THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 6, 1900—TEN PAGES. SINGLE COPY FIVE CENTS

INDICT CHIEF DEVERY

New York Grand Jury Holds Tammany Big Man Criminally Responsible.

HIS BULLDOZING TACTICS WILL NOT GO

Interference of Police with Honest Election Gets Vigorous Rebuke.

STATE INSPECTOR STANDS ON HIS RIGHTS

John McCullagh Will Not Tolerate Boss Croker's Methods.

DEVERY EMITS AN UPROARIOUS HOWL

Says He Is Going to Protet the People's Rights in Spite of the State Law or Anybody Else.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Chief of Police Devery was today indicted by the grand jury for alleged interference with State Superintendent of Elections, John McCullagh, in the performance of his duty. The indictment was returned shortly after noon and after a little past 2 o'clock the information was conveyed to Chief Devery by State Senator Timothy Sullivan, who was accompanied by Michael F. Lyons, an elector on the democratic ticket, who had agreed to furnish bail in any amount named for Chief Devery. When the chief was informed of his indictment he went at once to the court of general sessions, where he gave bail in the sum of $1,000. Chief Devery, after giving bail, made the following statement:

"When I was sworn in as chief of police of New York city, I swore that I would do my duty and protect the people of this city. I propose to do my duty toward the whole people here. I do not propose to be bulldozed. I am going to see that the people's rights are protected and that everyone entitled to vote will be allowed to vote. I am going to see that the policemen in my charge are not bulldozed, even by John McCullagh." Mr. McCullagh refused to talk concerning the indictment. He said, however, that he was a witness before the grand jury today. Chief Devery was released on $1,000 bail. Assistant District Attorney O'Reilly, speaking for District Attorney Gardner, gave out the following statement:

"The indictment does not charge an overt act and without the commission of any overt act there could be no interference. The indictment will not hold water." The indictment against Chief Devery charges felony. It charges in part: "That he did attempt wilfully, knowingly and with felonious intent to hinder said John McCullagh in the performance of his duty as state superintendent of elections."

Gardiner Says It's Forgery.

Colonel Gardiner himself, discussing the indictment, called attention to the fact that it was typewritten, even to his signature, and that of Attorney General Davis, appended to the document.

"My name to that indictment is a forgery," he said. "It was placed there without my knowledge, consent or authority."

A minor incident that figured in the controversy was a request made by the police officials for Superintendent of Elections McCullagh to turn over to them any information in his possession tending to show that the election laws were being violated in sections of the city where he claimed wrongdoing was going on. Mr. McCullagh, however, declined to answer the police commissioners, but tonight he announced that he had unearthed a big scheme to bring repeaters into the borough of Manhattan on election day from Jersey City and that one of the men, Peter Friend, a saloon keeper in Jersey City, had been arrested and was being held at Jersey City police headquarters in default of $1,000 bail.

The concensus of opinion is that the election tomorrow in New York City will be a quiet one and no serious clash will occur between the police and the state departments because of the misunderstandings growing out of Chief Devery's order of late Sunday night, in which he declared that the rights of citizens would be protected regardless of interference on the part of Superintendent McCullagh. Chief Devery just before leaving his office for the night said:

"Tomorrow's election will be the fairest eevr held in New York City. I will do all that lies in my power to see that that end is accomplished."

NEW YORK SAFE FOR M'KINLEY

Manley and Odell Look for Republican Plurality of 15,000 or More Today.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The most interesting development in New York on the eve of battle is the indictment found by the local grand jury against Chief of Police William S. Devery on the charge of interfering with the work of State Superintendent of Elections John McCullagh. Chief Devery's bail was fixed and arrangements have been made for hearing the case the day after election. The indictment has attracted a great deal of attention in political circles. The points involved appear to hinge upon the rights of men to swear in their votes when challenged by any of the deputies of the state superintendent of elections. The legal aspects of the case are interesting republicans and democratic leaders for the reason that it has been feared that a clash might occur at the polls tomorrow between the 8,000 policemen and the 800 deputies. At all the political headquarters, at the office of the chief of police and at the Democratic club the concensus of opinion seemed to be that the election would prove a quiet one despite the differences of opinion between the chief of police and the state superintendent.

Heavy Vote is Expected.

Everywhere confidence is expressed that a full vote will be polled and republicans and democrats alike agree that more than 600,000 citizens in Greater New York will tomorrow deposit their ballots for the men of their choice. Indications are that the vote in the city will be at least 65,000 larger than ever before in the history of Greater New York. Generally speaking republicans concede that Bryan will carry Greater New York. On the other hand, democrats admit that McKinley will carry the state if Greater New York is excluded. The differences of opinion arises on the question of the pluralities that the democrats are conceded in the metropolis and the republicans are conceded in the up-state districts.

Democratic national headquarters were practically deserted today, only Secretary Mason of the executive committee being

(Continued on Second Page.)

Lambert W. H. ...WARE ...O.

FAKE SAMPLE BALLOTS

Renegades assisting the fusion managers are printing for distribution fake sample ballots labeled republican, but containing cross-marks for the fusion legislative candidates. They are also circulating another batch of scurrilous circulars attacking Mr. Rosewater.

Beware of all these fakes.

ROOSEVELT WARNS VAN WYCK

New York's Mayor Must Recall Devery's Order or Bear the Consequences.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Nov. 5.—Governor Roosevelt sent the following communication tonight to Hon. Robert A. Van Wyck, mayor of New York City:

Sir—My attention has been called to the official order issued by Chief of Police Devery, in which he directs his subordinates to disregard the chief of the state election bureau, John McCullagh, and his deputies.

Unless you have already taken steps to secure the recall of this order it is necessary for me to point out that I shall be obliged to hold you responsible, as the head of the city government, for the action of the chief of police, if it should result in any breach of the peace and intimidation or any crime whatever against the election laws. The state and city authorities should work together.

I will not fail to call to summary account either state or city authorities in the event of either being guilty of intimidation or connivance at fraud or failure to protect every legal voter in his rights.

I therefore hereby notify you that in the event of any wrongdoing following upon the failure immediately to recall Chief Devery's order, or upon any action or inaction on the part of Chief Devery, I must necessarily call you to account. Yours, etc.,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Oyster Bay, Nov. 5.

Governor Roosevelt's message to the mayor was delivered to Mayor Van Wyck at the Democratic club tonight. The mayor at once took a cab and was driven to police headquarters, where he called upon Chief Devery. The mayor and the chief of police were closeted together for an hour. At the conclusion of the conference Chief Devery anounced that in accordance with the mayor's orders, the order issued on Sunday to the captains in regard to the McCullagh deputies and voters would be rescinded. The order of the mayor read as follows:

"You will at once revoke the order issued from your office on the 4th inst. relative to the duties of the police force on election day and you will issue immediately such further orders as will require your subordinates to co-operate with and assist in the execution and enforcement of the metropolitan election district law and amendments thereto."

Later Mayor Van Wyck made the following statement:

"There will be no intimidation or violence at the election tomorrow. It will pass off as quietly as that of a country village. The chief of police will take charge of that and will preserve order. I have the utmost confidence in the chief. He knows his duty, and is a perfectly efficient chief and understands how to maintain peace and order."

Chief Devery said that there would be no trouble at the polls tomorrow and that he would enforce the orders of the mayor to the letter.

Van Wyck and Devery Flank.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Chief Devery announced at police headquarters tonight that he would rescind his order of Sunday regarding the McCullagh men and voters. Mayor Van Wyck issued an order to the chief to revoke the order.

ARRESTS MADE IN KENTUCKY.

Republicans and Democrats Both Hopeful of Carrying State.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 5.—A campaign that really began before nominations were made closed tonight in Kentucky, with both sides claiming the state in published reports by 20,000, though disinterested estimates do not put the majority either way above 6,000 or 8,000.

The republicans made the issue and named it civil liberty, which term expresses their opposition to the Goebel election law and to the election of the legislature in the contested election cases. The state central committee of the independent democrats, who in the last election cast 12,140 votes for John Young Brown for governor, has endorsed Yerkes, republican, for governor, and Bryan. The democrats claim that the bulk of the independent democrats have returned to the party. It is generally believed that Bryan will run ahead of Beckham, democrat, for governor, and that Yerkes will run ahead of McKinley, whether democrats or republicans carry the state. The republicans hope by fusion with Brown democrats to carry several congressional districts now represented by democrats. Already arrests have been made in various parts of the state for alleged bribery and alleged plans to invalidate ballots before they are cast. Both sides are unusually watchful and alert and the election will be conducted under a veritable searchlight of public scrutiny.

MEN PARADE IN MOTHER HUBBARDS.

Members of Political Clubs of All Parties Fraternize at Wheeling.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 5.—Wheeling's "Mother Hubbard" parade the evening before presidential elections, when the members of the marching clubs of all parties come together and join in a great demonstration in honor of the woman's suffrage candidate for president, is unique and original with this city. Tonight's affair, in honor of Mrs. Catt, was the largest on record, fully 2,000 marchers being in line. The real woman suffragists, however, have on this occasion entered an emphatic protest against the demonstration, but the opposition seemed to add to the favor with which the public looked at it. Over 30,000 persons lined the streets and laughed at the queer and ridiculous costumes the marchers wore.

The situation tonight is unchanged. The republicans continue to claim the state by over 15,000.

Wyoming's Majority.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Chairman VanOrsdel of the republican state committee tonight issued a statement in which he says McKinley will carry the state by a majority of from 3,000 to 4,000.

DENVER EXPECTS WARM TIME

Chances for an Exciting Election Are Very Good Out There.

PEACE OFFICERS ARE IN A TANGLE

Police Force Arrayed Against the Sheriff and County Commissioners Against the District Court.

DENVER, Nov. 5.—(Special Telegram.)—The chances for an exciting election day tomorrow seem very good tonight. Five hundred extra policemen have been sworn in by the democratic police board and as many republican deputies by Sheriff Jones. The board of county commissioners today, in defiance of an order of Judge Butler of the district court, revoked the commissions of the deputies and this evening bench warrants were issued for the arrest of the commissioners for contempt. It is said the sheriff will recommission the deputies and it is feared the rival peace officers will clash in some of the downtown districts tomorrow.

United States District Judge Moses Hallett this morning declared that United States Marshal Bailey had no right to swear in extra deputy marshals to supervise the election.

The chairmen of both parties are claiming everything in sight, but it is noticeable that the betting is rapidly switching towards the republicans. The outlook tonight is for the election of the Bryan electors by from 15,000 to 18,000 plurality; Frank G. Goundy, republican candidate for governor, and his ticket by from 3,000 to 5,000; Robert W. Bonyge, republican, in the First congressional district, by 5,000, and the re-election of Congressman J. C. Bell, fusionist, in the Second district, by from 15,000 to 25,000. The legislature will likely be republican by a small majority on joint ballot, so insists State Chairman C. D. Ford.

The betting tonight is 2 to 1 that the republican legislative ticket is elected in Arapahoe county (Denver). This will insure the election as above estimated.

Claims of the Fusionists.

The state is conceded to Bryan, but not by the enormous pluralities and majorities claimed by Milton Smith, democratic state chairman. Smith asserts that 55,000 to 60,000 is the least that Bryan will get, as against 134,000 four years ago. He acknowledges that J. B. Orman, nominee for governor, will run behind, estimating his vote at 25,000 to 40,000 plurality. The re-election of Congressman Shafroth in the First district is claimed by 10,000.

Everything depends on Arapahoe county. Goudy, it is thought, will run ahead of his ticket 8,000 in the state and is counted upon turning the trick to the extent of 3,000 in this county. Bryan will likely get the county on a scratch. Bonyge expects to come down from the northern farming counties with a plurality over Congressman Shafroth of several hundred, depending on Arapahoe county to hold the vote for him.

County Chairman Charles Hartzell of the republican committee expects the McKinley legislative ticket to win out by 3,000, while his fusion adversaries boast of 10,000 for themselves, although split in twain by the recent decision of the state supreme court, which decided that the democratic branch headed by former County Chairman Thomas J. Maloney, is not the bolting element but the faction to which the title democratic rightfully belongs. Maloney has nominated a separate legislative ticket pledged to fight Wolcott and expects to poll as many votes as do the disinherited branch chaperoned by Governor Thomas and Tom Patterson. Conservative estimates give him about 3,500 votes in the county, which will be enough to throw the election to Senator Wolcott.

If Wolcott carries Arapahoe county it means seventeen legislative votes for him, thirteen reperesentatives and four senators. With these assured, he can count on nearly half of the assembly and his chances of re-election are bright.

BOTH PARTIES CLAIM MARYLAND.

Rival Chairmen Present Figures that Ought to Be Convincing.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 5.—On the night before election the leaders of both political parties profess to be confident of victory at tomorrow's balloting and both sides are claiming the state by pronounced majorities.

Before leaving for his home in Harford county tonight, whither he goes to vote, Chairman Murray Vandiver of the democratic state central committee said:

"I have no hesitancy in claiming that we will carry the state by from 5,000 to 10,000 majority and that both city and county will contribute to that end. We will not only carry the state for Bryan, but will elect four congressmen sure and it would not surprise me in the least if Major Little should defeat Pearre in the Sixth district."

Secretary William F. Porter of the city democratic committee supplemented Mr. Vandiver's statement by adding:

"We have made a careful poll of the city by men experienced in the work, who made polls in the two previous campaigns. I have the utmost confidence in the accuracy of this latest poll and will say that the outlook is bright and that the city will go democratic by a substantial majority. I will not give figures, but am confident of a favorable result."

Chairman Phillips Lee Goldsborough of the republican state committee said today that he looks for even a larger majority than the 11,000 which he mentioned last night as his estimate, and insists that Maryland's congressional delegation will be entirely republican. He will not go to Cambridge to vote, but will remain at headquarters throughout the day. Senator McComas left tonight for Washington county.

The prevailing odds at hotels and clubs tonight range from 10 to 6 to 2 to 1, with McKinley at the big end. Some few bets were recorded, the largest, $2,000 against $1,200, being placed late tonight. On the general result a few small wagers were made at 5 to 1.

SOUTH DAKOTA IS DEBATABLE.

Republicans, However, Are Confident of Overthrowing Bryanism.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 5.—The eve of election finds both parties still stoutly claiming that they will carry the state. Conservative republicans estimate that the majority for their state ticket will be between 6,000 and 8,000 and that this majority will carry with it the congressional and state tickets and a comfortable majority on joint ballot in the next legislature. The fusionists say Bryan will carry the state by at least 2,000 and that their congressional and state nominees will be elected by majorities ranging from 1,500 to 3,500. They also claim they will have a majority of not less than twenty on joint ballot in the state legislature, insuring the return of Richard F. Pettigrew to the United States senate.

Ransom in His True Colors.

Edgar Howard in Papillion Times, April 1, 1897.

On the first day of the legislative session the Times picked Senators Ransom and Howell as the leaders of the corporation contingent in that body. The picking was not an evidence of smartness on our part, for, indeed, any man who has watched the course of those worthies in recent years could and would have done as well as we did. Speaking of Ransom and Howell, what a disgrace the pair has been to the free silver forces which elected them. Hand in hand in every scheme to aid in corporation robbery, back to back to fight against the sharp shafts of public criticism while pushing gamblers' bills to passage. Shame's crown for shame is the fact that these traitors bear the democratic name.

SERENADE FOR PRESIDENT

Citizens of Canton to the Number of Thousands Listen to Eulogium by Judge Day.

CANTON, O., Nov. 5.—The McKinley lawn, so famous in the campaign of 1896, was this evening the scene of an enthusiastic demonstration similar to that which closed the campaign four years ago. The president made a short address to his neighbors and fellow-townsmen, free from partisanship, but apropos of the election tomorow. He also introduced Judge Day for a short speech from the famous front porch. The occasion was an unadvertised and unannounced serenade by the Grand Army band, with several thousand people following the band with loud cheers and hurrahs and a glare of red fire that illuminated the whole scene roundabout the McKinley home.

The band appeared upon the scene some time after dark and the report that the president was to be serenaded spread like wildfire. First a score fell in behind the band, than another score, then hundreds and finally, by the time the McKinley home was reached, thousands. Somewhere, no one knows just how, a supply of red fire torches was secured and they were burning at their height when the cheers of the crowd around the house drowned the music of the band. Two or three selections were played in the streets in front of the house and then the band was invited to the front of Mrs. McKinley's parlors for another selection.

After each number there had been calls for the president and finally he appeared on the porch. He bowed to the crowds in front of him to to his right and to his left, amid deafening cheers. There were calls for a speech and some one pulled from the vestibule of the house a relic of the campaign of four years ago, a Tennessee stump, with polished top and engraved emblem, brought here by a Tennessee delegation. The president stood upon this and spoke as follows:

My Fellow Citizens: I am very glad to greet you once more at my old home. This is not a year when I am making speeches. Tomorrow from one end of this country to the other the American people will speak. (A voice: "For William McKinley." Tremendous applause and cheers.) and we must wait reverently and in patience for their verdict. I know you will be glad to hear a word from our fellow townsman, Judge William R. Day, who has held a conspicuous place in the administration over which you called me to preside in 1896. I thank you and bid you good night. (Tremendous applause.)

When the president mentioned the name of Judge Day there was another enthusiastic ovation and the judge was constantly interrupted by applause when he spoke as follows:

My Fellow Citizens: It has been my fortune for a few months to occupy a position of which it is one of the unwritten laws that its incumbent shall take no part in political campaigns. I have had, as you have had, the privilege of listening to the arguments this fall. I hope with an impartial and judicial spirit, and having heard it, for one, I am prepared to say my mind is fully made up. (Laughter and applause.)

And now you have come tonight, as you have often come before, to testify to your loyalty, your devotion and your appreciation of our great fellow townsman, the first citizen of the republic. (Tremendous applause). You know, and we all know, with what ability, with what earnestness, with what self-sacrifice he has given himself to the duty which this people imposed upon him four years ago. (Great applause.) No man has done more for the country, no man has done better for the people than has William McKinley by his wise, patriotic and able administration of the affairs of this government. (Great applause.)

We know with what reluctance he unsheathed the sword of war. We know how with every fair and honorable means he sought to avoid war. (Great applause.) We know with what steadfast earnestness he directed the affairs of that short and decisive struggle to a successful conclusion. And we know how much he has contributed to place this country in the foremost rank of the nations of the earth, with prestige all over the world and, what is better, prosperity within the limits of this country for our own people. (Cheers.) I know that no endorsement will be given him tomorrow, (Great applause.) And one more thought, with all the honor of that exalted position, with all that he has achieved, with all that his name stands for, when he goes to the polls tomorrow to cast his vote it will count for just as much as yours and mine, and no more. In what other country can it be said that on one day in the exercise of the great privilege of equal suffrage all its citizens, including its chief magistrate, stand with equal power, each doing his duty as he sees it, for the best interests of his country. (Tremendous applause.)

Now, my fellow citizens, I will not detain you, but I will only say, having made up your minds, go to the polls early tomorrow, discharge your duty and when next we meet I think we will rejoice in a victory which shall be for the best interests of this country and promote the welfare of far distant people. (Great applause.)

FIGHT FOR DAVIS MILLIONS

Heirs of the Mining King of Butte Turned Down by a Boston Judge.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—Judge Grant of the Suffolk county probate court today dismissed the petition brought by H. A. Root asking for a partial distribution in Massachusetts of the estate of the late Andrew J. Davis, the Montana millionaire, in accordance with the decreee of the court of Montana, which affirms a compromise.

Judge Grant said that it did not seem equitable at this time to grant the petition, since the application appeared to have been made with a view to evade liens filed in Montana against the interest of the petitioner and others. Mr. Root's petition is only a side issue in an extended litigation over the estate of the dead mining king of Butte, which has been before the courts of Massachusetts and Montana for several years. Much of the Davis property included shares in mining companies promoted by Boston people.

VICTORY IS ALREADY WON

Today's Election Will Be a Greater McKinley Victory Than in '96.

POPOCRATIC POLICY TO CLAIM ALL IN SIGHT

Republican National Leaders Base Their Confidence on Actual Reports of Men Who Have Been in the Field.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—The following statement was given out at the headquarters of the republican national committee:

"There are few surface indications at this time dissimilar to those of four years ago, when McKinley swept the country by the greatest majority probably ever given to a presidential candidate. The work of the republicans during the last four weeks has been marvelously effective. It has been marked everywhere by completeness in detail of machinery, harmonious action and desired results. McKinley and Roosevelt will carry every state which voted for McKinley and Hobart four years ago and certainly several others that voted for Bryan in 1896.

"The alleged hopes of Croker and Bryan as to carrying Indiana and New York are simply following out the program of claiming everything in sight for the purpose of encouraging their followers in close states to make the most desperate efforts for success. The claims of the republicans are based upon the result of actual work reported by men in the field, brought up through precinct, ward, township, city, county and state organizations, and upon actual facts as shown by the closest poll ever made by political organization."

NEW JERSEY FOR M'KINLEY.

Result of Election May Determine Successor of Senator Sewell.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 5.—There has been no change in the political situation in New Jersey today. The republicans are confident of success, but the democrats claim that if the members of their party who remained away from the polls four years ago turn out tomorrow the state will go for Bryan. The increase in registration, the republicans claim, is due to the normal growth of the voting people. The democrats, however, claim that the increase shows that the democrats who remained away from the polls four years ago expect to vote tomorrow. The great fight in the state will be for the legislative officers. The eight senators to be elected will have a vote next year for a successor to Senator William J. Sewell, whose term expires at that time. Under ordinary circumstances the democrats would hope to elect seven of the eight senators because the counties from which they are to be elected are democratic, but it being a presidential year, the republicans claim the big vote that will be polled for McKinley will enable them to pull through five of the senators, which would give them such a majority in the senate that only a landslide next year would prevent them having a majority on joint ballot.

Chairman Franklin of the republican state commitee today said:

"There is very little that can be said that has not been said already. The republican party seems to be in very good condition all over the state, and during my experience I have never seen the county organizations so apparently satisfied with the way the campaign has been handled. We of the state committee have done the best we could for the party in every county, and so far as I can see now no mistakes have been made. Our majority, I believe, will be at least 45,000 or 50,000.

"Taken all in all I believe the New Jersey republicans are satisfied with the campaign and confident of victory tomorrow."

Chairman William R. Gourley of the democratic state committee, through Secretary W. K. Devreaux, made the following statement:

"We are not giving out any figures, but I claim Bryan will carry New Jersey by a safe margin.

"I am confident the democrats will carry four of the eight congressional districts."

NO DOUBT AS TO INDIANA.

Chairman Herneley Predicts Regular Republican Landslide Today.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 5.—The eve before the great battle in Indiana finds both sides resting on their guns, eager for the fray of tomorrow. Indications point to a full vote being polled.

The Marion county political committees were busy today exposing alleged efforts toward corruption in the election in this city tomorrow.

The democratic committee started in last night by causing the arrest of William H. Evans on the charge of attempting to corrupt an election judge.

This afternoon the republican committee made an affidavit for the arrest of John Banks, negro, who, according to its information, has been trying to bribe a republican judge of the election to sell a ballot.

Chairman Martin of the democratic state committee made the following statement: "I believe Indiana will go democratic by a very safe majority."

Mr. Herneley, chairman of the republican state committee, gave to the Associated Press the following final estimate of the probable result: "It is a landslide. We will elect eleven congressmen sure and will carry the state by not less than 40,000 and will elect the entire state and national tickets and will carry both branches of the legislature."

BETTING ON KANSAS RESULT.

Popocrats Are Boastful, but They Will Not Back Their Opinions.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 5.—There have been no important developments in the political situation in this state since Saturday night. Both sides tonight profess great eagerness for the battle tomorrow and the utmost confidence in the result. The republicans claim a victory for McKinley by 25,000 plurality, the success of the state ticket by a plurality somewhat less, the election of eight congressmen and a majority on joint ballot in the legislature.

The fusionists concede one congressman to the republicans, but claim everything else, placing Bryan's plurality at 16,000. The betting odds are in favor of the republicans, but very little money is being wagered.

With fair weather, for which the indications are now favorable, a very heavy vote will be polled.

One Rally Held in Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 5.—With the republican rally in this city tonight, the first of the campaign for either party, the canvass in this state ended. The socialist vote, coming principally from workers in the textile manufactures, will show a large increase and the republican managers expect to increase their plurality of 22,000 of four years ago.

McKinley's Plurality in Maine.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 5.—The conditions in Maine have not altered materially since Saturday and there is no reason to change the estimate of the probable republican plurality of 28,000 in this state.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska:

Fair, Variable Winds

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	43	1 p. m.	56
6 a. m.	42	2 p. m.	57
7 a. m.	42	3 p. m.	57
8 a. m.	43	4 p. m.	58
9 a. m.	44	5 p. m.	56
10 a. m.	48	6 p. m.	56
11 a. m.	50	7 p. m.	53
12 m.	53	8 p. m.	52
		9 p. m.	50

BRYAN BOODLE ARRIVES

That is What Jim Dahlman Went All the Way to New York For.

The return of the Bryan party from New York was hailed with special delight by the fusion managers here because it meant the arrival of the Bryan boodle fund for which Jim Dahlman as democratic national committeeman had made the pilgrimage to New York. Dahlman's trip with Bryan to New York was for the special purpose of raising money to put into the campaign in Nebraska to save Bryan's home state to him. It is reliably reported that a large slice of the stuff has been planted in Douglas county, the disbursal to begin this morning through the hands of Ed Howell, Lee Herdman and G. M. Hitchcock, each of whom has been liberally supplied. The plan contemplates the wholesale employment of what is known as the floating vote. All sorts of pressure is also to be brought by the fusionists on the judges and clerks of the election, so that it behooves the republicans to watch well the count to make sure no manipulation is practised.

PROMISE OF FINE WEATHER

Clear Skies for Voters Everywhere Except Possibly in New England.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—11 a. m.—Special weather forecast for Tuesday, November 6: The fine weather conditions of last night have changed but little. On the Pacific coast, in all Rocky mountain states, the Dakotas, Nebraska, Kansas, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky, Michigan, Tennessee, the east gulf and south Atlantic states, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, the weather is certain to be unusually fine, with clear skies and pleasant temperature. In New York the weather is clear, except cloudiness on the lakes, where light showers occurred last night. There is a possibility of light and unimportant showers in the northern part of the state tonight, but north winds are now setting in and the weather is almost certain to be fair and pleasant Tuesday. In New England there is considerable cloudiness under the influence of an area of low pressure, which is drifting eastward. Fair weather will prevail, except that light rains in Maine northern New Hampshire and Vermont tonight may continue during a portion of the day Tuesday.

WILLIS L. MOORE,
Chief United States Weather Bureau.

HANNA MAKES LAST SPEECH

Talks to the Mill Hands at South Chicago and Then Leaves for Home.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5.—Senator Marcus A. Hanna, chairman of the republican national committee made his last speech at noon today, addressing several thousand railroad employes and steel workers at South Chicago. When the Illinois Central special, bearing the senator and party, arrived at South Chicago, the whistles of all the big mills there were blown, and large crowds gathered at the depot to extend a welcome. Accompanying the senator was Richard Yates, the republican candidate for governor of Illinois. At 5:30 p. m. Senator Hanna will leave for Cleveland, where he will vote tomorrow, after which he will go to Canton to be the guest of the president.

Senator Hanna said:

My friends, save your enthusiasm for tomorrow night. For then you will have plenty of opportunity to give it full play. (Applause.) We are on the eve of one of the greatest elections and one of the most important elections that has ever been held in the United States. It is second to none other for the effect it will have on the masses who toil for their living and it is second to none for its effect upon those who care for and uphold the principles of sound money and a protective tariff. I come to you as a business man who has been engaged all his life in the kind of work that has built up this part of Chicago. Tomorrow it will be in your power to decide this great question of whether we are to continue prosperous or to suffer a calamitous reverse. I believe you will stand by the republican party and stand by the great leader of that party, President McKinley, who has stood by you. (Applause.)

"Look on This Picture."

Let me present a picture. On one side you have a man whose only part in congress during his short term there was to tear down what McKinley had been four years building up—the McKinley tariff bill—and what was it he gave you? The Wilson-Gorman bill that put out the fires in the furnaces; that checked industries and brought about a condition that, God forbid we may ever see again. (Applause.) And now Bryan is asking you to elect him president of the United States and he cares not what means he uses to get the required number of votes. He tells you that if elected he will establish a free silver basis and a system of free trade, and we know he will ignore all economic principles. Making such frantic appeals he reduces himself to the rank of the lowest demagogue. Now turn with me to where William McKinley shouldered his musket in defense of his country and follow him through a four years' war and then see him enter congress, elected then as ever always has been, by the working men. He has always stood with them and by them and has always been ready to hear them and do for them. In 1896 when the workingmen had opportunity to vote for him they made him president and there they will keep him another four years. (Applause and cries of "We will.")

Now, what has Bryan stood for? What has he done for the working people? A voice: "Nothing." Yes, he has. He did all in his power to defeat their interests. He helped kill the McKinley bill. He has been at a loss to find an issue that would last over night and sought to create one by working for and voting for the reaffirmation of the treaty with Spain. When he worked to get democratic congressmen to vote for the treaty was Bryan honest? (A voice: "No.") Honest, no! He raises the cry of imperialism, and that is an insult to the American people. Congress settled that question and it was for the president to put down rebellion when the American flag was assailed.

Now, I want to assure you that William McKinley will be re-elected tomorrow by the largest plurality that was ever given to a president of the United States. I am sorry I cannot talk longer, but you look like men who know how to vote without my advice, and to vote right, too.

Kansas City Man Takes His Own Life.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 5.—A. A. Cooper, aged 65 years, a real estate and insurance agent, committed suicide at his office here today, shooting himself through the head with a revolver. Mr. Cooper was the father of L. D. Cooper, traveling passenger and ticket agent of the Chicago & Alton railway, and Ernest and John E. Cooper, Kansas City business men. He had been in business here and at Lawrence, Kan., for twenty years. No cause for suicide is known.

Anti-Trust Law Not Violated.

WACO, Tex., Nov. 5.—The case of the state of Texas against the Waters-Pierce Oil company for penalties for alleged violation of the anti-trust law of 1889, amounting to a total of $189,000, came to an end today in favor of the Waters-Pierce Oil company.

POWER IS IN HIDING

Douglas County's Sheriff Flees from the Service of Summons.

HIS NEFARIOUS GAME IS INTERRUPTED

Court Interferes with an Effort to Outrage Freedom of the Ballot.

INTIMIDATION OF VOTERS IS AIMED AT

Deputy Sheriffs to Overawe Citizens at the Polls During the Day.

COURT ENJOINS THE WHOLE PROGRAM

Papers Given the Coroner to Serve, but His Most Diligent Search Fails to Locate the Sheriff in His Hiding Place.

Sheriff Power remained in hiding all day yesterday and all of last night to evade the service of a restraining order issued by Judge Baker at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon to prevent the sheriff from violating the election law which he has sworn to enforce. The papers were placed in the hands of Coroner N. P. Swanson, who made every effort to serve them, but without avail. When the coroner entered the jail one of the deputies remarked that they were expecting him and had no information to impart concerning the fusion sheriff, who fully expected that his trickery would be headed off.

At an early hour this morning the coroner visited the home of Sheriff Power on South Tenth street, but the family refused to answer the doorbell. Lights were burning in the house and there was every evidence that members of the family were at home. Another visit to the jail failed to bring the hiding sheriff to light. A party of democrats watched every move of the coroner and kept Power informed as to his whereabouts. It was reported that Power attended the Bryan meeting at the pavilion on Capitol avenue, but he either was not there or disappeared before Mr. Swanson and his assistants succeeded in locating him.

Why the Order Was Issued.

The restraining order was issued on the relation of Chairman Ostrom of the republican county committee, who set forth in his petition the fact that Sheriff Power and others were in a conspiracy to enlist a large number of deputies prejudiced in favor of the fusion candidates for the purpose of coercing and intimidating voters. In the capacity of county commissioner Mr. Ostrom protested against the county being put to such unnecessary expense, maintaining that it is the duty of the police departments of Omaha and South Omaha to preserve order at the polls. He pointed out to the court that the police are fully able to preserve peace at the polls and that the appointment of deputies by the sheriff is illegal and only for the purpose of hindering the clerks and interfering with the election.

Judge Baker granted the following restraining order, the service of which the tricky sheriff avoided:

Upon application of the plaintiff for an injunction, upon his petition duly verified, it being necessary that the defendant have notice of the application before an injunction is granted, it is therefore ordered that said cause be set for hearing on the 6th day of November, 1900, at 9:30 o'clock a. m. before the Honorable Jacob Fawcett, judge of the district court, at court room No. 6 in The Bee building, in the city of Omaha, Neb., and that the plaintiff be forthwith required to notify the defendant of the time and place of said hearing, and that until further order of the court a restraining order is allowed against the defendant, any and all his deputies, and all other persons acting for or under said defendant, restraining him from calling or causing to be sworn in any special deputy sheriffs to serve at or near any polling place within the cities of Omaha or South Omaha in Douglas county, Neb., on the 6th day of November, 1900, A. D., or from placing or causing to be placed, and from permitting any special deputy sheriffs to be stationed or remain at or about any polling places in the city of Omaha or South Omaha on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1900; that the said sheriff be restrained from interfering in any way with said election, to be held on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1900, or from doing any act or thing to prevent any elector legal of either of the cities of Omaha or South Omaha or the county of Douglas from casting his vote for the person or candidate of his choice at the election on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1900; that the said order shall become of effect upon the plaintiff executing an undertaking in the sum of $500, as required by law, to be approved by the clerk of the court.

B. S. BAKER,
Judge of the District Court.

Power Flees Early.

As soon as the republican committee heard that the sheriff was about to swear in his political henchmen for the purpose of furthering their own interests at the expense of the county, action was taken to prevent such corrupt and illegal action. Before the sheriff had succeeded in commissioning more than a dozen of his men, rumors of the efforts to interfere with such proceedings came to the sheriff, and, profiting by his experience last spring, he disappeared as effectively as if the ground had swallowed him up and kept under cover.

Another evidence of disreputable tactics adopted by the fusionists was the arrest of Councilman Harry B. Zimman on a warrant sworn out by Pat Ford, who connected the Third ward councilman with the alleged illegal registration of some Russian Jews. The case was brought in Justice Baldwin's court and Mr. Zimman was immediately released on bond. The councilman's friends resent the attack as an outrage and Mr. Zimman asserts that he does not even know the persons who are said to have registered illegally. Many fusionists in the Third ward are disgusted with the employment of such political methods and have announced that they will not stand with a party which stoops to such low practices in the hope of gaining votes.

Governor Sayers' Course Approved.

GALVESTON, Tex., Nov. 5.—The Galveston Deep Water Commission, which has in hand the preparing of the measures for state and federal government relief in relation to the late hurricane, today passed resolutions taking notice of a possible impression that Governor Sayers had been derelict in calling a special session of the legislature to relieve Galveston. The commission says Governor Sayers' course has its entire approval, as Galveston will require more substantial assistance than can be accomplished by an appropriation from the state treasury. The commission praised the governor and the people of Texas for what they have done.

Subscribe to World's Fair.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—Late this afternoon $250,000, the largest subscription yet made to the World's fair local fund of $5,000,000, was handed to William H. Thompson, chairman of the finance committee. It came from the St. Louis Transit company and the Suburban railroad, the two companies controlling the street railways of St. Louis. A quarter of a million dollars was the sum originally apportioned to the street railway interests and this subscription will make the closing of the local fund a comparatively easy matter.