Bee, Jan. 14, 1901. **Colored Dress** Goods Reduced

Specials for Tuesday morning -among the most desirable offer-

ings are the following-

\$3.35 striped sultings, color gray mixed, brown mixed blue mixed, in this sale \$1.00 mixed cheviot suitings-all choice colors, beautifully finished, in this sale 49c a yard.

Se striped novelties, new weaves, new colors, very stylish fabric, in this sale

COLORED WAIST SILK REDUCED-Hundreds of pieces marked at about one-third our usual low prices. The silks

are principally in striped effects beautiful stuffs for shirt waists-Soc, \$1.00, \$1.25 silks, in this sale me, the, fee a yard.

WE CLOSE SATURDAYS AT 6 P. M.

AGENTS FOR POSTER KID GLOVES AND MCCALL'S PATTERNS. THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA. T. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

will favor handing the boquet around by Governor Savage, and after roll-call by the changing daily from one favorite to another, secretary, Senator Meredeth was, upon re-Among the democrats, however, the competition lay between William H. Thompson of Grand Island and G. M. Hitchcock of eandidates during the campaign. Colonel Bryan could doubtless have the honor witha struggle if he wanted it, but he has intimated that he did not want to be

The plan of operations for the fusion caucus has been the subject of differences of opinion. It was urged that the populists | ceived and adopted: should choose the populist to be voted for and the democrats the democrat, each independently of one another, and then all he bound by the choice thus made. Where the so-called silver republicans would come in under such a scheme was not disclosed. On the other side the claim was made that each fusion member would have to vote for two candidates for senator in the open and had a right to a voice in the selection of both the caucus nominees, that each fusionist was elected as much by democratic as by populist votes and would be equally responsible for the democratic as for the populist nominee. Remembering that at best the fusion caucus can give nothing more than an empty honor the contention is more amusing than serious. Both Thompson and Hitchcock are represented by a retinue of pluggers. Thompson has been here himself all day, aided by Hitchcock's interests have been engineered by Metcalfe and the fusion contingent from

Fusionists Unable to Agree.

The joint fusion caucus tonight was an exceedingly lively affair considering that it was only for the purpose of selecting candidates for whom to cast the minority vote for United States senator and when it broke up, after discussing the matter for an hour and a half, the members were as far, or farther, from a settlement of their troubles as they have ever been, the result of the caucus, which was called for the purpose of selecting the gentlemen upon whom to confer this honor, being a decision to allow the members to cast their creating the position of oil inspector, withvotes for whom they please tomorrow. Tomorrow night another attempt will be made relates to the salary and duties of county to select the candidates, but a number of members express themselves as being doubtful of any result. Both W. H. Thomp- in the habit of receiving. The gentleman son and Hitchcock, aspirants for the democratic nomination, were about the lobby with their war paint on before the caucus and each of them appeared to be disap- and provides a running scale of the maxipointed that no result was reached. The fusionists are as enthusiastic over the matter as if they were up against the real thing instead of simply casting a complimentary vote and some of the members according to the bill, could only be drawn were real angry when the caucus broke up in countles having a population of over

The proposition to divide the foint caucus, allowing the populists to name one troduced was that relating to the protection privileges and elections in the case of candidate and the democrats one, was defeated by populists who have a cinch on their candidate and want to have a say as to whom the other man shall be.

At the close of the joint caucus the senate members held a caucus for the purpose of preparing an attack upon the majority report of the committee on privileges and tice of osteopathy in Nebraska. elections in the Johnson-Hodges case, which will be made tomorrow and which is ond time, ordered printed and referred this report, is a republican, who on the unfavorable to the fusion member.

Rules for Joint Convention. At a conference of republican members of the senate and house of representatives held after adjournment of the two branches this afternoon, rules for governing the joint senatorial convention were agreed These are embodied in sections 15, 17 and 18 of the blue book, joint convention rules, and provide principally that all joint conventions shall be held at noon and that the lieutenant governor shall pre-Each member as his own name is called will vote for two senators, the first preference named being for the unexpired

SENATE GETS DOWN TO WORK

Afternoon Devoted to Henring Reso lations, Memorials and Propositions for New Laws.

term and the second for the successor to

Senator Allen.

LINCOLN, Jan. 14 .- (Special.) - The senate beld an active business session this afternoon, during which time a large

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia. It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they want to, - but because they must. They know they are irritable and fretful:

but they cannot be otherwise. They complain of a bad taste in the

mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, an uneasy feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn and what not. The effectual remedy, proved by perma-nent cures of thousands of severe cases, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hoop's Pills are the best cathartic.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

Present at Bee office or mail coupon with ten cents and get your choice of Photographic Art Studies. When ordering by mail add four cents for postage.

ART DEPARTMENT, The Bee Publishing Company OMAHA, NEB.

wided for Senator Allen unless the balloting | amount of business was transacted. The should be protracted, when some of them senate was called to order by Lieutenant

the bedside of a sick son in Wichita, Kan. The senate was led in prayer by Chaplain Omaha., both of whom had been announced | Cressman. The reading of the journal was, upon motion ,dispensed with. O'Neill of Lancaster presented a petition from the library board of the Lincoln publie library, which was referred to the com-

quest, excused in order that he might go to

mittee on libraries. Arends of Otoe then presented the follow ing resolution, which was, upon vote, re-

Whereas, A bill has passed the senate of the United States and is now pending in the house of representatives, providing for the establishment and maintenance of a School of Mines in every state where such does not now exist and for giving further support to those already established, and Whereas, Such schools would be of incalculable benefit to the vast mineral, roadmaking and sectors interests of the comaking and geological interests of the en-tire country and of this state in particular

therefore.

Resolved, That the representatives in congress from the state of Nebraska be and hereby are requested to use their most active and carnest efforts to bring said bill to the consideration of the United States house of representatives and to secure its passage at the present session of congress.

Newell of Cass made a motion that a com-Edgar Howard, now of Columbus, while mittee of three be named from the revenue committee to confer with a like committee from the house. The motion carried and adopted: the chairman of the conmittee named Currie, Edgar and Woostinholm as such committee.

There were only a few new bills introduced today, but the greater part of therr are quite interesting measures. Senator Meredeth introduced a measure which is intended to do away with the sale or handling in any manner of cigarettes in the state, making the penalties so heavy as to be prohibitive

Shot at the Oil Inspector. Miller of Buffalo introduced two bills today. One provides for the repeal of the law out providing a substitute, and the other commissioners, its intent being to cut out much of the pay these officials have been from Puffalo thinks the commissioners should be allowed a mileage of 5 cents per mile and \$3 a day for actual time put in, mum amount to be paid by counties, the amount being regulated by the county's speaker. population, and ranging in amount from \$50 to \$1,200 a year. The latter amount,

70,000 inhabitants. One of the most interesting bills yet inof fish and game and song birds, offered by VanBoskirk of Box Butte. The bill was to the senate at tomorrow's session and prepared by experts and is pronounced one will recommend the seating of the con-

up. Trompen of Lancaster is on deck with a bill to regulate and authorize the prac-A number of bills were read for the sec-

to their respective committees. when recognized announced that the house legal votes having been cast for his ophad named a committee of three to confer ponent with the result that he is said to with a like committee from the senate in have a majority of four or five votes and floor of the house during the time the leg- him. islature is assembled in joint session to The minority report, it is said, will set ballot for United States senators, which re- up that the evidence as to whom the sulted in Allen of Furnas making a motion proven illegal votes were cast for was inthat a committee of three be named to sufficient evidence on which to base the maconfer with this house committee, which jority report and will recommend that Senwas adopted, but the chair did not announce the committee.

moved that the name of John S. Doty of given the seat now held by Senator Hodges. Lincoln be placed off the pay roll as a elerk, the motion being adopted.

Oleson of Cuming moved that each senator be allowed ten 2-cent postage stamps each day, but at the suggestion of the speaker, Steele of Jefferson amended the motion by adding the speaker and secretary to the list of beneficiaries, and in this shape the motion was carried without oppo-

Voting for Senators.

the senate vote for United States senators at 11 a. m. tomorrow, and providing how the adopted. Following is Senator Harlan's

That the first vote for United States sena-tors shall be taken at 11 o'clock on the 15th day of January, and in the following manner, that is to say: The roll of the senate shall be called and each member shall as his name is called by a viva-voce vote name one person for senator in con-gress from Nebraska, to fill the existing vacancy, being the term expiring on the 3d day of March, 1905, and one person for senator in congress from Nebraska for the full term of six years, from and after the 4th day of March, 1901.

House rolls Nos. 11 and 13, being appropriation measures, were read the second ime, and upon motion of Arends of Otoe placed on general file and referred to the committee of the whole.

Just before adjournment Miller of Buffalo announced a joint fusion caucus at the Grand hotel this evening and Lieutenant Governor Savage announced a joint republican caucus in the senate chamber after adjournment.

Upon motion of Owens the senate adiourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow. The following senate files were introduced during the day:

8. F. 98, by Meredeth-An act to prohibit the manufacture, sale, keeping for sale, giving or furnishing to any person cigarettes or the material for their composition, and to provide a penalty for the violation thereof. s. F. 99, by Miller—A bill for an act to amend section 22 of chapter 28 of the Com-piled Statutes of Nebraska, entitled "Fees," and to repeal said original section. S. F. 100, by Miller—A bill for an act to

repeal chapter 64 of the Compiled Statutes of Nebraska, entitled "Olls."

S. F. 101, by VanBoskirk—A bill for an act to protect fish, game, song and insectivorous birds within the state of Nebraska, to create a game and fish commission for the state of Nebraska, and defining its power and duties, and to repeal an act entitled "An act creating a board of fish commissioners for the propagation and distribution of fish in the public waters of Nebraska," approved February 24, 1879, also sections 55, 56a, 56b, 56c, 56d, 56f, 56f, 56f, 56f, 56f, 57, 87a, 87b, 87c and 23 of the Criminal Code as the same appear in the Compiled Statutes of Nebraska, edition of 1859, and all acts and parts of acts in conflict therewith.

S. F. 102, by Trompen—A bill for an act to regulate and authorize the practice of osteopathy in the state of Nebraska, and to provide penalties for the violation thereof.

HOUSE DOES LITTLE BUSINESS

Arranges for Taking the Vote on Senators and Adopts a Morton Memorial.

LINCOLN, Jan. 14 .- (Special.) -- The house of representatives began its third week's session at 2 o'clock today and besides arranging for a vote for United States senators at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning made considerable headway with the second reading of bills. Members absent at roll call were: Boyd, Brown, Calkins, Coffee, Crissey, Crocket, Mendenhall, Mockett, Shinstock, Smithberger, Spencer, Tanner, Taylor and Zimmerman.

After the opening formalities the reading of bills was resumed by the clerk, who began with house roll No. 85 and concluded with house roll No. 116, the latter being the last one introduced last week. The bill appropriating \$3,000 for the payof Lancaster, the introducer, by the unanimous consent of the house. The measure will be changed to include an appropriation for reimbursing ex-Treasurer Meserve for money paid for his official bond and in this form will again be submitted to the legislature by the Lancaster county representative.

Matters incident to the election of and Speaker Sears took the initial step by appointing a committee, consisting of Representatives Cain, Spencer and Sprecher, to provide tickets of admission to the joint conventions.

On motion of Representative Hall of Burt morning at 11 o'clock, independent of any arrangements made by the senate. Ac cording to the terms of the motion, each member will cast two votes as his name is called, one for a senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Hayward and one for a senator to succeed John an extended discussion the house authorized 100 extra chairs for the use of sencongress.

Resolved, That the chief cierk of the senate be and hereby is directed to forward a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolution to the speaker of said house this state.

ized 100 extra chairs for the use of senators and visitors at the joint conventions.

A motion introduced by Evans of Lincoin county, requiring all deficiency claims with the proper notice to be filled with the state auditor before the fortieth day of the sessual congress. auditor before the fortieth day of the session, was unanimously passed.

death of Carl Morton were unanimously

adopted:

Whereas, The Divine Ruler of this universe has removed from life Carl Morton, a cilizen whose skill, ability and industry have materially benefited the commercial and manufacturing interests of the state of Nebraska; and.

Whereas, We recognize the inestimable value to the state of such strong, active, efficient and enthusiastic citizens; and.

Whereas, By his death his eminent father, his wife and children, his relatives and friends have sustained an irreparable loss and the state loses a most worthy and valuable citizen, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we deplore the death of Carl Morton in the vigor of his early prime, the physical and intellectual strength of manhood.

Resolved, That with bowed bends and manhood.

Resolved, That with bowed heads and

Resolved. That with howed heads and sorrowing hearts we tender our sympathies to those bereaved and assure them that the influences of the life of Carl Morton are immortal, and that the memory of his life, character and example is a rich legacy, second only to his living presence.

Resolved. That this preamble and these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the house and that copies be sent to the family of the deceased.

The resolutions were alread by Richard.

The resolutions were signed by Richard Wilkinson, David Brown, Clifford R. Teffi and J. E. Hathorne, all members of the special committee appointed last week by the

The house adjourned to 10 o'clock tomor row morning.

Will Sent Johnson.

LINCOLN, Jan. 14.-(Special.)-The mafority report of the senate committee or Johnson against Hodges will be presented of the best measures of the kind ever drawn testant, Mr. Johnson. The report was to have been made today, but, as the fusion members of the committee wished until tomorrow to file a minority report, the majority report will be held until that time. The contestant, who will gain a seat by face of the returns was defeated by two The clerk of the house was announced and votes, but who established his claim of ilto tickets for admission to the the majority report will favor seating

ator Hodges be allowed to retain his seat. There is little doubt, however, but that the In the absence of Senator Young of the senate will adopt the majority report when committee on employes, Senator McCarger presented and that Mr. Johnson will be

ALFRED VANDERBILT WEDS

Notable Ceremony Brings Life for s Day to Famous Summer Resort.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 14.-Although in the depth of winter this well known watering place today took on a semblance of its summer gaiety because of the wedding of Harian of York then made a motion that Alfred Gwynn Vanderbilt, probably the most wealthy of the third generation of the Vanderbilt family, and Miss Eisie French, voting should be done, the motion being a charming Newport girl and former playmate of the bridegroom, the daughter of Mrs. Frederick Orme French, a resident of the city for many years.

A brighter sun never shone for bride, and in spite of a crispness in the air, it did not seem to be a winter's day. The ceremony took place at noon, in the Zabriski Memorial Church of St. John the Evangelist, far up in the old north part of the city, on the very shores of Narragansett bay, once the center of Newport's fashion, but now far removed from the social whirl of Bellevue avenue. Miss French made the choice of her own place of worship and her own home for the scene of the marriage, instead of selecting the more pretentious but less farmiliar surroundings which would have been found in New York. Under these conditions the hundred or more guests were forced to make a journey to a city as quiet at this time of the year as an obscure

country village. Just as the tones of the Lohengrin march breathed forth the two clergymen, Rev. George F. Beattle, rector of the church, and Rev. G. Brinley Morgan, rector of Christ church at New Haven, entered from the side door

For the reception "Harbor View," the residence of Mrs. French, had been prepared with great care.

Piles Cared Without the Knife.

TELLER LETS LOOSE ON EAGAN MUST GOBACK TO CUBA LITTLE RESPECT FOR RULES

Colorado Senator Refers to Miles' Enemy as a Blackguard and Scoundrel.

CHARACTERISTIC ATTACK ON PRESIDENT

senate Devotes the Day to Discussing the Army Reorganization Bill, Delay in Passing Which is Costing \$500,000 a Day.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.-Just at the close of a day of dreary discussion of technical details of the army reorganization amendment he had offered, delivered a senformer commissary general of the United stitution as all others vested in the govern States army. His statement included also had been retired, according to the Colorado reward" for his attacks upon the commanding general of the army.

ending bill Mr. Carter of Montana declared a time be set for a vote, but Mr. Teller ob-

tected.

being disposed of finally. Mr. Allison reported favorably from the for the year 1901 was withdrawn by Tefft tilling of brandy from fruits, the idea being included in the present law. He asked consideration for the bill today.

army reorganization bill, the pending question being an amendment offered by Mr. Bacon of Georgia, striking out that provision of the bill authorizing the president to increase the number of non-commissioned of-United States senators were next in order ficers and privates in any troop of cavalry. After some desultory discussion, Mr. Ba-

con withdrew his amendment and offered another, introducing the words "during the act with a like committee of senators, to present exigency of the service," so that the obligations of the treaty of Paris. the clause would read: "Provided, that the president, during the present exigency of the service, in his descretion, may incounty, it was decided to cast the first crease the number of corporals in any troop votes for United States senators tomorrow of cavalry to eight and the number of privates to seventy-six.

Further discussion of the Bacon amendment was postponed until tomorrow. An amendment was offered by Mr. Telle of Colorado to that section of the bill which authorizes the president to retire any officer who has been suspended from duty either M. Thurston, in the order named. After by sentence of court-martial or by executive order in mitigation of such sentence, striking out the words "has been" and substi-

tuting therefore "shall be hereafter." Mr. Teller adverted to the case of Gencounty, requiring all deficiency claims with eral Eagan at some length. Of the beef furnished the army, he said it was "boiled and canned, and of very ancient lineage, some of which had made a trip to Europe The following resolutions relative to the and back, being fed to our soldiers after i had been condemned by European governments." Mr. Teller denounced General Eagan in a sensational manner. "As an officer of the United States army." said the senator, "he made an exhibition of himself and showed himself to be a miserable blackguard."

Mr. Teller made a stinging attack upon the president for having retired General Eagan, asserting that "the retirement, in the cicumstances, was a decoration and not a punishment, and many of the American people believe it was a decoration and a public of Cuba and that the war with reward for his attack upon the general

commanding the army." Mr. Pettigress interposed with a motion public. to adjourn and finally, on motion of M Proctor, the senate, at 5:55, adjourned until

EVOKES MORE COMPLAINTS

Discussion of the River and Harbor Bill in the House Calls Out Protests.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.-When the house met today Mr. Loud of California presented the report of the joint postal commission, which has been investigating the question of railway mail pay and other matters affecting postal affairs. This was District of Columbia day under the rules, but the district committee yielded to the river and harbor bill, with the understanding that the district business would come up on next Monday. The debate on the river and harbor bill was then resumed.

Mr. Lawrence of Massachusetts protested against the appropriations in the bill for great national projects being charged to the states in which they happened to be located. He cited the case of Boston harbor, which received several millions in the bill That improvement, he continued, would benefit all sections of the country, as less than 10 per cent of the cargoes of ships entering and leaving Boston were chargeable to Massachusetts. Mr. Grosvenor, who was formerly chairman of the committee on rivers and harbors, replied to some remarks made by Mr. Cushman of Washington on Thursday relative to the appropriations in

the past for the Columbia river. Mr. Morris of Minnesota, another member of the river and harbor committee, also defended the bill, arguing along the lines followed by Mr. Lawrence that appropriations for big national projects could not properly be chargeable to the states in which they happened to be located.

Mr. Tongue of Oregon, another member of the committee, replied to Mr. Cushman's criticisms, using official figures to deny some of his statements. At 5:05 p. m. the house adjourned

Killed at Knalfontein. MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 14.—Captain Fitz-Herbert, son-in-law of Mrs. Eugene Wilson of Minneapolis, died today in South Africa from wounds received yesterday in the fighting near Kaalfontein. The word came by cable today to Mrs. Wilson. The captain is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Mary O. Wilson of Minneapolis.

FRAGRANT GRAIN FIELDS. Foods that Take One Back to Child-

"The delicious odor that comes when you pour hot milk or cream over Grape Nuts, takes one back to childhood and the wide, golden harvest fields when the wind grain, and made you, oh so hungry!

food is the chief. I was led to change my dlet and take up Grape-Nuts, from the fact that I had a very serious, long-standing case of constipation, which originated from coffee drinking. Constant headbackaches and a stomach that felt like lead, was the condition; while the mind was filled with misgivings of all sorts, and I verily believe I would have gone insane if it had not been for the temporary relief from various cures for constipation, but there seems to be no permanent relief except in good food like Grape-Nuts.

"This food is the same to a weak stomach as kind words and a gentle touch, to an aching heart. All my doubt and fear and distress of mind disappeared as soon and placed on a United States transport and as I found a food that I could digest and taken to Havana. The application for exwhich relieved my difficulties. Life be- tradition was nade in May last and Neely's home." I have proved conclusively that to resist action upon it by the United the food is really predigested and that it States government. It is said the United Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding is a great nerve and energy builder. Of States authorities desire to have the trial Piles. Your druggist will refund your course I can hardly express my gratitude of Neely precede the hearing of the case money if Pazo Cintment fails to cure you. for the relief I have had." Emma Kauff of Rathbone, who is charged with comman, Bismark, Mo.

(Continued from First Page.)

"It cannot be doubted that when the United States required and enforced the relinquishment by Spain of her sovereignty in Cuba and determined to occupy and control the island until there was complete tranquility in all its borders and until the people of Cuba had created for themselves a stable government, it succeeded to the authority of the displaced government, so far, at least, that it became its duty, under international law and pending pacification of the island, to protect in all appropriate legal modes the lives, the liberty and the property of all those who submitted to the authority of the representatives of this country. The power of congress to make bill Mr. Teller of Colorado, speaking to an all laws necessary and proper for carrying into execution as well as the powers enusational denunciation of General Eagan. merated in section 8 of article i of the conment of the United States or in any dethe administration because General Eagan partment or the officers thereof, includes the power to enact such legislation as is senator's charge, as a "decoration and a appropriate to give efficiency to any stipulations which it is competent for the president, by and with the advice and consent In an appeal for the early passage of the of the senate, to insert in a treaty with a foreign power. What legislation by conthat delay would mean an additional ex- gress could be more appropriate for the of the school, the upper-class men carried penditure of \$500,000 a day. He asked that protection of life and property in Cuba intextcating liquors into the reservation while United States than legislation to return Absolutely no progress was made with to that Island, to be tried by its constithe measure today, not a single amendment | tuted authorities of those who, having committed crimes there fice to this country to escape arrest, trial and punishment? No jority of the cadets were cigar smokers and ment of Treasurer Stuefer's official bond finance committee a bill concerning the disof June 6, 1900, that does not have some reto add cherries and figs to the list of fruits lation to the safety of life and property and the provisions of that act requiring the surrender of any public officer, em-Consideration was then resumed of the ploye or depositary fleeing to the United States after having committed in a foreign territory occupied by the United States of the crime of embezziement or criminal maladversion of the public funds." The court declined, Justice Harlan stated,

to enter upon the question as to what the obligations of the United States would have been in the matter of protecting life and property in Cuba if not required to do so by

Responsibility Under Trenty of Paris. this record for examination and upon it we express no opinion. It is quite sufficient in this case to adjudge, as we do, that it was ompetent for congress, by legislation to enforce or give efficacy to the provisions of

the treaty made by the United States and Spain with respect to Cuba and its people." Replying to another contention of Neely's ounsel, the opinion says that when an American citizen commits a crime in a foreign country he cannot complain if required to submit to such modes of trial or such modes of punishment as that country may prescribe for its own people, unless a different mode be provided for by treaty stipulations between that county and the United States.

It was argued on behalf of Neely that as seace now exists in Cuba and has existed there since the Spanish forces evacuated affairs of a friendly country, and that con- tinued. Those in practice recently, he said, sequently, the appellant should not be extradited for trial in the courts established under the orders issued by the military gov- sounding tecks, dragging tent and examinernor of the island. In support of this ing feet. proposition it was said that the United States recognized the existence of the re-Spain was carried on jointly with the allied

Replying to this point Justice Harlan said: "Apart from the view that it is not competent for the judiciary to make any declaration upon the question of the length of time under which Cuba may be rightfully occupied and controlled by the United States in order to effect its pacificationit being the function of the political branch of the government to determine when such occupation and control shall cease and therefore when the troops of the United States shall be withdrawn from Cuba-the contention that the United States recognized the existence of an established gov ernment, known as the republic of Cuba but it is now using its military or executive power to displace or overthrow it is without merit. The declaration by congress that the people of Cuba were, and of right ought to be free and independent, was not intended as a recognition of the existence of an organized government instituted by the people of that island in hostlifty to the government maintained by Spain. Nothing more was intended than to express the thought that the Cubans were to enjoy-to use the language of the president in his message of December 5 1897: "That measure of self-control which is the alienable right of man, protected in their right to reap the benefit of the exhaustless treasure of their country. . . . "Both the legislative and executive branches of the government concurred in not recognizing the existance of such government as the republic of Cuba. It is true that the co-operation of the troops commanded by Cuban officers was accepted by the military officers of the United States in its efforts to overthrow Spanish authority. Yet from the beginning to the end of the war the supreme authority in all military operations in Cuba and in Cuban waters against Spain was with the United States and those operations were

ban officers." Final Conclusion of Court. The final conclusion of the court was an

not in any sense under the control o

direction of the troops commanded by Cu-

nounced as follows: "We are of opinion, for the reasons stated, that the act of June 6, 1900, is not in violation of the constitution of United States and that this comes within the provisions of that The court below having found that there was probably cause to find the appellant guilty, as charged, the order for his extradition was proper and no ground existed for his discharge on habeas corpus. The judgment of the circuit court is therefore affirmed."

Government Will Act Promptly.

As soon as the War department is officially informed of the decision of the blew in your face the scent of ripened United States supereme court sustaining its contention in the case of Charles Neely. "Of all the appetizing foods, Grape-Nuts charged with postal frauds in Cuba, steps will be taken to secure the prisoner's removed to Havana for trial. Neely is now in custody in the Ludlow street jail, New York, pending the hearing of civil proceedings against him on the charge of having brought stolen goods into the state of New York. Judicial steps will be instituted to vacate the civil proceedings and secure the treansfer of the prisoner to the custody of William Hinkel of New York, who has just been appointed the agent of the military governor for Cuba, for the purpose of receiving the prisoner when surrendered by the United States government under the application for extradition. When all necessary preliminaries have been arranged. Neely will be surrendered to Agent Hinkel came brighter and better my home a "sweet counsel resorted to every legal resource plicity in the same transactions.

West Point Cadets Admit Smuggling of Whisky and Cigars.

JUDGE SMITH ROASTS UPPER-CLASS MEN

Practice of Fist-Fighting is Defended by Cadet Brown, Who Discusses Forms of Hazing Most Highly Esteemed at Present Time.

WEST POINT, Jan. 14.-The congress sional investigation committee held three sessions at the West Point Military academy today. The first two sessions and the greater part of the night session were or cupied in the examination of Louis Brown fr., of Newport, R. I., who was one of Cadet Keller's seconds in his fight with Booz. From the line of examination adopted by the committee the congressmen are evi dently bent on the abolition of hazing and

fighting at the academy. They put Brown through an exhaustive examination, in the course of which they realized the fact that in violation of the rules and regulation occupied and controlled by the and consumed quite a considerable quantity of it. Another stringent rule seem to have been broken with impunity. This is the regulation prohibiting smoking. Cadet Brown acknowledged that the maplenty of cigarettes were smuggled into the institution Judge Smith Ronsts Cadets.

General Dick, Judge Smith and Mr. Driggs handled Brown without gloves. Mr. Driggs told him that the first-class men thought they were the whole thing and Judge Smith said that they were conceited, arrogant and ignorant in their presumption of set ting their judgment against that of the authorities of the academy.

Cadet Brown defended the West Point fighting code, but admitted that fighting would cease if cadets knew they would b expelled for taking part in fights. He thought an oath against fighting would stop it, because no cadet would break the oath, "That question," he said, "is not open on and if he did would be reported by other cadets.

Cadet Brown told about fourth-class mea being required to read things about themselves or their relatives.

At the end of each line, he said, as was the case with Cadet Hobson, they were required to insert their own names. Cadet Hobson once read about his brother and the sinking of the Merrimae, and at the end of each line was required to say "I am the man.

"Did he read anything about the California incidents?" asked Mr. Driggs. "No, sir, he was not asked to do that, replied Brown, laughing as he spoke. This appeared to greatly amuse the women

spectators present. Forms of Hazing in and Out of Vogue At the night session under examination by Chairman Dick, Cadet Brown said that the island, the occupancy and control of cagling, "wooden Willie," foot ball, sitting that island under the military authority on bayonet, sweating, chewing rope, hangwithout warrant in the constitution, is un- ing on stretcher and double spring were authorized interference with the internal forms of hazing that had been disconwere qualifying in the mess hall on prunes or "sammy," scolding the gunner, bracing,

> "Fist fights are still in vogue? "Yes, sir. They have not been done away

with," replied Brown. Judge Smith asked the witness if he did forces of the United States and of that re- not think the upper-class men were conceited, arrogant and ignorant in their treatthe laws and regulations, but Cadet Brown could not see it in that light. He was then excused and Cadet Joseph Barnes, District of Columbia, Keller's other second, was called and examined by Judge Smith regarding the fight with Booz. His examination was only partly concluded when the committee adjourned until morning.

MONEY BUT NOT FORGIVENESS

Patriageh Leaves Fortune to Son Whose Name He Would Not Speak -Wherenbouts is Unknown.

QUINCY , Ill., Jan. 11.-The will of John Seaman, who died at the age of 94, was filed today. It leaves the bulk of an estate of \$200,000 to his son Joseph, whom he had not spoken to for years, and whose whereabouts are unknown. When last heard from Joseph was in London, England, but the father refused to make inquiry regarding him while on his deathbed. Sea man also left \$5,000 to the Christian church of this city, although he had never set focot inside the church door. He also left large bequests to favorite servants.

Hand-to-Hand Fight for Office.

SPOKANE, Wash., Jan. 11.—A hand-to-hand fight for the possession of the county treasurer's office took place at the court house today between the forces of A. L. Smith, republican, and George Mudget, democrat. Smith's forces took possession early this morning, locking all the doors. Mudget jumped through the window and let in his deputies. He then tried to enter the treasurer's private office. A scuffle resulted, during which the vault was locked, Smith's men holding the keys. Both men are now eamping in the offices, each with a full force of deputies. Hand-to-Hand Fight for Office



and hands usually indicate an advanced stage of Kidney disorder. It is one of the last special pleadings of nature to seek a remedy. Look out also for backache, scalding urine, dizziness, headache and brick-dust or other sediment in urine which has been allowed to stand. Heed these warnings before

KID-NE-OIDS

are guaranteed under oath to be the best remedy in existance for Bright's Disease or any other form of Kidney Trouble. A cash forfeit is offered for any case Kid-ne-oids will not cure. NEBRASKA

people cured by kid-ne-olds. In writing them please enclose stamped addressed envelope. please enclose stamped addressed envelope.

J. Rucherd, 1951 O at. Lincoln
ra H. Hoffman, 525 N. 15th at. Lincoln
ra C. E. Smith, 2814 Sherman ave. Omaha
c. Tunkey, Engineer, 1802 Mami at. Omaha
rs. V. M. Garner, 2809 Oak at. Omaha
rs. V. M. Garner, 2809 Oak at. Omaha
rs. J. C. Davis, 606 S. 30th ave. Omaha
rs. J. C. Davis, 606 S. 30th ave. Omaha
rs. A. E. Harris, 1419 Howard at. Omaha
rs. R. M. Henton, 766 S. 30th at. Omaha
rs. R. M. Henton, 766 S. 30th at. Omaha
rs. T. H. Williamson, 717 S. 12th at. Omaha
rs. H. C. Rogers, 409 N. 14th at. Omaha
rs. H. C. Rogers, 409 N. 14th at. Omaha
Morrow's K. K. Lone-oids area not mills.

Morrow's Kid-ne-olds are not pills, but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty cents a box at drug stores.

JOHN MORROW & CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.

-



Thorough house cleaning must of necessity take in every corner of the house. You can buy men's all wool black cheviot suits this week at \$10.

CONTINENTAL GLOTHING @

N. E. CORNER 15th AND DOUGLAS. If we please you tell others . If we don't tell us.

Failure in life is more often due to exhausted nerve force than to lack of capital.

Strong nerves are the capital that helps men conquer conditions.

When people lose their capital they set to work to regain it.

When we lose our nerve force we ought to seek a means of getting it back. There is a way, certain and scientific. feed the nerves, making them steady and strong as steel.

We do not believe they can fail to cure Nervous Debility and physical exhaustion; that swhy we agree to refund your money if six boxes do not cure you. \$1.00 per box; 6 boxes \$5.00 mailed ecurely scaled upon receipt of price. look free. Address, PEAL Menicina To., Cleveland olds. Sold by Kuhn & Co., iath and Douglas, and M. A. Dillon, South Omaha.

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Mem excess and indiscretion.
A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 500 per box. 6 boxes for CTS. 52.50, with our bankable gaurantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and o py of our bankable guarantee bond. Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Variocele, Undereloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia. Nervous Prostan-tion, Hysteria. Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, \$1.00 a box. 6 for \$5.00 with our bankable guar-antee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO. Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILI. For sale by Kuhn & Co., 15th and Douglas St., Omaha, Neb.; Geo. S. Davis, Council



Sold by all druggists and hairdressers EVERY WOMAN

is interested and should know about the wonderfu MARVEL WHIRLING The new Vaginal Syringe, Injection and Suction. Best-Safest Most Conak your druggist for it. MARVEL, and one sealed. It gives full Room PoTimes Bdg., New York

Uticure Dr. Kay s Uticure cures all female diseases. At druggists. 1 Hustrated book and advice free. Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga, N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS. & ORRIGHTON Omaha's Family Theater-'Phone

The Flower of Perfection Plucked from the Fields of Vaudeville. DOROTHY WALTERS. THE HARMONY FOUR. HILDA THOMAS, Assisted by Lou Hall, in "The Lone Star, WRIGHT HUNTINGTON

And company in "A Stolen Kiss." LIZZIE AND VINE DALY. THE KINODROME. Prices never changing Evenings: Re-served seats, 25c and 50c, gallery, 10c, Matt-nes: Wednesday, any part of house, 25c; hildren, 10c; gallery, 10c, Same on Satnees: Wednesday, any part of house, 25c; children, 19c; gallery, 19c. Same on Sat-urdsy and Sunday excepting few front rows, 59c.

BOYD'S | Woodward & Burgess,

Tonight and Tomorrow Night, Matinee Wednesday, THOS. Q. SEABROOKE in "THE ROUNDERS."

Friday Evening, Jan. 18 EDUARD STRAUSS AND ORCHESTRA. Prices, 25c, 50c, 51.00, \$1.50.

Old Old Story Packed to the Doors.

MIACO'S TRUCADERO Telephone 2259 MATINEE TODAY-10c and 20c. And Entire Week. Nothing like it ever seen in Omaha before.

Irwin's Majestic Burlesquers

Matiness, 2:15. Evening, 8:15. Smoke it you like. Next week, "Fads and Folies.