

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE. FOR THE RECOVERY OF THE PRESIDENT

HOPE MOUNTS HIGHER

Every Word from Wounded President's Bedside is Encouraging.

DOCTORS FIND ONLY GOOD SYMPTOMS

Declares Their Patient's Condition to Be Satisfactory to All.

DANGER, HOWEVER, NOT ENTIRELY PASSED

Probationary Period Lengthened Another Day or More.

X-RAY MACHINE KEPT READY FOR USE

If Conditions Are Discovered to Demand It the Bullet in Back Can Be Located and Removed Immediately.

BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—Through this quiet, peaceful Sabbath every word that came from the big vine-clad house on Delaware avenue in which the stricken chief lies...

The developments of last night and today were dreaded, but hour after hour passed and the distinguished patient, struggling beneath the watchful eyes of physicians and trained nurses, showed not an unfavorable symptom.

Dr. Charles McBurney, the famous New York surgeon, who had been summoned in consultation, after a thorough examination in which he said he had found not a single unfavorable symptom, joined in the late afternoon bulletin, which declared that the president's condition was satisfactory to all the physicians present.

It is not strange therefore that the vice president, the members of the cabinet and the other distinguished visitors who called on the president, were all heartily congratulated and given expression to the most optimistic sentiments.

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And yet, despite all this optimism, the president is by no means out of danger. Not one of his physicians, not one of his advisers who is admitted to the inner councils has the temerity to declare that the danger is past.

But the confidence to improve for one more day the danger of peritonitis, which is most dreaded, will have practically disappeared. Yesterday one of the doctors thought forty-eight hours from the date of the operation would be sufficient to give the president's condition a final check.

That disposed of still other complications may arise. Blood-poisoning may set in or an abscess form where the bullet is imbedded in the muscles of the back. Thus far the bullet which is still in the body gives the physicians no anxiety.

With it the physicians say there is not the slightest doubt that the ball can be located perfectly in the operation. They do not deem it advisable to say any of the president's strength at this time. All his reserve force is needed now to resist the danger of peritonitis and septic poisoning.

All the effects of the other which was administered when the operation was performed on the exhibition grounds had disappeared. The president's mind was perfectly clear during the time he was awake today. Today for the first time he enjoyed natural sleep.

Today, between 9 and 4 o'clock, he had the solace of natural slumber for four hours and the physicians stated unofficially that his sleep had been injected hypodermically to avoid the possibility of irritating the walls of the stomach. The exterior wound was dressed this morning and is progressing satisfactorily.

All the members of the cabinet and others associated with the president in public life came solitiously and went away almost rejoicing over the hopeful outlook. Vice President Roosevelt received the earlier bulletins and after going to church hurried to the residence. There he was joined by Senator Hanna. They came away together and gave expression to the most confident and encouraging sentiments.

vice president not only shared the cheerful feeling, but was extremely optimistic. Both gentlemen took occasion to denounce in unmeasured terms the statements gaining circulation in some quarters that the doctors were not frank in their communications to the public; they maintained that the president's condition was even understood by the physicians, through conversation. Later, Secretary Cortelyou took occasion to emphasize the fact that the doctors were not frank in their communications to the public; they maintained that the president's condition was even understood by the physicians, through conversation.

Senator Hanna came again during the afternoon and Secretary Root took up apartments next door. Secretary Gage, Secretary Hitchcock and Attorney General Knox called on the president and, as usual, there was no time during the day when some member of the cabinet was not in the house where his stricken chief lay. Even those most prominent in public life did not neglect him, as the doctors would not neglect the ironclad train they have laid down for the daily train upon his energies.

All the members of the cabinet are now here, except Secretaries Hay and Long. The former telegraphed today that he would start from Newberry tomorrow. Secretary Long also telegraphed that he was coming. The cabinet officers feel it to be their duty to be here in this crisis to meet any emergency. They are holding no formal meetings, although there are some matters of public business which the daily discussion of the president and the possible contingencies should the president grow worse are also thoroughly canvassed.

Concerning Roosevelt's Duty. They do not believe that there is the most remote possibility that Vice President Roosevelt will be called upon to exercise the functions of chief magistrate under the disability clause of the constitution while the president lives. Vice President Roosevelt would not hear of such a course. Still, in the event of grave international complications an emergency might occur, and the question has arisen in their minds as to who should proclaim the disability provided for by the constitution. That instrument is silent on the subject. There is no precedent to follow. During the protracted illness of Charles Sumner, the late death Vice President Arthur was not called upon to act. The consensus of opinion among the members of the cabinet is that should the occasion arise they themselves would have to decide and proclaim the existence of the disability. The supreme court, they say, cannot do so, as there would be no way in which the question could be raised before that tribunal. The members of the cabinet are making their headquarters at the Buffalo club and there interchanges take place. They are to remain here for the present and the plans of departure are indefinite and not even thought of while the president is not entirely recovered.

Canadian Show Interest. The interest in the president's condition was such across the Canadian border that the Associated Press was asked to furnish a bulletin to be read this morning in the churches of Quebec and Montreal and requests of a similar nature came to Secretary Cortelyou from different parts of the United States.

Mrs. McKinley Still Brave. Mrs. McKinley continues to bear up bravely and her fortitude under the circumstances is regarded as remarkable. One of her dearest and closest friends, Mrs. Braid of Washington, has arrived here and will probably remain with her during this trying period.

Secretary Cortelyou, in whose hands the management of everything seems to be, was able to take some rest this morning for the first time since the tragedy. The great confidence which the president has in the secretary could not be more strikingly illustrated than at the Exposition hospital when he was about to be placed on the operating table. The president realized that the sooner the operation was performed the better and he was perfectly willing to submit himself to the knife. His only solicitude was as to the competency of the surgeons who were to perform the operation.

Infamous Name Obscured. The members of the cabinet were doing everything in their power to prevent the assassination of the president. They had undoubtedly craved nothing more than to see the assassin's name obscured from the country's memory. They do not desire to place any stone in the path of the authorities who are laboring to unravel the mystery of the plot. It is an honor to be the most skillful in their profession. The president accepted the assurances instantly and immediately announced that he was ready.

Steady Line of Inquirers. MILBURN HOUSE, Buffalo, Sept. 8.—After 5 o'clock there was a period of comparative quiet about the Milburn house. The members of the cabinet and other distinguished officials who had been coming and going throughout the day now withdrew, as it was understood that no further bulletin would be issued until 9 p. m. As the twilight deepened into darkness the lights appeared in the upper chambers of the Milburn house and the eyes of the watchers outside were turned with anxious interest to these shimmering tokens of the watch in and about the sick room. All

LATEST BULLETIN FROM THE BEDSIDE

BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—The following bulletin was issued by the president's physicians at 9 p. m.: The president is resting comfortably and there is no special change since last bulletin. Pulse, 130; temperature, 101.6; respiration, 30.

PROGRESS OF THE PATIENT

Official Bulletins from the Physicians Show Sunday's Developments.

STEADY ENCOURAGEMENT OF WATCHERS

Improved State of Temperature, Pulse and Respiration Renewed Hopes of All—President's Mind Clear and Spirits Buoyant.

Following are the official bulletins of Sunday from the bedside of President McKinley.

MILBURN HOUSE, BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—The following bulletin was issued by the president's physicians at 12 o'clock noon: The improvement in the president's condition has continued since last bulletin. Pulse, 129; temperature, 101 degree; respiration, 27. P. M. RIXEY, Secretary to the President.

MILBURN HOUSE, BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—12:40 p. m.—Dr. McBurney, after a thorough examination of the president, reported that he had not found a single unfavorable symptom. This opinion of the famous physician carries much weight.

MILBURN HOUSE, BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—At 3:30 the physicians were again in consultation. Postmaster General Smith said that all the conditions continued favorable.

Confident He Will Pull Through. MILBURN HOUSE, BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—Postmaster General Smith, accompanied by ex-Senator General Bissell of this city, and Senator Hanna called shortly after 3 o'clock. The former two remained only a short time. When they left Postmaster General Smith expressed great confidence in the president's ability to pull through.

Most Favorable Indications. MILBURN HOUSE, BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—The following bulletin was issued by the president's physicians at 4 p. m.: The president's condition is satisfactory to all the physicians present. Pulse, 128; temperature, 101; respiration, 28.

MILBURN HOUSE, BUFFALO, Sept. 8.—The bulletin was issued just forty-eight hours after the president was shot and was regarded as one of the most favorable bulletins since. Senator Hanna's secretary, Mr. Dover, came over to the press tent to express the feeling of confidence which had arisen from this bulletin.

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CZOLGOSZ IN CHICAGO GANG

Two Anarchists Identify Him as Roust Guest of Isaak's.

ELEVEN ARE BOOKED AS CONSPIRATORS

They Will Be Taken Into Court Today for a Hearing—Wilkie Orders an Arrest in Cincinnati.

CHICAGO, Sept. 8.—If any further proof were needed that Leon Czolgosz was the guest of Chicago anarchists shortly before he went to Buffalo on his murderous mission against President McKinley it was supplied today by three of the prisoners in the Central police station. They identified a photograph of the murderous "red" as a picture of a man whom they saw at the home of Abraham Isaak, 215 Carroll avenue, not longer ago than July 12.

The eleven men and women who are accused anarchists were formally booked tonight on the charge of conspiracy to commit murder. They will be taken before Justice Prindle tomorrow for a hearing. It is pointed out that the prosecution will ask for a continuance of ten days, that the police may have more time for an investigation. The much was intimated tonight by Captain Cotten.

"I am not prepared to say that any conspiracy to kill President McKinley was formed in Chicago," he said. "The evidence in my possession has been turned over to the law department and we are ready to begin the hearing tomorrow if it is possible that the city prosecutor may want more time. In that event we will ask for a continuance."

CINCINNATI, Sept. 8.—The ramifications of his band of anarchists which is supposed to have been responsible for the tragedy at Buffalo is believed to extend into this city. The local police have received a telegram from Chief Wilkie of the federal secret service department requesting the arrest here of E. Laux, 1430 Monroe street. Beyond this statement no information was furnished. Detectives have failed to locate Laux, as there is no such number on Monroe street. The police claim to have the address of a former plot, which was hatched here and in which a Cincinnati man left here for Canton, O., the home of the president, for the purpose of murder, but returned unable to fulfill his purpose. It is reported that Emma Goldman visited here recently. Secret service agents are expected here in a few days.

Anarchists Celebrate. MCKEESPORT, Pa., Sept. 8.—Two hundred Italian anarchists celebrated President McKinley's assassination at Guffrey Hollow, a mining town across the river from Buena Vista. Beer, whisky, speeches, songs and dances for Czolgosz were the order of the day. This is one of the largest anarchist groups in the country. It was started and led by Garcia Camavilla, who now lives at Spring Valley, Ill., and edits the Firebrand, the anarchist organ. When Breasi assassinated King Humbert he declared that McKinley would be the next victim of the anarchist plots. He also drew up resolutions praising Breasi, which were published in Pittsburgh newspapers. Since moving away the Italian say he has still been an active spirit in the Guffrey Hollow group.

ANDREWS ON ANARCHISTS Chancellor Denounces Hanging Haymarket Rioters and Precipitates a Hot Dispute.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 8.—(Special Telegram.)—If there ever was a judicial murder it was at the hanging of the alleged Haymarket rioters in Chicago, and if there ever was a Christian act performed by any official it was the pardoning by Governor Altgeld of the men convicted of participating in the riot.

The foregoing declaration was made by Chancellor Andrews of the University of Nebraska during the course of an animated conversation on the subject of anarchy in a street car last night. The chancellor took issue with the conviction of the rioters, not justifiable by any evidence or testimony produced during the trial. His remarks excited several fellow travelers and hot words would have followed had he not soon left the car. Speaking of the conversation a man who was riding in the car when it took place said: "Chancellor Andrews was talking with two men about anarchy in general and pretty soon the Haymarket affair was mentioned. The chancellor did not attempt to excuse the rioters, but he insisted with emphasis that there was no evidence or testimony to warrant their conviction. He called attention to the pardon message issued by Altgeld and said that it contained a complete review of the trial, showing not one iota of direct evidence against the men. The other man took the opposite side, and of course, and all occupants of the car who heard the conversation were eager to back them up in the argument."

UNPRECEDENTED IN ENGLAND President McKinley Shows More Sympathy Than Foreigners Have Been Herebefore.

LONDON, Sept. 8.—Hundreds of callers made incessant inquiries throughout the day at the United States embassy. Minister Francis said to the Associated Press representative: "I have been a frequent visitor to England for many years, but I have never seen anything like the general sympathy evidenced toward the president and it comes from the heart. It is a national emotion and is unprecedented, being greater than has ever been shown in any event, and perhaps the death of Queen Victoria. Every one talks, every waiter, elevator boy and proprietor. Everywhere you go McKinley's name is on the people's lips, coupled with deep sympathetic references. The intensity of this widespread feeling is marvellous and bears witness to a friendship, the depth of which I scarcely realized."

TRACING UP THE REVOLVER Dealer Who Sold the Weapon Identified the Box Which It Came In.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 8.—A member of the firm of Walbridge & Co., it is said, has identified the box in which the revolver with which Czolgosz shot President McKinley as having the price marks of that firm. It is supposed the weapon was sold on Tuesday last. It is not known whether the revolver was purchased by Czolgosz. Only the empty box was found in Czolgosz's bag.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Monday; Warmer in Northern and Eastern Parts Tuesday; Fair, East to South Winds.

Table with 4 columns: Temperature at Omaha Yesterday, Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg. Rows include 5 a. m., 8 a. m., 11 a. m., 2 p. m., 5 p. m., 8 p. m., 11 p. m.

BILL TO MAKE IT TREASON

Next Session of Congress Will Be Asked to Put Death Penalty on Such Attacks.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Sept. 8.—In discussing the attempted assassination of President McKinley, Congressman George A. Perre of Maryland said: "I will offer a bill in the next congress of the United States amending the constitution so as to make even an unsuccessful attempt upon the life of a president of the United States treason and the penalty death. The man who strikes at the nation's head is a public enemy and should be treated as such."

DR. LEE DESCRIBES OPERATION

Tells How the President Was Treated at the Emergency Hospital on the Grounds.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—Dr. Edward Wallace Lee, formerly of Omaha, who assisted at the operation on President McKinley in the Emergency hospital on the exposition grounds at Buffalo, arrived in this city yesterday. "When I was summoned to the operating room there were present several physicians in addition to the regular hospital staff," he said. "The president's clothes had been removed and he was lying on the operating table. He had been given some temporary relief."

"An examination was at once held and from the president's condition it was clearly indicated that an operation was imperative at once. We told Mr. McKinley what was necessary and he replied: 'Do what you think best.'"

"The second bullet had entered five inches below the left nipple and one and a half inches to the left of the median line. It had passed through all the tissues and had penetrated the stomach in two places, front and back. The stomach was quite full, the president having eaten a hearty luncheon, as he had previously told me. Of course, there was more or less hemorrhage and some of the contents of the stomach were also escaping. It was absolutely necessary to operate at once. The first incision was in the abdominal cavity, and this was at once done."

"The bullet must either have lodged in the muscles of the back somewhere, or, having spent its force, have dropped into the abdominal cavity. It had probably done all the damage it could do."

"Dr. Mann, Dr. Mynter and myself thoroughly cleaned the abdominal cavity, and turning the patient on his side, examined carefully to see if the missing bullet had lodged beneath the skin. We were unable to find it."

"Mr. McKinley stood the operation remarkably well, although it was a delicate matter to sew up the stomach, and we were at work about an hour and a half. He came out of it in excellent condition."

"Cases of this kind are always critical and every surgeon present spoke of the seriousness of the president's condition. The patient showed wonderful fortitude throughout, and any man except an anarchist would have been stricken to the heart by the great, good and grand man lying there as white as a sheet, and yet with that dignity and calmness which are characteristic of President McKinley."

"No drainage tubes were used, as the cavity made them unnecessary. The incision in the stomach was sewed up with silk sutures and those in the abdominal wall with silkworm gut sutures."

"The tragedy shows the great need of an emergency hospital at exhibitions like the Pan-American, and its location on the grounds enabled the president to obtain almost immediate relief. If the patient had had to be taken to a downtown hospital the contents of the stomach would have filtered into the abdominal cavity to a much greater extent and the result would have been much more serious."

"The emergency hospital automobile ambulance service is the most perfect one I have ever seen, and the asphalt pavements made it absolutely smooth going. When the ambulance reached the hospital from the Temple of Music the patient was rolled out on the stretcher and stretcher and the president felt no shock or jar at all. It was the same when the president was transferred to Mr. Milburn's home."

NOYES REACHES WASHINGTON When Possible Will Confer with Knox Concerning Those Charges of Bribery.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—Judge A. H. Noyes of the Nome judicial district in Alaska, against whom have been preferred charges of corruption and irregularities in issuing claims, arrived here tonight. A severe attack of asthma compelled him to call in a physician shortly after his arrival and he was unable to see visitors. He expected to report tomorrow to the attorney general to confer over the charges filed against him. The latter, however, is in Buffalo, a fact of which Judge Noyes had not been apprised.

MAGNANIMITY OF THE VICTIM. "Nothing showed the character of the president more clearly than his first words after the assassin's bullet had struck him. 'My God, forgive him,' said Rev. T. V. Moore, 'This nation was characteristic of the true Christian gentleman who has been elevated to the head of our government. He was more forgiving than the 99,000,000 people who recognize him as our president. 'God was never harsh with individuals, but He showed His mercy to institutions or organizations which tolerated wrong-doing. Following His example we should not vent our indignation upon this poor fanatic, who stands only as a representative of a great organization which threatens to overthrow our government. Anarchism should be repressed. There is no room in this country for nihilists and their unsound teachings.'"

MANY VOICES PLEAD

Prayers of Whole Nation Are Offered for Recovery of the President.

EARTHLY ASSURANCE IS ADDED TO FAITH

Reports from Sick Room Impart Cheerful Tone to the Meetings.

UNION SERVICES ARE HELD IN THIS CITY

Church Barriers Are Put Aside in Presence of Common Need.

VARIOUS CLEFGYMEN VOICE THE FEELING

Chief Meeting is Supplemented by Many Throughout Omaha, Which Have Good Attendance in Spite of Rain.

Prayers in the volume of a nation's chorus were uttered yesterday for the life of the nation's chief. Governors of the states set apart the day for supplication and men whose lips seldom move in prayer joined with churchmen in the plea that this cup may pass from the nation. The observance was hearty and unanimous throughout the country, the keynote issuing from President McKinley's own church in Washington, the Metropolitan Methodist.

Throughout Nebraska every town congregated in its sanctuaries to express its hope and fear. The proclamation of Governor Savage was heralded through the state in the early morning, but in most cases it had been anticipated. By a common consent services had already been announced in every vale and hamlet.

There was an expected rainfall over the state, but farmers flocked to the towns in the hope of news and every town reported its services well attended. Muddy roads and moisture seemed to have no effect on a need and anxiety that were real and personal.

The general meeting called for the evening in this city was supplemented by individual services of a special nature in every church in the city. Not a prayer was offered that did not mention the president's name, each in the manner of its creed.

Felicitations Over Good Reports. In many churches where recent news was at hand felicitations were exchanged upon the continued good reports from the sickroom. The supplicants mingled with their usual faith an earthly assurance that the righteous man, as "slewed by mortal eyes, would prevail."

A number of the speakers did not attempt to restrain their resentment and bitterness against the man who fired the shot. From the remarkable utterance of Presiding Elder Naylor in Washington, who felt that the attempt had almost reconciled him to lynch law, all the way down the scale to resignation clergymen expressed their belief in a human vengeance which might be the agent of the Divine retribution.

The steady rain all day did not have its usual depressing effect upon the attendance. The topics as announced, for the most part, promised something out of the ordinary. Clergymen discussed the vital question of the day, the real peril which had been disclosed to the nation. They left polemics for a more quiet season.

With a disregard of church barriers which marks the new century's Christianity the "big men of Omaha united in a service at St. Mary's church, a congregational church. Speakers representing the leading denominations offered their word of prayer. The remarks were brief and few, as the leaders felt the occasion to be one wholly of supplication. The bulletins during the day imaged the hope of the people to the service, however, which detracted in a measure from its melancholy purpose.

PRAY FOR THE PRESIDENT

Mass Meeting at St. Mary's Avenue Congregational Church Offers Petitions for the City.

The churches of Omaha held a union meeting at St. Mary's Avenue Congregational church last night to pray for the life of the president. The meeting was called by Dr. C. S. Sargent, who conducted the services, and was assisted by Rev. E. F. Truff, Rev. H. C. Herring, Rev. T. V. Moore, Rev. H. C. Herring, Rev. T. V. Moore, Rev. H. C. Herring, Rev. T. V. Moore, Rev. H. C. Herring, Rev. T. V. Moore.

"Within my memory three very prominent Americans have met death at the hands of an assassin. Presidents Lincoln and Garfield and Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago have given up their lives to satisfy the whims of crazed fanatics," said Dr. Sargent, in opening the meeting. "The attempt upon the life of our beloved president not only makes every European monarch tremble, but it fills the hearts of American with fear for the life of the republic. If God does not interfere, it is impossible to tell what fate will befall our government. Only a supreme power can control the actions of dangerous citizens."

"This is a time when I have but little hope," he said. "It seems a time for prayer alone," said Rev. Hubert C. Herring, the next speaker of the evening. "It is horrifying to think that a citizen of this republic would raise his hand against the president. But the magnitude of the crime is forgotten in this time when the president's life is in such danger. We can think only of him and raise our petitions to heaven for the life of our chief executive."

"Nothing showed the character of the president more clearly than his first words after the assassin's bullet had struck him. 'My God, forgive him,' said Rev. T. V. Moore, 'This nation was characteristic of the true Christian gentleman who has been elevated to the head of our government. He was more forgiving than the 99,000,000 people who recognize him as our president. 'God was never harsh with individuals, but He showed His mercy to institutions or organizations which tolerated wrong-doing. Following His example we should not vent our indignation upon this poor fanatic, who stands only as a representative of a great organization which threatens to overthrow our government. Anarchism should be repressed. There is no room in this country for nihilists and their unsound teachings.'"

MACARTHUR NOT IN MOOD Asks His Home City to Abandon Reception on Account of President's Condition.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 8.—The public reception and banquet tendered to Major General MacArthur by the citizens of Milwaukee have been abandoned. This is done at the earnest request of the general himself and is occasioned by the great calamity which has befallen the country. The reception of the attempted assassination of the president.