to avoid danger to his own ship he maneuvered without warning to the rest of the ered without warning to the rest of the equadron and in disregard of the fleet for-

Decided Sampson in Command. II-The president of the United States and the Navy department had decided that

Admiral Sampson was in command at that battle and Commodore Schley second in battle and Commodore Schley second in command.

This fact was before the court, for the secretary's letter to the senate (date February 16, 1899) states that the Spanish squadron was destroyed "by our fleet under his (Sampson's) command. The advancement of Commodore Schley was proposed in recognition of his services as "next in rank" at the victory of Santiago.

III—The question as to who commanded at Santiago was not referred to the court for consideration. Evidence bearing on the point was excluded.

(a) If Commodore Schley was in command Admiral Sampson was not, and if the question as to which was in command was to be considered by the court surely Admiral Sampson became an interested party and under the precept was entitled to the hearing which was repeatedly refused him.

Court Inquired Into Schley's Conduct (b) The language of the precept excludes the question as to whom commanded at that battle. It directs the court to inquire into the conduct of Admiral Schley—not into the conduct of Admiral Schley-not into his status or as to whether or not he was in command—and to report its conclusions upon his conduct in connection with the events of the Santiago campaign.

(c) The judicial officers of the court maintained that this matter was outside the scope of the inquiry. They expressed willingness to go into it if their view should be overruled, but were in every instance sustained by the court. Thus at page 187 the assistant to the judge advocate said.

cate said.
"One further word as to a suggestion
just made as to the intention to show that just made as to the intention to show that Admiral Sampson was not in this battle, I wish to say that we do not understand that the question whether Admiral Sampson was or was not in the battle of Santiago is before the court. If it is we shall be happy to investigate it. Until the case takes that attitude it is improper to spread upon the record arguments and questions which proceed upon the theory that he is in the case." Counsel for the applicant withdrew the question.

which proceed upon the theory that he is in the case." Counsel for the applicant withdrew the question.

At page 490 of the record, the same matter being under discussion, Mr. Hanna said: "If it is the desire of the court to go into these things it would of course be proper that we should also go into them. It would not only be proper, but it would be necessary. We are thoroughly prepared to go into any discussion of them, provided the court desires to so enlarge and extend the gcope of this inquiry." Counsel for the applicant again failed to press the point and the court made no objection to Mr. Hanna's view. At pages 153 and 1980 there were similar rulings by the judge advocate. In the case of all those declarations there was acquiescence on the part of the court.

Reject Evidence.

(d) The court rejected evidence as to who commanded. On all the pages herein cited from the record the court rejected such evidence and nowhere was it admitted against objection.

Reject Evidence.

evidence and as a specifically ruled that this question was not before it. For example, at page 1,5%, where the question was as to the position of the commander-in-chief and of New York, and as to the part they took in the battle, Admiral Dewey said we do not want that, we have ruled that out. The judge advocate then asked if the court had so ruled, and Admiral Dewey replied: "We have and Admiral Dewey replied: "We have and Admiral Dewey replied: "We have the part New York out of it."

vocate then asked if the court had so ruled, and Admiral Dewey replied: "We have We have kept New York out of it." See also page 481.

(f) The court went so far as to rule at page 1,421, that Admiral Schley was not in command during the battle. The matter then before the court related to the periods during which Admiral Schley had been in absolute command and the judge advocate said: "Mr. Rayner, you are confining yourself to July 3, are you?"

Mr. Rayner in reply acquiesced in this

Let Me Tell You How to Get Well

Send me no money; simply state the book you want. It will tell you what I spent a lifetime in learning. With the book I will send an order on your druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's

Restorative, and he will let you test it a month. If satisfied, the cost is \$5.50. If it fails. I will pay your druggist myself. I do just as I say. Over half a million people have secured my treatment in that way and 39 out of each 40 have paid for it because they were cured. Not a penny is

accepted if it fails. There are 39 chances in 40 that I can cure take the extra risk, for those half million My way is to strengthen the inside nerves. f bring back the nerve power, which alone makes each vital organ do its duty. other remedy does that, and in most chronic diseases there is no other way to get well. Don't let doubt or prejudice keep you from

asking about it. Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. All druggists.

SAMPSON'S OBJECTION FILED shail be confined to between the first of May and the first of June, relating to the organization management and control of that squadron where he was actually commander in chief. Matters referring to his alleged command on July 3 were excluded. On page 1.433 the court confirms this description.

On page 1,432 the court confirms this decision.

(g)—All proposed questions on this subject were either rejected by the court or withdrawn by the applicant who finally acquisced in the decisions of the court and gave up his efforts in this behalf, saying:

"I bow respectfully to the decision of the court and I know exactly what it means."

Instances of the withdrawing of such questions and of their rejection by the court will be found in the record at pages 128, 157, 484, 4,800 and 4,600 (h)—The minority opinion expressed by 157, 484, 4800 and 1,080 (h)—The minority opinion expressed by Admiral Dewey in this matter is at variance with all the rulings of the court in this regard and directly contrary, as the letters wherein Admiral Dewey for the court defines Admiral Sampson's status.

Most Have Opportunity to Appear. The Navy department in its precept had justly provided that any person "interested might be given an opportunity of appearing before the court in person or by counsel and in protecting his rights. As counsel for the applicant ignored at times the court's rulings and spread upon Admiral Sampson, we, as his counsel, three separate times, appealed to the court asking for protection or for permission to appear and defend Admiral Sampson's rights. Each time our request was decided and we were assured that Admiral Sampson was not involved and finally Admiral Dewey, acknowledging the receipt of one of our letters in which we had appealed to him on the ground of this very question as to who commanded at Santiago, said: "I have to state that while the preception convening this court gives it authority to permit any person whom it may regard as concerned in the investigation to be present. The court considers that Admiral Sampson is not an interested party, and you are further informed. That if circumstances arise. The Navy department in its precept had ustly provided that any person inter-

(Continued from First Page.)

expansion has never before been presented to the American people. The nations of the world will exhibit, for mutual pleasure and profit, of the things they produce which will best typify and illustrate the results of their civilization, their progress and material development in everything that can contribute or is essential to the betterment of mankind. Thus will the world profit immeasurably by this commemoration of one of the greatest historical events in the life of one of its youngest republics.

The importance of this exposition as a means of educating ourselves and other means of educating ourselves and other the complete of those things. expansion has never before been presented

means of educating ourselves and other nations in the knowledge of those things that make us the foremost nation of the globe cannot be overestimated. It will be imposing and beneficial too, in that it will give to our social and industrial fabric a moral and intellectual significance that is the pride of America and the entire world. One of its chief values, however, will be in the opportunity for strengthening and cultivating more intimate social and industriating more intimate social and industivating more intimate social and indus-trial relations' between the states and be-tween the United States and foreign coun

Another great object to be accomplished Another great object to be accomplished, one that transcends all others, is the fact that this exposition is intended and will commemorate the first centennial of the greatest international event in our history, the one that marks the beginning of that national policy that has made us a world power, without which our present industrial and collited supremacy could never trial and political supremacy could never have been achieved.

World's Fair Commissioner John M. Allen of Mississippi, who was to have followed Mr. Tawney with an address, was detained in Kansas City and Governor Jefferson Davis of Arkansas was substituted. Governor Davis made a few remarks, confining himself almost wholly to a prediction of the world's fair success. He said:

I came from Arkansas, the greatest state in the Louisiana purchase, which joins hand in land with Missouri and St. Louis to make this the greatest fair ever held. Arkansas will make the finest exhibit of any state to be seen at the coming expessions. position.

Concludes with Banquet.

The day's celebration was concluded this vening at the Southern hotel, where 200 officers and directors of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company and their guests sat down to an elaborate banquet. At the table of bonor, in addition to World's fair officials, were the following: Governor Dockery of Missouri, Governor Van Sant of Minnesota, Governor F. P. Savage of Nebraska, General John C. Bates of Omaha, General Eli Torrence of Minneapolis, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic; Hon. D. W. Wooten, member of congress from Texas; Congressman Eddy of Minnesota, Colonel J. D. Oglesby of Illinois, Congressman Tawney of Minnesota and World's Fair National Commissioner

John M. Allen of Mississippi. Among other prominent guests present were: Mesers. J. J. Whitaker and J. C. Yancey, World's fair commissioners from Arkansas; Messrs. C. H. Ridge, H. T Clarke, Judge W. L. McGinness and Major T. S. larkson, commissioners from Nebraska; Messrs. Haywood and Hancock, commissioners from Iowa, and C. N. Travous, Henry C. Butler and John G. Brown of the Illinois World's fair commission.

Tonat to Late President.

acted as togetmaster, those present drank submit monthly reports to James J. Hill. in silence a toast to "Our departed and beloved president-William McKinley." Secretary Stevens then read letters of regret from a number of prominent persons throughout the country who were unable to be present. At this point Harlow N. Higinbotham, president of the Columbian exposition, whose regrets had been read, came in unexpectedly and those present cheered as he was welcomed by President Francis. The exercises that followed were entirely of an mpromptu nature.

Toastmaster Francis prefaced the general speech-making by a few remarks, in the ourse of which he emphatically stated that the World's fair would be held in 1903 as scheduled. Toasts were responded to by

the following speakers: Governor Dockery of Missouri, Hon. Harow N. Higinbotham of Chicago, Governor Van Sant of Minnesota, Governor Savage of Nebraska, Hon. John M. Allen, Colonel Oglesby of Illinois, General Torrence of dinnesota and Congressman Wooten of

NOT OPPOSED TO THE PENSION Russell Harrison Says He is Not Fighting Claim for Stepmother.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.-Colonel Russell B. Harrison, son of the late President Benjamin Harrison, was admitted to practice in the court of claims at its last session. Colonel Harrison, in reply to an inquiry concerning the reason for his presence in Washington, said:

"I have been here entirely on legal bustness. The report that I am opposing the granting of a pension to Mrs. Benjamin Harrison is absolutely without foundation. "I have hesitated to make reference to this matter, even to deny the truth of the idle rumor earlier, simply from a disincilyou. No matter how difficult your case, I nation to make reference to family matters.

Passengers on San Blas Safe. WASHINGTON, Dec. 20 .- A dispatch received today at the State department from

the United States consul general at San Sal vador says that the steamer San Blas, heretofore reported lost, is ashore near La Libertad and that the passengers are safe. William Deering Retires. CHICAGO. Dec. 20.—William Deering, founder of the Deering Harvester company, today retired from the company of which he has been the head for nearly a third of a century. Mr. Deering's retirement is due to his advanced age and ill-health.

Farewell.

GOVERNOR WILL RETURN TO PHILIPPINES

Expresses Satisfaction of Progress Wrought by Party and Declares

Wrong Impression Prevalls Abroad.

MANILA, Dec. 20 .- Over 4,000 members of the federal party called on Governor Taft today to bid him farewell and wish him a safe return.

The governor, reclining on a lounge, adthing else during the recent critical times. The reports circulated in the United States, founded on incidents connected with the war in Batangas province and the island of Samar, the governor said, tend to convey a wrong impression of the situation, which is really hopeful. Through its court considers that Admiral Sampson is not an interested party, and you are further informed that if circumstances arise wherein the opinion of the court render it necessary for Admiral Sampson to be represented due notice will be sent him."

Upon that promise Admiral Sampson relied. The notice came only in the form of a minority opinion by Admiral Dewey, discussing matters beyond the scope of the precept and nowhere included in the facts found by the court. mission had excellent means of acquiring information in the organized provinces, and it considers that there never was a time dates.

Feeling Not Warranted.

TURN THE FIRST SOD The military disaster in Samar had created an unfounded feeling of uneasiness ated an unfounded feeling of uneasiness concerning the condition of the people of the rest of the archipelago. The war in Satangas and Samar, kept up by misguided men, furnishes the only obstacle to obtaining liberal legislation on the part of con-

gress. pathized deeply with the best hopes of the people.

In conclusion the governor said he expected to be back before May, and he hoped to have the pleasure of presenting the federal party's memorial to the president. Civil government will be restored in the island of Cebu on January 1 of the coming

REPORTED CHANGE IN MEMPHIS Gould Faction, it is Said, Will Secure a Controlling In-

terest.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 20.-The Journal says: A report was current here today that George Gould, working with Nathaniel Thayer, had secured the controlling stock 78, died at the hospital in Kearney, Tuesin the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis day, December 10, after an illness of a railroad and that the Memphis system week. The funeral was held in Elm Creek would be taken out of the hands of the St. Louis & San Francisco, which has operated it for the last several months, and make it | peral was held here today. an independent property in which the Gould interests predominate.

According to this report Nathaniel Thayer, who has long been one of the principal stockholders in the Memphis system. with John Brown, who served in the union was dissatisfied with the operation of that for use on 'Frisco lines, leaving lines of day. He was born in London in 1820. the Memphis system unprovided for and had otherwise used the Memphis property for the benefit of the 'Frisco.

It is said Mr. Thayer and Mr. Gould conferred, with the result that Thayer agreed that if Gould would buy enough Memphis stock to give his own and the interests represented by Thayer control, that the property would be turned over to Gould management and that the plan has been fol-

EVERYTHING CENTERS IN HILL Burlington Adopts New System of Accounting Corresponding to Great Northern.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20 .- The Chronicle tomorrow will say: Hereafter the Burlington system is to be operated on the principle of a department store. Every representative of the company has been advised that he is to be the sole manager of his department and that his profits and losses will nent Grand Army of the Republic man be charged to him instead of the company ex-postmaster of Fort Scott, Kan., and for as a whole. Every representative, from eleven years connected with the St. Joseph the smallest up to the president, will keep Herald, was found dead in bed today, aged At the request of President Francis, who a strict account of his department and 60 years.

The entire accounting and bookkeeping system of the Burlington is to be revolutionized in this way in order that the auditings will correspond with the systemprevailing on the Great Northern road.

SCHEDULE OF FREIGHT RATES

Castiron Agreement Made Between Chicago and Missouri River Roads.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20 .- A castiron agreement on freight rates has been entered into by the executive officers of the roads operating between Chicago and the Missouri river. The officers, who have been in conference in this city for several days, today signed what they believe to be the strongest agreement ever considered by representatives of western lines.

One of the features of the new deal will be the publication of all export rates. The tariffs for export shipments have never been printed by these roads and the publication of them is the best evidence of the strength of the new pooling agreement.

Denver on Direct Const Route.

DENVER, Dec. 20.-The News today says: Denver is to be placed directly on the route of a transcontinental railroad. The Denver & Southwestern and the Colorado & Southern Railroad companies have

entered into a compact by which the much discussed South Park cutoff is to be con structed, giving Denver a direct route to Grand Junction. From that point it is intended, if satisfactory arrangements cannot be made with George Gould relative to traffic arrangements from Grand Junction to Salt Lake City, to build an independent road. Arrangements have been made with Senators Clark. Kearns and others interested in

the Pacific coast.

DISPENSE WITH MIDDLE MEN Baltimore & Ohio Will Handle Tourists Without So Many

Assistants

the new Salt Lake-Los Angeles road which

will insure direct railroad connection with

CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 20.-The Baltimore & Ohio railroad has announced that hereafter it proposes to dispense with the servdressed 150 of the most prominent of his ices of middle men in handling its tourist visitors, saying that he was touched and business. To take the place of the middle honored by their presence. The organiza- men a book of coupons will be issued tion, he added, had done so much toward which can be used for railroad fare, side bringing about peace and giving the coun- trips, meals, transfer charges and hetel try a stable party that it augered more for bills. Under the new arrangement the railthe success of American labors than any. reads hope to turn into their passenger receipts the money that has been paid to the

tourist agents. Agree to Colonist Rates.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20 .- At a meeting of general passenger agents of the roads west from Chicago in Chicago today, colonists officers, the constabulary and the provincial rates for the rest of the winter were agreed to. They will be \$33 from Chicago to California one way and \$30 to Montana points. Tickets will be sold on certain

> Another Adjournment Without Action CHICAGO, Dec. 20 .- Stockholders of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway met today and adjourned again without action until next Friday.

DEATH RECORD.

Secretary to Li Hung Chang. PEKIN, Dec. 20.-William H. Pethick, an American who had been private secretary and diplomatic adviser to Li Hung Chang Continuing the governor said he would for thirty years died here today. Mr. Pereturn here. He liked the Filipinos and thick inspired most of Li Hung Chang's regretted leaving at this particular time | progressive schemes and was the author of But it was a comfort to know that the du- his famous anti-opium manifests. He leaves ties of the office were in the hands of Vice an unfinished book on Li Hung Chang and Governor Wright, an able lawyer, who sym- his times, upon which he had worked for several years past. Pethick's book contains many revelations concerning Chinese diplomacy.

James G. Fisher.

TABLE BOCK, Neb., Dec. 29 .- (Special.) -James G. Fisher, who died on Tuesday morning, was buried by the Odd Fellows vesterday, the funeral services being conducted by Rev. P. C. Johnson, D. D., past grand master. Mr. Fisher was a member of the school board for several years, and the schools closed, permitting teachers and pupils to attend the funeral

Two Ploneers Die at Elm Creek. ELM CREEK, Neb., Dec. 20 .- (Special.)-Two old residents of the vicinity of Elm Creek died this week. James Smith, aged today. Aaron Hedges died yetserday at

11 a. m., after a month's illness. The fu-

Colonel R. J. Hinton. LONDON, Dec. 20 .- Colonel Richard Josiah Hinton, the well known co-worker rmy from 1861 to 1865 and later edited property by the 'Frisco, believing the latter various newspapers in Washington, New road had taken Memphis route equipment | York and San Francisco, died in London to-

Minnesota Town Builder.

SAUK CENTER, Minn., Dec. 21.-Alexpder Moore, who was the second merchant in Minucapolis and promoted the townsite interests of Fair Haven, Clearwater, Little Falls and other towns in Minnesota, died here this morning. He was born in the District of Columbia in 1825.

A. L. Gillespie.

STILLWATER, Minn., Dec. 20 .- A. L. Gillespie, who for more than twenty-five years has been closely identified with business interests of Stillwater, died suddenly today of heart failure. He was formerly member of the firm of Gillespie & Harper doing lumbering and steamboating business. He was 67 years old.

John B. Campbell.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 20 .- John B. Campbell, president of the Chamber of Commerce association of Kansas City, Kan, a promi-

Captain Thomas O'Hara.

PEORIA, Ill., Dec. 20.-Captain Thomas O'Hara, one of the best known of the Illipols river pilots, died at his home in this

Alexander Gunn. ABILENE, Kan., Dec. 20.-Alexander

city today, aged 64 years.

Gunn of Herington, Kan., died here today from the effects of cold weather. He claimed to be 116 years old.

CRESTON, Ia., Dec. 20 .- (Special.) -- Mrs Sarah Barnes, wife of Dr. Barnes, died

yesterday. The body was taken to Illinois for burial. Eczema, So Cure, So Pay. Your druggist will refund your money it

PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases; 50 cents.

Skeleton on Fing Pole. CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 20.—Early in the morning the residents of Cambridge were surprised to see a skeleton hanging from the top of the flagpole on Cambridge common. No one knows how it got there, but the incident is laid to a secret society which is supposed to exist at Harvard un-der the name of the "Med Fac." The skel-eton was so securely fastened that it was impossible to take it down.

Digests

Dyspepsia Cure
The agony you suffer after eating, that feeling of fullness, flatulence (wind on the stomach) and belching is caused by decay of undigested food which forms a gas that distends the walls of the stomach and exerts a pressure against all the internal organs. The eating of more food forces out part of this gas and causes belching. Just take a little

KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE. It will relieve you at once. It never fails to permanently cure the worst cases of indigestion and dyspepsia. "I suffered untold pains from indigestion which were always worse aftereating. Two bottles of Kodol Dyspersia Cure made me a well man and life now seems worth living. Peter Sherman, No. Stratford, N. H." It can't help but do you good
Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The \$1. bottle contains 2% times the 50c. size.

The favorite household remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippa throat and lung troubles is ONE MINUTE Cough Cure. It cures quickly

For Christmas CHAFING DISHES.

5 O'CLOCK TEAS. Artistic designs, many entirely new, at prices from \$2 to \$15.

CARVING SETS. ROAST CARVERS. GAME CARVERS. BREAKFAST CARVERS

Elegant patterns in stag, ebony, pearl and tusk mountings in Euglish and American brands, from \$1.25 to \$15 per set.

ROGERS' SILVER KNIVES. FORKS AND SPOONS, POCKET KNIVES, SCISSORS, RAZORS. STAR SAFETY RAZORS.

BARNEY & BERRY, WINSLOW, KLIPPER KLUB.

SKATES

A big line of new patterns from 50c

SLEDS AND COASTERS

Many styles for boys and girls from Milton Rogers

NOONDAY LUNCH.

& Sons 14th and Farnam Streets.

Continental Restaurant, 1420 Douglas St. SPECIAL TODAY.

Omaha, December 21, 1901. egetable Soup, 10. Mock Turtle, 10, Baked Whitefish au Gratin, 20, Boiled Ox Tongue, Piquant Sauce, 20. Roast Prime Beef au Jus, 20. Extra Cut, 30. Roast Loin of Pork, Apple Sauce, 20. Stewed Tomatoes, 5. Potatoes in Cream, 5.

Sugar Corn. 5. Fried Spring Chicken, Family Style, 25. Hamburger Steak, Mushroom Sauce, 25 Individual Baked Pork and Beans, 15. Chicken Salad, Mayonnaise, 20. Green Apple, Mince, Gooseberry, Peach or

Lemon Meringue Pie. 5. Baked Apple Dumpling, Lemon Sauce, 10. Bread, Butter and Potatoes included with fish and meat orders.

Best Cup of Coffee in Omaha, 5c. CLEANLINESS OUR MOTTO.



the building up Mula Nation (Son of health. Sold at all first-class cafes and by jobbers.
WM LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md. A HOME PRODUCT

Better than imported

Cook's Imperial

EXTRA DRY

Delicious—invigorating—harmless. Absolutely pure. AMUSEMENTS BOYD'S | TONIGHT.

MATINEE TODAY **ANDREW ROBSON** "RICHARD CARVEL."

Prices-Matinee, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1. Night, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1,50. Next Attraction.
Sunday Matinee and Night and
Monday Night.
MASON & MASON

"RUDOLPH & ADOLPH." Prices-Mat., 25c, 50c; Night, 25c, 50c, 75c.

3 Nights Only, Beginning Dec. 30

HENRY IRVING MISS ELLEN TERRY And The London Lyceum Company, Monday at 8:15, "MERCHANT OF VENICE."

Tuesday at 8 Sharp, "WATERLOO" and MME. SANS-GENE. Wednesday at 8:15, "NANCE OLDFIELD" and "THE BELLS" PRICES-50c, \$1, \$2, \$2.50 and \$3.

Sale of seats opens Thursday, Dec. 26. O ORGIONTON

SEATS NOW ON SALE. Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, 2:15; Every Evening, 8:15. HIGH CLASS VAUDEVILLE. The Florenz Troupe, Gardner and Maddern, The 3 Brooklyns, Four Juggling Beemers, Cora Tracy, Morrisey and Rich and The Kinodrome.

Prices, 10c, 25c and 16c

Miaco'sTrocadero MATINEE TODAY-10c. 20c. performance SNELLBAKER'S MA-

JIM JEFFRIES COMPANY Good preliminaries. Four-round boxing contest between Jim and Jack Jeffries. SUNDAY MATINEE—The big show-propian Burlesquers.

Champion of the World. JACK JEFFRIES. BILLY DELANEY & CO.

At Trocadero,

JAMES JEFFRIES.

Saturday Evening, Dec. 21, 1901