No other aid so great to the housewife, no other agent so useful and certain in making delicious, pure and wholesome foods, has ever been devised.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

There are imitation baking powders, sold cheap, by many grocers. They are made from alum, a poisonous drug, which renders the food injurious to health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

NEBRASKA IS FOR M'KINLEY

Chairman Lindsay of the Republican State Committee Makes a Statement.

PREDICTS MAJORITY OF AT LEAST 5,000

Complete Poll of State Has Been Received and Tabulated—Fusionists' Claims Have No Foundation.

"McKinley will carry Nebraska by a majority of easily 5,000 to 7,000," said Chairman H. C. Lindsay of the state republican committee yesterday. It was the first official estimate made by the state chairman during the campaign; he has not indulged in surmises until the poll of counties was complete, and he has the actual names and places on which to base his calculation.

"The complete poll of the state has been received and tabulated," said Mr. Lindsay. "The committeemen from each county have sent in the names of every voter in their jurisdiction, giving his party affiliations as republicans, democrats or doubtful. The last class has been divided on a ratio generous to the fusionists, and the result is as I say. The lists are catalogued and it is simply a matter of counting the names.

"From the very opening of the campaign the reports from every precinct in the state have been encouraging without an exception. The gains are not confined to any one quarter, but reach from the southeast to the northwest. A number of precincts, especially in the cattle country, have been carefully canvassed and show not a single fusionist voter where four years ago they met you at every corner.

"The partial crop failure which, as a rule, would be counted a boom for the fusionist cause, will be of little effect. The only agricultural district where crops were burned out is in the southwestern part of the state. In the western and northwestern counties the chief interests are in cattle, and the ranchmen are getting such high prices that their votes will come our way as a matter of common sense and business policy.

"The fusionists claim that they are making gains in the eastern counties is without foundation. Our information shows that we are fully as strong in this end of the state as ever before."

The state committee is working night and day cleaning up the business of the campaign and attending to the final rush. A considerable amount of literature is being sent out as a final shipment. It is judged that literature will have no effect after this week and that department of the headquarters will close on Saturday. The influence of speakers, however, will be of effect until the last day of the campaign, and no effort is being spared by Chairman Rigg of the speakers' bureau in this line of work.

TODAY, October 26, 1900, is REGISTRATION DAY.

In order to vote at the coming election **YOU MUST REGISTER.** Previous registrations will not be good this year.

In reply to the question put by the registrars, "With what political party do you wish to affiliate?" answer: "The republican party." This is necessary under the law to qualify you to participate in republican primaries.

Registrars sit in the various precincts from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.

BE SURE TO REGISTER AS A REPUBLICAN.

The following is a list of the registration places:

FIRST WARD.

First District—1018 South 10th street.
Second District—1704 South 10th street.
Third District—2606 South 13th street.
Fourth District—1122 South 7th street.
Fifth District—1703 South 10th street.
Sixth District—2545 South 10th street.
Seventh District—1119 South 6th street
Eighth District—1813 South 5th street

SECOND WARD.

First Distriet—1523 Leavenworth street
Second District—1923 Leavenworth street.
Third District—1222 South 20th street.
Fourth District—1259 South 16th street
Fifth District—1443 South 16th street.
Sixth District—1430 South 16th street
Seventh District—2204 South 16th street
Eighth District—2332 South 29th street
Ninth District—1301 Vinton street.
Tenth District—1710 Vinton street.
Eleventh District—2307 Vinton street.

THIRD WARD.

First District—1419 Jackson street.
Second District—1512 Harney street.
Third District—1405 Capitol avenue.
Fourth District—302 North 15th street.
Fifth District—1513 Webster street.
Sixth District—503 South 13th street.
Seventh District—314 South 12th street.
Eighth District—1120 Capitol avenue.
Ninth District—1203 Chicago street.
Tenth District—301 South 9th street.

FOURTH WARD.

First District—1610 Capitol avenue.
Second District—2301 Davenport street.
Third District—2416 Davenport street.
Fourth District—Booth at 25th avenue and Farnam street.
Fifth District—220 South 17th street.
Sixth District—422 South 18th street.
Seventh District—1756 Leavenworth street.
Eighth District—314 South 20th street.
Ninth District—2520 Dewey avenue, rear 2567 Harney street.

FIFTH WARD.

First District—3806 Sherman avenue.
Second District—2825 Sherman avenue.
Third District—2612 Sherman avenue.
Fourth District—1806 Sherman avenue.
Fifth District—2223 North 20th street.
Sixth District—1441 North 19th street.
Seventh District—1106 North 18th street.

SIXTH WARD.

First District—4540 North 30th street.
Second District—4719 North 40th street.
Third District—4213 Military avenue.
Fourth District—3704 North 30th street.
Fifth District—3014 North 24th street.
Sixth District—2901 North 30th street.
Seventh District—1910 North 33d street.
Eighth District—2220 North 26th street.
Ninth District—2625 Franklin street.
Tenth District—2307 North 24th street.
Eleventh District—1701 North 24th street.

SEVENTH WARD.

First District—2719 Leavenworth street.
Second District—1312 South 29th avenue.
Third District—2106 South 33d street.
Fourth District—2515 South 29th street.
Fifth District—Booth at 29th and Hickory streets.
Sixth District—1321 South 29th street, barn in rear.

EIGHTH WARD.

First District—1318 North 24th street.
Second District—2904 Hamilton street.
Third District—2609 Cass street.
Fourth District—2558 Cuming street.
Fifth District—823 North 20th street.
Sixth District—2024 Chicago street, barn in rear.
Seventh District—1721 Cuming street.
Eighth District—1623 California street.

NINTH WARD.

First District—3013 Cuming street.
Second District—3878 Hamilton street, rear.
Third District—3928 Farnam street.
Fourth District—3304 Davenport street.
Fifth District—2866 Farnam street.
Sixth District—3016 Leavenworth street, barn.

SENTIMENT IN SOUTH OMAHA

Directors of Auditorium Project Hear Some Views and Variations.

MAYOR KELLY IS INTENSELY PATRIOTIC

Dinner Party at Which the Matter is Gone Into and Relations Between the Two Towns Are Discussed.

South Omaha's interest in the auditorium project was debated at a complimentary dinner tendered representatives of the different interests of South Omaha by the board of directors of the auditorium at the Her Grand Thursday night. The guests were: Mayor A. R. Kelly, W. J. C. Kenyon, Robert C. Howe, J. G. Martin, Bruce McCulloch and Denna Allbery, representing South Omaha, and those who responded to the limited number of other invitations issued were: Fred Nash, member of the advisory board, Isaac W. Carpenter and John S. Knox. At this meeting the closely allied interests of the two cities were mentioned by the several gentlemen who spoke during the evening and a happy hit was made by Charles S. Elgutter, general counsel of the auditorium committee, when he spoke of the immense project that has been undertaken as the "Greater Omaha auditorium."

After the dinner was completed President F. E. Sanborn of the board of directors made the opening address of the evening. "I want to say just a word," he said, "speaking as a director of the Omaha Auditorium company and for the benefit of our visitors from South Omaha. Omaha is going to build an auditorium. Active operations will begin in about sixty days and the date of completion will be about September 1, 1901. Omaha does what it undertakes in earnest and the fact it has demanded an auditorium makes the project as good as done.

"We firmly believe that the building of an auditorium in this city will not alone benefit Omaha. An auditorium such as I have outlined, such as we want and such as we propose to have, will not only benefit Omaha, but will be a source of satisfaction and a benefit to every man in South Omaha and Council Bluffs and all the citizens of Nebraska. It seems to me, as to all of the men interested in the project, that the building of this auditorium will be one means of helping along the material interests of this city as much as anything else we could do, considering the amount of capital, labor and energy employed in it."

Interests All Identical.

"I have been much interested in this enterprise," said John S. Knox, who followed President Sanborn, "from the beginning. South Omaha appreciates the magnitude of this enterprise, for her citizens are used to great, big things. I know that ever since South Omaha was born she has considered herself, notwithstanding her separate municipality, in all matters of public moment that involved Omaha just as much a part of this city as though constituting one of its ward subdivisions."

Isaac W. Carpenter complimented the members of the board of directors on the work they have already accomplished in the matter of the auditorium and the plans they have outlined for future operations. He credited the inception of the project to the Commercial club.

Fred Nash, a member of the advisory board, stated his hearty sympathy with the project and paid a high compliment to the hustling abilities of the men who have taken it upon themselves to secure stock subscriptions. "You gentlemen are certainly not lagging," he said, "in your efforts to make this plan a reality and I can assure you that if all your committees approach everybody as they did me, calling upon me for a subscription as president of the Electric Light company, they will raise $1,000,000."

"The president of this association has said that this is a great enterprise," said W. J. C. Kenyon. "It doesn't seem so to us in South Omaha. We think it's an easy matter. It affords the opportunity for Omaha to show the entire country that we have as many people here as we had ten years ago by starting out and building an auditorium such as you have outlined. The amount necessary, $250,000, does seem a large one viewed from the standpoint of an individual, but dividing it up among the inhabitants of a big city like Omaha it isn't much. Omaha has at least 140,000 inhabitants, notwithstanding the figures of the last census, and it seems to me that it ought to be easy to raise $1,000,000 for an enterprise like this. I am heartily in favor of the auditorium and I will take pleasure in recommending to the board of the Union Stock Yards company that it be liberal in its subscriptions to the enterprise."

Mayor Kelley a Trifle Coy.

Mayor Kelly of South Omaha: "In regard to this auditorium matter I can not speak for our people, but only as an individual citizen. We have contributed liberally, financially and by personal presence, to everything that has taken place in Omaha—for instance, the Ak-Sar-Ben festivities and the expositions. In return we have called upon Omaha people for very little. I firmly believe that in case South Omaha people attempt any enterprise of importance your citizens would co-operate with us. We have now no ventures or any great undertakings, but we expect to have and when we do we will call on you for assistance. We are now contemplating the erection of a hall large enough to accommodate local conventions, also an opera house and a large commercial hotel. Whether or not the Commercial club of my city would endorse a project that would bring stock conventions and live stock shows to your city is a question I am not in a position to answer. These attractions in Omaha naturally bring people to patronize your local institutions, and this is what our people are trying to get."

Robert C. Howe said: "I feel that the quicker this auditorium is built the better. As far as the interests of South Omaha are concerned we are entirely with it. You can depend on South Omaha people to do all in their power to help make the enterprise a success."

"I have always considered the interests of Omaha and South Omaha as common interests," said J. G. Martin, "and I am heartily in favor of the auditorium project. I hope that it will be carried through to a successful issue and I assure you gentlemen that I will do what little I can do toward that end."

Bruce McCulloch said: "Unquestionably there exists in South Omaha two opinions with regard to anything distinctively an Omaha project. Our mayor has stated one and Mr. Martin has stated the other. I believe there is rather the more pronounced opinion that whatever conduces to the betterment of Omaha is in a measure reflected in the city on the south. At the outset of this auditorium project, however, it is well to look the situation squarely in the face and realize that our mayor has stated the position of many of the people in South Omaha. As a matter of fact, we have hardly been treated as a younger brother, but rather as a kid that didn't amount to much."

Omaha Has Helped Always.

Denna Allbery followed with a few remarks in which he stated his good feeling toward the auditorium project.

C. E. Elgutter spoke briefly upon the advantages of an auditorium for South Omaha as well as Omaha, and when he spoke of the project as the "Greater Omaha auditorium" the sentiment was cheered to the echo.

Secretary Utt of the Commercial club spoke briefly, stating his belief that South Omaha should give the auditorium undivided financial and moral suppport. "The Commercial club of Omaha," he said, "has at all times looked upon South Omaha as a composite part of this city. We have always stood ready and willing to help along any of its projects. We have helped carry on some of its most notable rate wars, and our club has been in a measure instrumental in gaining some great victories in the matter of freight tariffs. When any manufacturing firms have decided to locate in Omaha we have never discriminated in favor of this city in the matter of sites, but have considered and recommended South Omaha upon the same footing."

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

Name and Residence.	Age.
J. J. Jones, Lake Preston, S. D.	24
Eva V. Swanson, Lockridge, Ia.	23
Claude M. Ball, Omaha	22
Agnes M. Garner, Colon, Mich.	23

BRYAN'S MISTAKES OF MOUTH

Some of the Bad Breaks He Has Made Are Pointed Out by Winter.

The Fifth Ward Young Men's Republican club met last night at Sixteenth and Locust streets and was addressed by Charles E. Winter. For nearly two hours Mr. Winter spoke on the issues of the present campaign, setting forth the principles of the republican party in a manner that called forth much applause. Much of the speech was devoted to the so-called issue of imperialism which Mr. Bryan and his followers have been attacking.

"There is nothing in all this talk about no man being good enough to govern another without the consent of the goverend. The republicans do not favor governing people against their will as a general proposition, but in many cases this is necessary for a time. Jefferson Davis and the confederacy were governed without their consent. As soon as the Filipinos show that they are capable of maintaining a stable government, they will be granted independence."

The speaker discussed the bitter attacks the democrats have made upon Marcus A. Hanna and compared him with Croker of Tammany Hall fame, the man who dominates the Bryan organization and dictated every plank in the Kansas City platform. "Hanna is at the head of the republican party, but he is no boss. He made President McKinley the republican nominee for the presidency four years ago against the will of many party manipulators and since that time has done his best to carry out the wishes of the great majority of the republican voters. But granting that he is a boss," Mr. Winter continued, "is it not better to have a clear-headed, upright business man at the head of a party rather than the leader of the most corrupt political ring in America? Is not an honorable citizen to be preferred to a man who is supported by the most disreputable elements in New York city?"

In conclusion the speaker urged all republicans to vote the straight ticket and insure the election of a republican delegation to Lincoln. He pointed to Douglas county' failure to pull itself out of the mire of populism, while less fortunate parts of the state have returned to the republican ranks. All eyes are turned upon Nebraska in this campaign and the state must not fail to choose legislators who will send two good republicans to Washington.

GERMANS SHOW GOOD WILL

Tuetons Disapprove of Abusive Pamphlets and Call Upon Germans to Support E. Rosewater.

The German-American Republican club of Douglas county at its meeting last night took up the matter of circulars recently circulated attacking the candidacy of Edward Rosewater for the United States senate. The authors of the circular were strongly denounced and the tone of the effusion deprecated. It was unanimously decided to issue an appeal to the German voters of Douglas county, calling upon them to rally to the support of Mr. Rosewater in return for the good will he has shown the German citizens and work he has done in their behalf. A translation of the appeal was ordered printed in The Bee and any other papers which would publish it.

In regard to the excursion to Millard next Sunday, it was decided to leave Germania hall at 10:30 a. m. in carryalls and it was anounced that Editor Kraft of the Chicago Staats-Zeitung would accompany the excursionists and deliver an address in German at the grounds at Millard. Candidates and other orators will accompany the crowd.

Fifteen applicants for membership in the club were admitted and a short address was delivered by Rev. Mr. McKay of Plattsmouth, who devoted his time to a discussion of imperialism.

COMMON SENSE AMONG BOHEMIANS.

Foreign Vote in Butler County Will Go to Party of Prosperity.

Joseph Metausek, an influential Bohemian from Butler county, was in a position to report to the state committee conditions among his fellow countrymen at Brainard and elsewhere in the county. "The Bohemian voters are numerous enough to throw the result either way and if they do as they say they will the republicans will cut into the adverse majority of 700 by at least one-half," said Mr. Metausek. "The Bohemian voter, however, is rather an inscrutable person. He will apparently acquiesce in everything a fusion orator says and then nail a picture of McKinley on his stable door. He is given to keeping his own counsel and voting as he thinks his interests lie, which is certainly a most satisfactory habit for us. The crops are good and the farmers are all paying off their old democratic mortgages. In Brainard township we will get about half of the 265 votes. We are not making many prophecies, however, and prefer to save our breath for work up to the last minute.

"This republican campaigning is somewhat of a new business for me, as I was a democrat until 1896, when Bryan's extreme views made it impossible for me to stay with the party."

WESTSIDERS TALK POLITICS

Candidates for Local Offices and N. C. Pratt Address Good Audience at Hibbler's Hall.

A rousing republican meeting was held last night at Hibbler's hall, Forty-fifth and Leavenworth streets, under the auspices of the Republican Knights of America. About 100 voters of the Seventh and Ninth wards were present and all took a lively interest in the discussion of current issues. The principal speaker of the evening was N. C. Pratt. All the others to address the meeting were candidates and spoke in the following order: William Christie, Fifth ward, candidate for member of the school board; Gus Harte, candidate for reelection as county commissioner; Fred M. Youngs, candidate for the legislature; Vaclav Buresh, candidate for the legislature. The meeting was called to order by J. M. Rollo, chairman.

Mr. Pratt touched upon all the prominent issues of the campaign, bearing with special emphasis upon Bryan's unfulfilled prophecies of four years ago to the effect that ruin and want would follow in the wake of McKinley's election. "Never before has our country been blessed with such prosperity," said he. "In no country on the globe have the common people as good homes or are their children as well clothed, fed and educated as in America."

UNION LABOR WAS ON BOTH SIDES.

Mercer's Stand on Anti-Scalping Bill No Injury to Workingman.

"I do not wish to notice such an attack," said Congressman Mercer yesterday when an article in a morning paper regarding his position on the anti-scalping bill was shown him. "I will simply say that if certain labor organizations were opposed to it, I received just as many petitions from molders, machinists and other trades in its favor. The stand I took was a conscientious one and was so recognized by union labor. As a proof of that I have here a vote of thanks from a number of unions, the first of which, the Columbia Typographical union of Washington, was mentioned in the article as being violently opposed to my course on the anti-scalpers' bill.

The resolution Mr. Mercer referred to was joined in by six printers', bookbinders' and stereotypers' unions in Washington and spoke cordially of the congressman as the workingmen's friend in assisting to defeat an amendment to the pension bill (S. 2, 179), deemed inimical to the cause of labor.

A Card.

The manufacturers of Banner Salve have authorized the undersigned to guarantee it for burns, cuts, sores, ulcers, tetter, eczema and all skin diseases. You have your money back if it doesn't do all it claims. Myers-Dillon Drug Co., Omaha; Dillon's Drug Store, South Omaha.

NO ROOM FOR MR. MOREARTY

Deaver Faction is Invested with All Rights to Title of "Mid-Road Populists" on Ballot.

The troubles in the ranks of the mid-road populists over the respective rights of the Deaver and Morearty factions over a place on the official ballot are still unsettled. After Judge Fawcett handed down his ruling on Wednesday requiring the designation of the faction which does get on the ticket as mid-road populists and leaving the county clerk to decide which faction is entitled to the place, the Deaver faction, through Simeon Bloom, its attorney, moved for a rehearing of its protest against the placing of the Morearty faction on the ticket. Clerk Haverly had overruled this protest on the ground that it had been filed too late. He has also overruled the motion for a rehearing. An appeal was taken to the district court, which was heard yesterday afternoon. When the case came up before Judge Fawcett testimony was heard concerning the paucity of attendance at Morearty's snap convention last August and the circumstances surrounding it, and as a result of the testimony the court held the convention illegal, a quorum of the county committee having previously postponed the convention to a later date. This decision, of course, prevents County Clerk Haverly from putting the Morearty ticket on the official ballot and leaves the Deaver ticket in possession of the right of way to the designation of mid-road populists.

E. F. Morearty at once declared his intention to appeal and a transcript was ordered prepared with speed, with a view of presenting the appeal at once to the supreme court in chambers. J. B. Jones, chairman of the fusion populist committee, was present in behalf of the Morearty ticket and will foot the bill for carrying the case up.

D. Clem Deaver says that the purpose of the Morearty movement was to crowd the Deaver ticket off the ballot and then resign, leaving the mid-roaders with no ticket of their own.

BEST TALENT FOR BENEFIT

Press Club Finds the Way Made Easy for Its Performance—Ticket Reservations Are Postponed.

A meeting of the Omaha Press club was held yesterday afternoon at the Commercial club, a large attendance being present from each of the daily and weekly papers of the city. Arrangements for the benefit on November 3 were found to be progressing even more favorably than anticipated. The management of "The Burgomaster" stands ready to do more than it had promised and will put on in addition to the prologue and grand cakewalk the kangaroo dance and a number of monologists whose recitals will be more or less of a local nature. The Orpheum and Trocadero will furnish their topliners and the whole will make up an attractive array of professional talent. The club decided to tender the contributing artists a reception after their day's work was done on November 3 at the Schlitz roof garden.

A change was found necessary in the reservation of tickets. Tickets may be reserved on Wednesday of next week, instead of on Monday as at first announced. The tickets are being disposed of with gratifying rapidity. All of whom favors have been asked have responded with a willingness which convinces the newspaper fraternity that there is room for a press club in the city.

Notice!

There will be a special meeting of the Omaha Central Labor Union at Labor Temple Sunday, October 28, at 10 a. m., to consider matters concerning the Electrical Workers' union No. 22 and Thomson-Houston Electric Light company.

ASA TAYLOR,
President C. L. U.

Club Women Study Art.

The art department of the Woman's club was largely attended yesterday, the subject being, "Famous Pointed Gothic Churches of Italy." The church of St. Francis of Assisi was especially discussed, also St. Francis' life and character and his influence upon art. The subjects were well illustrated by a number of interior views of these famous churches.

Property Holders Waive Damages.

All of the persons who own property along Twenty-fourth street in the vicinity of the proposed Twenty-fourth street viaduct have consented to waive damages, and the city attorney is securing their signatures to a waiver. This work will be completed before the end of the week and the railroads have notified the city officials they will commence to build the viaduct next week. The interested property holders are Mary A. and Adam Elliott, Da[illegible] W. and Margaret Shull, E. A. and K[illegible] Jackman, Charles F. and Ida M. [illegible] and Mary M. Reed.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Three additional cases of scarlet fever were reported to the city health commissioner yesterday.

The commissary department of the United States army at Omaha is opening bids on the quarterly supplies today.

An overcoat belonging to M. L. Sears was stolen by a sneakthief Wednesday from his boarding house, 1609 Douglas street.

Flags were at half-mast on the federal building out of respect for the memory of John Sherman, whose funeral took place yesterday.

The police have received word from Wall Lake, Ia., that the depot at that place was broken into Tuesday night and robbed of a case of shoes valued at $24.

Nye, Schneider & Co. of Fremont were the lowest bidders for supplying the United States with 3,000,000 pounds of oats for use in the Philippines. They bid from 81 to 87 cents per hundredweight.

In several homes in Omaha Christmas boxes are now being filled. They will be forwarded to the Philippine islands on the first transport to leave San Francisco and will reach the men in the trenches shortly before Christmas.

The Pacific Express company reports to the police the theft of a package from one of its wagons containing a boy's suit of clothes. A few hours after the theft the package was found in an alley near the spot where the wagon stood. It still contained the trousers and vest, but the coat was missing.

Charles P. Matthewson, agent of the Omaha and Winnebago Indians, is in the city. He tells of a fight at the agency in which Dave Rice stabbed Frank Walker, inflicting injuries which were thought to be fatal. Both parties are fullblood Winnebagoes and whisky was at the bottom of the trouble.

When Grace Stephens re-entered the wine room of a saloon at Thirteenth and Cass streets to join Joe Brown, with whom she had been drinking, she was surprised to find it empty. Brown was gone and so was her pocketbook and watch, which she had left upon the table. She explained to the police that her acquaintance with Brown had extended over a period of three minutes. "Brown" is at large.

Standard Seamless Rubber Gloves.

The most useful, perfect and satisfactory toilet glove yet produced, causes the hands to become white and beautiful. Price $2.00

The Aloe & Penfold Co., Druggists, 1408 Farnam St

Kimball Pianos—

We have just received a new stock of these elegant pianos—in all the newest and latest designs of case—and would invite you to give us a call and inspect them—Kimball pianos are noted for their very fine and costly veneers—and tone is unexcelled—ask for our second hand bargains—from $25.00 up to $175—easy terms. Organs from $10.00 up.

A. HOSPE,
Music and Art. 1513 Douglas.

Leaders Of Them All—

The Hanan and John Foster makes are the finest shoes ever put on a woman's foot. These are in French enamel, patent leathr, vici kid, box calf and ideal kid—the new leather that has become so popular on account of its beauty and wearing qualities—the military heel—the full French Louis XV heel—the high Spanish arch—and, above all, their perfect fitting qualities. You cannot leave this store with an ill-fitting shoe. This is the only store in Omaha where you can see a Hanan & Foster shoe. Come in and see the new one in button style.

Drexel Shoe Co.,
Omaha's Up-to-date Shoe House.
1419 FARNAM STREET.

CULLED from the Field of POLITICS

An Omaha workingman who has vital recollections of the soup house days of democracy propounds a few questions for fellow laborers to think about, and expresses the hope that popocratic leaders will furnish the desired information. The questions are:

1. Why did so many men work on the county road for pork and beans in 1894?
2. Could they not get work and receive money for it as they do now?
3. How is it the same men now have money and live on porkchops and pie?
4. Why don't they work as then and go to the county store and receive their pay in pork and beans, as they did then, instead of money, as now?
5. Why is it there is no army marching to Washington? Can't Coxey find men to go?
6. If not, why not? Are they too busy and can't spare the time?
7. How is it we laboring people are buying homes for ourselves to live in when four and five years ago we could not pay rent?
8. How can the Bryan pushers expect to get our vote this year, after telling us we would starve if McKinley was elected four years ago? And we have never seen work so plentiful as now and wages as good.

Senator Hoar thus concisely points out the absurdity of the democratic statements about trusts: "It does not seem to me it can be necessary to say anything further on this subject, for certainly the position of the democratic party upon trusts is too infinitely absurd to be taken seriously. When you consider the Bryan remedy to put upon the free list the greatest protected industry of the country, provided a few people, perhaps conspiring to that very purpose, get up a trust to manufacture the article, when you consider that of the three great managers of Bryan's campaign, Jones of Arkansas, Croker and Tillman, two are defendants in suits in their own states for violating the laws against trusts and the other is the head of the greatest voting monopoly, the impudence of their attitude becomes sublime."

The Chicago correspondent of the Atlanta Journal (dem.) sizes up the situation in Illinois in these words: "As the day of election draws nearer the democrats are realizing the probability of republican success in Illinois. They find it almost impossible to overcome the great republican influence in this state. The weak point of the democratic party in Illinois is the fact that it has little newspaper support. In Chicago there are only two democratic papers and one of them is only three months old. Hearst's Chicago American and the Chicago Chronicle are the only papers in this city and state of any importance which are supporting the democratic ticket, and their influence does not begin to compare with that of the big republican papers. On the other hand, McKinley and Roosevelt are supported by the Chicago Times-Herald, the Chicago Tribune, the Chicago Inter Ocean, the Chicago Journal, the Chicago Post and others. The Chicago Record and the Chicago Daily News have assumed an independent attitude, with republican leanings."

Observers of preparations for the big parade of sound money men in New York City on the evening of November 3 say that the bill for carnations, which marchers will wear in their buttonholes, will foot up $7,500. The florists of New York have made a flat rate at $50 a thousand for these flowers. The estimates are on a basis of 150,000 marchers. Western florists have volunteered to help out on the orders for the carnations but the New Yorkers expect to be able to supply the demand themselves. There are manufacturers of imitation carnations who want to furnish blossoms made of paper, which look just as good as the real thing, but they have been refused.

"Rarely, if ever," writes the New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, "has there been an election in which such overwhelming confidence in victory has possessed one of the parties so long in advance of the balloting. The republicans are now sure of success. This is not leading them, however, to relax their efforts, as they intend to make assurance doubly sure."

Ex-Secretary Charles S. Fairchild, who served during President Cleveland's first administration, is taking an active part for the republican ticket. He still insists that he is not a republican, but says he will do anything in his power to defeat Mr. Bryan. Four years ago he voted for Palmer and Buckner. He will be one of the speakers at a mass meeting in Madison Square Garden tonight in honor of Governor Roosevelt.

William E. Curtis writes to the Chicago Record. "The Honest Money Democratic league of Maryland has over 20,000 members, every one of whom is in active business, a property owner, an employer of labor and a member of the democratic party. In 1896 President McKinley had 32,222 more votes in Maryland than Mr. Bryan. This was the direct result of the work of the Democratic league. Every ballot cast for McKinley by the Honest Money Democratic league is equivalent to two against Bryan and even if they lose one half their members the vote of the remainder will give McKinley 12,000 or 15,000 majority in the state."