WE CLOSE SATURDAYS AT 6 P.M.



Special Line of One of the Chief Recommendations in tec-**New Waist** Fabrics for Wednesday Morning.

Complete Tie-Up.

Strikers Demand Full Standard Scale

and Make Bold Assertions to Be

Carried Out if Companies

Refuse.

The developments of the day demonstrate

seriously affected. On this road but one

crippled. The company officials, while ad-

mitting that freight traffic has been prac-

tically suspended, say that within twenty-

need and work will be resumed as usual.

The other roads affected were the Balti-

more & Ohio, twelve men out; Pittsburg

Junction (a branch of the Baltimore &

obeyed, returned to their places. A meet-

ing of the union was held this afternoon

of the union, about 700, would be out.

Demand Standard Scale

more determined than ever not to sign.

The strikers have not the sympathy of the

other trainmen's union. W. G. Lee, first

vice grand master of the Brotherhood of

Trainmen, is in the city and says the mem

hers of his organization will oppose the

present movement. Should the condition in

he Allegheny valley as it existed today be

continued longer than two days more the

mills and factories along the Allegheny

be compelled to close down. The city mills

of the Carnegle company can stand the

pressure for this length of time, but if

Strike at Sattley Plow Company.

SPRINGFIELD, III., Nov. 26 .- Two hun-

ired and fifty employes of the Sattley Plow

company struck today after the board of

directors of the company had refused to

treat with the union. There is also a dif-

MAKES A NUMBER OF CHANGES

Traffic Manager Morse of Southern

Pacific Announces His New

Appointees.

HOUSTON, Tex., Nov. 26.-Passenger

Traffic Manager S. F. B. Morse of the

Southern Pacific system today announced

M. L. Robbins, to be general passenger

Atlantic system, the Galveston, Harris-

burg & San Antonio, the Texas & New Or-

leans and the Galveston, Houston & North-

ern railways, with headquarters at Houston.

Central and the other road named above

Trinity Cathedral.

at 10:30 to 11:30 a. m. The choir of sixty

voices will render special Thanksgiving

anthems and hymns under the direction of

Prof. F. Haston Wright

W. Murphy, division and passager

agent of the Houston & Texas Central.

agent, with headquarters at Houston.

with headquarters at Houston.

the following appointments, effective De-

ference over the wage scale.

cember 15:

river dependent on it for raw material will

up completely.

fifteen men out.

Bee, Nov. 26, 1991.

The offering we make for Wednesday will challenge the ad- enlisted men. There are also 4.333 men miration of the most critical buyers, while the priceings are so low as to tie customers even closer to their favorite store. We scouts under the command of ninety-eight will place on sale Wednesday morning a NEW LINE OF officers in the Philippines, and twenty-five WAISTINGS at 50c a yard—the very best quality ever shown at visional regiment. this price. Not an old line marked down, but an entire new line-in all the new shades of gray, navy, reseda, marine, caretc. The ground color is one color, while on the surface there is a small, tiny white dot, which makes a very pretty and effective waisting at small cost. On sale at dress goods counter.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co.

been extricated and express wagons and STRIKE PROVING A FAILURE Work of Saving Lives.

As soon as the gravity of the accident was realized calls for additional firemen were Switchmen in Pittaburg Have Not Effected sent in and apparatus came flying to the scene from all parts of the city. While part of the firemen directed their efforts toward the fire, which was burning flercely OTHER TRAINMEN WITHHOLD SYMPATHY in the center of the ruins, the greate number of them seized axes and crowbars and began prying out the victims who could be seen or whose faint cries were audible.

The Department of Public Works immediately sent all its available men and In a comparatively short time all the

laborers who could work to advantage were hurriedly throwing and pulling the debris out into Brooklyn avenue, where apparent conditions the switchmen's strike it was loaded into wagons and carried off. | inaugurated this morning has proved a flat floors and roof had fallen at an failure. The strike was ordered by the

angle and formed a sort of huge cover. Switchmen's Union of North America, and under which the fire burned flercely. Not the claim was made early in the day by the until the firemen had chopped through this union officers that every road in the city, did their streams begin to have an appre- with the exception of the Pittsburg. Fort ciable effect on the flames. The sufferings of those buried beneath were mutely cinnati, Chicago & St. Louis would be tied testified to by their charred and blackened

Engineer Riley was among the first to be dug out from the wreck. His escape was crew was at work and the line is badly little short of miraculous. When the boiler expleded he was knocked to the floor and one of the smaller testing bollers was blown over his prostrate form in such a way that one end rested on some debris high above him, thereby forming a shield that kept the falling debris from crushing

The escaping steam, however burned him frightfully. After his arrival at Grace hospital Riley's first words were: "How did it happen? The engine and boilers were

Gradually the rescuers worked their way None of these roads suffered much incondownward through the pile. By this time, venience, because new men were readily there were no cries or groans to aid them, for the flames had destroyed these unfortunates wounded by the explosion. But the work of rescue continued with unabated haste. When a heavy beam or piece of shafting was encountered horses were and the claim was made that the strike driven in and the piece of wreckage hauled to the street. Stretcher bearers stood by and bore away the blackened and burned

A vacant house adjoining the factory was converted into a temporary morgue. Here the bodies were placed in coffins and taken to the nearest morgue. In several cases the charred corpses were so hot when recovered that they could scarcely be handled by the undertakers and assistants.

The hospitals were besieged by relatives and friends of the injured men. At Emergency hospital, which was only a short distance from the scene, and where many of the injured were carried in wagons, the floors of the reception rooms and halls were used as a temporary resting place for the victims. Physicians were hastily summoned and the work of relief expedited. Similar scenes were enacted at Grace and Harper hospitals.

Property Loss \$180,000.

The front building of the plant sustained comparatively little damage, considering the tremendous explosion within sixteen feet of it. All the windows, of course, were broken, and some of the machinery was slightly injured by the jar. Much damage was done in this building by the automatic fire extinguishers, which were set off by the explosion.

There were a number of girls among the amployes on the four floors of this building and there was something of a panic among them, but none of them was injured. The property loss, according to secretary George W. Childs, is about \$180,000. The firm carried \$70,900 fire and some botter insurance, but how much of the latter Secretary Childs could not state.

Subscriptions for the relief of the auf ferers have been started. Nothing is known as yet about the cause

of the explosion. The boilers had been recently inspected and the engineer was known as a careful and capable man.

SEMPLE JURY CAN'T AGREE

Alleged Counterfeiter Escapes After

Thirty Hours of Deliberation by Jurors.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 26 .- After deliberating nearly thirty hours the jury in the case of John L. Semple, the Camden. . J., lawyer who was tried in the United States district court here, charged with aiding and abetting counterfeiters, was unable to agree and was this afternoon discharged by Judge McPherson. Semple was of having assisted Arthur Taylor and Baldwin S. Bredell in the manufacture of plates from which were printed \$20 counterfeit notes.

Taylor and Bredell are waiting sentence for their part in the famous Lancaster, revenue stamp counterfeiting case. charge against Lawyer Semple was that he had induced the two young men to make counterfeit plates in prison, with the intention of surrendering the plates to the government, hoping thereby to have their entences in the Lancaster conspiracy re-

No Gripo, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the in-testines - but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills Sold by all druggists. 26 cents.

ARMY AFFAIRS WHOLLY SATISFACTORY

Recommends Vational Reorganization and Equipment of Militia, to Be Treated as the First Reserve of the Regulars.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.- The first section of the annual report of Elihu Root. secretary of war, is made public today. The regular cetablishment now consists, cording to the latest reports which have been received, of 3,253 officers and 76,084 of the hospital corps, 172 volunteer surgeons in the Philippines, 4,973 native

The distribution of the force is as fol-

Enlisted Country

In this table are included the 4,336 men of the hospital corps and the twenty-five officers and \$15 men of the Porto Rico provisional regiment, leaving the strength of the regular army 3,253 officers and 76,084 enlisted men. In addition there are in the Philippines 172 volunteer surgeon, appointed under section 18 of the act c February 2, 1901, and ninety-eight officers and

Canteen Law Enfortunate

Regarding the canteen law the secretary says; "The provisions of section 38 of the act

of February 2, 1991, prohibiting the sale of or dealing in beer, wine or any intoxicating liquors by any person in any post exchange or canteen or army transport of upon any premises need for military purposes by the United States, have been carried into full force and effect, pursuant to the directions of the statute.

"When the orders were issued enforcement of this section of the law the PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov., 26.-Judging by commanding officers of the various posts and military organizations were directed to report upon its effects. A great body of reports has been received, which indicate that the effect of the law is unfortunate. I think, however, that a sufficient time has not elapsed to give the law a fair trial and the observation and report of its work-Wayne & Chicago, and the Pittsburg, Cin- ing will be continued during the ensuing

Concerning comfort and health of the troops the secretary says; "The reports show that the food and clothing furnished that only one road, the Lehigh Valley, was to the army during the year have been satisfactory, that the health of our troops has been good and the death rate low. The death rate per 1,000 of troops in the United States during the past year was 10.14; in Cuba, 9.72; in Porto Rico, 7.90, and among four hours they will have all the men they the troops serving in the l'hilippines and China it was reduced from 19.31 during the previous year to 16.76 during the past year This covered periods of very active service in the field by considerable portions of the Ohio), fifteen men out; the Pittsburg & Lake Eric, four men out; the Pennsylvania, force in the Philippines and will doubtless be much further reduced as the troops come to be stationed in more permanent quar-One hundred and fifty would be a high estimate of the number of men who struck. ters. In the opinion of the medical desecured to take the places of the strikers, and some of the men upon discovering that the strike order had not been generally

was a success as far as it had gone, and that within forty-eight hours the members upon the Pacific, but he does not think it desirable that the United States should own and operate a fleet of passenger and freight The demands of the switchmen call for vessels in time of peace. It would be gratithe enforcement of the standard scale of fying if the American merchant marine could furnish vessels to transport our men wages. This calls for 27 cents an hour for and supplies as part of a regular commerce day foremen and conductors, the night men between the United States and the Philto receive 2 cents more per hour, their work being more difficult and dangerous. ippines under contracts which would enable the government in case of war to put Under the new schedule the day helpers the vessels under the control of regular ofand brakemen are rated at 25 cents an hour ficers of the army or navy for transport and the night men at 27 cents. The purposes, upon reasonable compensation. switchmen claim that the tonnage handled It is desirable, adds the secretary, that auby them in this city is much greater than thority be given by congress to make such that handled by other men in other cities contracts in case opportunities for such an It is claimed that the Monongahela conarrangement should be afforded in the fusecting line signed the scale today, but the officials of the other roads say they are

ture.

The ordnance department has during the year continued a series of experiments upon high explosives and detonating fuses, with satisfactory results. An extensive series of tests of field guns and carriages is in progress under a program prepared by the Board of Ordnance and Fortification. The callber determined upon was three-inch and all competitors were advised that it was desirable that the gun and carriage submitted for test should use fixed ammunition and be provided with cylinders and tion and be provided with cylinders and trail spades to reduce the recoil of firing to a minimum. Nine different types have been submitted; two constructed by United States officers, three by American manufacturers she can find such a market for her extended beyond that period operations will

and four by foreign builders. A plant for the manufacture of small arms has been installed a the Rock Island arsenal and the plant at Springfield armory has been enlarged. With these increased facilities for manufacture and the surplus stock now on hand the department is ready, if congress shall authorize it, to supply the national guards of the states with the present service rifle with which the regular army, navy and marine corps are now armed alike. The secretary strongly urges

that this authority be given. Military Instruction

The secretary praises the work of the Board of Visitors to the West Point Military academy, congratulates the country on the abolition of hazing there and says re

garding entrance examinations: "Action has been taken, with the concurrence of the academic board, to make the entrance examination conform to the coursand ticket agent of the Southern Pacific, of study ordinarily covered in the high chools and academies of the country by boys of the average age of appointees to the military academy, and thus to substitute a natural examination upon the subjects the Mr. Robbins is now the general passenger boys have been studying instead of a highly artificial examination upon the elementary T. J. Anderson is to be assistant general subjects which they had long left behind passenger agent of the Houston & Texas them in their school work. I do not doubt that the change will prove to be more fair to the boys and a better test of intelligence and will make it possible to improve the caurse of the academy and tend to do away with the pernicious system of attending special schools or employing special coaches This church, corner of Capitol avenue and to prepare for the examination. Arrange-Sighteenth street, distributes Thanksgiving ments have also been made to conduct the dinners to forty families, representing 200 entrance examinations at a conciderable ersons. "The Daughters of the King" will number of places distributed throughous be in the parish home all Wednesday to re- the country and convenient of access to the seive the supplies of the congregation, candidates. The change in the requirements each family is given a turkey or pair of for examination will make it possible devote more time during the course to the chickens, or fresh meat, vegetables, cake, ea, coffee, sugar, pie, fruit and other edistudy of modern languages and will open bles. Thanksgiving services will be held in the door to other changes in the curriculum the cathedral on Thursday at 7:45 a. m. and in the line of modern educational progress.

cheme of military instruction as embodied

in an official order, and eavs this order if

LESS DUTY ON CUBAN SUGAR in the building up of what is practically a university system of military education. Plan to Revise Militia.

> Under the head of miffits and volunteers The present provisions of law relating to the militia and to the raising of vol-uniter forces are quite imperfect and in satisfactory. The militia law stands to

uniteer forces are quite imperfect and uncastisfactory. The militia law stands today practically as it was enacted in 1792
and is practically obsolete. It is very desirable that congress should now exercise
the power conferred upon it by the constitution to provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia. The organization and armament of the national
guards of the several states, which are
treated as militia in the appropriations
made by congress, should be made the
same as those provided by congress for
the regular and volunteer forces. The
reliaffee of the country for the large
forces necessary in modern warfare must
necessarily be chiefly upon volunteers. The
method and procedure of raising volunteer
forces should be prescribed in advance, so
that instead of waiting to devise plans for
a volunteer army until the excitement and
haste of impending war makes perfection
of design difficult and satisfactory execution impossible, congress will have but
to direct the execution of a well-understood plan by officers, each one of whom
has long been familiar with the part he
is to play. Careful selection is impossible
at the outbreak of a war. It is entirely stood plan by officers, each one of whom has long been familiar with the part he is to play. Careful selection is impossible at the outbreak of a war. It is entirely practicable in time of peace.

I recommend that the president be authorized to convene boards of officers (including the general service and staff college board) for the examination of officers of the National guard, and other citizens who may apply to be examined, as to their qualifications to hold volunteer commissions; that the persons passing such examinations shall receive certificates,

inspection duties with the National guard of such state; that the War department be authorized to furnish transportation, rations and tentage to officers and men of National guard organizations, who shall take part with the forces of the regular army in annual encampment and manneuvers at national military camps; that the department be authorized to allow travel pay, commutation of rations and quarters, or commutation of quarters, to officers of the National guard attending and regularity taking part in the courses of instruction at the general service and staff college at Fort Lemenworth. Both of these provisions should be within reasonable limits, proportional to the numbers of National guard organizations in the several states.

the several states. I recommend that the president be now empowered to organize the volunteer forces whenever called out, in the manner provided for by the act of March 2, 1898, for the organization of the volunteer force which has recently returned from the Philipping. ippines, with such modifications as shall be necessary to give effect to the views above expressed.

The secretary praises the work of the signal corps, urges the laying of an American transpacific cable, announces the completion of the "official records of the union and confederate armies in the war of the rebellion," suggests regulations for the retirement of civil war veterans, reviews military conditions in Alaska and the Philippines and reports peaceful and orderly government in the Island of Cuba.

"The recent disturbances in Samar and southern Luzon," he says, "are of minor consequence and are being stamped out by vigorous operations of the troops Small disturbances of this character are. unfortunately, to be expected, but will be controlled and guarded against by every means possible.

Reciprocity with Cuba.

The secretary is emphatic in his recommendations of reciprocity with Cuba. On without a dissenting voice. this topic he says:

Extensive state aid has been furnished indigent farmers by the distribution of partment, when permanent arrangements have been made and proper sanitary regulations can be enforced, the health of the as good as if stationed in our own Gulf states."

Transports on the Pacific.

The secretary says it is not practicable now to discontinue the transport service upon the Pacific, but he does not think it Two hundred and sixty-three thousand dozen sponges were gathered in the sponge fisheries.

dozen sponges were gathered in the sponge fisheries.

An expert has been sent from Cuba to Washington to study diseases prevalent among the animals of the island and his work has been attended by good resuits. Glanders, formerly prevalent in the teland to an extent unknown in other countries, has been practically eradicated. A systematic combat with tuberculosis, which has one of the largest death rates, has been inaugurated. Systematic vaccination against smallpox is going on throughout the entire island. The death rate from malaria in the large towns has been much reduced by sanitary improvements. The eastern part of the island is entirely free from yellow fever. The western part is practically free, there being but a few cases in or about Havana. This dreaded disease has passed from one of the leading causes of death to one of the leading causes of death to one of the leading causes of death to one of the leading

COFFEE IMPORTER

Tella Some Plain Facts.

One of the heaviest importers of coffee n America, and who requests that his name be kept from the public in connection with the following subject because of the effect would have on his business, says; "I have used coffee for over thirty-five years, but about a year ago was compelled to discentinue its use on account of its effect on my health. Since that time I have used nothing in its place but Postum Cereal Food Coffee and properly prepared, it is simply telicious with cream and sugar.

In connection with this I have also used Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food. While in Florida this winter I carried a package with me all the time, so if I was unable to get what I wanted for breakfast I could rely on my own supply.

Any one who could have known of my condition a year ago, and the very great improvement now, would have no cause to question the wisdom of my change from the ld fashioned diet to the present.

This man is one of the best known coffee experts in the world, and his testimony regarding the flavor of Postum Cereal Food offee is noteworthy.

Now and then a person gets Postum Food Coffee served under-boiled and consequently almost tasteless. A chemical change takes place in Postum after it has been actively boiled for 12 or 15 minutes; this change brings out the food value and the delicious taste. It does not answer to simply leave it on the stove for 15 minutes, it must stand on the stove until boiling commences, then be allowed to bubble 15 minutes.

A piece of butter twice the size of a pea should be put in the pot to keep it from

Many a man or woman continues in a half sick state from month to month, not knowing that the drug in the coffee they use is loyally and persistently followed will result ones.

sugar and to a great degree for her to-bacco, only in the United States. Under the existing provisions of the United States tariff law the prices which can be realized for Cuban sugar and a large part of Cuban tobacco in this market are not sufficient to pay the duties, cost of trans-portation and production and yield a liv-ing profit to the producer.

Freer Entry for Sugar

In reliance upon fair and generous iteatment by the United States, the Cuban planters have made strenuous efforts to revive their great industry and have raised their product of sugar from 28,000 tons in 1800, while the output for the present year is estimated at something over 800,000 tons, Incited by our precept and trusting to our friendship, they have struggled to retrieve the disasters under which their country had suffered. All the capital they had or could borrow has been invested in the rebuilding of their mills and the replanting of their land. has been invested in the rebuilding of their mills and the replanting of their land. More than half of the people of the island are depending directly or indirectly upon the success of that industry. If it succeeds we may expect peace, plenty, domestic order and the happiness of a free and con-tented people to reward the sacrifice of American lives and treasure through which Cuba was set free.

American lives and treasure through which Cuba was set free.

Our present duty to Cuba can be performed by the making of such a reciprocal tariff arrangement with her as President McKinley urged in his last words to his countrymen at Buffalo on September 5. A reasonable reduction in our duties upon Cuban sugar and tobacco, in exchange for fairly compensatory reductions of Cuban duties upon American products, will answer the purpose, and I strongly urge that such an arrangement be promptly made. It would involve no sacrifice, but would be as advantageous to us as it would be to Cuba. The market for American products in a country with such a population, such wealth and purchasing power, as Cuba with prosperity would speedily acquire, made certain by the advantage of preferential duties, would contribute far more to our prosperity than the portion of our present duties which we would be required to concede.

to concede.

The same considerations which led to the war with Spain now require that a commercial arrangement be made under which Cuba can live. The condition of the sugar and tobacco industries in Cuba is already such that the earliest possible action by congress upon this subject is desirable.

TACKLES TARIFF ON SUGAR

Commercial Club Favors Retention of Protective Duty in Payor of Beet Industry.

At the meeting of the executive commit tee of the Commercial club a communication received from the executive committee of the Interstate Commerce league, asking that the Interstate Commerce commission be given power to enforce its rules, was considered. The proposition did not appeal favorably to the Commercial club for several reasons, and the matter was passed indefinitely. The question of irrigation was discussed

at length, and it was decided to appeal to the senators and representatives from Nebraska to favor the plan of the National Irrigation congress. A petition accompanied by letters will be sent to each representative and senator. A communication from the Denver Cham-

ber of Commerce asking that duty be retained on raw sugar for ten years in the interest of the beet sugar industry precipitated considerable discussion. Some of the members thought the duty should be retained, while others said that if the cultivation and manufacture of beets were a good business proposition the factories would be built, regardless of tariff. In the discussion Rome Miller sprung an

epigram which should become famous: "Irrigation and protection," said he, "are to be the founders of the beet sugar industry." E. E. Bruce followed the same line of argument, saying that the plan of national irrigation and the protective tariff on sugar go hand in hand and the club should endorse

both. J. S. White opposed the protective tariff idea. The Denver resolution was adopted

Stops the Court a semil and Works Off the Cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

HYMENEAL.

Whipple-Hodder. Herbert A. Whipple and Mary C. Hodder were married last night at 8:30 o'clock in Seward Street Methodist Episcopal church by Rev. C. N. Dawson. There was a large attendance at the church and afterward the family and relatives attended a reception at the home of Henry Hodder on Daven-

Marriage Licenses.

The county judge has issued the following licenses Name and Residence. Gustave A. Hier, Omaha... Martha A. Turner, Omaha. John Nittler, Omaha. Mary Treiber, Omaha Benjamin L. Casey, Verdigree...... Cora Cockrell, South Omaha Henry C. Harding, Verdigree... Nellie Tarpening, South Omaha. Christian H. Jensen, La Platte. Alice M. Olsen, La Platte...... Franklin D. Hill, South Bend.... Lelah O. Kirkendall, South Bend William M. Young, East Omaha... Genevieve Beauclair, East Omaha Charles E. Frost, Tekamah... Maggie V. Rooney Hubbard. Frank Timperley, Irvington. Bessie Wrage, Irvington..... Samuel Reiffel, Sloux City, Is...... Ella Grossman, Omaha

John E. Bousman, South Omaha... Mary E. Brauer, South Omaha... High Five and Dancing.

The Hiyelwaket club of the Omaha Dental college gave its second ball of the season at the college last night. Progressive high five and dancing occupied the greater portion of the evening. Dr. W. H. Whittaker and Miss Maggle Murphy captured the first prizes, gold fillings for the teeth, and Mrs. W. H. Sherraden the booby prize, she being required to have her teeth cleaned by a freshman. Sixty couples were present. Refreshments were served.

For Permanent Organization.

W. H. Green, acting as chairman of the committee appointed at the mass meeting to formulate plans for the change in the government of Omsha. South Omsha and Douglas county, has issued a call for a meeting of that committee, which will be held at the Commercial club rooms at 12 o'clock Monday, December 2. The object is to form a permanent organization.

Loses His Way and His Cush. H. R. Reese of 1919 Dodge street was held p and robbed of \$4.15 by two men about

up and robbed of M.15 by two men about S o'clock last night. Reese was going to the house of J. J. Myer. 1752 South Ninth street, and lost his way. Meeting two men, he inquired of them the location of the house. Instead of complying, one of the men put a revolver in his face and the other robbed him. The police have a description of the men. New York Has a Blizzard.

MALONE, N. Y., Nov. 26.—A bilguard has been raging throughout northern New York for the last fifteen hours. The fall of snow has been very heavy. Trains are late and country roads are badly drifted. LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs. Mary Wynn was granted a divorce esterday from Dennis Wynn on the cround of non-support. All Beal freight depots will be closed Thanksgiving day and no business of any kind will be transacted.

Ed Walling pleaded guilty yesterday the embezzlement of \$23 and was sent jail for one day by Judge Baker. Children playing with matches caused a small fire in a barn belonging to S. H. Dorsey in the rear of 3643 Parker street about 7:30 o'clock last night. The damage amounted to \$6.

R. S. McCormick, Eighteenth and Miami streets, reported to the police last night that he had been shortchanged out of 8' in some saloon, the location of which he Postum. Food Coffee. That change has worked salvation for many skeptical sick ones.

In some saloon, the location of which he had forgotten. McCormick bought several rounds of beer in the saloon and when he left and counted his money found that he was \$5 short.

IRRIGATION

Precident Roosevelt Debates Matter with Three Western Representatives.

PROMISES SOME CONGRESSIONAL ACTION

enator Dietrich, Representative Mon dell and Mr. Rosewater Call on the President and Get Much Encouragement.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 .- (Special Telegram.)-Sepator Dietrich and Mr. Rosewater had an interview with President Rocsevelt today. The interview was not for the purpose of talking over Nebraska appointments, as one of the evening newspapers asserted, but to present the compliments of the occasion, this being Mr. Rosewater's first visit to the president since his assuming office. During the course of the interview Representative Mondell of Wyoming joined the party and the talk drifted into a discussion of the irrigation question. It appears that each of the gentlemen had a different idea as to how best to conserve the waters of the west and how far the government should go in lending aid to the several states in the arid and semiarid region.

Mr. Rosewater in talking of the interview said the president gave his visitors to understand that he was in favor of some practical scheme of irrigation. That he would urge congress to make some liberal appropriation and that he recognized that he river and harbor bill and an appropriation for irrigation would go hand in-hand Personal View of the Matter.

"Personally," said Mr. Rosewater, "'I am nationalist on the subject of irrigation. do not believe the government should set aside certain sections of lands to the states for irrigation purposes. I believe the government should make as appropriation for the conservation of the waters of the west. but before anything is done expert englneers who have no axes to grind should be sent over the arid and semi-arid sections of the country with a view of systematically mapping the region and reporting upon feasible reservoir sites. This done, congress could then go ahead intelligently."

The fact that the president takes the position that the river and harbor bill and appropriation for irrigation purposes must stand or fall together will strengthen the cause of irrigation vitally, and since this interview western legislators have taken new heart. It will now be the purpose of western representatives in congress to agree upon some plan for trrigation and thereby present a united front during the coming

Heimrod May Not Go.

There is no certainty that Mr. Heimred will be sent to Samoa as consul general although the State department has approved of his appointment and sent his commission to the president for signature Secretary Hay, in speaking of the situation, said that the German government for some time had been mildly protesting against the United States sending a consul general to Apia.

"Germans hold that Apia is German soil." says the secretary, "and consequently a rep resentative of our government is not needed. They have felt this way ever since the partition of the Samoan islands between Great Britain, Germany and ourselves. They felt this way during Judge Osborn's time and it is no reflection upon Mr. Heimrod that they feel the same now. Should the German government persist country being sent to Apla it is learned that the consular office there will be aboltabed, in which event Mr. Helmrod will Pimples on Your Face prebably be transferred to some other post Germany, however, may not go to the extreme of objecting to the United States appointing a consular representative to Samoa, in which event Mr. Heimrod will be dispatched to his new field.

Scuntor Millard's Trouble. Senator Millard and Miss Millard ar rived in Washington today and at once went to their apartments in the new Willard. Senator Millard said that his troubles were commencing in real earnest. Postoffices are the annoying things to me If we only had republican congressmen is all our districts I can readily see what a delightful thing senatorial life would be

But where you have only two republican congressmen the burden of being referce in all fights becomes very heavy. At Stanton there is a fight on between two strong republicans who represent opposing factions I have tried to get them together, but thus far nothing has come of my effort. There are six or seven applicants for the postoffice at Kearney, and I think there are four applicants for the office at Creighton That is the way it goes. This senatorial business is not what it's cracked up to be."

Omaha's Public Building.

Tomorrow Senator Millard will have onference with Supervising Architect Tayior, with a view, if possible, of arriving at some plan for the construction of the Sev enteenth street side of the new postoffice building that will be in keeping with the rest of the structure.

"I want to see the Seventeenth street side built up even with the two wings. said the senator, "and I believe they will find money enough to do it. Anyhow propose to try to get the treasury people to see the case as I do.

Letter Carriers' Business.

C. W. Miller of South Omaha, member of the executive committee of the National Letter Carriers association, arrived in this city today. He is here in the interest of the letter carriers, who are looking for additional legislation during the coming session of congress. He will be presented to Postmaster General Smith tomorrow by Mr. Rosewater. The Postoffice department has accepted the

proposition of Mary A. Emsley for a renewal of the lease of the present premises of the postoffice at Mason City, Ia., for five years at \$720 per annum.

New Professor at 'Varaity.

Captain Samuel A. Smoke of the professor of military science and tactics at the University of Nebraska at Lincoln. First Lieutenant Peter C. Filda, assistant surgeon of the United States army, has been ordered to Fort Robinson to relieve contract surgeon Albert H. Simonton, U. S. A., from duty in the Department of the Missouri, who will proceed to Birmingham, Ala., for annulment of contract Iowa postmasters appointed: J. H. Her-

sam, Biedorn, Clinton county; Almon Stanley, Coal Creek, Keokuk county; B. L. Sanders, Owasa, Hardin county. The name of the postoffice at Briscoe, Walworth county, S. D., has been ordered changed to Glenham and E. A. Wug is appointed postmaster.

James L. Crawford has been appointed elevator conductor in the public building at Des Moines. A postoffice is ordered established at Industry, Webster county, Ia., with Patrick O'Connor postmaster.

These rural free delivery letter carriers were appointed today: Nebraska-Aurora John J. McCaughey; Hastings, M. W. Cole-

E. Evans; Iowa City, E. A. Herald and Oscar Griffin; Central City, Earl Genge.

PENSIONS FOR WESTERN VETERANS War Survivors Remembered by the

General Government WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 - (Special.)-The

granted:

Issue of November 7:
Nebraska: Increase, testoration, reissue, etc.—John Buckley, Omaha, 8;
Iewa: Original—Abraham Mowery, To-ledo, 8; Increase, restoration reissue, etc.—Newton T. Smith, Fairfield, 3; Slias P. Pottorff, Floris, 8; Fernandus P. Hatfield, Lytton, \$12; Oilver Hicks, Washington, \$5; Samuel A. Stream, Creston, 8; Original widows, etc. (war with Spain)—Minors of Alfred C. Bebb, Muscatine, \$20. Renewn (widow)—Mary Mullen, Castana, \$12. Colorado: increase, restoration, reissue etc.—Philip T. Reynolds, Puchlo, \$8. Montana, Original (war with Spain)—Montana, Original (war with Spain)—Montana, Original (war with Spain)—Montana, St. Montana, \$10.

Montana: Original (war with Spain)-Arthur D. Scott, Boulder, \$6. Increase restoration, relissue, etc.—Edwin D. Batchelor, Glendive, \$8. **Advance Holiday**

Piano Sale

The greatest reduction ever known in cut prices of planos has taken place at the ware rooms of Schmoller

| & Mueller e | A 11 20 12 |
|---------------------|------------|
| \$400 Planos for | \$300 |
| \$500 Pianes for | 8050 |
| \$400 Pianos | \$200 |
| \$300 Planes | 8150 |

These pianos are clean, dry and BRAND NEW UP-TO-DATE INSTITUTE ments fully guaranteed by the maker

and by us. Chickering, upright, resewood case, only\$118 Hallet & Davis, upright, Organs and square pinnes \$10 and

We Sell New Planos on \$5 Monthly Payments.

Used upright and squares on \$3.00 monthly payments. Organs at \$3.00 cash and 50 cents per week. New planes for rent. Tuning, polishing and repairing at lowest rates. A small deposit will reserve your piano for Xmas delivery.

Write for eatalogues and prices or pay us a visit of inspection and see the wonderful self-playing pianolasold on easy payments.

> & Mueller The Largest Plane House

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Tel. 1625. Iowa Branch, 237 Broadway, Council Bluffa, Tel. 378.

1315 Farmam St., Omaha.

Can readily be removed by the following DIRECTIONS NO. 1. Half to one teaspoonful of Shrader's Evaporated Fig Powder in wine glass of water on retiring, every other night. DIRECTIONS NO. 2.

Bathe face in cold water for two or three minutes every night and morning; let dry on face.
NO. 3-DIRECTIONS AND PRESCRIPTION.

Boracic acid, grains 80.

Antiseptic Solution, drams 2.
Glycerine, drams 2.
Brandy, best, drams 4.
Distilied water, for one pint mix and apply a little after cold bath. This will remove pimpes and give you rosy cheeks and a clear complexion. This is a sife cure.

All druggists sell Fig Powder, 250 a box; or sent by mail. Address Department A.

W. J. Shrader Medicine Co. New York-Room 10, No. 30 East 14th at.

er 1802 N. 24th St., Omaha, Neb. BOYD'S | WOODWARD A BURGESS, Mgrs

TONIGHT-THURSDAY NIGHT. PRIMROSE & DOCKSTADER'S
MINSTRELS.
Prices Mat. and Night, 25c, 50c, 75c, 31.00
Watch for the big street parade.

FRIDAY NIGHT-SATURDAY MATINEE. Saturday Matinee, "KING LEAR." Prices Mat., 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Night, 25c, 9c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50.

"IN OLD KENTUCKY." Prices 25c, 50c, 75c. Seats now on sale

Matinees Sunday, Wednesday and Saturday, 2:15; Evenings, 8:15. HIGH-CLASS VAUDEVILLE, Fio Irwin & Walter Hawley, Carroll Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Gardner Crane, Ina Allen, De Courcy Bros., Jones, Grant & Jones, Rialta. Prices 10c, 25c, 50c.

EXTRA THANKSGIVING MATINER Miaco's Trocadoro TELEPHONE THE DAINTY PAREE BURLESQUERS SPECIAL FEATURES THANKSGIVING

MATINEE AND NIGHT

Evening Prices: 10c, 20c, 30c

Smoke if You Like

Next Sunday Matinee—Victoria Buriesquera

GET YOUR TICKETS NOW for the Big Thanksgiving Day FOOT BALL GAME

AT THE Y. M. C. A. PARK. OMAHA HIGH SCHOOL vs. GENOA INDIANS. **CREIGHTON UNIVERSITY** vs. LINCOLN MEDICS.

For the Benefit of the Auditorium.

The game will be called at 2 p. m., and admission to both games will be be cents. Thekets on sale at Myers-Dillon Drug Co., Omaha; Dillon's Drug Store, South Omaha; Clay, Robinson & Co., Stock Exchange, South Omaha; and Sellers' Drug Store, Council Bluffs.

following western pensions have been