Telephone 694. Bee, March 26, 1901.

Fine New Black Goods for Spring

Splendid values in seasonable and desirable dress materials. Being sure of the goods we offer we show them in good honest day light—where choosing is both safe and satisfying.

NEW SATIN FINISHED PRUNELLA—Beautiful, rich satin luster—a great favorite this season—$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75—splendid value at $1.00.

NEW SILK AND WOOL CREPE DE CHINE—There is a wonderful showing of the new soft clinging fabrics, double widths—$1.50, $2.00, $2.50—splendid value in all wool crepe de chine at $1.00 a yard.

NEW SATIN FINISHED VENETIANS—A fabric much in demand this season, for seperate skirts or full suits—50c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00.

KERSEY SUITINGS—For short skirts, golfing, bicycling, outing or traveling, good weight, requires no lining, beautiful color—$1.25, $1.50, $1.75.

Special value in a 56-inch Kersey at $1.25.

WE CLOSE SATURDAYS AT 6 P. M.

AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

staying with the latter, who this went up to twenty-seven with the aid of the antis. The antis for the South Platte centered completely on Hinshaw, giving him eleven. Hinshaw and Meiklejohn sent in communications recording themselves in favor of direct popular election of senators. The ballot was uninterrupted. Totals:

Allen	5	Meiklejohn	27
Berge	4	Rosewater	29
Crounse	6	Thompson, D. E.	59
Currie	8	Thompson, W. H.	59
Hinshaw	11		

Vote in Detail.

The vote in detail was:

Allen—Thompson, Currie.
Andrews—Thompson, Rosewater.
Armstrong—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Arends—Thompson, Currie.
Baldrige—Thompson, Rosewater.
Blesner—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Beekly—Thompson, Rosewater.
Beethe—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Berlet—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Broderick—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Brown—Thomson, Crounse.
Buresh—Thompson, Rosewater.
Cain—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Corneer, Thompson, Rosewater.
Crissey—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Crounse—Thompson, Currie.
Currie—Thompson, Crounse.
Edgar—Thompson, Rosewater.
Evans—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Fowler—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Fricerichs—Thompson, Currie.
Gallogly—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Gawne—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Hall—Thompson, Rosewater.
Harris—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Harlan—Thompson, Rosewater.
Hathorn—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Hibbert—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Horton—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Humphrey—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Johnson of Harlan—Thompson, Rosewater.
Jouvenat—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Lane—Thompson, Rosewater.
Laflin—Thompson, Rosewater.
Lowe—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Martin—Thompson, Crounse.
McCarthy—Hinshaw, Crounse.
McCargar—Thompson, Rosewater.
McCoy—Thompson, Rosewater.
Mead—Thompson, Rosewater.
Mefdenhall—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Miskell—Thompson, Rosewater.
Mockett—Thompson, Rosewater.
Mullen—Thompson, Rosewater.
Newell—Thompson, Currie.
Oleson of Cuming—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Oleson of Phelps—Thompson, Rosewater.
O'Neill—Thompson, Rosewater.
Owens—Thompson, Currie.
Rohwer—Martin, Crounse.
Sandall—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Scott—Thompson, Currie.
Shellhorn—Thompson, Rosewater.
Smithberger—Thomson, Meiklejohn.
Spencer—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Steel—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Steinmeyer—Thompson, Rosewater.
Swanson—Hinshaw, Meiklejohn.
Tefft—Thompson, Rosewater.
Trompen—Thompson, Rosewater.
Tweed—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Uhl—Thompson, Rosewater.
VanBoskirk—Thompson, Meiklejohn.
Warner—Thompson, Rosewater.
Whitmore—Hinshaw, Crounse.
Wilcox—Thompson, Rosewater.
Wilkinson—Thompson, Rosewater.
Young—Thompson, Rosewater.
Mr. Speaker—Thompson, Rosewater.
Absent—Marshall, republican; Beall, Watson, fusionists.

SENATE CLEARS THE DECKS

Getting Ready for the Final Acts of Winding Up the Legislative Session.

LINCOLN, March 26.—(Special.)—This was the last day for the first reading of bills and the greater portion of the senate's time was therefore devoted to the first reading of house bills, a large number of which came over during the day.

At the forenoon session a number of bills were read for a third time and passed, with the exception of the congressional appropriation bill, which was defeated by a small margin, the vote being 17 to 16. This bill was introduced by Senator Young, the new districts provided by it being printed in The Bee this morning, and was considered a party measure. However, its provisions were obnoxious to some of the republican members and they refused to support it. The vote was as follows, the three republicans voting with the fusionists being McCargar, Allen and Newell:

Yeas:

Arends,	Harlan,	Steele,
Baldrige,	Johnson,	Trompen,
Berlet,	Martin,	Van Boskirk,
Crounse,	Olgson,	Young—16.
Currie,	O'Neill,	
Edgar,	Owens,	

Nays:

Allen,	McCargar,	Ransom,
Campbell,	Meredith,	Reuting,
Cummins,	Miller,	Weber,
Krumbach,	Newell,	Woolstenholm
Liddell,	Paschal,	Ziegler—17.
Lyman,	Pitney,	

The legislative and judicial apportionment bills fared somewhat better, both being passed, the vote on the judicial bill being 18 to 14, the division being on party lines. This was Senator Steele's bill, but he was not present to vote upon it.

The legislative bill, by Van Boskirk, was also passed by a strict party vote, the vote being 18 to 14.

Other bills passed by the senate were:

Senate bill 111, a bill suggested by Governor Dietrich, for the purpose of correcting errors in senate file 74, a charter bill for towns having a population of less than 25,000 and more than 5,000.

House roll 66, providing that county judges, clerks, treasurers and sheriffs shall pay into the county treasury all fees above a certain amount.

House roll 20, providing for a library commission and free traveling libraries.

House roll 159, by Evans, relating to the assessment of property.

House roll 157, by Evans, relating to bonds for irrigation purposes.

House roll 321, a bill to reimburse the members of the First Nebraska regiment for money paid out by them for railroad fare and to repay to subscribers the cost of transportation of the regiment from San Francisco to their homes, was, after some discussion, advanced to third reading.

In Committee of the Whole.

In committee of the whole, with Senator Paschal in the chair, the senate considered a number of bills. The first bill discussed was house roll 124, a bill providing for a board of plumbing inspectors in Omaha. The bill was objected to by Senator Young, who was of the opinion that it would give the plumbers too much power, and if it was a good law from a sanitary point of view, why should it not include other towns in the state? The Douglas delegation was in favor of the bill, and upon a vote the bill was recommended for passage.

HOUSE PASSES MANY BILLS

Gets Its Lawmaking Wheels to Whirling Rapidly on Statutes in Embryo.

LINCOLN, March 26.—(Special.)—The house held two long sessions today, and completed consideration of house bills. Nearly the entire time of both morning and afternoon sessions was devoted to the order of bills on third reading.

The following bills were passed by the house:

H. R. 322, by Beisner—To provide that all funds which have heretofore been paid into the treasury of any county for the maintenance of free high schools for non-resident pupils shall be paid to the school districts of such county which has maintained free high schools for non-resident pupils proportionately to the number of such pupils instructed and the length of time each pupil received such free instruction; provided, however, that where pupils from one county have received such free instruction in a school located in another county, the district furnishing such free instruction shall share in the distribution of funds herein provided for in the same proportion as the districts of the county making the distribution.

H. R. 291, by Jouvenat—To require receivers of state banks to make to the State Banking Board detailed reports of the condition of the bank at such time and in such manner as may be directed by the board, and also to require receiver to submit the affairs of such bank to inspection of state bank examiners.

H. R. 343, by Fuller—To authorize county treasurers to invest sinking funds in legally issued and duly registered warrants and in legally issued and registered bonds of the county at the face value of such securities in any amount he may deem advisable, not to exceed 75 per cent of the sinking fund not otherwise invested or lying idle in the treasury.

H. R. 347, by Cain—To provide that any person who shall seek the position of juror or who shall ask any attorney or other officer of the court or any other person in any manner charged with the duty of selecting the jury to secure or procure his selection as a juryman shall be deemed guilty of a contempt of court and be fined not exceeding $20, and shall thereby be disqualified from serving as a juror for that term.

H. R. 234, by Harris—To provide that all measurements of water appropriated for irrigation purposes shall be made at the headgate of the canal and that no allotment shall exceed one cubic foot per second for each seventy-acres of land for which the appropriation is made.

H. R. 407, by Fuller—To fix the following salaries for officers and employes of the Girls' Industrial Home at Milford: Superintendent, $1,200; matron, $600; physician, $300; teacher, including services as secretary, $900; engineer, $840; farmer, including services as coachman, $600. The emergency clause on this measure was defeated, but the bill on a second roll call was passed by a vote of 35 to 37.

H. R. 478, by Wilcox—To appropriate approximately $37,000 for miscellaneous items of indebtedness.

H. R. 141, by Calkins—To define the residence of all persons liable to work a labor tax in any road district in the state.

H. R. 364, by Hawxby—To tax gifts, legacies and inheritances in certain cases and to provide for collection of the same.

H. R. 437, by Lowe—Deficiency bill for claims for transportation of state militia to and from the state encampment.

H. R. 54, by Fowler—To permit free high school attendance by non-resident pupils.

H. R. 460, by Wilkinson—The non-partisan ballot law prepared by special committee. Passed by unanimous vote.

Vote Down Penitentiary Bill.

Uhl of Douglas interrupted proceedings under the order of passage of bills to move the advancement of house roll 185, the measure submitted by Governor Dietrich, providing for the reconstruction of the state penitentiary. In response to a demand for an explanation, Uhl said that the bill was of extraordinary importance and to become a law would have to be passed by the house before the close of the day's session. Taylor insisted that the measure should be considered in committee of the whole before being ordered engrossed for third reading. Uhl's motion to advance was defeated by a vote of 54 to 30, Whitmore and several other republicans voting with the fusionists against the motion.

The opposition of the fusionists to the advancement proposed appeared like a concerted attempt to kill the measure, for at the time the motion was made there was no more than reasonable time left for the bill to be engrossed and reported back for passage.

Uhl's motion having been voted down the order of bills on passage was resumed, and after its completion the house, on motion of Ollis, resolved into committee of the whole, with Murray in the chair, to consider the penitentiary bill and other measures on the sifting file.

After the reading of the penitentiary bill Ollis moved to strike out that section which provided for the construction of a central lighting plant for state institutions, on the university campus. Sears opposed the motion and favored the passage of the bill in its original form. Sprecher held that the bill was in keeping with the idea of public ownership of utilities and for this reason he favored its passage. After some further discussion, the Ollis motion was put to a vote ana carried. Another amendment by Ollis, to reduce the appropriation from $162,000 to $112,000, was also carried. McCarthy then moved to cut the amount down to $30,000. This latter motion afforded a good subject for discussion, as well as delaying action on other important measures. Whitmore thought $75,000 would be a fair appropriation.

Too Late for Action.

Speaker Sears raised the point that as it was already too late to have the amendments printed it was useless to go ahead changing or altering the bill. Taylor conceded this and moved to recommend the bill for passage as amended. He afterward withdrew the motion. Sears then moved to reconsider the amendments already made, but was voted down.

The bill was finally recommended for passage as printed. This action was virtually a reconsideration of the amendments.

A motion by Coppoc to advance the wolf bounty bill was lost.

Kaveny, fusionist, interrupted the proceedings at this point to move an adjournment. There was loud cries of "no" from all parts of the hall and as the motion received no second it was not put to a vote.

House roll 485, the penitentiary appropriation bill, was then read a third time and passed by a vote of 76 to 2, Whitmore and McCarthy voting no.

Effort to Adjourn Fails.

Crockett moved to adjourn and again there were cries of "no." Stockwell seconded the motion and demanded that it be put to a vote. Speaker Sears announced from the chair that several senate files remained to be read and asked the house not to insist on the motion being put to a vote. Coppoc had moved for a meeting of the committee of the whole, but the motion to adjourn, taking precedence over all other business, was announced and a viva voce vote taken. Before the result was announced Warner moved a call of the house. The necessary number having united in the demand the call was ordered. Immediately a fusion member moved to raise the call. The ayes and nays were demanded on this proposition, the vote resulting 44 to 42 against raising the call. Several members had entered the hall during the various roll calls and after a consultation the members who had demanded the call asked that it be raised. On this question the members who had previously favored the call voted in the negative, while the others took the affirmative side, the result being 47 for and 44 against.

Apportionment Bills Read.

The speaker then directed the clerk to read the legislative and judicial apportionment measures that had come ever from the senate.

Taylor raised the point of order that the bills could be read only under the order of first reading. The speaker overruled the point and Taylor appealed and the vote resulting in a tie the speaker was sustained.

Reading of the two bills was resumed by the clerk and until he had finished the speaker refused to entertain any motion.

The object of the fusionists in holding out for an immediate adjournment was to prevent the reading of the apportionment bills. To become a law a bill must be read on three different days, and as adjournment had been fixed for Thursday the first reading could not be delayed until tomorrow. On the votes incident to the effort to adjournment the fusionists and republicans divided on strict party lines, the fusionists attempting to defeat the bills by holding for the adjournment. It was 7 o'clock when the house finally adjourned.

LYONS WANTS ROSEWATER

Republicans of that Place Urge Olson to Cast His Ballot for the Man of Their Choice.

LYONS, Neb., March 26.—(Special Telegram.)—The following has been sent to Mr. Olson: "We, as republicans of Lyons, Neb., respectfully request that you cast your ballot in joint session for Hon. Edward Rosewater for United States senator.

"JOHN F. PIPER,
"Chairman of Republican Central Committee.

"WALTER EVERETT,
"L. C. COFFIN,
"JUSTACE EVANS,
"FRED ENFIELD,
"R. S. HART,
"W. S. NEWMEYER,
"D. C. MUSSELMAN,
"J. K. ADAMS,
"J. SHUMWAY,
"J. C. M'ELHINNEY,
"W. A. MANN,
"R. A. M'HALE,
"W. H. CLEMENTS,
"W. H. LYON."

Will Write No Nevada Insurance.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—The Evening Post says: Owing to the passage by the legislature of Nevada of a valued policy law over the governor's veto, the coast representatives of nearly all the standard insurance companies have decided to write no new risks in the state of Nevada. Existing policies will be allowed to expire.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

OLD ALIGNMENT TO STAND

No Rearrangement of the Congressional Districts This Year.

REPUBLICANS VOTE WITH FUSIONISTS

Allen, McCargar and Newell Act with the Opposition to Kill a Party Caucus Measure in the Senate.

LINCOLN, March 26.—(Special.)—There will be no congressional reapportionment in Nebraska for several years to come, notwithstanding the fact that the districts as at present constituted are sadly in need of a working over. Some of the districts have a population of nearly 100,000 more than some of the smaller districts. The republicans who are recorded as being responsible for the death of the redistricting bill are Senators Allen of Furnas, McCargar of Saline and Newell of Cass, all three of whom voted with the fusionists when the bill came up for its final passage in the senate today.

Senator Allen gave as his reason for voting against the bill the fact that he did not like the manner in which the new districts were made up, and especially that of the new Sixth, in which his county had been placed. It is said that the senator from Furnas has a congressional bee buzzing in his own bonnet and that his reason for not desiring any change in the congressional districts is because he thinks he stands a good show to secure the republican nomination out in the Fifth, in which event he is confident of being able to carry this erstwhile fusion district for the republicans. A strong pressure was brought to bear upon Senator Allen to have him change his vote, which would have saved the bill, but he refused to do so. His normal school bill was in its grave and he had no fish to fry which would give anyone a string on him.

Wouldn't Stand for Douglas.

Senator Newell refused to support the bill for the reason that Cass, his home county, was placed in the same congressional district with Douglas, a change he would not listen to. Senator McCargar of Saline county, the other republican who voted against the bill, did so, not because he has any objections to the bill, but is said to have done so to help Allen and Newell defeat the bill, upon the promise that in return these two members would help him defeat the legislative redistricting bill, which he objected to because it made a large reduction in Saline county's representation in the legislature.

The apportionment bills have all along been considered the most important legislation of the session from a republican standpoint, and their defeat at the hands of the fusionists, assisted by three republicans, is most disappointing to the rank and file of the republican party throughout the state.

McCargar's Opposition Gives Way.

Later in the day the legislative and judicial bills were brought up for third reading and both of them passed. There was no particular objection to the judicial bill, but the passage of the legislative bill was somewhat of a surprise, especially to those who were on the inside. It was well known that Senator McCargar was strongly opposed to the bill and that his vote against the congressional bill was solely for the purpose of having Allen and Newell help him kill this bill, but when the roll was called the senator from Saline found that both Allen and Newell had deserted him, so he himself voted with his party for the bill. Senator McCargar was inclined to believe that he had been the victim of a "gold brick" at the hands of Allen and Newell, whom he had helped out on the congressional bill, and he was not in the best of humor as a result of the treatment he had received at the hands of his republican colleagues.

Ollis Bill a Gonner.

The refusal of the senate to advance to third reading the Ollis bill, which provides for a 10 per cent reduction in freight rates, practically means the death of the measure. The bill was championed in the senate by Weber of Greeley, but his fusion friends failed to stand by him, only four of them voting with him to advance the bill to a third reading. There is still time for the bill to be brought up, but it is not expected to be, even by the supporters of the bill.

Lobbyists Ordered Out.

"I object to the lobbyists being admitted to the floor of this senate," said Senator Owens. "They come in here and bother the members so they cannot hear what is going on and I think we should be given some relief."

"The sergeant-at-arms will see that the floor is cleared of all except members and employes," said the president, "and I wish to state right here that we must have order when bills are on third reading." Whereupon the lobbyists for the state fair bill and other measures, which certain parties are anxious to have passed, took the cue and made themselves scarce.

Supreme Court Bill.

The bill introduced by Senator Baldrige in the shape of a joint resolution and memorial, for the permanent increase in the number of supreme court judges from three to six, met its death in the senate this afternoon when it came up for third reading, it having failed to receive the necessary two-thirds majority. The vote on the bill was 17 to 11, a call of the house failing to bring relief. The bill was supported by all of the lawyers of the senate.

Among the items contained in the claims bill, as it came from the house, was the claim of Miss Laura B. Taylor of this city for $7,500, a deficiency due from the state for the services of her father, now deceased, incurred during the years of 1893 to 1897, during which time he was state weighmaster at Omaha. During that time Mr. Taylor was supposed to receive a salary of $2,000 per year, but that was during the hard times and the records show that, inasmuch as he depended upon the fees for his salary, that he came up short each year. The deficiency was recorded, and now his daughter seeks to have the legislature compensate her.

LIBRARY COMMISSION BILL

Measure Introduced by Late Representative Brown Sent to the Governor.

LINCOLN, March 26.—(Special.)—House roll 20, the bill creating a library commission and providing for free traveling libraries, was passed by the senate this afternoon and now goes to the governor for his approval. The bill reads:

The governor shall appoint one person for a term of five years, who, with the state librarian, the superintendent of public instruction, the chancellor and librarian of the University of Nebraska, shall constitute the Nebraska Public Library commission.

The members of said commission shall serve without pay, but shall be allowed actual expenses when attending meetings of the commission. Said commission shall annually elect a chairman from its number and a secretary, who may be chosen outside the membership of the commission. The secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings of the commission and accurate accounts of its financial transactions; shall have charge of its work in organizing new libraries and have all general administrative duties incident to carrying on the work of the commission.

The secretary shall in addition to a suitable salary be allowed actual traveling expenses while absent from his office in the service of the commission, the same to be certified and paid in the same manner as other expenses incurred by the commission.

As soon as appropriation provided for in this act becomes available any library, community, local organization, either incorporated or unincorporated, or any body of citizens or taxpayers organized for library purposes, shall upon complying with the rules prescribed by this commission be entitled to the privileges of this act.

Any books, collections of books or other property of the commission may be loaned to any library, college, school, university extension center, Chautauqua circle, library society, study club or other association approved by the rules of the commission, under such rules for the safe-keeping, preservation, care, handling and management of the same as may be fixed by said commission, provided, that the expenses of transportation be paid by borrowers.

The commission shall each year obtain from all libraries in the state reports showing the conditions, growth, development and manner of conducting said libraries, together with such other facts and statistics regarding the same as may be deemed of public interest by said commission.

The commission shall, when asked, give advice and instruction to all libraries or individuals and to all communities which may propose to establish libraries as to the best means for establishing, organizing and administering such libraries, selecting and cataloging books and other duties of library management. The said commission shall, so far as possible, promote and assist by counsel and encouragement the formation of libraries where none exist and the commission may send at its expense members or officers to aid in organizing new libraries or improving those already established.

The commission created by this act shall purchase all books and equipment for use in lending and circulating its traveling libraries as hereinbefore provided and shall keep a complete record of libraries to which books are sent and of the transactions therewith, and shall make a biennial report to the governor of the facts of public interest and value in relation to its work.

Offices for the commission shall be provided at the library of the University of Nebraska, or in the state capitol building.

There is hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated the sum of $4,000 to be expended by the library commission created by this act for the purchase and equipment of collections of books and otherwise carrying into effect the provisions of this act.

Said commission may from time to time as needed draw an order signed by its secretary and chairman in favor of any party to whom money is due, stating in said order what the money is to be used for and upon presentation of such order the state auditor shall draw his warrant upon the state treasurer for the amount therefor, not exceeding the amount of the appropriation for the purposes of the commission.

OMAHA INDIANS ARE TROUBLED

Want to Tell Their Grievances to Commissioner Jones in Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Indian Commissioner Jones has authorized a delegation of Omaha and Winnebago Indians, seven from each tribe, to visit Washington. The reds have grievances relating to allotments and their finances, which they desire to discuss with the commissioner.

Presidential Postoffices.

The following postoffices have been assigned to the presidential class, with the salaries of the postmasters increased to the amount indicated: Wausa, Neb., $1,000; Hubbard, Ia., $1,000; Winfield, Ia., $1,000.

Iowa National Banks.

The comptroller of the currency has been advised of the following changes in officials of Iowa National banks: First National bank of Clarion, F. W. Walker, assistant cashier, in place of J. M. Overbaugh; First National bank of Peterson, E. L. Mantor, assistant cashier, in place of J. E. Allison; First National bank of Jewell Junction, James B. Thompson, vice president, and F. H. Alexander, assistant cashier.

Postmasters and Mail Contracts.

W. H. Scott was today appointed postmaster at Medicine Bow, Carbon county, Wyo., and Saria Alton at Wilford, Fremont county, Wyo.

Mail contracts awarded: South Dakota—From Iona to Brule, to Newton Moore of Iona. Wyoming—Piedmont to Spring Valley, to A. B. Scruggs of Piedmont.

James A. Cruikshanks of Lincoln, Neb., was appointed a railway mail clerk.

New Wyoming Postoffice.

A postoffice has been established at Rocky Ford, Crook county, Wyo., with Carrie M. Keitler as postmaster.

DEATH RECORD.

Calvin Mann of Logan.

MISSOURI VALLEY, Ia., March 26.—(Special.)—Calvin Mann of Logan, Ia., died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Almor Stearn, in that city Monday morning, aged 85. Mr. Mann was born in New York June 29, 1815. In 1844 he was married to Sylvia Newell and to them five children were born. In the early '50s they moved to Michigan and soon after to Wisconsin, where they lived until 1866, when they came to Solon, Ia. In 1868 they came to this city, living here until 1875, when they went to Blair, Neb. The family made their home there until 1895, when they came to Logan. Burial was in Roschill cemetery, this city, Tuesday afternoon.

Ex-Congressman Willard.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., March 26.—Hon. George Willard, ex-congressman from the Third district, died today, aged 77 years, from a stroke of apoplexy. He was elected to congress in 1872 and served four years. Mr. Willard also served six years as member of the state board of education and ten years as regent of the state university. While regent he drew up and had adopted a rule providing for the education of women at the university. Mr. Willard was editor of the Battle Creek Journal up to the time of his death.

Captain Rodgers of Wymore.

WYMORE, Neb., March 26.—(Special.)—Captain A. Rodgers, father of Superintendent C. B. Rodgers of the B. & M., died Sunday afternoon. Mr. Rodgers served in the civil war as captain of a company in the Fourth Iowa cavalry. At the close of the war he engaged in business at Chariton, Ia., and afterwards at Aurora, Neb., from which place he came to Wymore. He leaves an aged wife, three sons and one daughter. The funeral was at the family home this afternoon, the stores in the city being closed.

Mrs. Cornelia De Payster-Black.

CINCINNATI, March 26.—Mrs. Cornelia de Payster-Black, widow of the late Colonel H. M. Black, U. S. A., died today from pneumonia. One of her daughters is the wife of Major James Claggett, Second infantry, commandant at Fort Thomas, Ky. Mrs. Black had arrived at Fort Thomas only ten days ago and was almost immediately stricken with her fatal illness.

First Settler in Driftwood Valley.

M'COOK, Neb., March 26.—(Special.)—William T. Stone, the first settler in the Driftwood valley, Red Willow county, and one of the oldest citizens of the county, died Sunday night from pneumonia. He came here in 1872 from Michigan. He was 80 years old.

CZAR IS GREATLY EXCITED

Ruler of Russia Said to Be on the Verge of a Nervous Collapse.

TROUBLES AT HOME AND IN THE FAR EAST

Those Behind the Scenes Inclined to Take a Gloomy View of the Student Troubles Throughout Russia.

LONDON, March 26.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to Reuter's Telegram says that in consonance with what is believed to be the czar's expressed wish, the minister of the interior has published instructions for the authorities of the towns and provinces, recommending preventive measures against disturbances, as being more effective than severe repression after disturbances have broken out.

The Birmingham Post, which is closely in touch with Joseph Chamberlain, says news received in high quarters in London indicates that the czar is in a very nervous state, owing to the condition of the political horizon. It is said that he fears the result of the policy of his ministers in the far east, while the student troubles and threats against his life, of which there are more than have been published, have completely unnerved his majesty. His medical advisers have strongly counseled a yachting cruise, but the czar has refused to follow their advice. Those behind the scenes in Russia take a very grave view of the present agitation and think it is the beginning of more serious trouble.

SEND THIS TO THE OMAHA BEE

THIS CORNER WILL DO.

Please write me of your temporary half-price offer on a limited edition of THE CENTURY DICTIONARY AND ENCYCLOPEDIA AND ATLAS. Also send me free of charge specimen book of sample pages and maps.

Name.....

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Your Liver
Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take
Hood's Pills
Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

There's So Much Talk About
EL MERITO
5c Cigar
"I'll have to try it," says the smoker. Then he finds it true that "It Brings Havana Home to You."
SOLTZ, CLYMER & CO., Philada.
Peregoy & Moore, Distributors, Omaha.

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Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.
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