

VOTES IN FIVE STATES

Ohio, Michigan, Montana, North Dakota and Indiana Elections.

M'KINLEY'S STATE STAYS IN LINE

Republicans Gain in Ohio as a Whole, Though Losing Three Cities.

MICHIGAN TOWNS DO EVEN BETTER

Elect Supreme Justice and Nearly Every Other Candidate.

MONTANA PRETTY MUCH THE SAME WAY

Anconda and Helena Overwhelmingly Republican, While Butte Divides the Honors Among Three Parties.

CINCINNATI, April 1.—Fair weather prevailed in Ohio today for the municipal and township elections. The unusually large vote for April indicated more interest than usual in these local contests.

While the democrats carried the larger cities and some of the smaller places, the republicans show slight gains in the state as a whole. In the three larger cities, Cleveland, Columbus and Toledo, the democrats show gains, which are offset by republican gains in the smaller cities throughout the state.

At Columbus, where the republicans have had the city government the democrats elect their mayor by a close margin, while at Cleveland ex-Congressman Tom L. Johnson, democrat, was elected mayor by about 2,900 plurality.

"Golden Rule" Samuel Jones (non-partisan) was re-elected for the third time at Toledo.

At Springfield the republicans elected a mayor for the first time in eight years.

There was no election in Cincinnati. Mayor Fleischmann and the other republican officials were elected one year ago for terms of three years. There is no election at Dayton until next April, the contest in that city being only for a judge.

Special interest was taken in the contest at Columbus, where the republicans for the last two years have had the mayor and all the other city officers. As Governor Nash and former Congressman Letts reside at Columbus both took great interest in the contest there. Democratic administrations were in control at Cleveland and Springfield, where the republicans made hard fights, so as to control the political machinery of an many cities as possible at the state election in November. Sam Jones made his race for the third term for mayor of Toledo, independent of all parties, and on his "golden rule" platform.

Towns Already Held From TOLEDO, O., April 1.—Reports received from the smaller cities and towns show republican victories in the following places in Ohio: Fostoria, Van Wert, Findlay, Perrysville, Paulding, Wauseon, Bloomdale, Fayette, Norwalk, Swanton, Kenton, Corbin, Union, Bellefontaine, Payne, Port Clinton, Paris, DeWitt and Weston.

In the following cities and towns the democrats were victorious: Delta, North Baltimore, Lima, St. Mary's, Ottawa, Continental, Upper Sandusky, Tiffin, Gibsonburg, McComb, Sandusky, Bellevue, Milton Center, DeWitt, McClure, Custar, Bryan, Wapakoneta, Elmore, Fremont, Mansfield and Clyde.

Toledo Mayor Stays In. TOLEDO, O., April 1.—Samuel M. Jones has been elected to succeed himself as mayor of Toledo. His majority over McKisson will be about 1,000. Jones announced himself as a non-partisan candidate and his nomination was secured by petition, the papers being widely circulated and signed by the majority of the workmen. He was endorsed by the democratic coalition and by a number of republican candidates. His forces were not marshaled and he had no campaign committee to take charge of the fight. He spoke in every ward and precinct in the city, advocating the "golden rule." The republicans had a strong candidate in General W. V. McKisson, who served in the Spanish-American war with distinction.

Tom L. Johnson's Success. CLEVELAND, O., April 1.—The most interesting municipal election held in this city in years resulted today in the election of Hon. Tom L. Johnson, democrat, to the office of mayor over William J. Akers, republican, by a plurality that may go as high as six thousand. Only the head of the republican ticket was defeated, the candidates for the minor offices on that ticket being successful.

CLEVELAND, O., April 1.—The remarkable feature of today's municipal election is the overwhelming defeat of William J. Akers, by what later returns show to be about 5,000 plurality. The city council will have a republican majority of two. Kurtz, republican, for city treasurer was elected. Fieiding, republican, for police judge, and Schneider, republican, for public prosecutor were elected. The school council is also republican.

Mr. Akers' defeat is generally believed to be due to the charge that he represented what is known as the McKisson faction in local republicanism.

Ironton Democrats Fall Hard. IRONTON, O., April 1.—Harry W. Mountain, mayor and the entire republican ticket is elected by majorities of from 250 to 500. Ironton in 1888 gave the democratic mayor, A. M. Collett, a majority of four.

Divided at Piqua. PIQUA, O., April 1.—Democrats re-elected Mayor J. E. Smith, the republicans elected their candidates for marshal, street commissioner and solicitor.

Canton's Mayor Re-Elected. CANTON, O., April 1.—James E. Robinson, elected mayor two years ago by thirteen majority, was re-elected today by 600 majority. The council is democratic.

Republican Gains in Indiana. EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 1.—Charles Covert was today elected mayor by 48 majority. This is a republican gain of 208 over two years ago. Mr. Covert was elected in the republican ticket. The democrats elected nine out of eleven councilmen. Party lines were closely drawn.

The democrats are claiming frauds in some of the colored wards and have filed a notice of contest. Detectives and marshals from towns and cities within fifty miles of Evansville were employed here to watch at the polls, negroes having been imported.

Evansville Probably Republican. EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 1.—Indications late tonight point to the election of the republican candidate, Charles O. Covert, for mayor, by about 100 majority. It is believed the democrats will elect two out of the seven councilmen.

MICHIGAN REPUBLICANS WIN

Elect Justice of Supreme Court, Police Justice and Majority of Detroit Inspectors.

DETROIT, Mich., April 1.—Robert M. Montgomery of Grand Rapids, republican, has been elected justice of the supreme court by a majority of 1,000. Frank W. Fletcher of Detroit and Henry W. Carey of Menistee, republican, are candidates for judges of the state.

Montgomery is a large republican in those cities where there was a fight on some local issue. There were two constitutional amendments voted on, both of which were defeated. One fixed the compensation of state legislators at \$1,000 per term and mileage instead of \$5 per day, when the legislature is in session, as at present, and the other provided for increases in the salary of circuit judges in Bay county. The democrats made a marked gain in Jackson, where their entire city ticket was elected. There the entire republican ticket won.

In Owosso, S. D. Emery, prohibitionist, was elected mayor, overcoming a republican majority last year of 450. He was the only member of that ticket, however, who was successful.

In Detroit John R. Whelan, republican, was re-elected police justice, the only municipal officer voted for, by 4,285 majority.

Judge Montgomery carried Detroit by over 2,500 majority of the seventeen school inspectors elected, eleven were republicans and six democrats.

FROM FOUR MONTANA TOWNS

Division in Butte, but Mostly Republican at Helena, Anconda and Missoula.

BUTTE, Mont., April 1.—The democrats elected W. H. Davitt mayor and Thomas M. Boyle police magistrate and four out of eight school inspectors.

The republicans elected two aldermen and the labor party two. The contest over city treasurer will be very close between Marco Medin, democrat, and Ben E. Calkins, republican, with the result not known until the count is completed.

ANCONDA, Mont., April 1.—Dr. H. W. Stevens for mayor and the entire republican municipal ticket was elected here today. Stevens' majority is nearly 500.

HELENA, Mont., April 1.—The election today in Helena resulted in a republican victory. The democrats elected two, the republicans five. There will probably be a contest over one democrat.

MISSOULA, Mont., April 1.—In a strict party contest the republicans made a clean sweep today, electing a mayor and four aldermen.

TAKE CITIZENS' CANDIDATE

Bismarck Voters Elect D. W. Register for Mayor Over Frank Donnelly, Republican.

BISMARCK, N. D., April 1.—After one of the bitterest city elections ever held in Bismarck, the republican city ticket was defeated today by the citizens' ticket. Frank Donnelly, republican candidate for mayor, was defeated by D. M. Register, citizens' candidate, by three majority out of a total of 500 votes.

Chicago's Election is Today. CHICAGO, April 1.—This city will hold tomorrow one of the most important municipal elections in its history. The chief contest is between the republican ticket headed by Mayor Carter Harrison and the citizens' ticket headed by the citizens' candidate, Frank Donnelly, republican candidate for mayor, who was defeated by D. M. Register, citizens' candidate, by three majority out of a total of 500 votes.

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TRIES TO KILL THE CZAR

Russian Ruler Fired Upon by Member of the Royal Household.

GENERAL DISTURBANCES ARE GROWING

Workmen in Arms, Students Issuing Protests, Released Prisoners Ordered to Leave and More Soldiers Summoned.

LONDON, April 1.—A dispatch to the Morning Leader from Kiev says it is reported that an officer of the household attempted to assassinate the czar. He fired at his majesty and missed. He then shot and killed himself.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 1.—Mail advices from Kiev show that the disturbances there are becoming more dangerous affairs. In the outbreak of March 24, a few students and many workmen participated. The military were called out in large force and fired on the rioters, many of whom were wounded. No details, however, are obtainable here.

The students of St. Petersburg have issued a proclamation protesting against the "intentionally untrue" report of the police on the last riot, and a majority of the released prisoners have been ordered to leave St. Petersburg within three days. They will not be permitted to live in St. Petersburg or Moscow.

The Novosty says that the governor general of Kiev has again reinforced the police with 200 soldiers.

The Viedomosti announces that the artist Repin's portrait of Count Leo Tolstoy was garlanded at the art exhibition yesterday, the public unanimously applauding the action.

HUMANE MINISTER DISGRACED

Russian Count Suspended for Protecting Against Cossacks' Methods—Karpovitch Trial Secret.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 1.—The trial of Peter Karpovitch, the assassin of M. B. Golegoff, the Russian minister of public instruction, which resulted in Karpovitch being sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude, with a loss of civil rights, was strictly secret. Attendance was only by card. Among those present were the ministers of justice, of the interior and of finance. Only fifty cards were distributed.

Karpovitch spoke for an hour regarding the student troubles and the disorganization of the universities. The prisoner characterized Golegoff, whom he knew as the curator of Moscow in 1896, as the "baleful spirit of reaction."

Karpovitch declared that he was indifferent when shooting whether Golegoff would be killed, desiring in any case to inflict a dangerous wound. He refused to say where he lodged or whom he saw after his arrival from Berlin.

The prosecuting attorney described Golegoff as a noble officer and demanded the infliction of the most severe penalty.

Counsel for the defense, M. Turchanov, pleaded for a milder punishment, declaring that severity was unable to affect anyone in a struggle with ideas and principles, who joyfully sought martyrdom for their principles.

The court deliberated for twenty-five minutes and condemned Karpovitch to twenty years' hard labor in Siberia and the loss of all civil rights.

The police are continuing their inquiry into Karpovitch's connection with the general revolutionary movement in Russia.

Protesting Minister Elected. Lieutenant General Vlazenski, who protested against the conduct of the police and consular officials, has been elected minister, until the czar by special ukase restores his privileges. The prince has gone abroad.

RUSSIA THREATENS CHINA

Notice Sent to Must Sign the Manchurian Treaty Without Further Delay.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Information has reached here to the effect that the Russian government, being seriously perturbed by the course of China in not signing the Manchurian treaty largely because of the protest made by the several powers, has conveyed a distinct and unmistakable indication to China that if this course is persisted in there may be an interruption of diplomatic relations between Russia and China and a termination of the present intercourse between them. This is little short of an ultimatum that China must sign or take the consequences of a termination of its friendly relations with Russia.

To what extent the United States will take cognizance of Russia's disposition to enforce the signing of the agreement has not yet been made apparent. It appears to be the policy of the Chinese authorities to consider this as a subject which concerns the powers quite as much as it does China. The matter has become further complicated by reports reaching Washington that the Chinese authorities have recognized a division on the course to be pursued by some of the most influential, including Li Hung Chang, urging that acquiescence be given to the Russian proposals, while others insist on rejecting the agreement.

The German first-class battleship Weissenberg has started from Shanghai toward Nankin and the north, its purpose being to impress the Chinese and the allies that Germany means to preserve and extend her prestige and interests in the Yangtze valley.

LEHIGH VALLEY IN THE READING

Reported Transfer Revising McLeod's Old Annals—National.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The Commercial Advertiser says that the Lehigh Valley railroad has been turned over to the Philadelphia & Reading company and will hereafter form part of the Reading system, which also includes the Jersey Central railroad.

AMBITIOUS TO DIE POOR

Carnegie Hits on International Theater as a Means of Disappointment of Riches.

(Copyright, 1901, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, April 1.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram)—The Daily Express reports that Carnegie's purpose is to endow a theater in New York and another in London for the elevation of the stage, provided a working plan can be devised which will prevent the management from falling into the hands of extremists and faddists.

Mr. Carnegie's wish is said to be to establish an international theater, with a stage on either side of the Atlantic, so that the companies' productions may change from one house to the other in order to keep up the interest and enter the playgoers of both nations upon common ideas in dramatic art. The idea is said to have been suggested by Richard Mansfield's recent declaration that a nationally endowed theater is necessary for the preservation of the drama. Carnegie is reported to have said recently to a friend: "If I knew how a theater should be managed as well as I do a library I would endow one with no loss of time."

He is further stated that Carnegie has been consulting actors, managers and critics and may soon be expected to make an announcement.

NEVER LOOTED IN HIS LIFE

Bishop Favre Sincerely Denies the Story of Conducting the Sale of Pilfered Property.

PEKIN, Thursday March 28.—Seven thousand Chinese are reported to have been sent to the front in the army will soon expire, are to be returned home as soon as transports are available. It is not expected that their places will be filled.

The railroad experts to be taxed to the limit here. M. de Giers, Russian minister, has expressed surprise at the warm thanks expressed by General Chuffee and Mr. Squires for the courtesies of the Russians on the occasion of the removal of the bodies of the fallen soldiers.

Bishop Favre denies utterly the accounts published in Europe and America to the effect that he conducted an immense loot sale. The bishop says he never looted in his life. After the siege many gifts were made to him by rich people and he ordered them to be sold in behalf of the native Catholics. Probably some of the things that he sold were pilfered goods.

It is claimed here on reliable authority that China has asked Russia to allow her further extension of time before deciding the question of signing the Manchurian agreement. Both M. de Giers and the Chinese officials refuse to talk on the subject.

TOLSTOI MARCHING GUARDED

St. Petersburg Correspondent Hears New Report of Count's Rumored Banishment.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 1.—It was rumored several days ago, but generally disbelieved, that Count Leo Tolstoy had been banished from Russia because of the attempted assassination of Privy Councillor Pobiedonostzoff, chief procurator of the Holy Synod (who was shot at early in the time the general loot may have been studied) the attempt being attributed to a desire for revenge, growing out of the excommunication of Count Tolstoy.

Owing to the indefiniteness of the rumor it was disregarded by the correspondent. The rumor has been confirmed, however, the correspondent has received a private letter from a usually trustworthy source in Vilna, capital of the government of that name, saying that Count Tolstoy was reported to have passed through Vilna on his way to the frontier by the Transvaal.

LONDON, April 2.—Dispatches from Cape Town and Brussels talk of General Botha and General Dewet joining a gathering in the Transvaal. The Boers threatened to attack Richmond, and the town guard was called out to defend the place.

AGAINST GENERAL FRENCH

Botha and Dewet May Lead 13,000 Men in Operation in the Transvaal.

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ASK TO BE EXCOMMUNICATED

One Thousand Students of University of Kiev Would Share Tolstoy's Fate.

LONDON, April 2.—"One thousand students of the University of Kiev have forwarded a petition to the Holy Synod," says the Odessa correspondent of the Daily Express, "in which they ask to be excommunicated with Count Tolstoy."

Germany Sends Battleship. BERLIN, April 1.—The Berliner Tagblatt publishes the following dispatch from the German first-class battleship Weissenberg has started from Shanghai toward Nankin and the north, its purpose being to impress the Chinese and the allies that Germany means to preserve and extend her prestige and interests in the Yangtze valley.

LEHIGH VALLEY IN THE READING

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COMMITTEE REPORT TABLED

Cuban Committee Still Avoids Action on Platt Amendment.

COMMISSION TO GO TO WASHINGTON

Motion to Send It is Defeated, but with Prospect of Being Taken Up Again Tuesday.

HAVANA, April 1.—A secret session of the Cuban constitutional convention was held today and attended by twenty-five delegates. Among the absentees were Senor Gileza, Senor Quilas and General Saugally, strong supporters of the Platt amendment.

The first matter considered was a resolution from the Platt association urging the convention to accept the amendment, with the proviso that the United States should make a reduction of 50 per cent on the duties on Cuban products, or at least make a preference in their favor over similar products from other countries. The resolution was tabled without discussion.

The majority report of the committee on relations, signed by Senors Gomez, Silva and Villanueva, was read, but after a discussion his proposal was defeated by a majority of the delegates were opposed to it, a resolution to lay it on the table was carried. A similar disposition was made of reports from Senors De Quesada, Tamayo, Nunez and Ghiera.

A motion by Senor Monteagudo to appoint a commission to go to Washington was defeated by a vote of 13 to 12. It was finally decided to hold a public session of the convention tomorrow, when an attempt will probably be made to reconsider the action on the Monteagudo resolution.

Senor Alejandro Rodriguez, who was elected mayor of Havana June 15, 1900, has resigned the office and the Ayuntamiento has elected his successor tomorrow.

At today's session an attempt was made to elect Senor Zayas, but the action of the Ayuntamiento was declared null and void, owing to the fact that the resignation of Senor Rodriguez had not been formally filed.

Senor Zayas and Senor Luis Estevez, secretary of justice, are the rival candidates.

FIRST TIME IN ITS HISTORY

Month of April Opens Without Single Case of Yellow Fever in Havana.

HAVANA, April 1.—For the first time in the history of Havana the month of April has opened without a single case of yellow fever in the city. Major W. C. George, chief sanitary officer, is confident that with the sanitary measures now being enforced and the valuable information gained during the recent investigations of the yellow fever commission there will be few cases during the coming season. The marine hospital service is also taking precautions against the bringing of infection to Havana from Mexico or other ports. Dr. Glennon, chief surgeon, has issued orders for a quarantine against these ports beginning April 15.

It is thought that many cases in Havana last year were brought from Vera Cruz, which is only two days sail from Havana. Passengers from Vera Cruz will be obliged to remain in quarantine three days. Comfortable quarters are being fitted up near the immigration station at Cabanans. The immigrant station is used only as temporary quarters for immigrants who have no employment on arriving here. Under the management of the yellow fever commission, the assistant manager of the hotel Orient, the proprietors of three of the largest bakeries in Manila and a number of storekeepers and other persons will be probed to the bottom. Orders have been issued that no quarry man escape. The number of men implicated in the frauds is undetermined and high rank will not suffice to shield delinquents.

Colonel Woodruff, the chief commissary at Manila, said to the representative of the Associated Press that the irregularities were exaggerated and that the troops were always well supplied with stores. Colonels of the returning volunteer regiments wrote to Colonel Woodruff in praise of the commissary service.

Lieutenant Wagon Deane, with thirty men of Troop C of the Sixth cavalry, in Cavite province. During the ensuing action eighteen insurgents were killed and two Americans were wounded. The insurgents then retired.

No new announcements have been made concerning Aguinaldo.

CONTEND FOR EIGHT-HOUR DAY

Carpenters, Painters and Plasterers Win and Lose in Fight for New Arrangement.

LOWELL, Mass., April 1.—All the journeymen painters and plasterers of this city are out of work today, the former being locked out and the latter having started a strike. The painters demanded \$2.25 a day and eight hours and the master painters, anticipating a strike, discharged all their employees and closed their shops.

The plasterers asked for \$2.25 per day and eight hours, instead of \$2.25 and nine hours, and struck to enforce the demand.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., April 1.—The majority of union carpenters in this city went on a strike today. They demand an eight-hour day, with nine-hour pay.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 1.—Syracuse painters gained an eight-hour work day today, all but three firms signing the contract with the union for the ensuing year. Four hundred painters are benefited.

Thirty Thousand Idle. LONDON, April 1.—Reports received at a mass meeting of the Lanarkshire colliery and mine handlers at Hamilton show that 29,000 miners were idle in Scotland owing to the strike for an eight-hour day.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Tuesday, Exceptionally Rain or Snow in northeast portion. Probably warmer in western portion; Wednesday fair; variable winds.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday: 5 a. m. 35 10 a. m. 45 2 p. m. 55 7 p. m. 54 9 p. m. 41 8 a. m. 34 4 p. m. 40 10 a. m. 36 6 p. m. 40 11 a. m. 36 8 p. m. 40 12 m. 20 8 p. m. 35

MORGAN ISSUES CIRCULAR

Informing Bridge and Mine Company Stockholders that New Company Controls.

NEW YORK, April 1.—A circular issued from the office of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. tonight and addressed to the stockholders of the American Bridge company and the Lake Superior consolidated iron mines, announces that the offer of the syndicate made on March 2, 1901, has been accepted by more than 98 per cent of the holders of the stock and the plan proposed has become operative.

Morgan & Co. offered for the account of the United States Steel corporation, in exchange for the preferred and common stock of the American Bridge company, and for the stock of the Lake Superior consolidated iron mines, certificates for preferred stock and common stock of the United States Steel corporation upon the following basis:

For each \$100 par value of preferred stock of the American Bridge company \$100 par value in the preferred stock of the United States Steel corporation.

For each \$100 par value of common stock of the American Bridge company, \$105 in the common stock of the United States Steel corporation.

For each \$100 par value of the stock of the Lake Superior consolidated iron mines, \$125 par value in the preferred stock and \$135 par value in the common stock of the United States Steel corporation.

The circular further says: "Arrangements have already been made for the acquisition upon the above basis of more than 95 per cent of the stock of the Lake Superior consolidated iron mines, embracing therein the interests of John D. Rockefeller. Arrangements have also been made for the acquisition by the United States Steel corporation of all the outstanding interests in the Oliver Mining company and the Pittsburg Steamship company not owned by the Carnegie company."

GROWS BIG FROM OMAHA

Pioneer Church of 1846 Expands Into Two Hundred and Five Strong Congregations.

BOSTON, April 1.—The Congregational Home Missionary society, Major General O. Howard presiding, which will observe its seventy-fifth anniversary in Boston May 14 to 16, made public its seventy-fifth annual report today. The report shows that in forty-three of the forty-five states and in all territories the society and its auxiliaries are at work.

In Indiana four weak churches in 1846 have multiplied to sixty. The pioneer church of nine members, so to speak, on Omaha May 4, 1856, has become 200 churches with 14,000 members, with 20,000 in Sunday schools.

Congregational South Dakota's history began with the organization of Yankton church in 1846. Now there are 146 churches with 6,870 members and 16,818 Sunday school scholars. In North Dakota there are ninety-one churches as a result of twenty years of work.

ACTOR HOPELESSLY INSANE

Doctors Make Examination of Maurice Barrymore and Render a Reluctant Judgment.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Doctors Stewart, Wildman and Fitch today made an examination of Maurice Barrymore, now a patient in Bellevue hospital. The actor had passed a quiet night, sleeping the deep sleep of utter exhaustion. At the conclusion of the examination Dr. Stewart announced that the patient was hopelessly insane. It was also given out that tomorrow morning he will be taken to Rivercrest asylum at Astoria.