NEBRASKA DELIVERS VOTE

Senator Thurston Reminds Mr. McKinley of the Happy Election Surprise.

PRESIDENT SAYS HE IS GLAD OF RETURNS

Visitors Are Guests of Honor at Handsome Luncheon in Room of Committee on Indian Affairs—Hear Towne's Speech.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—(Special Telegram.)—This has been field day for Nebraska electors, and from early morning until late tonight they have been on the go. At 10 o'clock they assembled with Senator Thurston in the room of the committee on Indian affairs, and a short time after were received by Mr. Frye in the room of the president of the senate. In the party were the seven electors of Nebraska, together with General Corwin, Congressman Burkett, Captain H. E. Palmer, member of the state central committee of Nebraska, Judge T. O. C. Harrison of Grand Island, W. E. Andrews of Hastings, Phil E. Winter of Omaha, George Tobey of Lincoln, secretary to Congressman Burkett, E. C. Henderson and George R. Butlin. Senator Thurston presented the Nebraska contingent to Senator Frye with a statement that, not satisfied with having a messenger of Nebraska, the electors came to Washington to deliver the vote themselves, it being decided to accompany the elector chosen for that purpose, to emphasize more fittingly Nebraska's great victory. He then introduced Mr. Barton, messenger of the Nebraska electoral college, who said: "Mr. President pro tem—I have here the vote of the state of Nebraska, which I wish to hand you."

Senator Frye's Delight.

Senator Frye responded: "I am delighted to receive it, sir, in the form in which it comes."

This terminated the formal presentation of the Nebraska vote. Informally, Senator Frye said he hoped the legislature would elect two republicans and end the uncertainty that now exists. From the senate the electors took carriages, accompanied by the gentlemen who had attended upon them in their audience with the president pro tem of the senate, to the White House, where the same program was gone through with. Senator Thurston, in presenting the delegation to President McKinley, said: "Mr. President:—These gentlemen are electors of the state of Nebraska. That state surprised you the morning after election, and these gentlemen are confirming the good news. They came down here in a body because they wanted to see the president that Nebraska honors."

President McKinley replied: "I am sure we are all very glad of the returns you bring us."

After the president had shaken hands with the Nebraska delegation Mr. Kennedy, who was made chairman of the electors, said: "Mr. President, we wish to say to you that if you see fit to give Nebraska a representation in your cabinet, the state would feel highly honored and the people of the state would fully appreciate it."

Shown Through White House.

The party was then shown through the entire lower floor of the executive mansion, including the blue and red rooms and state banquet room, all which attracted much attention. Returning to the capitol the party was entertained at luncheon in the room of the senate committee on Indian affairs by Senator Thurston, and no handsomer luncheon was ever laid in any committee room in the capitol. Covers were laid for fourteen, the electors being the guests of honor, together with those who had accompanied the party to the White House, in addition to Senator Baker of Kansas, who was invited to complete the party.

After luncheon the delegation was given seats in the executive gallery of the senate while Messenger Barton was accorded the distinguished honor of a seat on the floor of the senate, where he listened to a portion of Senator Towne's appeal for the cessation of hostilities in the Philippines, a speech that is not entirely unfamiliar to the people of Nebraska, in view of Towne's campaigning in that state in November. From the capitol the party went to the library and the National museum, received a large number of Nebraskans at the Raleigh, and wound up by attending a theater, thereby closing a busy day.

Representative Robert J. Gamble, who has been elected by the legislature of South Dakota to succeed Senator Pettigrew, is back in Washington to resume his duties in the lower house, and, with Mrs. Gamble, is at the Normandie.

South Dakota Redeemed.

"South Dakota has been redeemed by the republicans," said Mr. Gamble, "and we do not believe it is again likely to be carried by the opposition. It is naturally a republican state and only the unusual conditions prevailing in 1896 made success possible to the fusionists. The people of South Dakota are prosperous, and as the mineral resources of the state are developed it will become one of the most important in the union. The people have confidence in the future and than this there could be no better inclination of continued prosperity."

Congressman Gamble of South Dakota was on the floor of the senate during the day, where he received the congratulations of many senators on his promotion to the upper house. C. J. Buell of Rapid City, S. D., has arrived with the credentials of Mr. Gamble, which will probably be presented to the senate tomorrow. Messrs. Gamble and Burke conferred today over a number of matters, including the Sioux Falls postoffice appointment. They are not ready to announce their decision in this case, but the general impression has been for some time that they will recommend Nye Phillips. When it will be done is not known, as the congressmen refuse to discuss the matter. South Dakotans are watching with interest to see what effect will be created by Senator Kyle's announcement that he must be considered in patronage matters.

Irrigation Plans Discussed.

In a broader sense than has occupied the attention of the senate since the Indian appropriation bill has been before it for consideration, the question of irrigation was discussed at length today. The discussion extended over the widest possible points, and was participated in not only by the senators in favor of the amendment which called for the discussion, the survey of the Gila river for the purpose of building a dam, but it took in the question of arid lands and their reclamation. Senator Spooner following in lead of his colleague, Senator Quarles of Wisconsin, who spoke against the measure Saturday, offering an amendment providing that a part of the $100,000 which the amendment carried as offered by the Indian committee, should be diverted for the purpose of ascertaining the claims of Indian Inspector Walker R. Graves, who reported that a less sum is necessary to irrigate the lands of the Pima Indians than is set forth by the geological survey. The amendment called out friends of the reclamation of arid lands in the senate, and the debate, in which there was a mild measure of filibustering, lasted until the senate adjourned, without completing the bill.

In the discussion Senators Teller, Stewart, Pettigrew, Thurston and Beveridge of Indiana, upheld the proposition that there was no attempt on the part of the committee to juggle with the facts, that while the Indians were to be primarily benefited it was an advance step in the way of an irrigation proposition that would benefit the west.

After considerable discussion Senator Spooner's amendment was accepted, because it did not change the original proposition, that a survey was to be made of the San Carlos reservation and a report made to congress. An amendment was also accepted that this appropriation did not commit the government to the building of the dam.

Postmasters Appointed.

James Higgins was today appointed postmaster at Henshaw, Taylor county, Ia., and F. H. Bowerman at Preparation, Monona county, Ia.; also John A. Moe at Marindahl, Yankton county, S. D., and George H. Peterson at Kaycee, Johnson county, Wyo.

C. F. Estes of Greenwood, S. D., has been reinstated teacher and his wife appointed housekeeper at the Pine Ridge (S. D.) Indian school.

The comptroller of currency has approved the First National bank of Chicago as a reserve agent for the Iowa State National bank of Sioux City.

Louis Siems and Fred M. Hanna have been appointed substitute letter carriers at Davenport, Ia., Herbert O. White at Beatrice, Neb., and Melvin A. Shade has been appointed clerk at Boone, Ia.

COURT SUSTAINS MISSOURI

With Two Dissenting, the Justices Favor Lower State in Drainage Canal Case.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The United States supreme court today rendered an opinion in the case of the Chicago Drainage canal, overruling the demurrers filed in the case by the state of Illinois and the Chicago Drainage Canal District board. The proceeding was brought by the state of Missouri against the state of Illinois and the drainage board, the end sought being to prevent the use of the canal because of its supposed poluion of the drinking water of St. Louis. The effect of the decision is to sustain the contention of the state of Missouri. The opinion was handed down by Justice Shiras, the chief justice, and Justices Harlan and White united in a dissenting opinion.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—President Alexander J. Jones of the sanitary district, when advised of the supreme court's adverse decision in the drainage canal case, said: "The decision is somewhat of a surprise to us, but after all it simply means that the case must now be tried on its merits. Henceforth the inquiry of the court will be directed to the question of whether or not the opening of the channel and the movement of Chicago's sewage down the Illinois and Mississippi rivers has really resulted in the pollution of St. Louis' water supply."

PENSIONS FOR WESTERN VETERANS.

War Survivors Remembered by the General Government.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—(Special.)—The following pensions have been granted:

Issue of January 12:

Nebraska: Additional—William McCulley, Plattsmouth, $10. Renewal and increase—Jefferson Allington, Merna, $10. Increase—Albert Horn, Guide Rock, $8; Francis M. Hurt, Surprise, $12.

Iowa: Additional—Benjamin W. Gibson, Springville, $8; Eli Adams, Colfax, $6. Renewal—Benjamin F. Bleakney, Kellogg, $6; William G. Michener, West Branch, $6. Increase—William L. McDowell, Rhodes, $8; Harvey Palmer, Rockwood, $12; Joseph Layton, Oakland, $10; Alois Rusch, Dubuque, $8; Calvin B. Harback, Schaller, $14; William D. Christy, Des Moines, $6. Reissue—William A. Carter, Libertyville, $17. Original widows—Eliza Isabel Cain, Dubuque, $8.

North Dakota: Additional — Ebenezer Wing, Wahpeton, $8.

Montana: Reissue—Eugene B. Jefferis, Helena, $30.

Colorado: Additional—Eugene L. Knight, Hallvale, $12. Increase—Timothy Ronan, Eagle, $8; Harrison Wood, Hotchkiss, $8.

McKinley Names These.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate.

Daniel B. McCann of Montana, to be register of the land office at Rampart City, Alaska; Thomas B. Hildebrand of California, receiver of public moneys at St. Michael, Alaska.

War Department, Artillery Promotions—Major E. V. Andruss, Fourth artillery, to be lieutenant colonel; Captain Frank Thorp, Fifth artillery, to be major; First Lieutenant John E. McMahon, Fourth artillery, to be captain; Second Lieutenant Fox Connor, Second artillery, to be first lieutenant.

ALL BUT ONE READY TO SELL

Fifteen Members of Folkesthing with One Exception Anxious to Dispose of Danish West Indies.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 28.—It appears that only a single member out of the fifteen comprising the finance committee of the Folkething opposes the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The objector is starting a newspaper campaign in favor of their retention, but the finance committee of the Landesthing will shortly report in favor of the sale of the islands. The agitation of the inhabitants of the islands against their sale is largely artificial and therefore of not much weight.

Order of Chosen Friends.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 28.—Maryland creditors of the Order of Chosen Friends are attempting to oust C. J. Clark as receiver of the organization for that state. Louis Newharger, his attorney, left today for Baltimore to contest the application. The only assets which the Maryland litigants seek to obtain possession of is the bond of the defaulting treasurer, Wilson. Its collection by the defunct association is doubtful and its claim is considered nothing more than a right of action. The liabilities in Maryland, Receiver Clark said today, will not aggregate more than $10,000, but the claimants fear that he would bring all the assets to this city to be used in paying the principal creditors.

Lotta is Seriously Ill.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The Journal and Advertiser tomorrow will say: Miss Lotta Crabtree, the actress, is seriously ill at the Hotel Navarre, this city. Her illness is due to ptomaine poisoning caused by something she ate last Saturday.

Your Story

"Every morning I have a bad taste in my mouth; my tongue is coated; my head aches and I often feel dizzy. I have no appetite for breakfast, and what food I eat distresses me. I have a heavy feeling in my stomach. I am getting so weak that sometimes I tremble, and my nerves are all unstrung. I am getting pale and thin. I am as tired in the morning as at night."

What is the trouble? Impure blood.

What is the remedy?

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Take one of Ayer's Pills each night. You cannot be cured while troubled with constipation. Price 25c. a box.

Write the doctor freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

FILIPINOS HAVE AN INNING

Senate Hears Message from Federal Party's Directors at Manila.

TOWNE DELIVERS HIS ONE SPEECH

Minnesota's Temporary Expedient Improves Opportunity to Plead for Immediate Cessation of Hostilities in the Islands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The senate turned from the grind of appropriations today to listen to a speech which partook of the character of an oration from Senator Towne of Minnesota. Since he entered the senate a few weeks ago the young Minnesotan has had little opportunity to display his talents. As his reputation as an orator had preceded him there was much interest in his speech today, which was in advocacy of his resolution for a cessation of hostilities in the Philippines. The floor was crowded with senators and members of the house of representatives, the latter including Representative Littlefield, Cooper and others who have been prominent in insular legislation. The galleries, public and private, were crowded to overflowing.

The senators of the democratic side gave Mr. Towne close attention; the attention on the republican side was not so close except by Mr. Hoar. At one point Mr. Depew took a front seat and listened attentively. Mr. Towne's style of delivery was clear and forcibe. Although restricted by manuscript, he had the subject well in hand and rolled out the fine periods with a fervor that sent them echoing through the chamber. The speech abounded in apostrophies to liberty and patriotism and scathing arraignment to the policy by which the Filipinos were being annihilated. At one time an outburst of applause from the galleries led to a vigorous warning from the presiding officer against demonstrations of approval or dissent. As the orator closed his brilliant peroration there was another outburst of applause despite the warnings of the chair. Immediately following Mr. Towne's speech the credentials of his successor, Mr. Clapp of Minnesota, were presented and after being sworn in the new senator took his seat and Mr. Towne retired. The rest of the day was devoted to the Indian appropriation bill, the discussion turning on irrigation and little progress being made.

Cablegram from Manila.

Mr. Frye called attention to the following cablegram, which was read:

MANILA, Jan. 28.—President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington: Accessions to federal party by thousands in all parts of the archipelago. Attitude of hitherto irreconcilable press and the general public opinion show that labors of party to bring peace will soon be crowned with success. Until now political parties have attempted formation on plans more or less questioning American sovereignty. Our platform makes main plank sovereignty of United States, with liberty to each citizen to pursue peacefully his political ideas. Hour of peace has sounded. On our platform are grouped many Filipinos of hitherto irreconcilable ideas, but some more obstinate decline to join, for, though willing to accept sovereignty of United States, the prospect of indefinite continuance of military government makes them distrust purposes of the United States and delays their submission.

Adjournment of present congress without giving president authority to establish purely civil government with usual powers, and postponement for at least a year of such government until new congress, will certainly confirm this distrust. Directory of the federal party believes conferring such authority on president would inspire confidence, hasten acceptance of sovereignty of union and the coming of peace. Directory, therefore, prays both houses of congress to authorize President McKinley to establish civil government whenever he believes it opportune.

FRANK H. BOURNS,
DR. PARDO DE TAVERO,
FLORENTINO TORRES,
JOSE NAR TOMAS DEL ROSARIO,
C. S. ARELLANO,
Directors of Federal Party.

Mr. Jones of Arkansas presented the credentials of his colleague, Mr. Berry, for the term beginning next March.

Towne's Maiden Effort.

After the disposal of routine business Mr. Towne of Minnesota was recognized for a speech which was to be at once his maiden effort and his valedictory. He spoke on his resolution of last Friday for the immediate cessation of hostilities in the Philippines.

In opening his address Mr. Towne referred to the petition presented to the senate a few days ago by 2,000 Filipinos for a cessation of hostilities and for the granting of independence to the people of the Philippines. He maintained that it would prove "a quickening appeal to the ancient spirit of the republic, or its rejection must dedicate the twentieth century to a reaction prejudicial, if not fatal, to free institutions."

Referring to Admiral Dewey's denial that he had ever treated the insurgents as allies, Mr. Towne said sarcastically: "I fear the honest sailor's terminology has suffered with recent contact with the nice discriminations of administration diplomacy."

Discusses Island Acquisition.

Discussing the acquisition of the Philippines, Senator Towne said:

It is not easy to fix with accuracy the time when the design was formed to take forcible possession of the Philippine islands nor to ascertain the mind in whose gloomy recesses this enterprise of sacrilege and violence first gathered form and pressure. There has been, indeed, evidences of a disposition by its most illustrious sponsors, as if their prophetic souls already trembled at the imputation of after ages, to impute the dubious responsibility to Providence itself. I know not which to admire the more, whether the modesty which disclaims credit for the policy or the colossal presumption which challenges and betrays the vaunted confidence of the Almighty.

No man, no party, no nation can escape accountability for actions by attributing their origin to any other source than human motives and human judgment. The policy of the administration towards the Filipinos must be justified, if ever justified at all, in the form of the reason and the conscience of mankind.

Mr. Towne maintained that the United States was under the obligation of circumstances, if not of actual promise, to grant independence to the Filipinos, and that among nations the former was quite as binding as the latter.

Senator Towne argued at length in support of his contention that the Filipinos were perfectly capable of governing themselves.

Mr. Towne closed at 3:15, having spoken just three hours. There was a round of applause shortly before he closed, which the presiding officer checked with a warning to the galleries, but the galleries broke again into applause as Mr. Towne closed. He was heartily congratulated by senators and representatives.

New Senator Presents Credentials.

Almost immediately following Mr. Towne's speech, the credentials of Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota were presented and he was sworn in. The credentials of Joseph W. Bailey, as senator from Texas and of F. W. Simmons as senator from North Carolina were presented. Mr. McComas of Maryland created somewhat of a stir by requesting that the credentials of the North Carolina senator be referred to the committee on privileges and election. Mr. Hoar objected, saying that there should be no interruption in the reception of credentials except under urgent conditions after full explanation. Mr. McComas withdrew his motion, when Mr. Chandler, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, gave assurances that no rights would be waived by the present reading of the credentials.

The Indian appropriation bill was then taken up, the present pending amendment relating to irrigation for the benefit of Indian lands. Mr. Spooner and Mr. Carter urged that the broad, general question of irrigation should not be prejudiced by dealing with separate features of the subject. When the debate had run on some time Mr. Pettigrew remarked ironically that he was convinced that the ship subsidy bill had been abandoned by republican senators as they had taken two days to discuss this minor amendment.

Senators Discuss Irrigation.

The general subject of irrigation was discussed, Mr. Jones of Arkansas arguing that the subject was too important to be dealt with in an amendment to the Indian bill, and Mr. Teller urging that it could best be dealt with by applying it to special localities.

The San Carlos irrigation amendment was agreed to with changes providing that the surveys shall not commit the United States to the execution of the plan of irrigation. Mr. Thurston proposed an amendment authorizing a joint commission of three senators and three representatives to investigate the question of forests and agriculture on Indian reservations. This and several other amendments went over. Mr. Chandler gave notice that if the Indian appropriation bill were not disposed of tomorrow he would ask for night sessions.

The senate at 6 o'clock adjourned until tomorrow.

BANK CHARTERS MUST WAIT

Richardson Objects to Immediate Consideration of Bill to Extend Them Twenty Years.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—At the opening of the session of the house today the speaker appointed Dalzell of Pennsylvania, Grosvenor of Ohio and Richardson of Tennessee members of the joint committee to arrange the details of the celebration of the centennial anniversary of the appointment of Chief Justice Marshall.

A bill was passed to authorize the Moline & Peoria Railroad company to construct a bridge across Rock river in Illinois.

After the passage of several other bills of minor importance Mr. Brosius of Pennsylvania, chairman of the committee on banking and currency, called up his bill to extend national bank charters for twenty years. Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, demanded an explanation of the bill and Mr. Brosius explained that the charters of 1,731 national banks would expire July 14, 1902. Mr. Richardson objected.

"Does the gentleman understand," asked Mr. Brosius, "that this bill is absolutely necessary to continue the existence of the national banks?"

"If it is absolutely necessary," replied Mr. Richardson, "why has it not been brought in before this time? I object to its consideration by unanimous consent."

Mr. King of Utah asked unanimous consent for consideration of a bill to confirm the location of Chippewa halfbreed scrip in Utah, but Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio objected and later said he did so partly in retaliation upon the democrats for Mr. Richardson's objection to the bank charter extension bill. A bill was passed to authorize deputy clerks of United States courts to administer oaths.

Claims Under Treaty of Paris.

The senate bill to confer upon the court of claims jurisdiction to adjudicate the claims of citizens of the United States, which the United States agreed to settle by the term of article seven of the treaty of Paris, aroused considerable discussion. The original senate bill for the appointment of a commission to investigate these claims, which already aggregate $28,000,000, was recommitted to the committee on war claims, with instruction to report back a bill to refer the claims to the court of claims. After Mr. Haugen of Iowa had obtained unanimous consent for the consideration of the amended bill as reported back by the committee, stating that it complied with the instructions of the house, he took the floor and argued against the amended bill on the ground that the court of claims already was overloaded with work and that to refer the claims to that practically would amount to repudiation.

He asked the house to vote down the amended bill and pass the original bill for the appointment of a commission.

Mr. Underwood of Alabama and Mr. Hopkins of Illinois protested against this course, intimating that unanimous consent had been obtained under a misapprehension.

Mr. Underwood in opposing the bill recalled the history of the bill at the last session, pointing out the great opposition which it developed and the large majority by which it was recommitted with instructions. While the committee were obeying the letter of the instructions they were breaking it in spirits. He charged that the bill had been unfairly brought before the house. Members had been taken completely by surprise, he said, by the way in which it was now proposing to procure a vote on the original bill.

Mr. Hopkins asked unanimous consent that the bill be postponed for one week. There was no objection and the bill went over.

The house then, after passing some District of Columbia bills, resumed consideration of the bill to revise the postal laws. Mr. Shepard of Texas offered an amendment providing that every postmaster shall have resided with the delivery of his office for six months prior to the appointment. Some of the southern members, notably Mr. Bartlett of Georgia, supported the amendment warmly, urging that it would put an end to carpetbagging in the south. The amendment was defeated, 36 to 45.

A rather sensational passage occurred between Mr. Flynn, a delegate from Oklahoma, and Mr. Stephens of Texas during the debate. It rose out of the refusal of Mr. Stephaus early in the day to give unanimous consent for consideration of an Oklahoma bill.

Mr. Flynn declared that the proposed legislation was imperative and said if it failed he (Mr. Stephens) would be responsible. He then attacked Mr. Stephens personally, charging that he had placed in the Fort Snell reservation bill surreptitiously a section which no one knew was in the bill.

"Then," he continued, "he telegraphed a man in Texas that he had gotten the section in the bill, advised him to throw up his job, locate a claim and said that he (Stephens) was 'in with it.'"

"Anyone who makes that statement, no matter who he is," shouted Mr. Stephens, jumping to his feet, "knows it is a falsehood."

"Do you deny that you telegraphed to a blacksmith to that effect?" asked Mr. Flynn.

"I repeat that it is a falsehood."

"I received my information from the man to whom the blacksmith sold out," replied Mr. Flynn. "But if the gentleman says it is untrue I will take his word for it."

The incident ended here. The postal codification bill was passed.

Relief for Colonel O'Reilly.

The senate bill to place Brevet Colonel Thomas P. O'Reilly on the retired list of the army as a second lieutenant was passed. O'Reilly was a lieutenant in the Twenty-second infantry in 1872 and was dismissed on charges preferred by General F. S. Otis, then a major of the Twenty-second infantry.

A bill was passed for the relief of Robert W. Caldwell. At 5:30 p. m. the house adjourned.

MAY HAVE BEEN MURRAY HALL

Scottish Woman Whose History is Quite Suggestive of That of the Tammany Politician.

GLASGOW, Jan. 28.—Sir Henry Littlejohn, medical officer of Edinburg, believes that Murray Hall, the Tammany politician who upon death, January 17, was found to be a woman, was the same person who in 1871 was brought to the smallpox hospital dressed as a man, but was subsequently found to be a woman. An employe of the hospital, supplementing the statement of Sir Henry Littlejohn, says:

"A woman, who went under the name of John Campbell and was a stonemason, married a girl in Edinburg. The bride complained to a magistrate that her supposed husband was a woman and the magistrate locked the person up on a charge of trifling with the statutes. She gave as a reason for her conduct that she was left an orphan and had dressed up in the clothing of a dead brother because it was easier to get employment. At that time she was supposed to have gone to the United States."

Constipation leads to liver trouble, and torpid liver to Bright's disease. Prickly Ash Bitters is a certain cure at any stage of the disorder.

Victory for Linseed Oil Trust.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The suit brought by H. B. Frye and Reginald Frye against the American Linseed Oil company for $25,000 commission was abruptly terminated today by Justice Garretson in the supreme court at Morristown. The justice granted a nonsuit. Richard D. Lindabury, for the defense, said there was not a particle of evidence that the Fryes separately or jointly had accomplished anything in regard to the merging of the nine companies into one corporation. Justice Garretson, in granting the motion, said there was no evidence to show that a contract had been made and that the plaintiffs, it would also appear from the testimony, failed to do what they undertook to accomplish and resultingly there was no adequate basis for the suit.

Tracing a Missing Boy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28.—The mysterious disappearance of Boyle H. Miller from Pinole last August has been brought to the attention of the police by his father, Albion Miller, a wealthy lumber dealer of Minneapolis, Minn. Detectives have been detailed to trace the young man from the time he left Pinole.

(Dr. McGrew at Age 52.)

Office open continuously from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Sundays from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

CHARGES LOW. CONSULTATION FREE.

Many patients are entirely cured for less than a month's treatment would cost elsewhere. **The doctor's quick cures and low charges** are the wonder of all his competitors.

EVERY DAY PROVES
The success of Dr. McGrew's treatment for
VARICOCELE, SYPHILIS
AND ALL DISEASES AND DISORDERS OF MEN.

EVERY DAY—brings many flattering reports of the good he is doing or the relief he has given.

The Omaha Bee says—Dr. McGrew is regarded as the **best authority** in the west today on **Diseases Peculiar to Men.** He is justly entitled to this reputation as he has made private disorders of men his special study and life work.

DR. McGREW CURES VARICOCELE
IN LESS THAN TEN DAYS—without cutting or loss of time from work. He gives
HOT SPRINGS TREATMENT FOR SYPHILIS
and guarantees a permanent cure for life.

OVES 20,000 CASES have been cured of **Lost Manhood**, Loss of Vitality, Loss of Brain Power, Nervous Debility, Poor Memory, Despondency, Stricture, Gleet, Gonorrhoea and all unnatural discharges.

AN ABSOLUTE CURE IS GUARANTEED. CHARGES LOW.

Treatment by Mail—Medicines sent everywhere, free from gaze or breakage ready for use.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. **P. O. Box 766**

OFFICE OVER 215 SOUTH 14th ST., BETWEEN FARNAM AND DOUGLAS STREETS, OMAHA, NEBRASKA.

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results
Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address
NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale by Kuhn & Co., 15th and Douglas Sts., Omaha, Neb.; Geo. S. Davis, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Sexine Pills

For years this remedy has been the standard nerve restorative. Thousands of happy men owe their newly found strength to its use.

Sexine Pills replace weakness and exhaustion with strength and vigor; the brain becomes clear; the nerves steady and calm; gloomy forebodings are banished and perfect vitality is fully restored.

If you are suffering as above, try a box; you'll be encouraged by its effect to take the full course of six boxes—then if you are not entirely cured, we will refund your money. This satisfactory offer is one of the factors of our success.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes (with guarantee to cure or money back), $5.00, mailed in plain packages. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold by Kuhn & Co., 15th and Douglas, and M. A. Dillon, South Omaha.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
BEST FOR THE BOWELS
10c. 25c. 50c. All Druggists.
Genuine stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell something "just as good."

OMAHA & ST. LOUIS R.R.
AND WABASH R.R.

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Special Half Rates

Tours to Florida, Key West, Cuba, Bermuda, Old Mexico, the Mediterranean and Orient.

Rates for the round trip to many points south on sale first and third Tuesday each month.

To Hot Springs, Ark., the famous Winter Resort of America, on sale every day in the year.

Tickets now on sale to all the winter resorts of the south, good returning until June 1st, 1901. For rates, descriptive matter and pamphlets and all other information call at O. & St. Louis Ticket Office, 1415 Farnam St., (Paxton Hotel Building.) or write

Harry E. Moores,
C. P. & T. A., Omaha, Neb.

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FIRST CLASS PULLMAN SLEEPERS
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GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE
...All the best Scenery of the ROCKY MOUNTAINS and SIERRA NEVADA by Daylight in both directions.
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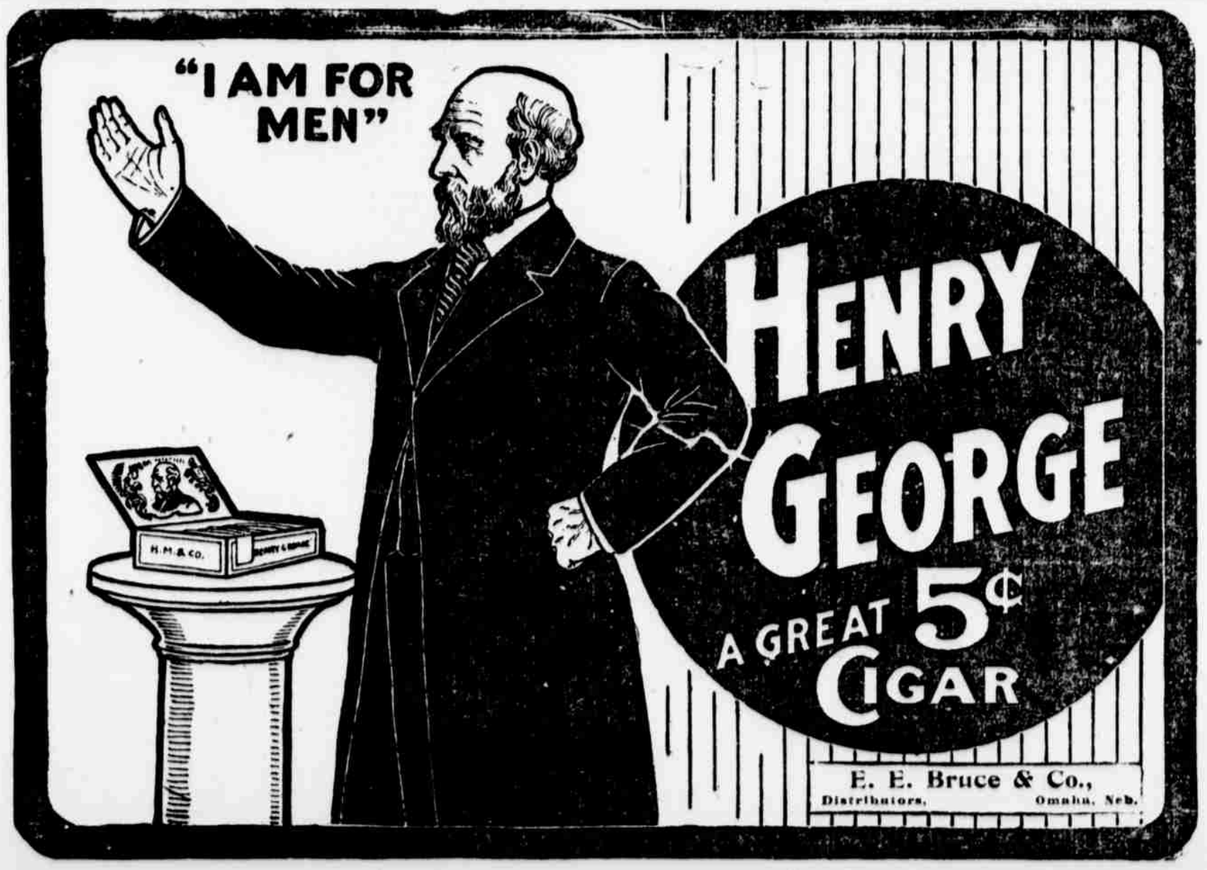
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