

HOME FROM SAN FRANCISCO

Dean Campbell Fair and Clement Chase Return from Episcopal Convention.

THEY TALK OF THE WORK ACCOMPLISHED

Important Questions Are Discussed by Omaha Men Who Participated in the Great Church Convocation.

Dean Campbell Fair and Clement C. Chase returned last night from San Francisco, where they attended the convention of the Protestant Episcopal church.

"It was a wonderful convention. For three weeks a great army of busy men neglected private affairs and devoted its entire time to the affairs of the church.

In speaking of the work of the convention Dean Fair said that several important questions were left undecided, but that action was taken in many matters of great moment to the church.

"One of the important steps taken by the convention was the authorization of a new translation of the bible, which will be prepared in a short time," said Dean Fair.

"The purpose of the translation is not to change the meaning of the scriptures, but to improve upon the language. Some of the words in the translation now used are out of date.

"The diocese of Kansas was divided into one diocese and one missionary district. This will make Bishop Millspaugh's work much easier, as the missionary district will not be under his jurisdiction.

Under the previous arrangement his diocese was so large that it was practically impossible for him to look after it.

Clement Chase's Report. In discussing the work of the convention Clement C. Chase said:

"Important decisions were reached on several vital questions, but not always in the affirmative. Of the five great topics which it was supposed the convention would discuss, marriage and divorce, the change in name of the church, the Fond-du-Lac consecration, the presiding bishop and the Huntington amendment, only the last two received affirmative action.

The Fond-du-Lac delegation just before Nebraska was being discussed, the president placed the matter before the convention, and the house voted 'no' on every question that came up. It was an earnest and reverent group of men, but, like many ritualists with whom I have come in contact, placed themselves so much on the defensive that they appeared to be antagonistic to the general attitude of the house.

"It must have been difficult to follow our work by the telegraphic reports, for what appeared to be decided one day would be reversed the next. Father Williams discovered that the clerical vote of Nebraska had been registered as when it should have been, completely upset all the first Huntington amendment, which was supposed to have been carried by one vote.

The same way the affirmative vote of the house, sitting as a committee of the whole on the divorce question, was halted by the country as conclusive, and learned editors were at once written to show wherein we had overstepped our limitations. The final vote by order of the next day indicated that the house had either changed its mind or never had any intention of supporting the bishops in their affirmative action on the canon. Some even went so far as to say that the house of bishops courted negative action on the matter after they had handed it down. The lay vote decided the point and all that advocates of more stringent divorce laws can now hope for is in the success of the commission appointed to consult with other religious bodies in obtaining uniform statutes in the different states.

"Another commission will, in the three years interval before the Boston convention in 1904, digest the various propositions to change the name of the church, and that is all that came out of it.

"The Huntington amendment would not do. It came up again in the report of the committee on amendments to the constitution, so surrounded by safeguards to secure uniformity of worship in all congregations in full union with the church, and with strict accountability to the house of bishops of all who have congregations in union with the church, as to the extent they are permitted to vary the ritual, that it was finally adopted and by a handsome majority. How many congregations now inclining to Episcopacy form will be won over by this remains to be seen. It has nothing whatever to do with the question of church unity, as I see it claimed by a local paper, which also credits it to Bishop Huntington. Bishop Huntington was not even present at the convention; he seldom goes.

Mr. Chase was asked what became of his resolution amending the constitution so that the office of presiding bishop should become elective.

"I am very glad to say," he replied, "that it was reported on favorably, together with a similar resolution in the house of bishops by Dr. Huntington, chairman of the committee on constitution, and passed unanimously. By it the position is made elective every three years, instead of filling it by the accident of seniority, as has been the custom since the church was established. I noticed that the Associated Press printed it 'president bishop.' The resolution did not so read, neither is the office to have the title of archbishop or primate, although that will be who it amounts to in effect, and in time there may be metropolitans under him, each at the head of a province. The church has grown too large to be administered under the rather loose form that has prevailed. It needs a head, to whom matters of consequence can be referred, and who is not incapacitated by age from acting upon them quickly and finally. The amendment goes over to the next convention for final action.

"Affirmative action was also had on the very excellent resolution introduced by Mr. Theodore Ringwalt of Omaha, pledging the church to look more closely into the matter of municipal reform. This was in line with the resolution establishing a commission on the labor question, which, it is hoped, will bring in a valuable report to the next convention.

Election of Bishops. "The election of five missionary bishops was a noteworthy event, and in this connection I might say a word as to why the house of deputies refused to confirm Chap-

lain Pierce of the army as bishop of North Dakota. The country was informed of his rejection and had to draw its own conclusions, making a serious objection upon the excellent gentleman. Nominations should not be made public and I hope hereafter will not be until after they have been acted upon finally, and then only the successful names announced. Chaplain Pierce was given high praise for the work he accomplished in the Philippines, his experience making him one of the most valued counselors of the late President McKinley and his missionary zeal was enlarged upon, but the bare facts that he had never enjoyed a theological education, that he had never been in charge of a parish and that his health had been shattered by fever in Manila all militated against him, and things else.

Mr. Chase said that Nebraska had a complete representation of four clerical and four lay delegates, who, with one exception, sat through the entire session. Bishop Williams took his seat for the first time in the house of bishops, which always made known doors, resulting only being made known at his home at the Pleasanton, an uptown family hotel, where also were Mr. Woolworth and his daughter, Mrs. Howard. Mr. Woolworth and Mrs. Howard will return shortly by the Shasta route. He has announced that this will be his last convention, he having been a delegate since 1888. Chancellor Woolworth is the recognized authority in the house of ecclesiastical law and chairman of the committee on rules. Mr. Phelps of Schuyler returned via Los Angeles and Mr. Ringwalt left Friday. Of the clerical delegation, Dean Fair left Monday evening by way of Los Angeles for home. While attending the convention he was notified that the death of a relative in Ireland had left him \$15,000. Rev. John Williams, Canon Marsh and Rev. Mr. Moor were all to leave for home on Friday also.

There has been considerable comment throughout the country on the action of President Roosevelt in entertaining Booker T. Washington at dinner, and representative colored citizens of Omaha are discussing the incident. Some of them talk as follows:

Rev. John Albert Williams—The fact shows an important and gratifying change in the attitude of the country. Mr. Roosevelt has been for many years an admirer of Mr. Washington and they have for some time been warm personal friends. As social matters are all governed by mutual likes and dislikes, I can see little significance in the fact that Mr. Washington dined with Mr. Roosevelt. Perhaps the most significant fact in the affair is that at that dinner the president asked the advice of the negro and later events indicate that he acted upon it. As the report reaches me, Mr. Washington advised the president for the good of the negro race and the welfare of the republican party to appoint competent men in the south, regardless of their party affiliations, and the president has consented to do so.

M. F. Singleton—Much of the meaning of that dinner depends upon whether Mr. Washington was received in the light of a personal visitor or a public guest. In a sense the White House is the property of the whole people—white and black—and no man may be entertained there with as much propriety as another. Mr. Washington is a highly distinguished man and a great leader of his race. He deserves any honor which the American people may confer upon him. I do not think the south has any particular reason to complain on account of race prejudice. They have for years said that Mr. Washington was an exception to the general average of the race, and it was not the race with which the president dined, but the exception.

Thomas P. Chalmers—I see by the newspapers that next week the president will receive Marquis Ito of Japan. There is no furor over that announcement. To my mind, a black American is at least upon an equality with a yellow Asiatic—both men being the equal, mentally, of the least white man in the country. I believe that the entertainment given Booker T. Washington was one of the best things that could have happened. It is, in my judgment, carrying out one of the ideas of the late President McKinley—that of settling the race question in the south. It is evident that this question must be settled, either by force or persuasion, and I believe that this is one of the ways of settling the question on the latter line, as Washington has been a favorite with all classes, north and south. Washington is also one of the most conservative of negroes. I would not be surprised to hear of him being called by the president to a higher position than a negro has ever held in this country.

Rowing Association Offered. CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The annual meeting of the Northwestern Rowing association, organized in 1898, was held tonight and the following officers were elected: President, George Essig of Chicago; vice president, J. G. Kist of St. Louis; secretary and treasurer, William C. Jupp of Detroit.

The executive committee will meet next March to decide the place for holding the annual regatta. Carroll, Kansas, and Chicago are candidates for the honor.

REENTERED AT LUNDY'S LANE Nine American Soldiers Who Fell There Given Formal Burial with Red Coats Present.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ontario, Oct. 19.—The bodies of nine American soldiers, who were killed in the battle of Lundy's Lane, were reinterred this afternoon near the spot where they fell in the bloody strife nearly 100 years ago. The bodies were discovered several months ago and were identified by means of buttons and accoutrements as members of the Ninth United States infantry.

In reporting the discovery to the State department Mr. Bush, United States consul here, suggested that the bodies be buried either at Fort Porter or Fort Niagara, but later, at the request of Canadian officers and members of the Lundy's Lane Historical society, it was recommended that the reinterment take place at Lundy's Lane battlefield, where the bodies were discovered. This was approved by the State department and War department and details were arranged under their direction.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon a company of red-coated Canadian soldiers met a detachment of American soldiers at the center of the upper steel arch bridge and escorted them to Lundy's Lane. The ceremonies took place in the presence of a company of distinguished representatives of the Canadian and American governments, veterans' and historical organizations and prominent citizens of the Niagara frontier.

George F. Nock. ROME, N. Y., Oct. 19.—George F. Nock, special city judge of Onondaga, died today, aged 47, from heart trouble. Nock achieved a national reputation in the defense at Sioux City of Plenty Horses, a Brule Indian, charged with killing Lieutenant Casey, commanding a troop of United States Cheyenne Indian scouts. The Indian was acquitted.

Dr. A. A. McCain, Army Surgeon. NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Dr. A. A. McCain, an army surgeon, who came here October 3 from Cuba, where he had been stationed for some time, was found dead today in his room at the Broadway Central hotel. An autopsy has been ordered to ascertain the cause of death.

General Walter S. Payne, Chicago. CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Walter S. Payne, for a number of years commander-in-chief of the Sons of Veterans, died today from the effects of an operation performed Monday.

Harlow Would Quit Commission. WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Major John B. Harlow, member of the United States Civil Service commission, has tendered his resignation to the president and will be transferred back to the St. Louis postoffice under the present postmaster. Major Harlow has the hearty good will of the president and the transfer is made in recognition of his past service in both civil and military positions.

CUT BEGINS IN NOVEMBER

Union Pacific and Northwestern Slice Time Before Thanksgiving.

THREE HOURS OFF AT THE FIRST CLIP

New Arrangement Will Not Only Shorten Run Across Continent, but Will Give Three Through Trains Each Day.

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Effective Sunday, November 3, great improvement in California passenger service will be made by the Chicago & Northwestern, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific lines. The Overland Limited will leave Chicago at 8 p. m. instead of 6:30 p. m. as at present, and will reach San Francisco at 5:35 instead of 6:55 p. m., as now, thereby reducing the time between Chicago and San Francisco by more than three hours.

The Pacific Express will leave Chicago at 10 a. m. and will reach San Francisco at 4:15 p. m. The California Express will leave Chicago at 11:30 p. m. daily and reach San Francisco at 8:15 a. m. instead of 12:25 p. m., as now.

The new arrangement will not only shorten the time across the continent, but will also give through trains and sleeping car service between Chicago and San Francisco three times every day. Corresponding improvements will be made in the east-bound service between San Francisco and Chicago.

REINTERED AT LUNDY'S LANE (Continued) At 3 o'clock this afternoon a company of red-coated Canadian soldiers met a detachment of American soldiers at the center of the upper steel arch bridge and escorted them to Lundy's Lane. The ceremonies took place in the presence of a company of distinguished representatives of the Canadian and American governments, veterans' and historical organizations and prominent citizens of the Niagara frontier.

George F. Nock. ROME, N. Y., Oct. 19.—George F. Nock, special city judge of Onondaga, died today, aged 47, from heart trouble. Nock achieved a national reputation in the defense at Sioux City of Plenty Horses, a Brule Indian, charged with killing Lieutenant Casey, commanding a troop of United States Cheyenne Indian scouts. The Indian was acquitted.

Dr. A. A. McCain, Army Surgeon. NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Dr. A. A. McCain, an army surgeon, who came here October 3 from Cuba, where he had been stationed for some time, was found dead today in his room at the Broadway Central hotel. An autopsy has been ordered to ascertain the cause of death.

General Walter S. Payne, Chicago. CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Walter S. Payne, for a number of years commander-in-chief of the Sons of Veterans, died today from the effects of an operation performed Monday.

Harlow Would Quit Commission. WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Major John B. Harlow, member of the United States Civil Service commission, has tendered his resignation to the president and will be transferred back to the St. Louis postoffice under the present postmaster. Major Harlow has the hearty good will of the president and the transfer is made in recognition of his past service in both civil and military positions.

ANNIVERSARY OF YORKTOWN Nebraska Sons of American Revolution Celebrate the Event in Fitting Style.

The Sons of the American Revolution met last night in the parlors of the Commercial club and listened to a program commemorating the anniversary of the battle of Yorktown.

Edwin C. Webster presided at the meeting and outlined the operations of the colonial forces in the south previous to Cornwallis' surrender. At previous meetings held this year the battles of the revolution previous to 1780 were reviewed and last night's program carried the study of the war through the year 1781.

The program opened with the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" by Miss Fannie Arnold. P. L. Perine read a paper on Greene's campaign. "The Junction of the Forces and the Capture of Cornwallis" was

the subject of an able paper which was read by John R. Webster. In conclusion the audience sang "America" under the leadership of Miss Fannie Arnold.

DEATH RECORD.

Rear Admiral Bunce.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 19.—Rear Admiral Francis M. Bunce (retired), died today at his home here.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Admiral Bunce, who rendered distinguished service in the civil war, was the predecessor of Admiral Seward as commander-in-chief of the North Atlantic squadron and was more active than any other naval officer of his time in improving the navy to meet modern requirements. He retired by age limit on December 1, 1894.

Admiral Bunce's death, while sudden, was not entirely unexpected, as his family had been warned to expect the worst. Last May cancer of the tongue developed and an operation in Boston resulted in the removal of the tumor. In September the disease attacked the throat and the patient grew weaker from that time, fighting a hopeless battle with the courage which had always characterized the man. Two weeks ago he took to his bed and had been practically confined there ever since.

Francis Marvin Bunce was born December 25, 1836, and was appointed to the naval academy May 28, 1852. He served with distinction in the civil war, taking part in the blockade of Wilmington, N. C., and in the capture of Morris Island, South Carolina, July 10, 1863. He commanded the expedition which co-operated with General Gilmore in the reduction of the confederate works on the island and was in the attack on Fort Sumpter September 8, 1863. He was the monitor Patuxent in the siege of Charleston. In November, 1863, he was wounded by the premature explosion of a shell in the turret of Patuxent. He was on the staff of Admiral Dahlgren and received honorable mention time and time again for gallant conduct.

After the war he achieved distinction in taking the monitor Monitoradock from Philadelphia to San Francisco, that being the first extended voyage of an ironclad. He received a captain's commission in 1863 and was made a commodore in 1882. In 1888 he was given the rank of rear admiral.

Christian Wahl of Milwaukee. MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 19.—Christian Wahl, one of the wealthiest citizens of Milwaukee and well known throughout the west, dropped dead tonight after alighting from a street car near his home. He was 72 years old and came to Milwaukee in 1854. He was also a resident of Chicago many years and served that city as a member of the city council and Board of Education and was county commissioner. Mr. Wahl was consul of the United States at Berlin during the Franco-Prussian war.

George F. Nock. ROME, N. Y., Oct. 19.—George F. Nock, special city judge of Onondaga, died today, aged 47, from heart trouble. Nock achieved a national reputation in the defense at Sioux City of Plenty Horses, a Brule Indian, charged with killing Lieutenant Casey, commanding a troop of United States Cheyenne Indian scouts. The Indian was acquitted.

Dr. A. A. McCain, Army Surgeon. NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Dr. A. A. McCain, an army surgeon, who came here October 3 from Cuba, where he had been stationed for some time, was found dead today in his room at the Broadway Central hotel. An autopsy has been ordered to ascertain the cause of death.

General Walter S. Payne, Chicago. CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Walter S. Payne, for a number of years commander-in-chief of the Sons of Veterans, died today from the effects of an operation performed Monday.

Harlow Would Quit Commission. WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Major John B. Harlow, member of the United States Civil Service commission, has tendered his resignation to the president and will be transferred back to the St. Louis postoffice under the present postmaster. Major Harlow has the hearty good will of the president and the transfer is made in recognition of his past service in both civil and military positions.

Test for Yourself the Wonderful Curative Properties of Swamp-Root

To Prove What the World-Famous Discovery, SWAMP-ROOT, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of The Bee May Have a Sample Bottle Free.

Reporters Have Convincing Interviews with Prominent People Regarding Wonderful Cures by Swamp-Root



65TH POLICE PRECINCT, GREATER NEW YORK, Oct. 11, 1900.

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.: Gentlemen—In justice to you, I feel it is my duty to send you an acknowledgment of the receipt of the sample bottle of Swamp-Root you so kindly sent me. I had been out of health for the past five years with kidney and bladder trouble. Had your best physicians prescribe for me. They would relieve me for the time being, but the old complaint would in a short time return again. I sent for a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, and I found it did me a world of good. Since then I have taken eight small bottles bought at my drug store, and I consider myself permanently cured. It seemed as though my back would break in two after stopping. I do not have to get up during the night to urinate, as I formerly did three or four times a night, but now sleep the sleep of peace. My back is all right again, and in every way I am a new man. Two of my brother officers are still using Swamp-Root. They, like myself, cannot say too much in praise of it. It is a boon to mankind. We recommend it to all humanity who are suffering from any kidney, liver or bladder troubles. My brother officers (whose signatures accompany this letter), as well as myself, thank you for the blessing you have brought to the human race in the compounding of Swamp-Root. We remain, yours very truly, JAMES COOK, 65th Precinct. OFFICERS OF THE 65TH POLICE PRECINCT: JOHN H. BOYLE, HUGH E. BOYLE, GEORGE J. BODKIN.

DIDN'T KNOW SHE HAD KIDNEY TROUBLE.

Women as Well as Men are made Miserable by Kidney and Bladder Trouble.

"You have no idea how well I feel. I am satisfied that I do not need any more medicine, as I am in as good health as I ever was in my life." So says Mrs. Mary Engelhard, of 2,835 Madison street, St. Louis, Mo., to a reporter of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. "For more than ten years I had suffered with what the doctors termed female trouble; also heart trouble, with swelling of the feet and limbs. Last summer I felt so badly that I thought I had not long to live. I consulted doctor after doctor and took their medicines, but felt no better. The physician told me my kidneys were not affected, but I felt sure that they were the cause of my trouble. A friend recommended me to try Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and I must say I derived immense benefit almost from the first week. I continued the medicine, taking it regularly, and I am now in splendid health. The pains and aches have all gone. I have recommended Swamp-Root to all my friends, and told them what it has done for me. I will gladly answer any one who desires to write me regarding my case. I most heartily endorse Swamp-Root from every standpoint. There is such a pleasant taste to Swamp-Root, and it goes right to the weak spots and drives them out of the system." MRS. MARY ENGELHARD.



EDITORIAL NOTICE—Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder remedy, is so remarkably successful that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of The Omaha Sunday Bee who have not already tried it may have a sample bottle sent absolutely free by mail. Also a book telling all about kidney and bladder troubles and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. Be sure and mention reading this generous offer in The Omaha Daily Bee, when sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Deputy State Veterinarian, Food Inspector. H. L. RAMOGIOTTI, D. V. S. CITY VETERINARIAN. Office and Infirmary, 28th and Mason Sts. Telephone 528.

Omaha's Finest Shoe Store. MONDAY—WOMEN'S SHOES—Patent enamel—wide extension heavy sole—hand-sewed—all widths and sizes—price \$2.50. MONDAY—MEN'S SHOES—Introducing our great specialties in extra values—vici kid, box calf and all the patent leathers—price \$3.50, \$3.00 and \$2.50. MONDAY—BOYS' AND GIRLS' SHOES—Entirely new styles—in all the leathers—\$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.00.

The Store for the Masses. Where each sale made brings new customers. The only strictly Cash Store. Values offered here are never equaled.

The Rochester Shoe Co., 1515 Douglas Street. Our New Catalogue Ready.

Time is Money—A little time invested in investigating the piano bargains at Hospe's will yield a handsome profit—No matter what your piano tastes we can satisfy them—whether you want an elegant parlor grand, an artistic cabinet grand, a slightly used upright or a used square piano we have them all and at prices that don't recognize any competition—on terms so easy that you hardly realize you are buying a piano—Organs galore—new and second-hand—at the lowest prices and on terms of \$3 to \$5 per month—Come in this week—Don't delay this matter. A. HOSPE, Music and Art. 1513-1515 Douglas.

Monday the Last Day—We have made special arrangements with the Majestic Steel Range people to continue the demonstration of this famous range all day Monday—and if there is a lady in Omaha who desires to see how biscuits can be baked—brown top and bottom—in three minutes, we want her to call at our store. And to those buying one of these ranges Monday we will give, free of charge, \$7.50 worth of cooking utensils. This demonstration will positively close Monday night. Don't fail to call Monday. A. C. RAYMER Builders Hardware and Tools. 1514 Farnam St.

Our Special. The best \$2.50 hat in the world. See it at Kelley & Heyden, 16th & Chicago. Make Shirts.

The Bee Want Ads Produce Results.

Mr. Copley, I am just looking 'round.

HENRY COPLEY WARE OF GOLD AND SILVER. 215 SOUTH 16TH ST., FARNAM BLOCK. Special Watch Examiner B. A. M. Ry. Call on Wm. J. Ry. at S. L. Ry. O. K. C. & E. Ry. and K. C. & N. Ry.

Medical Batteries. We carry a complete line of Batteries for Family, Physicians' and Hospital use. We have a good family battery for \$2.50. Call and see us. No trouble to show goods.

The H. J. Penfold Co. Medical and Surgical Supplies. 1408 Farnam St. - - - - OMAHA.

W. S. Balduff. 1520 Farnam St. Your Attention—Must be given our way if you want to see the swiftest and prettiest hand-made circular shawls or opera caps. You will, in our south window, always find a nice assortment of the newest style shawls which are made for our own use. In our gents' furnishing department you will always find the best underwear which you can buy for little money. The best fleece lined underwear in town for 10c a garment. All wool from 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00 a piece. Come in and examine our stock. It will pay you to come and examine our goods which are always as we represent them.

Jos. F. Bilz. The only complete yarn store in Omaha. Tel. 1993. 322 So. 16th St. Mail orders promptly filled.

Bargain Day. Tomorrow and every day. Men's Furnishings of all kinds. Black the \$2.50 Hatter. No More—No Less. 107 S. 16th Street.

A Mild Mannered Young Man—can't help himself out at this store with perfect safety in the way of hats and gloves—all styles suitable for all occasions. If he is going on the warpath we can suit him in our cowboy styles—if he is going to the latest wrinkles in an opera crush. Our line of popular priced hats is a winner—\$2.00 \$2.50 and \$3.00—latest shapes in soft hats or derby—every one stylish and dressy—every one a big value for the money. Stetsons and Dunlaps if you prefer a better hat.

C. H. Frederick. The Leading Hat Man of the West. 120 SOUTH FIFTEENTH ST.

Illustration of a man in a hat and a woman in a dress.