

GIVES ITS ANSWER

State Department Takes Up Anglo-German Agreement as to China.

REPLIES SENT TO BOTH LONDON AND BERLIN

Principles of Note of July 3 Are Enunciated in Similar Terms.

POLICY OF THE OPEN DOOR ENDORSED

Impartial Trade and Integrity of Chinese Empire Are Upheld.

NEither MENTION IS MADE OF THIRD CLAUSE

Secretary Hay with Diplomatic Sagacity Avoids Committing the Country Where Commitment is Not Necessary.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—The State department today made public the British-German agreement respecting the maintenance of the "open door" and territorial integrity of China, with the answer of the United States government, sent in duplicate to each of the principals to the agreement.

Mr. Hay to Lord Pauncefote: Department of State, Washington, D. C., Oct. 29, 1900.—Excelsior: I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your note of the 23d of October containing the text of an agreement between Great Britain and Germany relating to affairs in China, which was signed in London on the 16th inst. by the marquis of Salisbury and the German ambassador, and in which the principles of the open door and the territorial integrity of China are enunciated.

These principles are: That permanent international interest that the ports on the rivers and littoral of China should remain open and free to trade and to every other legitimate form of economic activity for all nations of all countries.

It is a matter of great and permanent international interest that the ports on the rivers and littoral of China should remain open and free to trade and to every other legitimate form of economic activity for all nations of all countries.

The United States government has heretofore made known its adoption of both these principles. During the last year both governments have received satisfactory assurances to that effect from all of their subjects.

When the recent troubles in China broke out, the United States government, in the interest of the integrity of the Chinese empire and the gratification of learning that all the powers held similar views, and since that time the most gratifying harmony has existed among all the powers concerned.

It is therefore with much satisfaction that the president directs me to inform you of the full expression of the United States government in the agreement above referred to in the clauses of the agreement above cited.

The third clause of the agreement provides: "In case of another power making use of the complications in China in order to obtain in any form whatever, such territorial advantages as are not open to all powers, the United States reserves to itself the right to take such steps as may be necessary to protect its own interests in China."

As this clause refers to a reciprocal arrangement between the two high contracting powers, the government of the United States does not regard itself as called upon to express an opinion in respect to it.

A similar note mutatis mutandis was addressed on the same day by the secretary of state to the imperial German chargé d'affaires.

POWDER MAGAZINE BLOWS UP

Many Persons Reported Killed by Explosion Due to Lightning.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 31.—The Daily News reports that a powder magazine at Naikin has been exploded by lightning and that many persons were killed or injured and much property destroyed.

Accessible to Japan.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Japanese minister, Kato, has informed the government of the Associated Press today that he had delivered a note to Lord Salisbury in which Japan unconditionally assents to the Anglo-German agreement in China.

Japan Access to Treaty.

BERLIN, Oct. 31.—The formal reply of Japan, unreservedly assenting to the terms of the Anglo-German agreement, has been received at the German foreign office.

From South Africa to China.

TURKISH, Natal, Oct. 31.—The Gordon Highlanders, who have been ordered to sail for China in a few days.

BOTH WILL NOT SURRENDER

Admits Defeat, but Will Fight on as Long as Boers Are of that Mind.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—A related dispatch from Pretoria tells of the failure of the British negotiations with General Botha for the surrender of the Boers. Botha received General Buller's flag of truce courteously and admitted his defeat, but said it was impossible to treat for surrender as long as any burghers wished to continue the war.

Boers to Be Welcomed to Rhodesia.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Mail, "will oppose the settlement of Boers in Damaraland, but will welcome them in Rhodesia and will grant favorable terms after the war to induce them to settle there."

Botha Heading for Cape Colony.

PRETORIA, Oct. 27.—Intelligence has been received here that Commandant General Botha is marching with a strong force to invade Cape Colony, near Kenhardt, where, it is said, the irreconcilable Boers are ready to join him.

Heavy Sugar Imports.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 31.—The imports of sugar at this port during the month of October eclipsed the record for any corresponding period in the history of the port. More than 20,000 tons of raw sugar have been delivered on the wharves of the sugar piers since October 1.

Kept Not to Visit Victoria.

BERLIN, Oct. 31.—In spite of the definite statements in the German papers that Emperor William will visit Queen Victoria there is the best reason for believing he will not do so.

Be Fooled Twice

Knew Oct. 28.—To the Editor:—Four years ago Mr. ... said we had to have free coinage of silver at the rate of 16 to 1. I find that is a mistake and I cannot support Mr. Bryan's paramount issue, imperialism, or Aguinaldo and his proposed government, but can support McKinley and prosperity. Yours truly, W. H. CALKINS.

CLIP COUNT BONI'S WINGS

French Court Gives His Brother-in-Law Control of His Wife's Entire Fortune.

PARIS, Oct. 31.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram).—Today in the first division of the civil court of Paris George Gould was appointed administrator of his wife's estate.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

Count Boni's attorney simply rose to say his client had authorized his wife to plead, then George's lawyer briefly stated the case, saying that as the family was distressed at the appointment in the name of the count's husband, the count's attorney, represented by Bonnet, a celebrity of the Paris bar, Anna's attorney opposed the petition simply as a matter of formality, she having consented on Friday last, when examined by the civil judge, to the appointment.

LANSLOWNE IS A SURPRISE

Salisbury's Choice Proves a Facer for British Cabinet Makers.

LONDON PRESS JEERS AT THE APPOINTMENT

Ministerial Supporters Say He Will Be but Chief Clerk and Joseph Chamberlain is Sulky as Ever.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Oct. 31.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram).—Lansdowne's appointment to be foreign secretary created a feeling of surprise approaching stupefaction among the ministerial ranks.

The only consolation is the reflection that he virtually will be merely Salisbury's head clerk. His promotion to the most important office in the state is regarded also as throwing the responsibility of the war office business directly on the president. Lansdowne is essentially a safe, unadventurous minister, and the queen highly approves the selection as a counterpoise to Chamberlain, whose recklessness it is known has been causing the queen profound anxiety. It is generally surmised that Chamberlain is sulking over Salisbury's reconstruction scheme, as placing further obstacles in his path to the premiership.

To placate him his son Austen is to be promoted to the ministry of works and, it is even stated, to be included in the cabinet. Ritchie's transference from the Board of Trade to the admiralty means nothing, while Lord Balfour of Burleigh's appointment to the war office indicates that Salisbury is determined to deal gently with abuses in that department.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—If the Daily Telegraph's announcement has been a mere feeler to ascertain the temper of the public toward Lord Lansdowne's appointment he would certainly never be minister of foreign affairs, but although the secretaryship has not been officially declared, it is accepted as a set thing.

Standard is Plain Spoken. The Standard says that it has learned that Lord Selborne, under secretary for the colonies, and Hon. St. John Broderick, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, will enter the cabinet and that Charles Thompson, Ritchie, president of the Board of Trade, will be given a higher post. It adds: "The appointment of the marquis of Lansdowne as our secretary of state is a most surprising and unexpected event. He has not the character and qualifications for such a position. The only plausible excuse for the appointment is that Lord Salisbury will still control the foreign office, while Lord Lansdowne relieves him of his routine duties."

The Daily Mail, which professes to believe that such an appointment is possible, says: "If Lord Lansdowne is appointed foreign secretary and some other gentleman of agreeable manners is made first lord of the admiralty, the country may lament a great opportunity lost forever."

The Daily Chronicle says: "We will not quibble over the country would have voted quite so 'kiki' had it known of this appointment beforehand."

The Daily News observes: "Presumably the explanation of the appointment is that Lord Salisbury wants a man he can easily control in foreign affairs, which would have been impossible if Mr. Chamberlain had been appointed. In fact, Lord Salisbury will still be the foreign minister with Lord Lansdowne as his clerk."

The Times to a large extent takes the view of the liberal organ, namely that Lord Salisbury will now find time to be the real premier, and to exercise greater control over the whole cabinet instead of a mere nominal control. It believes the report of Lord Lansdowne's appointment and defends him against newspaper attacks, and says: "These critics would find it hard to indicate whom they would find better fitted for the post."

AMERICAN BANKS TO HELP Financing of Swiss Railroads is Undertaken by Dr. Von Siemens of Deutsche Bank.

BERLIN, Oct. 31.—Dr. Von Siemens, president of the Deutsche bank, is in Paris arranging negotiations for financing the Swiss railroads. The transaction, it is said, involves a loan of 200,000,000 francs at 4 per cent, which will be raised chiefly by American banks, assisted by English, French, German and Swiss financiers. The matter attracted much attention on the bourse today.

New York Times' Exposition Issue. PARIS, Oct. 31.—The last issue of the Paris exposition edition of the New York Times appeared yesterday. The paper had been published daily, except Sundays, since May 1 and has been one of the striking features of America's exhibit to the exposition extending over the entire continent. The closing ceremony was witnessed by the American officials. The official issue contained a large number of letters tendering congratulations. Among these are communications from Mr. Plé, M. Cambon, General Horace Porter, Commissioner F. W. Peck, Consul Gowdy, M. Jules Claret, M. de Rodays, editor of the Figaro, and seven United States consuls in Europe.

Polish Editor is Sent to Jail. BERLIN, Oct. 31.—For some time the Prussian government has been proceeding against anti-German agitators and a considerable number of Polish editors have been imprisoned for such agitators. Today Ladislaw Siemiatkowski, editor of the Praca, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for an offensive article.

Socialist Successor to Liebknecht. BERLIN, Oct. 31.—The election of a socialist successor to Liebknecht, who died in the water and the shocks were not severe enough to cause any damage.

Madrid Takes Marine Portfolio. MADRID, Oct. 31.—General Acargara, the premier, has accepted the conditions of Rear Admiral Ramon in reference to an increase in the naval budget and the latter was sworn in today as minister of marine.

Population of the City of Mexico. CITY OF MEXICO, Oct. 31.—The census shows this city has over 400,000 people. The population in the federal district, including the capital city, is in excess of 500,000.

Dowie Holds Last London Meeting. LONDON, Oct. 31.—John Alexander Dowie, the Chicago Zionist, held his final meeting in London yesterday. He announced that he would leave a deacon to carry on the work.

Ransom in His True Colors.

Edgar Howard in Papillon Times, April 1, 1877.

On the first day of the legislative session the Times picked Senators Ransom and Howell as the leaders of the corporation contingent in that body. The picking was not an evidence of smartness on our part, for, indeed, any man who has watched the course of those worthies in recent years could and would have done so as well as we did. Speaking of Ransom and Howell, what a disgrace the free silver forces which elected them. Hand in hand in every scheme to aid in corporation robbery, back to back to fight against the sharp shafts of public criticism will shame gamblers' bills to passage. Shame's crown for shame is the fact that these traitors bear the democratic name.

(Copyright, 1900, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, Oct. 31.—(New York World Telegram—Special Telegram).—Lansdowne's appointment to be foreign secretary created a feeling of surprise approaching stupefaction among the ministerial ranks.

The only consolation is the reflection that he virtually will be merely Salisbury's head clerk. His promotion to the most important office in the state is regarded also as throwing the responsibility of the war office business directly on the president. Lansdowne is essentially a safe, unadventurous minister, and the queen highly approves the selection as a counterpoise to Chamberlain, whose recklessness it is known has been causing the queen profound anxiety. It is generally surmised that Chamberlain is sulking over Salisbury's reconstruction scheme, as placing further obstacles in his path to the premiership.

To placate him his son Austen is to be promoted to the ministry of works and, it is even stated, to be included in the cabinet. Ritchie's transference from the Board of Trade to the admiralty means nothing, while Lord Balfour of Burleigh's appointment to the war office indicates that Salisbury is determined to deal gently with abuses in that department.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—If the Daily Telegraph's announcement has been a mere feeler to ascertain the temper of the public toward Lord Lansdowne's appointment he would certainly never be minister of foreign affairs, but although the secretaryship has not been officially declared, it is accepted as a set thing.

Standard is Plain Spoken. The Standard says that it has learned that Lord Selborne, under secretary for the colonies, and Hon. St. John Broderick, under secretary of state for foreign affairs, will enter the cabinet and that Charles Thompson, Ritchie, president of the Board of Trade, will be given a higher post. It adds: "The appointment of the marquis of Lansdowne as our secretary of state is a most surprising and unexpected event. He has not the character and qualifications for such a position. The only plausible excuse for the appointment is that Lord Salisbury will still control the foreign office, while Lord Lansdowne relieves him of his routine duties."

The Daily Mail, which professes to believe that such an appointment is possible, says: "If Lord Lansdowne is appointed foreign secretary and some other gentleman of agreeable manners is made first lord of the admiralty, the country may lament a great opportunity lost forever."

The Daily Chronicle says: "We will not quibble over the country would have voted quite so 'kiki' had it known of this appointment beforehand."

The Daily News observes: "Presumably the explanation of the appointment is that Lord Salisbury wants a man he can easily control in foreign affairs, which would have been impossible if Mr. Chamberlain had been appointed. In fact, Lord Salisbury will still be the foreign minister with Lord Lansdowne as his clerk."

The Times to a large extent takes the view of the liberal organ, namely that Lord Salisbury will now find time to be the real premier, and to exercise greater control over the whole cabinet instead of a mere nominal control. It believes the report of Lord Lansdowne's appointment and defends him against newspaper attacks, and says: "These critics would find it hard to indicate whom they would find better fitted for the post."

REBELLION A SEVERE ONE Casualties in Civil War, Colombia Already Numbered in Thousands.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—C. Hart, United States minister to Colombia, South America, who has arrived here and is on his way to his home in Wheeling, W. Va., said in an interview: "Matters in Colombia are rapidly mixed. The liberals started a second revolution a few days ago and it has developed great strength. The fighting has been fierce, and up to date the killed and wounded have numbered 10,000."

While the liberals have met with much success, it is my belief that the government will be eventually successful. But the revolution is seriously disturbing business. General Prospero Pinzon is in command of the government forces, and the revolutionaries are commanded by General Rafael Uribe. The scene of the trouble is in the Department of Cauca."

NOT AFTER AMERICAN LAND Germany Denies Story of Lease of Coaling Station Off Venezuela.

BERLIN, Oct. 31.—The Cologne Gazette, containing the dispatches of the Associated Press of October 29, authoritatively denies the stories of Germany's contemplated lease from Venezuela as a coaling station for the island of Margarita, and adds: "Germany does not covet any acquisition in the vicinity of the American continent."

Anti-Tax Riots in Roumania. LONDON, Nov. 1.—There have been serious anti-tax riots, says the Vienna correspondent of the Daily Express, in the Serad district of Roumania. Two local officials were killed and the troops who were sent to enforce payment were resisted by the peasants, who killed eight of them.

Parnell's Estate Sold. DUBLIN, Oct. 31.—The Avondale, the estate of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, was sold at auction today by the lord judge's court. The purchaser was Mr. Dwyer, a friend of John Howard Parnell, brother of the famous Irish statesman.

Venezuela Will Pay Its Debts. CARACAS, Venezuela (via Haytian Cable), Oct. 31.—The government has decreed the resumption of payment of interest on all debts and loans from November.

EARTHQUAKES IN FLORIDA Four Distinct Seismic Shocks Extending Over Hours Felt at Jacksonville.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Oct. 31.—Eight distinct earthquake shocks were felt in Jacksonville today. The first shock was at 11:35 o'clock a. m. and shook some of the large buildings in the city. At 11:45 another shock, equally as severe, was felt and continued at fifteen-minute intervals until 12:30 o'clock.

At 4:04 o'clock this afternoon the seventh shock was felt, followed four minutes later by a report and shock, the severest of the day. The last disturbance made the window panes rattle in several sections of the city. There was no disturbance noticeable in the water and the shocks were not severe enough to cause any damage.

GOLD IS NOT HERR KRUGER'S Provincial Court at Hamburg Seizes Bar of Estimated Value of \$500,000.

HAMBURG, Oct. 31.—The provincial court has laid an embargo upon a bar of gold of the value of 2,500,000 marks, which arrived at Cuxhaven today on the Imperial Mail steamer Buntarab from Delagoa bay. This step was taken, it is alleged, for the sole purpose of reimbursing insurance companies here for gold withheld by the Transvaal government during the war. The Hamburgische Borsenblatt, however, denies a rumor that the gold was shipped by Mr. Kruger.

Estimate of Cotton Crop. NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 31.—Final reports of the "Times-Democrat" correspondent place the cotton crop for 1900-1901 at 7,000,000 bales.

HAS HABIT OF SEEING THINGS

Alleged Interviewer of Cleveland Person of Unsound Mind.

FRIENDS MAKE EXCUSE FOR ESCAPADES

Has Spent Late Years Wandering About the Country as a Phenologist—Possesses Pendant for Sensations.

CLINTON, Ia., Oct. 31.—(Special Telegram).—R. J. Black, who is the author of the alleged interview with ex-President Cleveland, in which the ex-president is made to appear in parody of Bryan, is a very eccentric man. He is very deaf and is decidedly eccentric. He has been a traveling phenologist for years and loves sensations. He has been involved in various escapades, that his friends excuse as the result of lack of mental balance. With him truth is a joke. He resides in Vinton, Ia., and for years has been roaming about the country.

NO MORE BODIES ARE FOUND Search in Ruins of Tarrant Explosion Fails to Develop Anything Definite.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—A revision made tonight of those persons missing and dead in the explosion in the explosion and fire at Tarrant & Co.'s drug house shows twenty-five unaccounted for. Of this number four are not known at the addresses given by the persons reporting them as missing. Out of the whole number eight are put down by the police as employees of Tarrant & Co.

Not a single body had up to 10 o'clock tonight been found in the ruins, though what looked like parts of bodies have been dug out. It begins to look as if what remains in the mass of debris which still cumbers the place will be totally unrecognizable as of human composition, even should the workmen find them. This is because of the tremendous heat caused by the explosion and the fire and the fusion of materials, running together. The service will also be established at Marion, Minn. county, Ia., on November 1. It will cover an area of thirty-seven square miles with a population of 579. Frank Simpson is appointed carrier.

James A. Cook, of Watertown, S. D., was appointed clerk in the land office at Rapid City, S. D.

Confirm Report of Appointment. WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—(Special Telegram).—Major Robert Mitchell, assistant adjutant general of volunteers, with upon the discontinuance of the Department of Western Cuba, November 15, proceed to Omaha, reporting to the commanding general of the Department of the Missouri for duty as relieving captain of the Fourth cavalry, of the duties of that office. Captain Robert Brown, assistant quartermaster of volunteers, has been relieved from duty at Chicago and will proceed to Sheridan, Wyo., to take charge of the construction of public buildings at Fort Mackintosh.

Rural fire delivery will be established at Garrison, Benton county, Ia., on November 1. The service will embrace an area of forty-three square miles with a population of 575. C. E. Bryant was appointed carrier. The service will also be established at Marion, Minn. county, Ia., on November 1. It will cover an area of thirty-seven square miles with a population of 579. Frank Simpson is appointed carrier.

James A. Cook, of Watertown, S. D., was appointed clerk in the land office at Rapid City, S. D.

Confirm Report of Appointment. WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—(Special Telegram).—Major Robert Mitchell, assistant adjutant general of volunteers, with upon the discontinuance of the Department of Western Cuba, November 15, proceed to Omaha, reporting to the commanding general of the Department of the Missouri for duty as relieving captain of the Fourth cavalry, of the duties of that office. Captain Robert Brown, assistant quartermaster of volunteers, has been relieved from duty at Chicago and will proceed to Sheridan, Wyo., to take charge of the construction of public buildings at Fort Mackintosh.

Rural fire delivery will be established at Garrison, Benton county, Ia., on November 1. The service will embrace an area of forty-three square miles with a population of 575. C. E. Bryant was appointed carrier. The service will also be established at Marion, Minn. county, Ia., on November 1. It will cover an area of thirty-seven square miles with a population of 579. Frank Simpson is appointed carrier.

James A. Cook, of Watertown, S. D., was appointed clerk in the land office at Rapid City, S. D.

Confirm Report of Appointment. WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—(Special Telegram).—Major Robert Mitchell, assistant adjutant general of volunteers, with upon the discontinuance of the Department of Western Cuba, November 15, proceed to Omaha, reporting to the commanding general of the Department of the Missouri for duty as relieving captain of the Fourth cavalry, of the duties of that office. Captain Robert Brown, assistant quartermaster of volunteers, has been relieved from duty at Chicago and will proceed to Sheridan, Wyo., to take charge of the construction of public buildings at Fort Mackintosh.

Rural fire delivery will be established at Garrison, Benton county, Ia., on November 1. The service will embrace an area of forty-three square miles with a population of 575. C. E. Bryant was appointed carrier. The service will also be established at Marion, Minn. county, Ia., on November 1. It will cover an area of thirty-seven square miles with a population of 579. Frank Simpson is appointed carrier.

James A. Cook, of Watertown, S. D., was appointed clerk in the land office at Rapid City, S. D.