OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1901.

TWO CUBAN REPORTS

Committee on Relations Gees Before Constitutional Convention Divided.

MAJORITY'S ACTION RATHER SURPRISING

Makes Additions to Various Clauses Thought Acceptable.

IS ACCEPTANCE THAT DOESN'T ACCEPT

Varies from Platt Conception of Intervention Clause.

SPANIARDS HOPE FOR ANNEXATION

Feer Government by Cubana and Encourage Failure of Present Plan that Another Policy May Prevail.

HAVANA, May 19.-The committee on relations of the constitutional convention will submit majority and minority reports to the convention tomorrow. The majority report, in an introduction, quotes article i of the treaty of Paris, the joint resolution of the United States congress and the Platt amendment, and then proceeds as

"Inasmuch as Secretary Root, being authorized by President McKinley, says that the Platt law has for its object the guaranteeing of the independence of Cuba and does not mean interference with its government or the exercise of a protectorate or of sovereignty, and also that intervention will only take place when independ ence is endangered by outside powers or grave interior disturbances, creating ananchy, and inasmuch as Secretary Root has said that the naval stations will not be used for vantage points of intervention, but only to protect Cuba against foreign powers, we report as follows:

"That in view of the fact that the Plats law, in its preamble, says it is a fulfillment of the joint resolution and has been adopted by congress with the principal object of establishing independence, we do propose to the convention to accept the letin that "it is not impossible," even five following as an appendix to the constitu-

Excepts Isolated Agents.

The first, second, fourth and fifth clauses are quoted in their entirety. The third clause has the following addition: being understood that the United States have the right to intervene to prevent the action of a foreign power or disturbances causing a state of anarchy, and that the intervention shall always be the act of the United States and not of isolated agents, the intervention shall suppose neither sovereignty nor a protectorate and shall last only sufficiently long to establish normal conditions. Said intervention. it is understood, shall not have the right to interfere in the government, but only the right to preserve ladependence."

An addition to the sixth clause says that be settled by a future treaty.

An addition to the seventh clause says "It shall be understood that the naval stations do not give the United States the right to interfere with the interior government, but are established for the sole purpose of protecting American waters from foreign invasion directed against Cuba or the United States. Cuba will sell or lease the necessary lands at points to be agreed upon later.

An addition to the eighth clause says that the government of Cuba suggests at the same time a treaty of commerce based upon reciprocity.

Minority Report.

The minority report says: "The explanations given to the commission in Washington show that the Platt law does not ex press the wishes of the United States. It was intended to protect the independence of Cuba, but the wording gives other in-

The United States are inconsistent in asking naval stations, when the amendments provide that no concessions shall be given to foreign powers. Such a demand sed the question whether the United States do not consider Cubs a part of their possessions."

The report of the minority virtually accepts the first and second clauses. For the third clause the following is subsettuted: "That the government of Cuba subscribes to the Monroe doctrine and will help the United States to enforce it against other nations trying to violate it."

For the fourth clause, the following is substituted: "Cuba does not recognize acts of intervention which are not in conformity with the Foraker resclution and the laws of the United States."

The seventh clause reads: "Cuba will maintain naval stations, handing them over to the United States in time of war." The report of the minority recommends

commercial treaty based upon reciprocity.

Majority Report is a Surprise. The report of the majority has caused considerable surprise. It was generally believed that the committee on relations would recommend acceptance of the Platt amendment on the basis of the interpretation given by Secretary Root, but it was not expected that such additions would be made to various clauses as the majority but he is also providing special trains to recommend. A prominent Cuban lawyer said today: "The majority report is not an acceptance of the Platt amendment, as it

distinguishes intervention on different A person who is in close touch with the Spanish government made the following statement to a representative of the Associated Press: "It is a fact to which the attention of all Americans should be called that not only Spain, but Spanish residents in Cuba (both those who have retained their Spanish nationality by inscription and those who have become Cuban by not inscribing) are closely watching developments in this matter of the relations between the United States and Cuba. This is a question which seems to involve more than the Platt amendment merely. It seems to tend ulti-

mately toward annexation. Spaniards Payor Annexation.

Spaniards here and in Spain favor annexation. Not only do they fear that any vernment by Cubans, not controlled by the United States, would endanger property and even life, but they also favor annexation because they believe it would restore the Spanish influence in policies because by the treaty they would make with the former autonomists, the conservative Cubans and the Americans who be long here, they would control the politics of the island by an overwhelming ma-

jority. 'This condition would meet with the approval of Spain, because in its commercial relations with Cuba it would be benefited the preponderance of Spanish influ-

(Continued on Second Page.)

Annals of the Balkan Courts Contain None Worse Marvels at Results Already Obtained in the Than This. Philippines. (Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.)

VIENNA, May 19 .- (New York World

Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-The varied

annals of the Balkan courts contain no more sensational scandal than the story of

Queen Draga of Servia's vanished beir. King

Alexander's excuse for marrying her was

that as a man of honor he was compelled to

legitimatize their expected child. But the

eminent Viennese surgeon, Nothangel, says

he informed the queen eighteen months ago

that she could never know the joy of

motherhood. Nevertheless, since their mar-

riage every possible preparation has been

made at the queen's instance for the alleged

anticipated event, and the Servians were

enthusiastic over the likelihood of the

denouement was reached, as the innermost

circles of the court believed that the queen

was either duping the king or conspiring

with him to perpetrate an audacious fraud.

But in pursuance of the plot two Russian

and two French doctors were summoned to

Belgrade five weeks ago to prepare for the

event. Dr. Stegiereff of Moscow declared,

voked a quarrel between the surgeons.

the Servian people. He rejected the theory

of hysterical delusion advanced by his col-

Alexander, terrified by the ominous mani-

festations of popular anger and at the sinia-

ter turn of events and warned by Russia of

the consequences, suddenly became furiously

would divorce her and indict all her en-

tourage for high treason, and alternated be-

The plot was carried so far that the

queen actually simulated the illness usual

on such occasions, but too late, as sus-

picion had been thoroughly aroused. It is

sure and the setting of the match to the

Draga is said to be confined to her bed,

very depressed and constantly weeping.

chareat, who were called in consultation

Sir Thomas is Permitted, However, to

Spend Money for Edward's

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SOUTHAMPTON, May 19 .- (New York

World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)-

at work aboard the Erin all day, making

elaborate preparations for the reception of

the king, who arrives tomorrow to sleep

and witness the cup trial race on Tuesday.

The king had the cabin plan of the Erin

furnished him, and at his request he will

occupy one of Lipton's private deck cabins

as a sleeping chamber and the other as a

retiring room. Both will have to be com-

pletely refurnished at the king's request

and a brass bed is among the furnishings

sent from London for the king's chamber

Lipton also engaged the services of a spe

cial chef for the occasion, and the menus

of all the meals to be partaken of aboard

the Erin have already been submitted to

The king will probably be accompanied

by Lord Suffield, but, although it is rumored

there will be four women in the party, in-

cluding Mrs. George Keppel, there is no

evidence of any special arrangements being

Lipton will not sleep aboard the Erin to-

morrow night. The crew will also be pro-

vided for ashore. The king has put Lipton

to endless trouble, but the cheery knight

quite delighted, as he always personally

liked the king as the prince of Wales. At

well have allowed Lipton to sleep aboard

his own yacht without infringement upon

It is considered curious that the king

should stay aboard the Erin when he has

the Osborne house at his command. But

he avoided all expense by patronizing the

Erin, besides enjoying more personal free-

dom than if staying ashore. He returns

to town Tuesday evening. Not only is Lip-

ton entertaining the king and his party

It is needless to say that there is

somewhat acrimonious comment in society

on the fact that the first private person

chosen as host by the king should be the

influence with him is well known, as he

without undue familiarity and displays de-

comfort. That appeals very directly to the

canceled his engagement to open the Glas-

gow exhibition, owing to the queen's death.

including several Scotch noblemen, failed

ton's aid was invoked, when the king grac

lously replied through him that though

Abstractor Comes to Omaha.

WEST POINT, Neb., May 19 .- (Special.

& Co., will remove to Omaha to take a

position with R. C. Peters of The Bes

ements of Ocean Vessels May 19

At New York—Arrived—Umbria, from Liverpool and Queenstown; L'Aquitaine, from Havre; Mesaba, from London; As-teria, from Glasgow and Moville. At Queenstown—Arrived—Saxonia, from Boston, for Liverpool, and proceeded. Sailed—Lucania, from Liverpool, for New York.

Antwerp-Arrived-Friesland, from

the influential promoters of the exhibition

take him from and to London.

the same time it is thought the king might

and in some cases revised by the king be

fore approving them.

royal dignity.

king's heart.

building

when out of mourning.

Entertainment.

inflammable Balkan question.

tween paroxysms of sorrow and rage.

league.

months off.

TROUBLE, HOWEVER, IS NOT ALL PASSED

Robberies and Murder Apt to Occur for Some Time-Brigandage is A Natural Inclination.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 19.-Brigadier from Manila on the Sheridan, speaking of the condition in the Philippines, said:

governments to expect a scandal when the for the present. You must remember that they were originally pirates, that their ization, said that men must not only be civilization is of the fourteenth, if not of the fifteenth century, and the tendency to brigandage is so decided among them that it amounts to a disease. In many be character building and consecration. The districts the paying of tribute to robbers moderator sounded a note of warning reis considered the regular thing, no more garding the public schools. out of the way than taxes.

"Our task now is to give them good govafter a brief observation, that there could be no confinement. Dr. Coulet, the Frenchman, a friend of the queen's when she was a lady in waiting to Natalle, positively affirmed the contrary. The controversy pro-Dr. Stegiereff reported to the czar that no beir was in prospect, nor had there ever been, and that the queen had attempted to leave any district, so as to insure against and daughters is involved, and the kingdom tal, but it is hoped that Mrs. McKinley will deceive him and those around her by an a relapse. We must expect much robbery and brigandage and pillage and even murder not an organized scepticism that threatens, elaborate system of artifice with the intention of foisting off a suppositious child upon for a long time.

Bataan, with a population of 600,000, all of Home Missions was held. Rev. D. Stuart Tagalo provinces, and considered the most Dodge, D. D., presided. lawless in the islands. Now there is not indignant with the queen and swore that he a robber band in the whole district, a condition unknown in the whole history of the local civilian governor. We are building roads and teaching the people.

Bryanism to Blame. now stated that the queen is seriously ill General Grant expressed the opinion that and Alexander's latest act is to issue a bulthe resistance of the insurgents was prolonged by the events in the United States attending the last presidential campaign. Dr. Worthheim of Vienna and Prof. Can-

tazucene of Bucharest have now been sum-"The property-holding class in the moned. It is quite likely that the result of islands is composed of persons who are this royal swindle may be banishment for pretty ignorant and who could not quite the queen and renunciation of the throne by understand the situation. They are natthe king under popular and Russian presurally our friends, but were under constant pressure to throw their fortunes in with the insurgent cause. When they heard LONDON, May 20 .- (New York World Cathat a party was coming into power in the blegram-Special Telegram.)-The Chroni- United States which was in favor of withcle's Vienna correspondent says: "Queen drawing the troops and giving up the government to the insurgents they did not know what to do. If they stood out against The king is doing all he can to console her. the insurrection they would be likely to believing she acted bona fide. Dr. Wertheim lose their lives and property as soon as of Vienna and Prof. Cantacuzene of Bu-

we turned our backs. "With that kind of people-timid, igyesterday, agree with the Russian doctors, norant, afraid to espouse a cause that but in written statements both endeavor to might lead to their destruction, and with exculpate the queen. Dr. Cantacuzene the most unscrupulous element in the states that a similar case of hysteria ocislands in charge of the native forcesthere was no use in going ahead. I stopped curred some years ago with the queen of active operations after the nomination of Bryan and tried only to protect my own KING SENDS LIPTON ASHORE The cessation of activities had a deplorable result, the slaughter of innocent people by the lawless element, partly sanctioned by the insurgent leaders.

"Some of the figures, which I can vouch for in the case of my own district, are appalling. In the province of Pampanga they killed over 1,000 people because they would not swear allegiance to the insur-Carpenters and upholsters have been hard rection. In one narrow district over 300 people were buried alive, possibly by Ladrones, but much more probably for the same cause. One man, Lorenzo Cainayar, killed eight men in one day within easy reach of my quarters. In the cases where the prepetrators of these outrages could be proved I acted severely.

"After the elections, when natives learned that we were there to stay, the real end of the insurrection came." The surrender of Lieutenant General Mariano Trias had more effect on the Filipino mind, General Grant thinks, than the manifesto issued by Aguinaldo. General Grant will proceed east in a day

BATES TELLS HOW 'TWAS DONE

Possible Future Commander Department of Missouri Describes Perauasion of Sultan of Jolo

SAN FRANCISCO, May 19 .- General J. C. giving the following of his dealings with

the sultan of Jolo and the manner in which he obtained the sultan's goodwill after the islands had been ceded by Spain: "The Mohammedans who recognize the sultan of Jolo," he said, "differ from the other natives of the islands in the fact

that they do not desire independence. In fact, they told me that they preferred to have the protection of a strong nation and frankly declared that if the United States did not want to take them they would appeal to some other great country. "As commander of the Department of Southern Luzon, it became my duty to treat

with the sultan of Joio. I found his people to be much like our native Indians and it seemed to me that it would be better to get them in an amicable mood than to ors on the campus of the State university go in for an Indian war. General Otis put Wednesday afternoon. Among those who \$10,000 in silver at my disposal and after socially unknown Lipton. But the latter's the government wished I made a few presents, but they did not get a cent until they Harriet A. Marsh, Detroit; Mrs. James S speaks to the king quite unaffectedly though had come to our terms. There is nothing extraordinary about these people. They are light in spending money for his luxury and willing to fight and do not tack in bravery. but they have little knowledge of firearms and are not so formidable as the Indians N. Y .: Prof. Sherman Davis. Bloomington, It may be mentioned that when the king of this country.

"After my first consultation with the sultan the people of Manila were amazed to learn what had been accomplished and it was declared that the United States had to get any but the curtest replies to re- in six weeks secured from the natives more quests to reconsider the decision until Lip- than the Spanish were able to get in three centuries. All we wanted for a beginning was the pacification of the country and to impossible to open, he would certainly visit have it so that Americans may travel freely the exhibition on the first possible occasion without danger of molestation. This we secured by continuing the methods inaugurated by the Spanish, who had been paying the sultan of Jolo almost as much money as we do without obtaining any guaranty -Edward Gisin, formerly of Peters. Adam of peace in the Island."

> For Mortgaging Another's Stock. SIDNEY, Neb., May 19 .- (Special Telegram.)-Special Agent W. J. Owens of the Burlington railway arrested Louis Cochran. resident of Reddington, this county, at Deadwood, S. D., this morning on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses by mortgaging six head of cattle which he did not own to the Bank of Bayard. Cochran is now in jail here and will have his preliminary examination tomorrow.

FRVIA'S SENSATIONAL CASE CENERAL GRANT SURPRISED MINTON TO PRESBYTERIANS IS ABLE TO SIT UP AWHILE

New Moderato . Preachers First Ser. mon as Presiding Officer-Revision Still in Doubt.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.-There probably was not a Presbyterian church in the city today that did not have one or more of the visitors at its services. Many of the commissioners filled pulpits in the suburban churches and in Camden, N. J., across the river. The weather was chilly and threat-

ening throughout the day.

The mecca of most of the lay commissioners was Calvary church, where the assembly is sitting, and where the moderator, Rev. Dr. Henry C. Minton of California, preached his first sermon as the presiding General Frederick D. Grant, who returned officer of the assembly. The services were conducted by Rev. J. S. Jones, pastor of the church, and he was assisted by Rev. "Everything is settling down and we are S. J. Niccolls of St. Louis. Dr. Minton dynasty's being strengthened by the birth of an heir to the crown.

Belgrade diplomats all along warned the The moderator, in dealing with evangel sought, but redeemed to a present career

> "God forbid," he said, "that I should say an ill word against our public school system. nearly all day, only going out for a short ernment in their municipalities, to protect the safeguard of our nation, but is the them against themselves until they learn educational machinery subsidiary to the a taste for order, and then withdraw only worthy end of fashioning character? gradually from active interference, leaving Have we, so morbidly afraid of uniting the towns one at a time as we see that they church with state, gone so far as to discan be trusted, but having our troops within unite Goo from the state? This is a most striking distance for some time after we serious question. The faith of our sons of God in our country is involved. It is be able to go within a few days.

of honor. The church must train and de-

velop its sons. In education there must

but a God-forgotten secularism." "It is surprising to see the results that There were three popular meetings we have obtained in getting law and order scheduled for this afternoon and this eveninto these people in the few months of ing. The largest of these gatherings was comparative peace. My district included at the Witherspoon building, where a meet the provinces of Bulucan, Pampango and ing in the interest of the Women's Board she has had a very good day and progress

Charges of Immorality. Rev. J. Milton Greene, D. D., now sta ioned in Havana, but formerly of San Juan, Filipino people. We have in every town of Porto Rico, where he organized Presbythe district a local government under a terian missions, created a profound sensation by severely criticising the alleged immoral conduct of United States soldiers in Porto Rico. Dr. Greene addressed the meeting on conditions existing in that island. He said the conduct of United States soldiers was a disgrace to humanity. Twenty drunken soldiers, he said, could be seen on the streets to one drunken native. The lawlessness of the soldiers, he continued, is proverbial. He attacked the present system under which chaplains of the army work, and thought some one ought to appeal to the United States government for a system by which the spiritual welfare of our soldiers could be better looked after.

The other speakers at this meeting were Rev. H. R. Marsh, M. D., of Point Barrow, Alaska; Rev. James Hayes, Nez Perces Indian mission, Arizona; Rev. S. J. Mc. Clenaghan, Asheville, N. C., and Rev. D. J. Sanders, D. D., president of Riddle unfversity. Charlotte, N. C. The other two meetings were held to-

night. One was in the prest of home and foreign missions, held in Tenth church, and the other took place at Northminster observance. The revision of the confession of faith

will be taken up by the assembly on Thursday. The hearing and the considerathe revision of the credal statements of the church, appointed at St. Louis last year, was made a special order for that day and the matter will remain before the assembly until it is disposed of.

At this time it is impossible to forecast the action of the commissioners. There are six or seven factions, and each one will contend that the committee ought to be given instructions along the lines of its

After the credal question is out of the way the matter of a judicial commission will be the order of business and will be considered until disposed of. Tomorrow and view of the upper windows from the Con-Tuesday will be given up entirely to the consideration of reports of the special committee and the reports of the several boards

In the Southern Assembly. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., May 19 .- The Southern Presbyterian general assembly will take

up tomorrow morning the proposition to revise the church law on ecclesiastical committees and an interesting discussion is expected. The catechism prepared by committee, of which Dr. Robert P. Kerr of Virginia is chairman, will also be passed ipon by the assembly tomorrow.

Pursuant to a motion adopted Friday. Moderator Woods appointed a special committee to pass upon the question of inserting a foot note in the confession of faith, Bates, who has just returned from the after the "elect infant" clause. The report Philippines, is quoted in the Examiner as of this committee will doubtless bring out a spirited discussion. A number of protests against inserting the footnote are before the committee.

PREPARES FOR THE MOTHERS Columbus, Ohio, Will Elaborately En

tertain the National Congress this Week.

COLUMBUS, O., May 19.-The National Congress of Mothers will convene in this city next Tuesday evening and will continne in session four days. The city federation of women's clubs has made elaborate preparations for the entertainment of the delegates. There will be several social functions, including a reception to the visitare expected to address the congress are Mrs. Robert R. Cotten of North Carolina. Colonel Francis W. Parker of Chicago, Mrs Belton, New Haven, Conn.: Hon. Harvey B. Hurd, Chicago; Mrs. Kate Walker Barrett, Alexandria Va.; Mrs. A. M. Moser, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Hon. Charles Skinner, Albany, Ind ; Mrs. E. R. Weeks, Kansas City, and Mrs. J. P. Ottley, Atlanta, Ga.

DEDICATE MEMORIAL CHURCH

United Brethren Commemorate Centennial Anniversary of the Founding of Their Denomination.

FREDERICK, Md., May 19 .- To commemorate the centennial anniversary of the founding of their denomination the quadrennial conference of the United Brethren Church in Christ today dedicated their vices, led by Bishop Ezekiel Hart of Annville, Pa., assisted by Bishop J. W. Hott

of Dayton, O. Rev. E. T. Carter of Chattanooga, Tenn., of gothic style of architecture, with mented with a triple-paneled stained glass window, in memory of their three first conference this afternoon.

Mrs. McKinley's Condition Shewn to Be Much Improved.

SLIGHT FEVER HAS QUITE SUBSIDED

Night and Day Are Both Passed Quietly and Restfully-Crisis Now Considered Safely Over.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 19.-Mrs. McKinley's condition was so far improved this evening that she was able to sit up for a while. This welcome news was given out shortly after 5 o'clock.

General Shafter called on President Mcto be excused and hurried to the sick room. morning, when Secretary Cortelyou announced that she had passed a comfortable night and that the slight fever noted last night had been subsided. The president did not attend church, but remained at home walk just before noon. There were many callers at the Scott residence today. There was a general feeling that the crisis had been passed and that Mrs. McKinley would continue to gain strength. No definite date has yet been decided upon as to when the president will start for the national capt-

Secretary Long left this morning for Colorado Springs to visit his daughter, who

At 9:10 p. m. Secretary Cortelyou gave out the following bulletin: "Mrs. McKinley's physicians report that made since morning is satisfactory."

President McKinley is in receipt of cablegrams from the king and queen of England. President Loubet of France and many other eastern potentates inquiring as to Mrs. McKinley's condition.

Among the callers today on the president was Calvin S. Titus, the first American soldier to mount the walls of Pekin, who returned Friday on the transport Sheridan.

WITH GUN AND FIREBRAND

Evansville Man Kills Four Persons, Including Himself, and Gives Fire Department Busy Time.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 19.-Everett Conway, aged 27, married, shot and killed . W. Garrison and wife in this city this

The crime was committed in the lower ringing. Conway was a neighbor of the Garrisons. The two families had not been on friendly terms for several months. The wives of the men quarreled.

Saturday morning Conway wrote a letter to Garrison saying he had cheated his father in a trade for a milk dairy. Gar- of the body and head; will die. rison showed this letter to Conway's father, who upbraided his son

Early this morning Conway, who was employed at the railroad yards, got up and dressed, as if going to work. He tion of the report of the committee upon picked up a shotgun and, going to the stable where Garrison was milking, shot him dead. Then he shot Garrison's cows falling dead at his feet. The murderer next set fire to the Garrison stable and extinguished the fire. Conway then barricaded himself in his house and when Patrolman Wallis realized that the man he was dealing with was too desperate to be taken single-handed the officer crossed the street and stood on the corner in full way house. That gave Conway the chance was torn in Wallis' forehead, and nearly sided and many addresses were made 100 shot entered his body. He fell to the where the doctors said he had no chance

> of recovery. The same shot brought injury to two Wallis, Edward Davidson and Adam Craw- by placing a beautiful wreath of flowers ford. Both were struck several times and sent from the south on the large granite both were taken to the hospital, but net-

ther is seriously injured. It was not until Chief of Police Henke surrounded the house with fifty men that Conway killed himself.

Coroner Walker took charge of the remains. Conway came from a good family. originally from Kentucky. He leaves a wife and two children. Garrison leaves two children. Garrison was a prominent lodge man and carried a large life insurance.

ENDANGER OCEAN VESSELS Presence of Abandoned Wrecks Re

ported to the Government and Destruction Requested. NEW YORK, May 19.-Two of the large

ocean liners, L'Aquitaine from Havre, and Mesaba from London, which came into port today, reported that in crossing the ocean they passed dangerous derelicts which, if met in the nighttime, could not have been observed by the lookouts and would certainly have resulted in disaster. These wrecks are drifting with the wind and water in the ocean lanes, which are now being daily traversed by the liners, many of which are carring an average of 1,000 immigrants in their steerage. Three other liners which arrived here during the last few days have reported passing dangerous waterlogged schooners and wreckage in the west bound ocean lanes. As observations were taken at the time of

the sighting of the wrecks, the government will be asked to send out one of the small gunboats to destroy the derelicts.

Charles Miller of Beatrice Twice Succeeds in Eluding Vigilance of Sheriff.

BEATRICE, Neb., May 19 .- (Special Tele gram.)-Charles Miller, who was pursued by the police here last fall and who memorial church here with imposing ser- mounted one of W. V. A. Dodd's horses, which was tied on the street, and made his escape, was reported to be at his father's house, twenty-one miles north of here, yesterday. Sheriff Waddington and preached the sermon. The edifice, which is Deputy Farlow went to the scene and made a search of the house and premises, but their destination they heard several shots the darkness.

Forecast for Nebraska-Fair Monday, Tues-day Fair and Cooler; Southeasterly Winds, Becoming Northwesterly, Temperature at Omaha Yesterday; Hour. Deg. 5 a. m..... 65 Hour. 6 n. m. . . . 64 7 n. m 63 8 n. m 65 9 n. m 65 8 p. m. . . . 78 4 p. m. . . . 78 5 p. m. . . . 76 11 a. m. 70

SOLDIER HAS TO SCAMPER

Strike Sympathisers in Front of Albany Church Rush for Him.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 19.-The incidents of this, the first day of active operation of Kinley and while they were talking word all railways affected by the great strike came downstairs that Mrs. McKinley was were few because of the heavy fall of rain. sitting up. The president at once asked Tho two men shot by national guardsmen in defense of life and property were buried The anxiety caused by last night's builetin this afternoon, but the pouring rain kept stating that Mrs. McKinley's temperature away the thousands of people that otherwas higher was dispelled at 10 o'clock this wise would have marked the occasion with their presence. The departure of the Twenty-third regiment early this morning was the second feature of the day, and stirring sermons in many city pulpits aided in clos

ing the incident. The funeral of Leroy Smith was devoid of incident except that it was attended by city officials and directors of the street rallway. At the funeral of William Walsh there was nearly a riot. While the services were will be affected. The order instructs the pending in the church the crowd that had men to refuse to go to work in all shops been unable to gain admission saw a uniformed soldier coming down the street. Instantly the people were in a state of ferment. A rush was made for the unlucky soldier, but a few wise heads held the crowd back for a minute while several others advised the man to run. Arguing that discretion was the better part of valor he did run and trouble was averted.

The starting out of the first car of the inter-city line shortly after noon today was the cause of a demonstration. Pistols were fired, flags waved, torpedoes were placed on the track and exploded, the motormen and conductors were flags on their coats and fully 200 men and women fought for the privilege of the first ride.

When the conductor got the car started and rang up the fares he found that be had seventy-three passengers, where usually fifty is a crowd. Within an hour so many cars were running that the monotony deterred people from riding for novelty's sake.

DELUGE OF MOLTEN METAL

Thirteen Tons of Liquid Fire Torture the Flesh of Youngstown Mill Hands.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., May 19 .- Two men morning and fatally wounded Patrolman are dead and three are expected to die as Benjamin Wallis. After being driven to a result of an accident in the Bessemer desperation by the police Conway killed department of the National Steel company's plant today. The accident was caused by the cover of a mammoth converter beend of the city, as the church bells were coming detached and allowing thirteen tons of molten metal to flow over the mill. The dead are two unknown Hungarians.

The injured: Thomas Maxwell, burned about the body and head; will die. John Sole, burned about the upper part

Unknown Hungarian, burned about body; will die Michael McLear, slightly burned about

the face. Thomas Creed, slightly burned about the neck and face. The body of one of the Hungarians who

was killed was literally burned to a cinder. to death. Mrs. Garrison ran from the while that of the other was nearly as badly house. Conway met her at the steps and burned. It is thought the accident was emptied both barrels into her breast, she caused by the bolts in the plate being crystallized.

the fire department was called out and BY THE SOUTHERN WOODMEN

Graves of Confederate Dead Resting at Camp Chase Near Columbus Are Decorated.

COLUMBUS, O., May 19 .- Exercises in

honor of the confederate dead who rest in the cemetery near Camp Chase were held for the third murder. He seized an old this afternoon by the southern members of shotgun, which was heavily loaded, leaned Sovereign camp of the Woodmen of the out of the window and fired. A large hole World. H. F. Simvrall of Mississippi pre-Colonel W. H. Knauss, on behalf of the ground and was carried to the hospital. Grand Army of the Republic, presented Chairman Simvrall with a fine silk flag as a token of the friendship and affection of the former wearers of the blue for the people bystanders, who had been talking with of the south. The ceremonies were closed

BRITISH REFUSE TO GO ALONG

memorial stone in the center of the en-

German Expedition to Southern Chi-Li Meets Discouragement and May Be Abandoned.

LONDON, May 20 .- Dr. Morrison, wiring to the Times from Pekin yesterday, says: "The British plan of a bond issue for the payment of the indemnity includes a proposal, in order to lighten the burden for China, that it should issue bonds at par for 300,000,000 taels now, and the remainder five years hence.

"Great Britain and the United States alone oppose the joint guaranty project. gregate about fifty men having yielded "The British authorities emphatically decline to co-operate with the German expe dition to southern Chi Li, and it is now an nounced that the expedition is abandoned.

POLITICIAN MUST EXPLAIN

Prominent Tennessee Democrat Under Indictment on Charge of Using Mails Fraudulently. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., May 19 .- H.

Gouchenhour of Greenville, Tenn., a prominent democratic politician, who opposed Congressman W. P. Brown, is under in dictment before the federal court on the charge of using the United States mails Denver has been averted, the local members for purposes of fraud. It is alleged that he collected from some of the postmasters having granted the nine-hour day and the in the First congressional district contribu- scale of wages demanded by the Machinists tions to the campaign fund, promising to union. repay them. He made his promise good, it EXPERT AT ESCAPING is claimed, by mailing at these several the Allied Metal Trades council today the postoffices campaign literature more than question of a strike for a nine-hour workenough to reimburse the postmasters.

DOZEN STRYCHNINE PILLS Moulders' Helpers, to go to work as usual

Katherine Germaine, Actress, Swallows Them to Cure Toothache-Success Seems Probable.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 19 .- Katherine Germaine, playing the leading role in "The Highwayman" at the Metropolitan opera house in this city, swallowed nearly one tions were misunderstood and, not know-

Machinists to Quit in Shops Not Granting the Nine-Hour Work-Day.

FIFTY THOUSAND MEN AWAIT THE ISSUE

President O'Connell Says that Number Will Be Affected.

STRUGGLE HARDEST ON PACIFIC COAST

National Officers Hope for Early Ending in the East.

UNION IRON WORKS ARE INVOLVED

Company Building Battleship Ohio Will Have a Walkout if International Order's Proposition

is Not Accepted.

WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The strike order issued yesterday by the executive board of the International Order of Machinists goes into effect at 7 a. m. tomorrow. President O'Connell said today that about 60,000 men where notices granted the nine-hour work day have not been posted at 7 o'clock.

The officers of the association expect that in many cases a settlement will be reached during tomorrow and that the men will return to work during the day or Tuesday morning. Word came today that all the firms in St. Louis and all those in New Orleans had acceded to the demands of the men. Scattered reports from other cities favorable to the men also were received. The estimate now is that 35 per cent of the employing firms have signed. At least 25,000 union machinists were working nine hours or less when the question was taken up by the association. The 50,000 men who will suspend work are scattered all over the country

The national officers are hopeful that speedy settlements will be reached in most of the eastern cities, but they fear a more prolonged struggle on the Pacific coast. The Union Iron works at San Francisco, where the battleship Ohio is building and other large concerns, are preparing to resist the demand.

In a number of the cities there are questions pending between the employers and men which may operate to prevent decisive action tomorrow, but which may be settled for or against a strike tomorrow. These include cities where counter propositions have been made and where conferences with headquarters at Washington may be necessary before action is taken. In these instances compromises may be reached.

President O'Connell received Saturday a check for \$1,000 from the machinists in the Washington Navy yard to aid the men who strike. These machinists are not concerned directly in the differences with employers which underlie the strike, but in a letter to Mr. O'Connell they stated their interest in the triumph of their fellow workmen and promised him that substantial from them every week toward the support of those who will be out of work.

WHERE STRIKE HITS HARDEST

Frisco, Milwaukee, New York, Scranton, Cleveland, Cincinnatt and Others Affected.

KANSAS CITY, May 19 .- About 200 of the 100 union machinists who struck a week ago to enforce local demands will remain out tomorrow in respect to the general demand for nine hours. The other 200 have already returned to work and the indica-

tions are they will not strike. SAN FRANCISCO, May 19.-There seems no doubt that there will be a walkout to morrow of the machinists in the Union Iron works and the Risdon Iron works The number of men affected is not yet A lengthy memorial emanating from the San Francisco Labor council has been presented to President McKinley.

CHICAGO, May 19.-The Chicago Federation of Labor tonight indorsed the demands of the International Association of Machinists and pledged its moral and financial support during the struggle which the machinists will inaugurate tomorrow. According to the decision of the executive board of district No. 8, International Association of Machinists, representing all union machinists of Chicago and vicinity. the general strike will go into effect in this city tomorrow morning. In a dozen shops the men will refuse to work unless their employers agree to grant their demands for a nine-hour day and an increase of 121/2 per cent in wages. The men in other shops will be called out during the day, as the business agents of the union visit them and find a refusal on the part of the employers to sign the scale. MILWAUKEE, May 19 .- Representatives of the various plants in Milwaukee employing machinists announced tonight that there was no chance of the demands of the machinists being granted. Twenty-five out of twenty-eight shops will be affected. three small concerns employing in the ag-

to the demands of the men. About 1,600 machinists in this city will strike. Ignored in St. Paul.

ST. PAUL. Minn., May 19 .- So far as this city is concerned the order calling a strike of machinists will not be obeyed With the exception of those employed in the big ratiroad shops, the machinists as a rule do not belong to the international organization. The railroad shopmen decided some time ago that they would not obey the order, and consequently there will be no strike.

DENVER. Colo., May 19 .- The threatened strike of the manufacturing machinists of of the National Metal Trades' association

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 19 .- At a meeting of day was discussed and it was decided by all the different organizations, except the tomorrow and make one more effort to induce the employers, who have not as yet. signed the compromise agreement, to accede to the demands Forty-four of the largest shops in the city have signed the agreement leaving only four large concerns which have

not signed. NEW YORK, May 19 .- Whether tomorre is to see the beginning of a machinist dozen strychnine pills today and may die. strike which shall rival the one in the en-She was suffering with toothache during gipeering trades in England which played pressed brick front and graystone trim- did not locate Miller. They then started the afternoon and went to a dentist, who so important a part in the opening of the mings, cost \$18,000. The front is orna- to another place where they suspected gave her the pills with instructions to markets of the world to the Americans, is take one every three hours. The instruct problematical. Leading labor men and rep resentatives of the leading employers said bishops, Otterbein, Newcomer and Boehn, fired and Miller was seen in the distance ing their deadly contents, Miss Germaine today that they thought pending questions Memorial services were conducted by the riding at breakneck speed. He escaped in took the overdose. At midnight her con- would be settled without any general strike. It was intimated that J. P. Morgan might

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER THEY STRIKE TODAY