

NO EXTRA SESSION NEEDED

House Considers in Senate Amendments to Army Appropriation Bill.

MEASURE NOW GOES TO THE PRESIDENT

Final of the Contest Over Legislation for New Possession Attended by Democrats' Demonstration Against Hull.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The house removed all possibility of an extra session by concurring in the senate amendments to the army appropriation bill. The vote stood 159 to 134. It was a strict party vote, with the exception of Mr. McCall of Massachusetts, Mr. Lusk of California, Mr. Driessell of New York and Mr. Mann of Illinois, who voted with the democrats. Mr. Cooper of Wisconsin answered present and was not paired. The bill now goes to the president.

The house was brought to a vote by a special order prepared by the committee on rules, which permitted an hour's debate on a side. The debate was not especially noteworthy. The Philippine and Cuban amendments were defended by the republicans and assailed by the democrats.

The only exciting incident occurred at the close of the debate when Mr. Hull of Iowa, whose name had been connected with a lumber and development company in the Philippines, frankly acknowledged that he had invested money in it. He said it was a legitimate enterprise which was not looking for government favors. Subsequently when he stated that the company would not have invested money if Bryan had been elected the democrats jeered and hissed and shouted that it was because if Bryan had been elected the Philippines would not have been exploited. Mr. Lusk of Ohio challenged Mr. Hull's right to vote, but Mr. Hull voted aye.

The final conference report upon the Indian appropriation bill was adopted and a number of minor bills were put through the final stages.

Proceedings in Detail.

The house met at 11 o'clock. A resolution was adopted, closing the house wing of the capitol from midnight, March 4, to 2 p. m. March 4, except for members, members-elect and former members, employees of the house and their families.

The house defeated the motion of Mr. Elliott to concur in the Charleston exposition amendment to the Louisiana purchase bill, ayes 34, noes 132.

The committee on rules then reported the speaker for the consideration of the army bill and a roll call on a demand for the previous question ensued. The result was ayes 139, noes 120. This allowed twenty minutes on a side upon the adoption of the rule.

The speaker announced the appointment of Mr. Bull of Rhode Island, Mr. Joyce of Missouri and Mr. Bartlett of Georgia as temporary committee on accounts until the meeting of the Fifty-seventh congress.

Mr. Hepburn of Iowa, with the revenue cutter bill, chairman of the committee of the appropriation committee, struggled for the right of way. The speaker pounded his gavel for order. Some one complained that he could not hear what was going on.

"That is not the fault of the chair," said the speaker. "He cannot put lungs into members." (Laughter.)

Mr. Hepburn moved that the house go into committee of the whole to consider the revenue cutter service bill and Mr. Cannon appealed to the house in the interest of the public business to vote down the motion. The motion was voted down—122 to 132.

Mr. Burton, chairman of the committee on rivers and harbors, then asked unanimous consent that the house non-concur in the senate amendments to the river and harbor bill and agreed to a conference. Mr. Hepburn objected. The speaker thereupon referred the bill to the river and harbor committee.

Several conference reports upon minor bills were adopted.

Exposition Bill Sent Back.

Mr. Tawney presented the conference report upon the St. Louis exposition bill, which agreed to the senate amendment providing for closing the exposition on Sunday and disagreed to the senate amendment to the exposition bill. The report was adopted.

Mr. Elliott of South Carolina moved that the house recede and concur in the Charleston exposition amendment. This amendment carried \$250,000 for the government exhibit at the Interstate and West Indian exposition to be held at Charleston from January to June, 1902. Mr. Elliott argued warmly in behalf of the amendment. "Why," he asked, "should Charleston be discriminated against? Money had been appropriated for the Chicago, Nashville, Omaha, Buffalo and other expositions. Why not for Charleston?"

The amendment was supported by Mr. Davidson of Wisconsin, Mr. Newlands of Nevada, Mr. Talbert of South Carolina, Mr. Sulzer of New York, Mr. Pattimer of South Carolina and W. A. Smith of Michigan, and was opposed by Mr. Tawney, Mr. King of Utah and Mr. Cannon. The latter, in the course of his remarks, declared that from this time on his voice and his vote were against appropriating the people's money for expositions. It was time, he said, to

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WEST RECEIVES ATTENTION

Senate Adopts Amendments Affecting It—Expositions at St. Louis and Charleston Favored.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—At the opening of today's session of the senate a conference report on the bill to permit Flag county, Arizona, to issue fifty-year 4 percent bonds to redeem certain indebtedness was agreed to.

Senator Platt of Connecticut, chairman of the senate committee on relations with Cuba, submitted the report of that committee upon the results of its investigations into irregularities in Cuba. The committee details the extent of its investigations, but makes no recommendation beyond that contained in the following paragraph: "In the opinion of the committee the information obtained is so full and specific as to render further investigation and inquiry unnecessary, in view of the fact that the alleged frauds in connection with the postal revenues of the island are now being investigated by the courts of Cuba in cases where officials alleged to have embezzled or misappropriated postal funds are being prosecuted." The investigation cost \$12,000.

The report was permitted to lie on the table, with leave to Mr. Money of Mississippi to present a minority report if he desires.

Pettigrew Again Turned Down.

The resolution of Mr. Pettigrew to discharge the committee on interstate commerce from consideration of what is known as the car coupler bill, which requires sworn statements concerning all railway accidents to be filed with the interstate commerce committee, was rejected—25 to 56.

Mr. Jones of Iowa gave notice that tomorrow he would ask the discharge of the judiciary committee from consideration of the anti-trust bill.

In accordance with notice previously given Mr. Fritchard of North Carolina addressed the senate upon the resolution of North Carolina to refer the credentials of Senator-elect Stumson of North Carolina to the committee on privileges and elections, with a view of investigating the present conditions which led up to his election. The address was a political speech dealing with purely political events and conditions in that state.

Consideration of the sundry civil bill was resumed. An amendment appropriating \$10,000 for a commission of geographers to the topography and geology of the territory adjacent to the forty-ninth parallel west of the 110th meridian was adopted.

Montana and Wyoming Ranges.

After considerable debate a committee amendment was adopted, permitting settlers to pasture live stock upon forest reservations in Colorado, Montana and Wyoming, with a provision that the privilege should not be transferable.

An appropriation of \$200,000 for gauging the streams of the United States and for the investigation of underground currents and artesian wells in arid and semi-arid sections was agreed to and on motion of Mr. Foraker the provisions of the amendment were extended to Porto Rico.

Mr. Hensbrough precipitated the old discussion of the reclamation of arid lands by offering a substitute for the provision just adopted, providing that moneys received from the sale of public lands should be used for establishing reservoirs. Mr. Allison made a point of order against the substitute that it was general legislation, and the point was sustained by the senate—yeas 34, noes 29.

A final conference report upon the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to.

Resuming consideration of the sundry civil bill, the committee amendment was adopted appropriating \$30,000 for the education of children in Alaska.

Expositions Get a Boost. The last committee amendment was that relating to the Panamerican exposition to be held in Buffalo and appropriating \$500,000 to be disbursed by the Panamerican Exposition company under rules to be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury. Mr. Cockrell of Missouri offered as an amendment to the Louisiana Purchase exposition bill, appropriating \$10,000 for the St. Louis fair, the amendment being identical with the bill as it passed the senate.

The senate agreed to the amendment offered by Mr. Cockrell without division and also to an amendment for the Charleston exposition. The latter, in the course of his remarks, declared that from this time on his voice and his vote were against appropriating the people's money for expositions. It was time, he said, to

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United States Embassy in Peking confirms the foregoing declaration of German officials, adding that the United States is in perfect accord with Germany in this matter.

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OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, March 1.—Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years: Maximum temperature... 72 51 1856 100 Minimum temperature... 25 18 1856 29 Mean temperature... 50 30 1856 64 Precipitation... .00 .00 .00 .00 Record of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for this day and date March 1, 1901: Normal temperature... 62 40 62 Excess for the day... 10 11 11 Normal precipitation... .04 inch Deficiency since March 1... .04 inch Deficiency for cor. period, 1899... .04 inch Deficiency for cor. period, 1898... .04 inch

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M. STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER. Omaha, partly cloudy... 64 40 62 North Platte, partly cloudy... 60 30 60 Salt Lake, clear... 50 30 50 Rapid City, clear... 50 30 50 Williston, cloudy... 44 30 44 Chicago, raining... 40 30 40 St. Paul, raining... 40 30 40 Denver, clear... 40 30 40 Helena, partly cloudy... 40 30 40 Bismarck, cloudy... 38 28 38 Galveston, clear... 68 48 68

T indicates trace of precipitation. Local Forecast Official.

Shelton Girl Dies in Omaha. SHELTON, Neb., March 1.—(Special.)—Miss Minnie Dickinson, daughter of A. D. Dickinson, died at the Presbyterian hospital in Omaha Wednesday at 10 o'clock and her body was brought here for burial. She was one of a class of four young women that composed the 1901 graduating class from that institution and would have completed her second year in July. She was a graduate of the Shelton High school, class of '93. Her death was caused by typhoid pneumonia.

Pioneer of Ord. ORD, Neb., March 1.—(Special.)—At 3 o'clock this morning occurred the death of S. Haskell, Mr. Haskell came here in 1875, being the first settler. He owned the original townsite of Ord and the first store and hotel. He was 79 years old. The funeral will be tomorrow at 2 p. m. and Mayor J. H. Carson has requested that all business houses close from 1:30 to 2:30. A stroke of paralysis last week was the cause of death.

Fremont County Pioneer. SHENANDOAH, Ia., March 1.—(Special.)—Word was received here this morning announcing the death of one of the first settlers in Fremont county, Joe Moore of Riverton. He was ready to move to Nebraska a short time ago, when he was taken ill with pneumonia, resulting in his death Wednesday evening. The funeral takes place Friday morning at Riverton. He leaves three sons and two daughters.

Consul Wood Dies at Kiel. WASHINGTON, March 1.—Word was received at the State department today that Alexander Wood of Pennsylvania, United States consul at Kiel, Germany, died this morning of paralysis. Mr. Wood was appointed consul at Kiel in October, 1899.

A. J. Cross of the Burlington. CHICAGO, March 1.—A. J. Cross, freight contracting agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, is dead at his home in Riverside, a suburb of Chicago. He was in his sixty-seventh year and had been with the Burlington road twenty-six years.

CLEANLY WOMAN. Eronously Thinks By Scouring Her Scalp that She Cures Dandruff. Cleanly woman has an erroneous idea that by scouring the scalp, which removes the dandruff scales, she is curing the dandruff. She may wash her hair every day, and yet have dandruff her life long, accompanied by falling hair, too. The only way in the world to cure dandruff is to kill the dandruff germ, and there is no hair preparation that will do that. Newbro's Herpelide, Herpelide killing the dandruff germ, Herpelide the hair free to grow as healthy nature intended. Destroy the cause, you remove the effect. Kill the dandruff germ with Herpelide.

Colorado Springs Smelter Opens. COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., March 1.—The Standard Mining and Smelting company's new reduction plant at Colorado City began operations today, employing 200 men. The plant, comprising thirteen buildings and covering an area of six acres, cost \$750,000 and will treat Cripple Creek ores principally.

Million Dollars for Fair. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 1.—A bill was introduced in the house today appropriating \$1,000,000 for the St. Louis World's fair.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS. S. F. Erskine of Norfolk is at the Millard. J. D. Roberts of Fullerton is at the Millard. S. J. Weekes of O'Neill is at the Iler Grand. Thomas Killeen and N. J. Ronin of Fremont are at the Murray. Mrs. H. E. Owen and Harry Owen of Norfolk registered Friday at the Murray. Dan Hurley, manager of the furnishing goods department of Hayden Bros., has returned from New York. Nebraskaans at the Merchants: E. M. Bird and F. E. Whiston of Gothenburg, L. F. Bick of Seward, G. E. Thompson of Lincoln, J. P. Jaeger of Loup City, George Stark of Stanton, Y. James of Benedict, M. A. Hazlett of Lanphier, J. E. Owen of Wayne and W. H. Wolf of Stella.

Commission to Do It All. An amendment offered by Mr. Fairbanks providing that the commissioners heretofore appointed to codify the penal laws of the United States shall codify all laws of a permanent and general nature was adopted.

Mr. Morgan offered an amendment authorizing the president to acquire from Nicaragua and Costa Rica territory sufficient for the construction of the Nicaragua canal and appropriating \$10,000,000 for that purpose. Mr. Allison made the point of order against the amendment, that it was general legislation. Mr. Morgan contended that all the legislation which had ever been secured on the canal had been accomplished in connection with appropriation bills. He said that \$1,000,000 had already been spent in connection with the canal. Mr. Allison's point of order was sustained and Mr. Morgan appealed.

The senate then, at 6:10 p. m., took a recess until 8:10 o'clock.

Night Session. All of the public galleries of the senate were thronged with spectators when the body reconvened at 8:10 p. m. Hundreds of strangers, in the city to attend the in-

auguration ceremonies, were among the spectators.

The appeal taken by Mr. Morgan from the decision of the chair on his Nicaraguan canal amendment was the pending amendment. The vote resulted in sustaining the chair's decision, 56 to 14.

Mr. Hear of Massachusetts moved to reconsider the committee amendment appropriating \$100,000 to enable the secretary of war to begin the construction of a memorial bridge across the Potomac river at Washington observatory ground to a point on the Virginia side. Personally he was an earnest advocate of the project. Eminent architects had criticized severely the present plan proposed. As the bridge was to be the grandest of its kind in the world, to last 1,000 years, it would be the part of wisdom to proceed carefully and thoughtfully with the project.

Mr. Allison hoped the amendment would be reconsidered and that it would be so changed that the plans be submitted to the secretary of war and that an attempt be made before any part of the appropriation should be used.

The senate agreed to the memorial bridge project, limiting the price of the bridge to \$2,000,000, \$100,000 to be immediately available. An attempt to secure a vote on the bill disclosed the absence of a quorum and the sergeant-at-arms was directed to bring in absentees. At 1:10 a quorum appeared and the sundry civil bill was passed. The senate then went into executive session and shortly after adjourned.

DEATH RECORD. Prominent Denver Lawyer. DENVER, March 1.—Joseph W. Taylor, one of the most prominent members of the Colorado bar, died unexpectedly last night. He had been in a nervous condition for two days and to quiet him Dr. A. B. Wheeler gave him an injection of morphine. He was seized with nausea and strangled to death while unconscious.

Born in Jacksonville, Ill., fifty-nine years ago, Mr. Taylor received his legal education as a student under Adlai E. Stevenson, former vice president of the United States. He served in the Fifty-first Illinois Infantry as second lieutenant and afterwards took a course in the Ann Arbor school. Then he moved to Leavenworth, Kan., where he was active, both in law and in politics. While living there he served two terms as county attorney and was also a member of the Kansas legislature. He moved to Leadville in 1879 and came to Denver ten years ago.

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WASHINGTON, March 1.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday: Nebraska—Fair Saturday; lower temperature in eastern portion; northerly winds, becoming southerly; Sunday fair. Iowa—Fair Saturday; lower temperature in central and western portions; westerly winds; Sunday fair and warmer. Missouri—Fair Saturday; lower temperature in northwest portion; northerly winds, becoming southerly; Sunday fair, warmer. North Dakota—Fair Saturday; northerly winds, becoming southerly; Sunday rain and snow in eastern portion, fair in western.

South Dakota—Fair; lower temperature; northerly winds, becoming southerly; Sunday warmer, fair, except rains probable in eastern portion. Kansas—Fair Saturday; winds becoming southerly; Sunday fair. Colorado—Fair Saturday; winds becoming southerly; Sunday fair. Wyoming—Generally fair Saturday; southerly winds; Sunday fair. Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, March 1.—Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years: Maximum temperature... 72 51 1856 100 Minimum temperature... 25 18 1856 29 Mean temperature... 50 30 1856 64 Precipitation... .00 .00 .00 .00 Record of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for this day and date March 1, 1901: Normal temperature... 62 40 62 Excess for the day... 10 11 11 Normal precipitation... .04 inch Deficiency since March 1... .04 inch Deficiency for cor. period, 1899... .04 inch Deficiency for cor. period, 1898... .04 inch

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M. STATIONS AND STATE OF WEATHER. Omaha, partly cloudy... 64 40 62 North Platte, partly cloudy... 60 30 60 Salt Lake, clear... 50 30 50 Rapid City, clear... 50 30 50 Williston, cloudy... 44 30 44 Chicago, raining... 40 30 40 St. Paul, raining... 40 30 40 Denver, clear... 40 30 40 Helena, partly cloudy... 40 30 40 Bismarck, cloudy... 38 28 38 Galveston, clear... 68 48 68

T indicates trace of precipitation. Local Forecast Official.

Shelton Girl Dies in Omaha. SHELTON, Neb., March 1.—(Special.)—Miss Minnie Dickinson, daughter of A. D. Dickinson, died at the Presbyterian hospital in Omaha Wednesday at 10 o'clock and her body was brought here for burial. She was one of a class of four young women that composed the 1901 graduating class from that institution and would have completed her second year in July. She was a graduate of the Shelton High school, class of '93. Her death was caused by typhoid pneumonia.

Pioneer of Ord. ORD, Neb., March 1.—(Special.)—At 3 o'clock this morning occurred the death of S. Haskell, Mr. Haskell came