DEBATE PAYNE'S BILL

(Continued from First Pags.)

Britain and thereby secure a reciprocity treaty, than to be an inhabitant of the Philippines, which we hold as a part and Millard on Civil Service, Interstate parcel of this country. He said that a proper solution of the Philippine question would be a declaration by congress that the inhabitants of the islands should be given independence as soon as a safe and stable government could be maintained.

Mr. Thayer of Massachusetts, in a fifteenminute speech, explained the reasons which induced him to oppose the passing of the bill. He declared that we had overpowered the Filipinos, but had not conquered them; the same spirit of liberty which led them to rebel against the tyranny of Spain still animated them. This bill, which proposed to tax them at both ends of the line, would naturally arouse their resentment.

Grosvenor Takes a Hand.

Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio called attention to the fact that the republican administration | Quay. had tried to avoid the war with Spain.

"At that time," said he, "the same thoughtless cry of liberty rang through this hall. I believe if it had not been for the expiosion of the Maine there would not have been any war, but that all the results which have followed would have been worked out except the acquisition of the Philippines. I wish the opposition would stand with us as loyally in bearing the burdens of that war as it was in driving us into it. (Applause.) Mr. Grosvenor recalled the storm of critleism against a similar bill for the benefit

of Porto Rico. But it had passed and money had been made available. Mr. Grosvenor described the beneficient result of the bill in the island of Porto Rico. Turning to the question of reciprocity he declared that the republican party was

practically solid as to what should be done. Those who were yelling for tariff revision, he said, were about as numerous for the amount of no'se they make as was the coyote which disturbed Grant's slumber on the western plains. Refer to McKinley's Speech.

"Has the gentleman forgotten the last speech of the late President McKinley?"

asked Mr. Thayer of Massachusetts. 'I have not," answered Mr. Grosvenor "I wish the gentleman would take that eridge, Dillingham. speech and read it and act upon it. If he

odd per cent." Referring to the provision in the bill relative to the suspension of the coastwise navigation laws on vessels plying be- Mitchell, Kearns, Burton. tween the United States and the Philippines Mr. Gresvenor said the provision was necessary because of congested trade.

Since this bill was proposed," he said, may soon be able to come to the rescue. If that process is true the provision can be stricken out in the senate."

Speaking of the Taft commission he was saying that one of the members of that linger, Hansbrough, Pritchard, Stewart, commission was a distinguished Tennessee Dillingham, Foster (Washington) Wellingdemocrat when Mr. Pearce of Tennessee ton. interrupted to say that in the campaign of 1900 Luke E. Wright, to whom Mr. Gros- Warren, Simon, Scott, Quarles, McCumber, venor had referred, had voted the straight | Wellington. republican ticket.

Spirit of Independence Alive.

Mr. Shafroth of Colorado, who has recently returned from the Philippines, vigorously opposed the bill. He declared that there were many popular misapprehensions about the Filipino people. There highly educated class among them, perfectly capable of conducting a government and of governing themselves. A government by strangers must fail in many re spects.

Mr. Shafroth went over a list of the entaries paid to the American officials in the Philippines to show the interests of the poor natives who paid the taxes.

Mr. Shafroth declared that the spirit of independence and liberty lived in the Filipino as well as the American and that until the Filipinos were free the situation could not be satisfactory to them or to us.

Mr. De Armond of Missouri, who also has recently returned from the Philippines. aroused much enthusiasm on the democratic side by a denunciation of the pending measure and of the entire policy of the administration.

De Armond Denounces Policy.

He declared that the bill proposed legislating after the manner of the empire. It disregarded the rights of the Filipinos as well as the American representatives. It legislation by the War department, legislation by alien for alien. He declared the pecessity of taking the islands or of keeping them out (democratic applause). We acquired them in folly," said he,

"let us dispose of them in wisdom. Almost every man in the islands longs for independence and liberty. How long will it be before another insurrection breaks out? Who can tell how many of our youth it will lay away in country churchyards, how many foliars of extra levy it will cost the people? How much better would it be for us to return to the principles of any American party and make an end of our troubles. Why not dispose of them to some country that wants colonies, and disposition of them better than retention?"

Calls It Imperialistic.

Mr. Patterson of Tennessee denounced the bill as tending toward imperialism and against the interests of the whole country. The democrats, he said, had always favored the acquisition of territory which could be carved into states with American citizen ship, but opposed any colonial system.

Mr. Robertson of Louislana, a member of the ways and means committee, said he would vote for the bill. The failure of this bill, he said, in effect would mean free trade with the islands, and he was opposed to bringing the sugar and rice planters of Louisiana into free competition with the sugar and rice producers of the Philippines. This bill would be a notice to the Filipino people that they never could hope for equal rights with the American citizen States-Depew, Burrow, Pritchard, Mitchell, and must prepare for independence. He Burnham. said he believed free trade with the Philippines and reciprocity with Cuba, which was now threatened, would annihilate the sugar interests of his state.

The house then, at 5 p. m., adjourned.

SENATE AMENDMENT PASSES

Motion to Change District of Colum bin Code of Law Act is Successful.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17 .- Soon after the senate convened today a joint resolution making some amendments to the act "to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia" was reported and passed. After the transaction of purely Youtine business McLaurin. the senate at 12:35 p. m., on motion of Mr. Allison, went into executive session.

No Gripo, Pain Or discomfort, no irritation of the in-

NAMES SENATE COMMITTEES

Republican Assignments Are Reported in Tuesday's Caucus.

NEBRASKA MEN RECEIVE APPOINTMENTS

Commerce and Interoceante Canal -Dietrich on Philippines and Coast Defense.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17 .- The republican senators met in caucus today to hear the report of the committee on committees which had completed the republican assignments. The report was made by Senator Platt of Connecticut, chairman of the committee. The report of the committee was The democrats caucused later in the day. The republican membership of the senate committees will be as follows: Appropriations-Allison, Hale, Cullom, Perkins, Sewell, Warren, Wetmore and

Finance-Aldrich, Allison, Platt (Conecticut), Burrows, Platt (New York), Hansbrough, Spooner, Jones (Nevada). Foreign Relations-Cullom, Frye, Lodge

Clark (Wyoming), Foraker, Spooner, Fairbanks, Kean. Commerce-Frye, McMillan, Elkins, Nel-

son, Gallinger, Penrose, Hanna, Mason, Depew, Perkins. Judiciary-Hoar, Patt (Connecticut). Clark (Wyoming), Fairbanks, Simon, Nelson, McComas, Depew.

Interstate Commerce-Elkins, Cullom, Aldrich, Kean, Dolliver, Foraker, Clapp, Millard. Interoceanic Canals-Hawley, Platt (New

York), Hanna, Pritchard, Mitchell, Millard, Kittredge. Naval Affairs-Hale, Perkins, McMillan, Platt (New York), Hanna Penrose, Gal-

linger. Philippines-Lodge, Allison, Hale, Proctor. Beveridge, Burrows, McComas, Dietrich. Military Affairs-Hawley, Proctor, Sewell,

Warren, Burrows, Quarles, Scott. Postoffices and Postroads-Mason, Penrose, Elkins, Dolliver, Lodge, Deboe, Beveridge, Dillingham, Mitchell. Privileges and Elections-Burrows, Hear, Pritchard, McComas, Foraker, Depew, Bev

Relations with Cuba-Platt of Connectidoes he will rise in my estimation ninety cut, Aldrich, Cullom, McMillan, Spooner, Deboe, Burnham. Pacific Islands and Porto Rico-Foraker.

Depew, Wetmore, Foster of Washington, Public Lands-Hansbrough, Nelson, Clark (Wyoming), Bard, Kearns, Gamble, Burton,

Dietrich. Indian Affairs-Stewart, Platt (Connec-"I learn that possibly we were in error ticut), Quarles, McCumber, Bard, Quay, as to our facts and the constwise vessels Clapp, Gamble, McLaurin (South Carolina.) Agriculture and Forestry-Proctor, Hansbrough, Waren, Foster (Washington), Dolliver, Quarles Quay.

District of Columbia-McMillan, Gal-

Public Building and Grounds-Fairbanks. Territories-Beveridge, Sewell, Dilling-

am Neison, Bart, Quay, Burnham. Rules-Spooner, Aldrich, Hoar, Elkins. Census-Quarles, Hale, Platt (New York), McCumber, McComas, Burton, Gamble. Claims--Warren, 'Mason, Btewart, Mc-Cumber, Kean, Clapp, Burnham, Kittredge, McLaurin (South Carolina)

Printing-Platt (New York), Elkins. Immigration-Penrose, Fairbanks, Lodge Mason, Sewell, Proctor. Insular Survey-Foster Coast and

(Washington), Hawley, McMillan, Fairbanks. Wellington. Auditing and Control of Contingent Expenses of the Senate-Jones (Nevada), Gai-

linger, Kean. Civil Service and Retrenchment-Perkins, Lodge, Elkins, Platt (New York), Millard. Coast Defenses-Mitchell, Hawley, Burrows. Penrose. Dietrich. Wellington. Corporations Organized in the District of

Columbia-Aldrich, McMillan, Wellington. Education and Labor-McComas, Penrose, Dolliver, Clapp, Burnham. Engrossed Bills-Hoar and Clapp.

Enrolled Bills-Sewell and Hanna. Establish the University of the United States-Deboe, Frye, Foraker, Wetmore Burnham, Kittredge, Wellington,

Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service-Clapp, Foraker, Hoar and Deboe. Fisheries-Bard, Proctor, Mason, Foster Forest Preservation and the Protection of Game-Burton, Defew, Perkins, Clark (Wyoming), Pritchard, Kearns, Kittredge. Geological Survey-Kean, Elkins, Allison Fairbanks.

McLaurin (South Carolina.) Depredations-Gamble, Deboe,

Beveridge, Dillingham, Kearns, Dietrich. Irrigation and Reclamation of Arid Lands -Simon, Warren, Stewart, Quarles, Bard, the supreme court of Porto Rico. Quay, Kearns, Dietrich. Library-Wetmore and Hansbrough

Manufactures-McCumber, Mason, Foster Washington), McLaurin (South Carolina). Illinois, no district named. Mines and Mining-Scott, Stewart, Hanna, Clark (Wyoming), Kearns. Organization, Conduct and Expenditures

of the Executive Departments-Quay, Wetmore, Mason, Beveridge, McLaurin (South Carolina). Pacific

Stewart, Millard. Patents-Pritchard, Platt (Connecticut), McComas, Kittredge. Pensions-Gallinger, Pritchard, Deboe,

McCumber, Scott, Foster, Burton, Simon. Private Land Claims-Hale, Kean, Gamble, Burton. Public Health and National Quarantine-Jones (Nevada), Gallinger, Spooner, Deboe,

Depew Railroads - Clark (Wyoming), Nelson, L6dge, Hawley, Wetmore, Scott, Bard. Relations with Canada-Hanna, Hoar, Hale, Fairbanks, Cullom. Revision of the Laws of the United

Revolutionary Claims-Simon, Gallinger Millard. Transportation Routes to the Seaboard-

Dillingham, Clark (Wyoming), Perkins, Gamble, McLaurin.

Select Committees to Investigate the Condition of Potomac River Front at Washngton-Millard, Frye, Scott, Beveridge, Woman Suffrage-Wetmore, Bard, Mitchell. Additional Accessions for the Library of

Congress-Cultom, Allison, Mitchell. Five Civilized Tribes of Indians-Burton. Dietrich, Kittridge. Transportation and Sale of Meat Products-McCumber, McComas, Clapp.

Industrial Expositions-Burnham, Hawley, Hansbrough, Lodge, Scott, Wellington, National Banks-Kearns, Burrows, Pen-

Investigate Trespassers Upon Indian Lands-Dietrich and Simon. Standards, Weights and Measures-Kittredge, Simon, Dolliver.

Democratic Appointments

Agriculture and Forestry-Bate, Money, Heitfeld, Simmons Appropriations-Cockrell, Teller, rillman, Daniel. Indian Affairs-Morgan, Jones (Arkan-

sas), McLaurin, Harris, Dubois, Clark (Montana). Coast and Insular Survey-Morgan, Berry,

lay, Cublerson Contingent Expenses of the Senate-Money. Patterson. Census-McEnery, Tallaferro, Blackburn,

Balley Civil Service and Retrenchment-Harris, Bate, Dubois, McLaurin (Mississippi). Claims-Teller, Martin, McLaurin (Mis-(issippl), Foster (Louistana). Coast Defenses-Turner, Culberson, Tal-

inferro, Clay, Simmons. Commerce-Vest, Berry, Turner, Martin Clay, Mallory

Corporations in the District of Columbia -Martin, chairman, Blackburn, Districh of Columbia-Martin, Mallory, Heitfeld, Clark (Montana), Foster (Louis-

Education and Labor-Daniel, Harris, Carmack, Gibson. Engrossed Bills-Cockrell, chairman. Enrolled Bills-Foster (Louisiana).

Arkansas), Clay, Carmack, Blackburn. To Examine the Civil Service-Heitfeld, Culberson, Simmons. Finance-Vest, Jones (Arkansas), Daniel

University of the United States-Jones

Teller Money. Fisheries-Turner, McEnery, Bailey. Foreign Relations-Morgan, Bacon, Money, Rawlins, Balley.

Forest Reservations-Morgan, Tillman, Gibson, Simmons. Geological Survey-Money, Rawlins, Cock-

Immigration-Rawlins, Turner, Clay, Mc-Laurin (Mississippi), Patterson. Improvement of the Mississippi River-Bate, McEnery, McLaurin (Mississippi). Indian Depredations - Bacon, Martin

Berry, Pettus, McLaurin (Mississippi). Interoceanic Capals-Morgan, chairman; Harris, Turner, Foster (Louisiana) Interstate Commerce-Tillman, McLaurin, armack, Foster, Patterson, Irrigation-Harris, Heitfeld, Bailey, Pat-

terson, Gibson. Judiciary-Bacon, Pettus, Turner, Culberson. Blackburn. Library-Harris, Vest.

Military Affairs-Bate, Cockrell, Pettus,

Harris. Mines and Mining-Tillman, Heitfeld Clark Dubois. Naval Affairs-Tillman, McEnery, Mc-

Laurin, Blackburn. Pacific Islands and Porto Rico-Cockrell Mallory, Blackburn, Clark. Pacific Railroads-Morgan, Harris, Raw lins. Talleferro.

Pensions-Turner, Taliaferro, Patterson, Carmack, Gibson. Philippines-Rawlins, Culberson, Duboic Carmack, Patterson.

Patents-Mallory, Heitfeld, Foster,

Postoffice and Postroads-Clay, Culberson Taltaferro, Dubols, Printing-Jones. Private Land Claims-Teller, chairman; McEnery, Pettus.

Privileges and Elections-Pettus, Black burn, Dubois, Balley, Foster. Public Buildings and Grounds-Vest Rawlins, Turner, Culberson, Simmons, Public Health and National Quarantine-Vest, chairman; McEnery, Mallory, Culber-

Public Lands-Berry, McEnery, Heitfeld McLaurin, Gibson. Railroads-Bacon, Pettus, Money, Car

mack. Relations with Canada-Jones, Bailey Clark. Relations with Cuba-Teller, Money, Tallaferro, Simmons

Revision of the Laws of the United States -Daniel, Bailey, Patterson. Revolutionary Claims-Tillman, chairman: Bate.

Potomac River Front-Martin, Bacon, Rules-Teller, Cockrell, Bacon Territories-Bate, Heitfeld, Bailey, Pat

Transportation Routes-Turner, Daniel Heitfeld, Dubois. Woman Suffrage-Bacon, Berry. Accommodations for Library of Congress Berry, chairman; Vest.

Five Civilized Tribes-Bate, chairman 'eller. Meat Products-Daniel, chairman: Vest. Industrial Expositions-Daniel, Cockrell, Jones, Carmack, Gibson.

National Banks-McEnery, Gibson. Trespassers upon Indian Lands-Morgan. Standard Weights and Measurements-Clark Carmack

OFFICERS READY FOR DUTY Senate Confirms Long List of Nomi nations for Various Federal

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17 .- The senate to day confirmed these nominations:

To be United States district judges George B. Adams, southern district of New York: Thomas Jones, northern and middle Improvement Mississippi River and Its districts of Alabama; Robert W. Archbald, Tributaries-Nelson, Dolliver, Millard and middle district of Pennsylvania; Benjamin F. Keller, southern district of West Virginia; A. M. J. Cochran, eastern distric of Kentucky.

James H. McLeary, associated justice of Judges of the United States court of

Indian territory: William H. H. Clayton, central district; Charles W. Raymond of Judges of the supreme court of New Mexico: William J. Mills, chief justice: John R. McFie and Frank W. Parker, as-

sociate justices. Judges of the supreme court of Oklahoma: John H. Burford, chief justice; B. Railroads - Dolliver, Foraker, T. Hainer and B. F. Burwell, associate

justices. H. O. Townsend, judge of the courts of Indian territory. United States attorneys: William B. John

son, southern district of Indian territory H. Willins, central district of Indian territory; L. H. Valentine, southern district of California; P. L. Sopher, northern district of Indian territory; Nathan B. Harland, third division, district of Alaska; James D. Elliott, district of South Dakota John S. Dean, district of Kansas; E. M. Cranston, district of Colorado. United States marshals: Benjamin

Hackett, central district of Indian territory; Creighton M. Foraker, territory of New Mexico. Leo E. Bennett, northern district Indian territory. William E. Sanger, assistant secretary o

William F. Willoughby, treasurer of the sland of Porto Rico. T. W. Fox, register of the land office at Clayton, N. M.

Charles A. Prouty, Interstate commerce ommissioner. Robery S. Rodie, supervising inspector of steam vessels for the Second district. W. L. Toose, postmaster at Woodburn

IDENTIFIES TRAIN ROBBER Detectives Say Man Under Arrest a

Knoxville Was a Participant

in Montana Holdup. tively identified the man under arrest here

fuses to talk.

REOPENING OF SCHLEY CASE duced a bill today making the birthday of william McKinley, January 29, a national

Resolutions Introduced in House Strongly Commond the Admiral.

ENDORSE DEWEY OPINION AS OFFICIAL

Efforts Will Be Made to Place Schley on Retired List with Full Rank, Pay and Emoluments.

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WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.-Representative Wheeler of Kentucky, a member of the house committee on naval affairs, today in- shoddy. troduced a resolution for an investigation of the Schley case. The resolution recites the results of the recent court of inquiry and adds:

Whereas, Admiral George Dewey, recognized as the foremost naval officer of the republic, entirely disagrees and dissents from the opinion of his colleagues on said board of inquiry; and,

Whereas, The American people desire that the conduct of Rear Admiral Schley should be investigated and passed on by citizens of the republic in no wise connected or identified with the Navy department, therefore, be it

nected or identified with the Navy de-partment; therefore, be it Resolved. That the committee on naval affairs of the house of representatives be directed to inquire into the condact of Rear Admiral Schley from the time he asto and including the engagement with the the treasury. McComas Has Resolution.

given to send for persons and papers. Senator McComas of Maryland will tomorrow introduce the following resolution: Whereas, Commedere Schley was the senior officer of our squadron off Santiago when the Spanish squadron attempted to escape on the morning of July 3, 1898; and

Provision is made for a report to the

escape on the morning of July 3, 1898; and
Whereas, He was in absolute command
and is entitled to the credit due to such
commanding officer for the glorious victory
which resulted in the total destruction of
the Spanish ships; be it.
Enacted, etc., That Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley of the United States
navy, retired, be hereafter paid out of any
money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated the same pay and allowances he
received as rear admiral on the active list
of said navy at the date of his retirement
by reason of age.

Others Fall in Line.

Others Fall in Line. Representative Griffith of Indiana introduced a resolution for an investigation of Chadwick and the small amounts received by Admiral Schley and the captains of the ships participating in the Santiago battle are set forth as among the subjects to be

nvestigated. Representative Schirm of Maryland introduced resolutions which it was to a considerable extent represent the views of the Maryland delegation in congress. After mentioning the opinion of Admiral Dewey the resolution recites as follows:

Sentiment of Maryland.

That the opinion and finding of Admiral George Dewey be and it is hereby endorsed as the only opinion and finding justified by the evidence adduced and pertinent facts established before the court of inquiry.

That the thanks of congress are hereby extended to the said Rear Admiral Schley, retired, and to the officers and men under his command for their brave and efficient conduct in achieving the victory over the conduct in achieving the victory over the Spanish fleet under the command of Ad-

niral Cervera. That Rear Admiral Schley be placed upon the list of retired rear admirals of the United States davy, with the full rank, erade, privileges, empluments and pay of Representative Gains of Tennessee in- and from St. Louis to Weston and St. Jo- bers representing the other political canroduced a resolution reciting the "unparalleled achievement of Admiral Schley

with consummate skill and terrible celer-The resolution makes the opinion of Admiral Dewey the opinion of congress. resolution giving the thanks of congress

o Admiral Schley. Representative Cummings of New York ntroduced a resolution directing the secretary of the pavy to present a sword of his children are prominent in California. honor to Admiral Schley and to strike off He was born at Jonesboro, Tenn., and when honor to Admiral Schley and to strike off He was born at Jonesboro, Tenn., and when bronze "Schley medals" for the officers a boy drove a stage from Jonesboro to HARMONY IS THE WATCHWORD and men who participated in the battle of Santiago. An appropriation of \$10,000 is

Mr. Butler of Missouri introduced a resolution that the views of Admiral Dewey be accepted as the views of congress. Schley's Counsel Ready.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17 .- Attorney General sidor Rayner, counsel for Admiral Schley, oday finished the draft of the formal document to be delivered tomorrow to Secretary Long protesting against the finding of the ourt of inquiry. Tomorrow Mr. Rayner will carry the draft of the protest to Washington and after he and Admiral Schley have conferred over it a copy will be pre pared for transmission to Secretary Long. First of all, the protestors will claim that the findings of the court should be set aside on the broad ground that they are not in accordance with the evidence, and following this each point in the report. such as the charges of dilatoriness, disobedience of orders, the sending of misleading dispatches, the controversy with Lieutenant Hodgson, the famous loop, etc., will be touched upon in turn and the saltent

charges pointed out. Practically the protest will be a review of the evidence in the case, submitted in such a way that Secretary Long will have an opportunity to pass on the whole contro-

features of the evidence disproving these

Sampson Side is Active.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17 .- Stayton & Campbell, attorneys for Rear Admiral Sampson are engaged in drawing up a formal protest against the minority finding of Admiral Dewey in the Schley court of inquiry. Mr.

Campbell said today: We are preparing a brief and have until Thursday afternoon to file it. It is based in the record of the court. Three times in Thursday afternoon to file it. It is based on the record of the court. Three times in behalf of Admiral Sampson there was a tender of evidence to show who was in command at the battle of Santiago. The court ruled that such testimony was inadmissible and the question was not gone into. As a matter of fact Rear Admiral Sampson's flag was never down at Santiago, and he was in command of the squadron. The question of command at Santiago has already been passed upon by the court of claims, which awarded that honor to Admiral Sampson.

CABINET RECOMMENDATIONS Secretary Gage Urges More Severe Penalties for Crime of

Counterfeiting.

deficiency estimates aggregating \$5,000,006

of which \$4,000,000 is a deficiency for ord-

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17 .- Secretary Root today sent to congress estimates of \$100, 000,000 for barracks and quarters in the Philippines outside of Manila. Secretary Long sent to congress naval

nance. Secretary Gage sent to congress the draft of a bill providing more severe punishments KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 17.-Lowell for repeated offenses of counterfeiting. He Spence, a Pinkerton detective, today posi- says that of the 606 convictions each year 50 per cent are against persons previously as Harvey Logan, one of the alleged Great | convicted. He therefore recommends that Northern express robbers. He says this on a second conviction the maximum senman was seen in Nashville with the woman tence be given, on a third conviction the who was arested there with a quantity of maximum and five years additional and on Montana bank money. The man still re- a fourth conviction twenty-five years. Representative Smith of Michigan intro

holiday. Several of the well known police chiefs of the country were heard today by the house committee on judiciary in favor of a bureau of criminal identification, as provided in a bill introduced by Representative Jenkins of Wisconsin. The proposed bureau is to collect pictures, measurements and decriptions of all criminals. The committee took no action.

Representative Grosvenor of Ohio today introduced a bill applying the principle of the oleomargerine law to shoddy woolen goods. It provides that all manufacturers of shoddy goods shall tag them in plain letters and figures showing the percentage of wool and of shoddy. Tailors and clothiers are required to tag all garments so as to show the percentage of wool and The house committee on pensions today

unanimously adopted an extended set of rules to govern consideration of private pension bills. The maximum rate which will be allowed to the widows of officers is \$50 a month to widows of major generals, brigadier generals, commodors and rear ad-No bill will be considered unless previous reasons.

application has been made to the pension bureau or while an application is pending. Delegate Wilcox of Hawaii today introduced a bill making the leper colony of Hawaii a United States government reservation and providing that the colony shall duties. be under the control of the secretary of

DRAMATIC RECITAL IN COURT house of representatives and authority is Samuel Stevenson Tells of Influence Exerted by Dowle in Con-

trolling Dupes.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Testimony was offered before Judge Tulley today in the suit for the appointment of a receiver for John Alexander Dowle's Zion lace industries, to show that Dowle possessed some mysterious power over his disciples and that by means of it he induced them to obey his commands implicity. Samuel Stevenson, the plaintiff, who charges Dowle with having defrauded him of \$185,000 by this power, went on the witness stand again at the opening session and swore that Dowle waved his hands and exerted this influence

Since the board was thus constituted candidates for the presidency have been nominated a candidate who has no adherent in the board. That farnishes no ground for turning the board out of office or for postponing the election machinery carefully provided by the representatives of the Cuban people in convention assembled, and establishing new machinery for the purpose of putting adherents of your candidate into office. If such a course were adopted, new nominations would equally require new postponements, and re-arrangements and election might be indefinitely postponed. waved his hands and exerted this influence by pressing him closely to his body,

The attorney for the defense tried to duced a resolution for an investigation of the Navy department and of the Schley case. The preamble expresses confidence in Admiral Schley, recites the allegation of the Maclay history and refers to reports that Captain Crowninshieid and other naval officers were furnished proofs of this history. The large amounts of prize money received by Admiral Sampson and Captain and Captain the sample of the defense tried to board of scratiny has in fact proved to be unfair, something besides mere assertion is necessary. No facts are stated by you to surtain this assertion, except that you allege that an illegal selection of a delegate to provincial board of canvassers has indescribable awe when Dowie pressed him to his body and that from this influence he and other persons felt that Dowie could call down a curse upon him effectually. He related how Dowle is said to have declared that if Dwight L. Moody did not cease him the court would not permit it. Stevenson to surtain this assertion, except that you allege that an illegal selection of a delegate to provincial board of canvassers has approved, but you give no f. ets showing that the selection was illegal; and you state that there was a failure to post a list of taxpayers, which the business of the court would not permit it. Stevenson to surtain this assertion, except that you allege that an illegal selection of a delegate to provincial board of canvassers has approved, but you give no f. ets showing that the selection was illegal; and you state that there was a failure to post a list of taxpayers, which the business of the defense tried to provincial to surtain this assertion. that if Dwight L. Moody did not cease his of the central board of scrutiny.

I am informed, moreover, by cable from fight against Zion that he would not say Hayana, that the list in question was that Moody might not die, and that later Dowle told how Moody had taken sick and died.

Stevenson told how three times he had tried to get out from under Dowie's influence, but had failed until now. During this testimony a dramatic recital was made how Dowle had declared himself to be Elijah the restorer, how the "last day" he would be caught in the clouds and in the dark days to come for all outside Zion.

DEATH RECORD.

Thomas Kelly, Frontiersman KANSAS CITY, Dec. 17 .- Thomas Kelly,

one of the most widely known men in the home in Liberty, Mo., aged 87 years. In 1837 he entered in partnership with General Thomas L. Price, to run lines of a most original creation and no similar elecstages from Jefferson City to Vanburen, tion organization has ever existed anywhere Ark., and from St. Louis to Independence He requests that an equal number of mem-

seph, Mo. In 1843, the firm of Price & didate be added to the board and that a Kelly secured from the government a con- similar measure be adopted in connection in destroying the entire Spanish squadron tract for a weekly mail delivery from In- with the provincial boards, in which Gendependence, Mo., to Salt Lake City, Utah, eral Maso has no representative. and a line of stages was run between the two points. The firm also owned and to plead the cause of General Maso or any operated the Great Santa Fe stage line be-Representative Ball of Texas introduced tween Independence and Santa Fe, N. M. The civil war ruined the stage business not be the stable government which the and Mr. Keily went to California, and en- United States wishes to see established in gaged in staging until the railroads came, Cuba. It will be the beginning of serious when he returned to Missouri. Several of disturbances.

James G. Fisher. TABLE ROCK, Neb., Dec. 17 .- (Special.) insisting that the peace be honorable James G. Fisher, who lived a couple miles peace." west of Table Rock, died at 7 a. m., today Methodist Episcopal church, under the au-

Fellows. Dr. Rush S. Huidekoper. PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17 .- Dr. Rush S. of it. Huldekoper died here today from a complication of diseases said to have been contracted during the Spanish American war. Dr. Huidekoper was United States commissioner general at the exposition at Hamburg in 1883 and in 1893 was appointed chief surgeon in the army with the rank of lieutenant colonel. He was 47 years of

FIRE RECORD.

Grand Island Dwelling GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Dec. 17 .- (Special.)-Mr. and Mrs. John Hoover were wakened early yesterday morning by a ense of suffocation and were compelled to leave their home scantily attired, fire having troken out underneath the floor and one entire partition being ablaze and another beginning to burn. The department was promptly at hand and saved the dwelling. with but \$200 loss. The loss on both house

and furniture was covered by insurance. Vacant Building at Red Cloud.

RED CLOUD, Neb., Dec. 17 .- (Special.)-This morning about 3 o'clock a fire was discovered in a two-story wooden building on Fourth avenue. The building was recently occupied by S. F. Spokesfield as a degrees below zero, the fire department responded quickly and soon had the fire under control. The fire is thought to be of an incendiary origin.

GENEVA, Neb., Dec. 17 .- (Special.)-Last night while a violent storm was raging the house occupied by Mr. and Mrs. S. Houchin burned to the ground. They saved most of

the furniture. The fire seemed to originate

Dwelling at Geneva.

from sparks from the chimney. Sultan is Terrorized. NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—The Constanting orrespondent says Sultan Abdul Hamid usual, painfully apprehensive about mual visit to Stamboul at mid-ramad order to kiss the prophet's mantle. It e only day in the year when he will ver re out of the Yildiz klosk. Many "pro-

Fine Horse for Roosevelt.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Dec. 17.—A letter has just been received from Captain John Cofa, at Morocco, saying that he expected a fine blooded Arabian saddle horse to reach him from the interior about December 10. He says the animal will be shipped to Washington for President Roosevelt's use.

ROOT DENIES THE REQUEST

Secretary of War Emphatically Refuses to Postpone Cuban Election.

STATES HIS REASONS IN FORCIBLE TERMS

Letter is Addressed to Sidel G Pirerra, Representative of Maso Party. Who Charges Unfairness in Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17 .- Secretary Root has addressed the following letter to Sidel G. Pirerra, the representative of the Maso party in Cuba, who is at present in this city, denying his request for a postponement of the Cuban elections:

The effect of granting the application would be to prolong American occupation and postpone the independence of Cuba and the control of government of the island by its own people. This ought not to be done in the interest of any one candidate and without the most weighty reasons. The substance of the reasons to be done in the interest of any one candidate and without the most weighty reasons. The substance of the reasons which you present is that the central beard of scrutiny as now constituted is composed of gentlemen, none of whom is in favor of General Maso, and all of whom are in tavor of General Palma, and you declare that that board is unfair and would be unfair in the performance of its duties.

Payored No Candidate.

The board to which you refer was constituted without reference to any candidate and before any candidates had been neminated. It consists of the president and four of the distinguished members of and four of the distinguished memoers of the constitutional convention elected by the people of Cuba to provide for the es-tablishment of the new government, it had the approval of the convention and of the people whom the convention rep-resented. Since the board was thus constituted

Must Prove Charges. As to the assertion that the co-Havana, that the list in question was posted on the 30th of October. The single day's delay could not have occasioned you or your associates the slightest injury or

inconvenience, and an objection based upon it is, in the highest degree, technical. While I do not for a moment suppose you intend any such result, I cannot avoid the the Cuban election which your associates have deprecated. The presidential election must not therefore be postponed. Pierra Criticises Central Board.

pecites the omission to post the list of the largest taxpayers referred to in his previous letter to the secretary and declares the proposal prayed for need not prolong the west during frontier days, is dead at his American occupation as suggested by the secretary. The central board of scrutiny he says, is

Today Mr. Plerra sent another letter to

Secretary Root, asking a reconsideration of

the decision by the secretary. Mr. Pierra

Mr. Pierra says he is not here especially political party. The outcome of the election, as things now stand, he asserts, will

(Continued from First Page.)

Frank Sargent of the Brotherhood of Fire of consumption. He has lived here for men, replying to the criticism of Charles nearly twenty years, was about 40 years of M. Schwab as to organized labor, said that age, and leaves a wife and one son, nearly unionism was not a menace, but an instrugrown, to mourn his loss. Funeral services ment of peace and good and was within will be held Thursday at 2 p. m., at the the law and was a strong influence toward the maintenance of the republic. "We are spices of the Independent Order of Odd taking down the barriers," he said, "that have seemed to separate us. We are privfleged to touch elbows here and exchange ideas and I feel sure that good will come

"The trouble in the past has been that we have not understood one another. There can be no capital without labor and the man who does the work and the man who manipulates the capital should realize their leader of capital who spoke yesterday Shrader's would have little capital to manipulate but for the work of the men in the furnaces and the mines. That is the fact that I ask capital to remember."

Will Resist Oppression.

Mr. Sargent said the firemen had long Mr. Sargent said the firemen had long since adopted the policy of reasoning with their employers and educating their own men to a point of intelligence as to the rights of both themselves and their employers. They made no sacrifice of their rights or manhood. "But," he added, "they That Tired Feeling, Nervousness. rights or manhood. "But," he added, "they reserved the right to resist oppression, to crush wrong, where reason did not prevail." He said that when labor and capital would fairly and reasonably meet one another industrial disorder would be greatly reduced.

Mr. Sargent, said that he hoped the conference would effect the organization of sort of industrial clearing house where disputes could be settled. He favored organized labor and in criticism of it had feed store. Although the mercury was 5 only to say that he thought it needed a greater spirit of Americanism, for he beieved certain objectionable things which had grown up in other countries had been inported here. In a telegram to the conference Carroll

Lewis Nixon, shipbuilder, who followed

labor, urged the adoption of the joint committee plan in the settlement of labor diffiulties. Horace M. Eaton of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union of Boston said that in advancing the cause of arbitration he had ound a fear among employers that the

unions wanted to run their business. This

D. Wright, United States commissioner of

system had proved very satisfactory, how-Incland's Eloquent Closing

Ben Tillet of London, one of the English opresentatives at the meeting of the Amerian Federation of Labor, and James Duncan, first vice president of the American Federation of Labor, also spoke, and Archbishop Ireland made the closing address of he conference. He said in part:

May the winds carry the news over the sontinent and around the world that such a meeting as this has taken place in the great city of New York. The hope of the twentieth century is that the great principles of brotherhood, charity and justice amounced by the Holy One of Parcetine

shall become wider and deeper at this time than at any other. Let us have in-dustrial peace. Let employer and em-ploye know that they are brothers. Let charity and justice, and justice mere than charity, be the prevailing light of this great nation.

SAYS CONGRESS SHOULD PAY

Dr. Mann Gives View Regarding Renumuneration for Attendance on Late President.

BUFFALO, Dec. 17 .- In view of the wide iscussion incidental to the question as to who should pay the physicians who attended President McKinley, Dr. Matthew D. Mann consented to make a statement today, setting forth the attitude of himself and his associates.

Dr. Mann, in reply to questions by a News reporter, said: We feel that when we operated on the president of the United States we operated for the American people, with a view of saving their president for them. We were not called by the family of President Me-

saving their prosident for them. We were not called by the family of President Mc-kinley, but by the authorities, the cabinet and others, to take charge of the president, and we feel, their force, that we have a right to look to congress and the nation for our remuneration.

We took a tremendous responsibility because we took into our hands the life of the most prominent man in the world, and we feel that in taking such a responsibility we ran an immense right liad the autors.

we feel that in theing such a responsibility we ran an immense risk. Had the autopsy showed that we made any serious mistake we would have received unlimited condemnation and might even have been ruined professionally.

From all these facts we feel that we should not be called upon to render bills to the family. Any bill which we might retained. der to the late president's estate would be larger than Mrs. McKinle? ought to be

arger than Mrs. Mckinley ought to be called upon to pay.

If we should render such a bill as she could properly pay we should feel that we would be very imperfectly remunerated. We feel, therefore, that congress should take up the matter and make an appropria take up the matter and make an appropriation, such as it may see fit, and save us
from becoming the objects of criticisms by
sending in a bil. For no matter what bil
we might send in we would receive a certain smount of abuse.

We feel also that the dignity of the medical profession demands that congress
should pay this bill and that the services
should be handsomely rewarded. The medical profession all over the world is awaiting with great interest to see how this affair will turn out and we do not propose to

air will turn out and we do no

ATHENO SETTLES WITH WIFE Pays Her a Sum of Money and Sends Her to His Father's

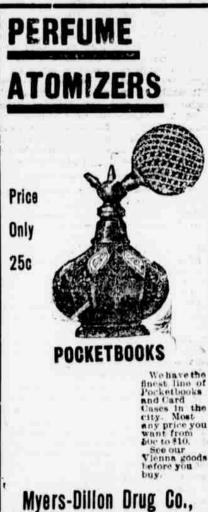
Home.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 17 .- (Special Telegram)-A reconciliation was effected today between Carl Atheno and his wife and the charge of aban tonment has been dismissed against the hypnotist. Atheno gave her a on; of money and she will make her home with Atheno's father, J. W. McManigal, in Harper, Kan., while her husband continues in his underground sleeping not to raise money to provide for the heir that is expected. The alleged hypnotist is said to be planning a series of burials through the west under the direction of a Kansas City

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newspaper man.

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16th and Farnam Sts. Fig Powder Cures and Prevents

THE FOLLOWING Constipation, Enlarged Liver Foul Breath, Distress After Cating Dyspeptia, Sleeplessness, Chronic LaGrippe, Catarrhal Acid, Heartburn. Gall Stones,

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Photograph of Miss Georgia Gardner pre-

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Gorgeous-Grand-Pretty girls-Two show daily-Evening prices 10c, 20c, 20c Smoke it you like Saturday Evening Only, Jim Jeffries' Company. Sunday Matines, The

BOYD'S | FRIDAY, SAT. MAT NIGHT IN "RICHARD CARVEL." The, \$1.00, \$1.50. 50c, 75c, \$1. Night: 25c

Hood's Pills Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.