ROURKE'S MEN ARE WINNERS

Defeat the Originals Fourteen to Six in a Sunday Game.

CONTEST STARTS WITH BATTING STREAK

Big Crowd Turns Out to See the Fun and Enthusiastic Fans Are Generous in Sounding Praise for the Victors.

Fourteen to six. That was the score by which "Pap" Rourke's professional aggregation defeated the Originals Sunday afternoon at Vinton street park. The game was witnessed by a big crowd, which roundly applauded the Originals when any member made a good play and repeated the performance when it was a professional who deserved the praise.

The game started off with a batting streak and it was kept up clear to the last. The Originals took a good lead in the first inning. Herman was touched up for four hits, one of them a two-sacker by Jellen, and a bunch of as many runs was corralled. In their half the professionals didn't accomplish a thing and the praises of Captain Bradford's team were loudly sung. In the second a scratch hit by Reid netted the Omahas their first run and in the third the Originals copped out another from Jellen's two-bagger and a subsequent bad throw by McAndrews.

Rourkeites Tie Score.

The Rourkeites donned their armor in their half of the third and tied the score. Toman galloped down to first because hit by a pitched ball and Welch filled the sacks by giving the next two men bases on balls. Then Dave Calhoun soaked out a home run and four men trotted across the plate.

The game remained a tie until the sixth. Lauzon was hit by a pitched ball and took first. Freeland rapped out a two-bagger, scoring Lauzon and himself crossed the plate on the throw-in from Stewart's long fly to left field. After that it was all one-sided. The Rourkeites connected with the benders which Scully dished up for them and it was a footrace for all of them until they got tired and concluded to stop.

Freeland followed Herman in the box in the sixth inning. He played a star game. In his three times at bat he made two great hits—one a double and the other a triple. Jellen carried away the honors for the Originals. He covered left field in excellent style, gobbling up six long flies which ordinarily would have been safeties.

This afternoon the Omahas will play at the reservation with the Nebraska university. Tomorrow afternoon will be women's day.

How the Score Stands.

The score yesterday:

OMAHA.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Toman, ss	2	1	0	3	1	0
Carter, lf	3	1	0	0	0	0
Stewart, 2b	4	2	1	2	1	0
Letcher, rf	5	1	1	0	0	1
Calhoun, 1b	3	3	1	6	1	0
Reid, cf	4	2	2	2	0	0
McAndrews, 3b	5	0	1	4	3	0
Lauzon, c	3	2	1	10	1	0
Herman, p	2	0	0	0	1	0
Freeland, p	3	2	2	0	2	1
Totals	34	14	9	27	10	6

ORIGINALS.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Lawler, 2b	4	2	2	0	2	0
Whitney, rf	5	1	1	2	1	1
Waller, 3b	5	1	1	2	1	1
Jellen, lf	4	2	2	6	0	0
LaFontaine, 1b	4	0	0	5	0	1
Foley, ss	4	0	1	2	2	2
O'Keefe, c	4	0	1	5	2	1
Dineen, cf	4	0	1	1	1	0
Welch, p. and 1b	4	0	1	1	1	0
Scully, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	38	6	10	24	10	6

Omaha	0	1	4	0	0	2	3	4	*	—14
Originals	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—6

Earned runs: Omaha, 4; Originals, 3. Two-base hits: Stewart, McAndrews, Freeland, Jellen (2). Three-base hit: Freeland. Home run: Calhoun. Sacrifice hit: Carter. Stolen bases: Toman (3), Carter, Stewart, Letcher, Calhoun, Reid, Lauzon (2). First base on balls: Off Herman, 1; off Freeland, 2; off Welch, 5; off Scully, 2. Struck out: By Herman, 8; by Freeland, 1; by Welch, 3; by Scully, 1. Wild pitch: Freeland. Passed balls: Lauzon, 1; O'Keefe, 3. Double plays: Toman to McAndrews; Freeland to Lauzon to Calhoun. Time of game: 1:45. Umpire: Buck Keith.

DENVER WINS BY TIMELY HITTING.

Catcher Donohue Also Contributes to Colorado Springs' Defeat.

DENVER, April 21.—Timely hitting by Denver and Catcher Donohue's fumble of the ball thrown from the outfield in the fifth inning, which scored three runs, won the game for the locals today. Weather fine. Attendance, 2,000. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Denver	1	0	0	2	4	0	2	0	0—	9	6	5
Colo. Springs	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	3	9	4

Batteries: Denver, Kostal, McNeely and Sullivan; Colorado Springs, Whitridge, Smith and Donohue.

EVERY SAFE HIT A RUN

Playing on This Basis St. Louis Again Defeats Chicago.

ST. LOUIS, April 21.—St. Louis won from Chicago today with a total of twelve runs to five. Donovan's men managed to stretch every safe hit into a tally and touched Menefee up for a number in three innings. Attendance, 11,000. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.	CHICAGO.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Burkett, lf	1	2	1	0	0	Childs, 2b	0	0	3	3	0
Heidrick, cf	2	2	0	0	0	Hartzel, lf	1	2	1	0	0
Donovan, rf	1	1	1	0	0	Dolan, rf	1	0	0	0	0
McGann, 1b	1	0	14	0	0	Green, cf	0	0	2	0	0
Wallace, ss	1	1	3	4	1	Doyle, 1b	1	1	9	2	0
Padden, 2b	2	1	5	2	0	Deleh'ty, 3b	0	0	2	3	1
Kruger, 3b	2	2	0	2	0	McCor'k, ss	0	0	3	3	1
Nichols, c	1	0	3	0	0	Chance, c	1	1	2	2	0
Sudhoff, p	1	2	0	8	0	Menefee, p	1	2	1	0	0
Totals	12	12	27	23	1	Totals	5	6	24	0	2

St. Louis	0	3	0	0	0	4	1	4	*—12
Chicago	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0—5

Earned runs: St. Louis, 3; Chicago, 1. Two-base hit: Hartzel. Three-base hits: Hartzel, Heidrick, Burkett, Doyle, Sudhoff. Hit by pitcher: By Menefee, 3; by Sudhoff, 1. First base on balls: Off Menefee, 4; off Sudhoff, 3. Passed ball: Nichols. Struck out: By Sudhoff, 3; by Menefee, 1. Stolen bases: Childs, Donovan. Time of game: 1:50. Umpire: Emslie.

Too Wet at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 21.—The game with Pittsburg was postponed on account of rain.

National League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Brooklyn	2	0	1.000
Boston	1	0	1.000
Pittsburg	1	0	1.000
St. Louis	2	1	.666
Chicago	1	2	.333
Cincinnati	0	1	.000
New York	0	1	.000
Philadelphia	0	2	.000

BEATING UP THE RIFLEMEN

Secretary Long and Several Governors Skirmish for Good Shots to Send to Sea Girt.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The rifle shooting tournament of the National Rifle Association of America and the New Jersey State Rifle association, which is to be at Sea Girt, N. J., next September, will be international in character, as fully a half-dozen teams of rifle experts from foreign countries will take part in it. There will be a special match between teams representing the Ulster association of Belfast, Ireland and the New Jersey Rifle association.

A communication addressed to Governor Voorhees has been received from Secretary of the Navy Long, regarding the attendance of naval marksmen. Secretary Long says he will take steps to secure a representation at the meeting, if practicable, and will direct the brigadier general commanding the United States marine corps and naval officers in command of ships and squadrons to designate men for such teams as it may be practicable to send to Sea Girt.

Governor Voorhees has received word from the states of Maine, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, New York and the District of Columbia that they would be represented at Sea Girt by state teams at the coming meeting. Governor Richard Yates of Illinois writes that he has directed the adjutant general of the Illinois National guard and the general inspector of rifle practice to make diligent inquiry whether a team from the representative riflemen of the Illinois National guard desire to take part.

General J. Brown of Michigan and Governor Benton McMillin of Tennessee also write that they are endeavoring to interest the militiamen of their respective states in the tournament.

DISCUSS INTERNATIONAL SHOOT.

Englishmen Hope Americans Will Name an Earlier Date.

LONDON, April 21.—Mr. Gale, secretary of the Middlesex Gun club, in the course of an interview this evening with a representative of the Associated Press, regarding the proposed claybird shooting match between English and American teams, said: "I should be grateful if you will impress upon the secretary of the American team and others interested the utter impracticability of selecting the month of August for the match. It is a time when the city is deserted by sportsmen, everybody getting away for August 12, when the grouse season opens.

"In other respects, the preparations for the match are proceeding splendidly. At the meeting of the club last evening little else was talked of, but the August date is regarded as fatal. The committee will meet tomorrow evening to consider the challenge and we would be delighted if we could hear that the Americans could make the date as early as possible.

"We are a little disappointed that only two Irish and one Scotch shots are available; but already sixteen out of the twenty members of the provisional team have been selected, each of whom has deposited his proportion of the stake of £500."

Jockeys Reinstated.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 21.—A private telegram received here tonight from Frank Fowler, member of the turf congress license committee, states that Jockeys May, Wood, J. Combs, W. Beauchamp and Roscoe Troxler were reinstated and would be allowed to ride at the Cumberland park meeting here.

Bleachers Are Adrift.

PITTSBURG, April 21.—The Pittsburg base ball park is in bad condition. At noon today the first three tiers of chairs in the grandstand were under water and the bleachers were floating all over the diamond. It will take a week to put the grounds into shape.

Growth of the Adventists.

The Adventists report that they have 175 churches in the state of Michigan, with a membership of 7,722. Their property is worth $105,321. There are 179 Sunday schools with a membership of 5,134.

GERONIMO AS A GOOD INDIAN

Life of the Famous Apache Chief as a Prisoner of War.

DRAWS PAY AS A GOVERNMENT SCOUT

He and His Warriors Live in Tepees and Stable Their Horses in Their Houses—Sample Instances of Thrift.

Although by no means a dead Indian nor likely to be for a long time to come from all appearances, Geronimo, the famous Apache warrior, is a good Indian nowadays. Not from choice, however, for it bores him extremely. The reason he is good is because, as a prisoner of war at Fort Sill, Oklahoma territory, he has to be. He who was once the meanest and most bloodthirsty Indian chief that ever fought the government, now leads a quiet and peaceful life that is in striking contrast to the old days when he roamed the plains at the head of his braves killing all the whites who crossed his path. Certainly Geronimo has had more crimes laid to his account than any other living Indian. He doesn't deny it. In fact, he is rather proud of it. In moments of confidence he admits that he would like to do it all over again. One of the things over which he gloats is that he personally has killed ten whites in a single battle. It is also a matter of pride to his old age that he has led forays wherein as many as 500 palefaces were slaughtered. He has a deep-set, bred-in-the-bone taste for murder.

Such is Geronimo's English that it is well to hire an interpreter if one desires to get an intelligent talk out of him. Also it is necessary to hire Geronimo. He does not talk for nothing, a fact of which the writer was apprised immediately upon questioning him. A dollar bill loosened his tongue, but to the first question asked, how he liked his present position, he gave answers rather difficult to reconcile. First, he liked the place. Then he said that the soldiers treated him badly. As a corollary, he added that he wished to die. In the subsequent conversation his allegations of ill-treatment and his pining for death cropped out with suspicious frequency. It is said by the officers that he repeats this to all white visitors, whereby their pity is aroused and they buy his beadwork and trinkets at a large advance over the market rates. Geronimo likes sympathy, particularly when it takes a financial form.

Apparently the old chief has an easy and pleasant life. The officers at the fort treat him with kindness and consideration, allowing him all the privileges possible under the rules governing the conduct of prisoners of war. His position is peculiar in this respect, that although a prisoner, he is also a paid employe of the government. He draws $35 per month as a scout, though he is not permitted to carry a loaded gun. He has no work to do and spends most of his time making beadwork and other fancy articles to sell to white visitors.

A Thrifty Brave.

Out of this trade, the soldiers think, he makes no less than $2,000 a year. When asked if he had any money laid by for a rainy day, he replied in his guttural English:

"Me no save money. Me spend it for Eva, squaws and heap gladness. Me like to have gladness and see fun."

Eva is his favorite daughter. By "squaws" he means his wives. In the Indian vernacular gladness is synonymous with gambling and a great deal of the old man's money goes into the game and never comes out again. He is a very poor gambler, so far as winning goes, but he plays with that unfailing courage which, when coupled with skill, makes the most successful gamester. He is a reckless bettor and runs a strong bluff. He never hesitates about a bet and if you raise him he will look you straight in the eyes and if he thinks you are bluffing will raise you a stiff game. One can never read by his face whether or not he has a good hand. But the weakness of his poker game is that he almost invariably overbids his hand. Poker and monte are his favorite games and the Geronimo tepee is the scene of many highly exciting sittings. Soldiers and cowboys often sit in the games with the Indians.

One curious and attractive trait of the old chief is that when he makes a big winning at cards or has a large sale of trinkets he gives the proceeds to the little children in camp to spend for school books. Much of his money goes to his favorite daughter Eva and his favorite squaw Ketona. The daughter of Ketona gets little love from her father. This is because she married a white man, and what was still worse in the eyes of the father—he was a cowboy.

Geronimo is said to be 80 years old. He does not know his age. He was with Victoria when that chieftain went against the Mexicans, and later he developed into a leader himself. He is a born leader of redskins for the reason that he claims to be not only a fighting man, but also a medicine man and it takes a man who can talk with unseen beings to make a really deep impression on the Indian. Geronimo made his first raid in 1884, when he marched against the town of Pima, Ariz., and with a few warriors succeeded in wiping out the whole population of 500 souls. This was followed by other atrocities, until he was captured in 1887, having cost the United States government almost $1,000,000 in giving chase to him. He and his band of 200 fighters were taken to Fort Pickens, Fla., but owing to the hot climate they could not live there and were transferred some five years ago to Fort Sill, where they have since remained with the exception of a trip to Omaha three years ago. It was during the Spanish war that Geronimo made threats to escape and die attempt it. He only got a few miles from the fort when overtaken. Since then he has been on his good behavior. The only fault now found with his conduct is his persistent lying about his treatment by the soldiers. So far as his wanting to die is concerned, except when he is obviously bidding for sympathy, he seems to be enjoying life well enough to live until the last trumpet sounds.

Personal Characteristics.

Geronimo is small in stature, possessed of a keen face and a piercing eye. The blue in his eye is of that peculiarly steely color that arouses unpleasant sensations in the mind. His face is wrinkled and his hands are small and rough. His color is a dark red. Geronimo smokes cigarettes these days and would drink firewater had he the privilege. He has six wives, but lives with none of them. His favorite daughter, Eva, lives with him when she is at home. He gives her sufficient money to send her to an eastern school eight months in the year.

Geronimo does no work; that is, such as raising a crop of corn or millet. He gets rent free a two-room house to live in, but he keeps his ponies therein and resides himself in a tepee. All of the Apaches who are held as war prisoners live in tents and keep their horses in the house furnished to them. The Apache village is on an open plain in sight of Fort Sill. In summer the tepees catch all of the dust and in the winter the snow flurries into the doors. It would not be a white man's notion of comfort, but the Indians like it. In the valley, near the fort, are some very handy places to pitch a camp, but they will have none of it.

A few weeks ago Geronimo's daughter, Eva, was taken ill with some skin disease and was placed in the government hospital at the fort. A large boil appeared on her neck. Geronimo told the white physician in charge that it should be opened. The white medicine man told Geronimo that it should not. When the doctor was not watching the old warrior pulled out a jack knife and opened the sore. The soldiers placed him in the guardhouse for three days, but the girl improved daily thereafter. Among the Apaches Geronimo is called an excellent doctor and they will have no other.

Hundreds of people drive fifty miles in a rickety stage coach from the railway station through the Kiowa and Comanche reservation in order to get a glimpse of this noted fighter. He has learned to watch for them and when they approach he assumes a very dignified and injured air, always repeating his plaintive story of how he longs for death.

While little in sympathy with modern civilization the old chief appreciates one of its inventions, the camera. He charges $5 for his picture. But there are those who can fool the old man. He has not yet awakened to the ways of kodaking. He thinks all pictures are taken by looking under the cloth, which covers a large camera. Visitors frequently get him in range and take snapshots without his knowing what they are up to. But the moment a professional photographer brings forth his camera Geronimo demands his fee.

He always looks his toughest in his pictures. He likes to strike an attitude of devilish ferocity when being photographed. The older he grows the greater is his desire to make a fiendish appearance. Five years ago, when he first came to Fort Sill, he was content to wear white men's clothes, and consented to have himself photographed wearing them. Now, when he poses, he looks like the old time redskin of the Apache tribe. This is because he sees that his war clothes attract more attention from white visitors. He does his best to give them their money's worth and to live up to their expectations.

In talking about his war experience he spoke in the Apache language to this effect:

"I do not know how many white men I have killed. It must be hundreds. I have killed many women, too, but I never killed a white baby. I like children. I will fight some more some day. I am good for five years more on the battlefield. I will go back to Arizona and kill some of my enemies. I hate them out there. I want to get even with them. I like the white people here and would not hurt them. I see that there are many more whites than when I was a young man. I see we could not kill all. I have some I want to kill and the others I will let alone."

No one in his neighborhood fears Geronimo. Those who know him say that he probably would be willing to fight if he got a chance, but he won't get the chance. His life is just like that of the ordinary reservation Indian of today except that he is not allowed to carry loaded arms or to leave the reservation. Once in awhile he becomes unruly and is then confined to the fort until he quiets down.

W. R. DRAPER.

FIRE RECORD.

Steamboat Springs Hotel.

RENO, Nev., April 21.—The hotel and bathhouses at the historic Steamboat Springs, which in the palmy days of the Comstock mines was a watering place where more money was squandered in a night than at most any other resort on the coast, have been destroyed by fire. The loss is heavy, as it is understood no insurance was carried.

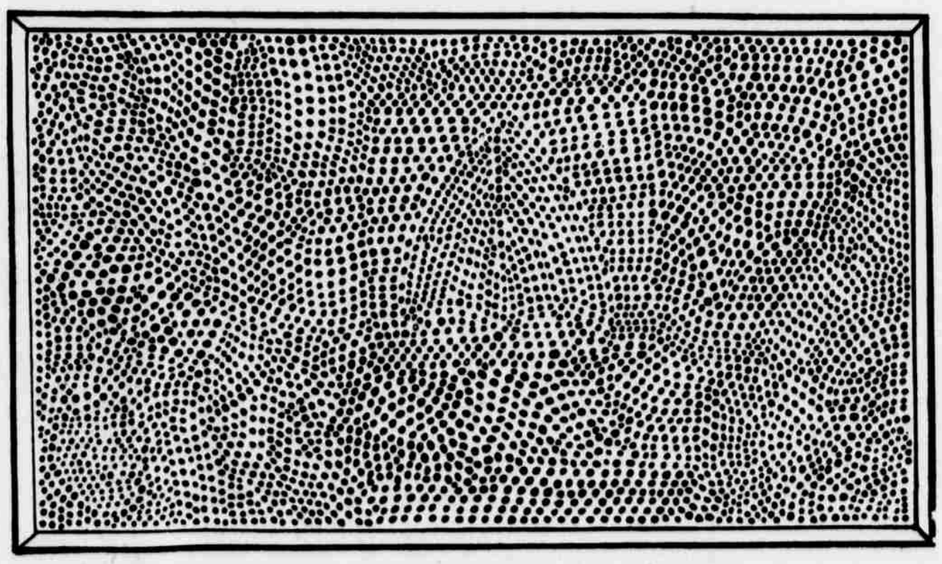
Home of Showman's Friend.

BURLINGTON, Ia., April 21.—(Special.)—H. E. Hunt, widely known among circus people as the "showman's friend," narrowly escaped death in his burning home this morning. His property loss is $5,000; insured.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century

$1,000,000
Russian Government
Guaranteed 4 per cent Gold Bonds
Maturing 1957. Optional 1916.
Interest Semi-Annually, New York.
In United States Gold Coin
Non-Taxable
Bonds are specifically made free from tax by Imperial decree.
International Market.
Bonds are largely traded in on European Exchanges, thus giving them a wide market and making them readily convertible in times of panic.
Sinking Fund to Retire Bonds at Maturity
A Sinking Fund of ½ of 1 per ct. annually is raised for protection of this loan.
Price 100 and Interest.
FARSON, LEACH & CO.
140 Dearborn St., Chicago. 35 Nassau St., New York.

COPYRIGHTED, FEBRUARY 11, 1900.
$1,500 in Prizes
for the Nearest Correct Guesses.
First Prize a $500.00 Piano.
TRY YOUR SKILL AT COUNTING.
HERE ARE THE DOTS.



To those guessing the correct or nearest correct number of dots The Bee will give the following prizes:

1st Prize—A $500.00 Emerson Piano—value $500.00
2nd prize—1 "Densmore" Typewriter, value 100.00
3rd prize—1 lot in Council Bluffs, value 100.00
4th prize—1 Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, value.. 60.00
5th prize—1 Business College Scholarship, value 60.00
6th prize—1 Tailor-made Suit, value 45.00
7th prize—1 Ladies' Tailor-made Suit, value 40.00
8th prize—3 ladies' Custom-made Shirt Waists, value $10.00
9th prize—1 Standard Dictionary, value..... 12.00
10th prize—1 Standard Dictionary, value 12.00
11th prize—1 Ton Coal, value 5.50
12th prize—1 box "Kirk's" White Russian Soap, value.... 3.00
13th prize—ONE PIG, value ..... ?
14th prize—1 Sack Golden Sheaf Flour..... 1.25
15th to 24th—10 bottles Cramer's Kidney Cure, value.... 10.00
25th to 35th—10 pair Orpheum Seats, value 10.00
36th to 50th—14 volumes recent fiction, value 18.75
Also Art Pictures and Books, value 510.75
Total $1,500 and a Pig.

USE THIS BLANK IN ALL CASES.

Date received ..... A.M.
Time ..... P.M.

THE BEE PUBLISHING CO., OMAHA, NEB.

GUESSES ON DOTS

Enclosed find $.....to apply on my subscription account.

Name .....

Street and No .....
Where paper is delivered.

Postoffice.....State.....
Where paper is sent.

Are you taking The Bee Now?.....

If not, when do you want it started? .....

Address all Answers to Puzzle Department, The Omaha Bee, Omaha, Neb.

In Omaha Pulpits

Central Thoughts from Sunday Sermons.

There was an unusually large attendance at the morning service in Trinity cathedral Sunday, the beautiful weather probably having induced many to turn out. The service reflected the spirit of Eastertide, as evinced by the triumphant tone of the anthems. Among the most impressive number in the musical program was the solo, "Rend Your Hearts," by W. S. Wilkins.

Dean Campbell Fair preached from Acts iii, 19: "Repent and be converted." He pointed out the necessity of the right kind of Christianity to perfect happiness and the fact that to be a consistent Christian one must hate the wrong as well as love the right. He said that the aversion to wrong or questionable acts is not sufficiently marked among those who are generally regarded as Christians.

"We should detest the wrong," said he, "and then we will find ourselves excluding it from our lives without special effort."

Samson and the Lion.

The story of how Samson slew the lion and afterward found honey in the carcass formed the basis of the sermon which Rev. M. DeWitt Long preached yesterday morning at Knox Presbyterian church. The lion was compared by the minister to the temptations and sorrows which men and women must bear and the honey was likened unto the ultimate good which comes from griefs and sorrows which seem almost unbearable.

"The strength of armor is not known until it has borne the brunt of battle," said the minister. "So it is with the character of men and women. Until we have withstood temptations and suffered griefs we do not appreciate our own power to overcome trials and turn them into blessings.

"There are lions in all our lives. The lack of money is a lion in the hearts of thousands of people in Omaha. It keeps many people away from church. The unfaithfulness of friends is a great trial to many persons. Thousands of young persons are compelled by circumstances to give up plans which were dear to them.

"When we are met by great disappointments is it right that we should be overcome by them? Is it right that we should let ambition be killed by reverses of fortune or disappointment? A life should not be blasted because hope of attaining some ideal is lost. The world is filled with martyrs who have turned their own sorrows into blessings for mankind. Among our friends each of us can count men and women who have met lions, have conquered them and tasted of the honey that is in the carcass."

System in Giving.

"Bringing in the Tithes" was the subject of Rev. A. C. Hirst's address at the First Methodist Episcopal church Sunday morning. The speaker declared himself as a pronounced advocate of the tithe system. Greater liberality, he said, should be practiced by professing Christians during the new century. "Tithing," he said, "is merely systematic giving. Nothing can be conducted without system and it is quite as necessary in church work as anything else.

"All of you are representatives, trustees of God. All that you have comes from Him. In its distribution it is unfair if you do not devote a certain part of your possessions to God's work. The ancient Jews practiced tithing. They did not content themselves with a tenth, but gave, in the majority of cases, as much as one-third of their wordly goods and an equal amount of their time to the worship and service of God.

"Some people in their giving adopt their neighbor as a standard. 'I give as much in proportion,' some one says, 'as this or that man.' The argument is absurd. You might as well say, 'I am surely on my way to heaven. I pray as much as Brother So-and-So.' Your responsibility in the matter of giving is with God, not with your neighbor. The best Christians, the one who derive from their spiritual life the greatest share of blessing, are the ones who are liberal in bestowing their worldly goods to the service of Christ. Liberality begets spirituality. Either is impossible without the other."

Faith is a Grand Venture.

At Calvary Baptist church Sunday morning Rev. Thomas Anderson, the pastor, took for his text Luke iv, 5, appealing to his hearers to push out into deeper work for the cause of Christianity. "'Pull away from the shore and get out into deep water' was the message of the Master to those fishers if they would get the best results. The sequel shows the result of implicit obedience to the word of the Lord. These men were asked to do something for Him who spoke. To get results they had to act, and act upon faith. There is always an element of venture in faith. Faith itself is a grand venture. It is staking everything on the word of the Lord. Suppose—impossible supposition—that Christianity should prove to be a fable. What would you lose in that contingency? You would lose little, as very few sacrifices have been made for the cause. The command of Christ is to risk everything on Him. The apostles staked all on the words of Christ and through experience they found the blessings which follow sacrifice. No brave deed is done by falterers who ask for certainty. All progress is made by those who venture into new fields, having faith in themselves or in some theory. As they advanced the way was opened and discoveries were made. Religion is not unreasonable when it insists on this spirit. Without a venturesome spirit the world would stagnate. Faith is the basis and root of knowledge. One of the curses of the age is superficialism. People dabble too much. Embryo philosophers quote Tyndall and Huxley against the Bible. A deeper philosopher said: 'A little philosophy inclineth man's mind to atheism; but the depths of philosophy turns him back to God.' As Baptist churches, as Protestant churches in Omaha we are but playing at Christian work. The great ocean of wretchedness and need still confronts us. There is latent power which might be used if the Christian would launch out in the work."

Church or Club.

In speaking on the topic, "Church or Club," Sunday morning at Plymouth Congregational church, Rev. Frederick A. Hatch said in part:

"Though lodges have in them the elements of love, friendship and fraternity, they do not, and cannot, take the place of the church. The church and the lodge cannot fill the same office, and in realizing this the promulgators of lodge rituals have their wisdom. Social clubs have sprung up, their object being to promote sociability and good feeling between the members, but where in all these pleasure organizations will you find the majestic, beautiful social body of the church.

"Men go to their finely furnished clubrooms and in the presence of sumptuous enjoyment they think it is better than the church. They think there is no enjoyment in the church. The church fulfills the longings of a man that a mere club cannot satisfy. The church is the only way by which heaven is gained. Men cannot reach it through their clubs or lodges, and nowhere else, as within the portals of the temple of worship will be found that sweetness of communion and fellowship that makes heaven."

For Dainty Table Dishes Use
KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO
CORN
STARCH
The Original, Oldest and Best.

JBBERS & MANUFACTURERS
OF OMAHA

AWNINGS AND TENTS.
Omaha Tent and Awning Co.,
Omaha, Neb.
Manufacturers of
Tents and Canvas Goods.
Send for Catalogue Number 28

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES.
Johnson-McLean Co
Manufacturers of
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Stair Work, Builders' Supplies.
Telephone 637.
6th and Jones Streets, Omaha, Neb.

DRY GOODS.
M. E. Smith & Co.
Importers and Jobbers of
Dry Goods, Furnishing Goods
AND NOTIONS.

WHEN IN OMAHA
VISIT
Byrne-Hammer Dry Goods Co.
HOWARD STREET,
OMAHA'S GREAT NEW HOUSE.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.
Western Electrical Company
Electrical Supplies.
Electric Wiring Bells and Gas Lighting.
G. W. JOHNSTON, Mgr. 1510 Howard St.

SAFE AND IRON WORKS.

Hall's Safes.
Cash Registers.
Typewriters.
Hall Safe and Lock Company,
1116 Farnam St.

Davis & Cowgill Iron Works.
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF MACHINERY.
GENERAL REPAIRING A SPECIALTY
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS.
1501, 1503 and 1505 Jackson Street, Omaha, Neb. Tel. 533.
B. Zabriskie, Agent. J. B. Cowgill, Mgr.

ELEVATOR SUPPLIES.
ELEVATORS
Improved Quick and Easy Rising
Steam, Electric and Hand Power Elevators.
AUTOMATIC HATCH GATES.
Send for catalogue.
KIMBALL BROS., COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia.
1008 9th Street. Telephone 143.

C. H. Davis & Son
Agents for the Richmond Safety Gates and Fire Doors.
Elevator Hydraulic and Hand Elevators. Elevator repairing a specialty. Leather Valve Cups for Elevators, Engines and Printing Presses.

CRANE CO.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
Steam and Water Supplies
Of All Kinds.
1014 and 1016 DOUGLAS ST.

ENVELOPES.
Buy from the Manufacturers.
Burkley Envelope Co.,
Makers and Printers of
ENVELOPES
All Kinds and Sizes.
120 North Fifteenth Street.

PAINTS AND OILS.
National Oil & Paint Co.
(Incorporated.)
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS.
Paints for all Purposes, Varnishes, etc.
1015 and 1017 Jones St., Tel. 1721, Omaha.

WALL PAPER.
Yetter Wall paper Co.,
JOBBERS
WALL PAPER.
Large, well selected stock, prices same as eastern houses—latest novelties. Dealers send for 1901 sample line and terms.
1217-[illegible] St. Omaha.

Telephone 1039.
Boyd Commission Co.
Successors to James E. Boyd & Co.,
OMAHA, NEB.
COMMISSION
GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND STOCKS.
Board of Trade Building.
Direct wires to Chicago and New York. Correspondence, John A. Warren & Co.