ROOSEVELT TALKS AT HURON

Probable Policy of Jefferson and Jackson in Philippines That of McKinley.

UNAMERICAN TO YIELD UNDER FORCE

Speaker Shows from Records of Democracy That the So-Called Imperialism and Militarism Are Things it Has Endorsed.

HURON, S. D., Sept. 12.—Governor Roosevelt was conducted to the place of speaking at this point immediately upon the arrival of the train today. There was the usual crowd upon the streets, the brass band and the same hurrah and cheer that have greeted the travelers everywhere upon this journey. A very notable feature of the parade here was 250 rough riders in khaki uniforms, who made a fine appearance. Leading them were twenty young women mounted upon horses and wearing the Roosevelt hat.

The train remained at this place an hour or more, during which time speeches were made by several parties, Governor Roosevelt, of course, being the one all were anxious to see and hear. The day was perfect. The party will remain at Brookings tonight and proceed on its journey at daylight tomorrow.

Speech at Mitchell.

In his speech at Mitchell today Governor Roosevelt covered ground not before gone over on this itinerary. He said in part:

I want to call your attention to just one of the questions that Mr. Bryan takes delight in calling paramount. What we call expansion is what has pleased him to give the twin name of imperialism and militarism. In the first place, here in this state of South Dakota, I want to recall to you its history. In 1802 South Dakota belonged to Spain, just precisely as the Philippines belonged to Spain in 1867. Then it was sold by Spain to France, because Spain thought, quite properly, that we would be apt to take possession of it, and as France was then under the great Napoleon they thought that he, with his tremendous military reputation, would keep it as a barrier between themselves and Mexico and California, which then still belonged to Spain.

Napoleon made up his mind that he would either have to sell the territory to us or fight for it, and as he had a good balance on his hands in Europe, he thought he would sell it, and President Jefferson bought it. He paid $15,000,000 for it, the purchase money being paid just as President McKinley paid the purchase money for the Philippines. Mr. Bryan says that President McKinley bought the inhabitants of the Philippines for $2.50 a head. In that case President Jefferson bought the inhabitants, white, black and red, of the land then purchased at a somewhat exorbitant price. The whole truth is that it is simply nonsense to talk about the purchase of the inhabitants in either case. The land was acquired by treaty and purchase in the one case as in the other. That is all there is to it. Mr. Bryan says that the consent of the governed doctrine applies there. We bought the islands from their owners, Spain; we bought this territory from its owner, France, but we did not hold a mass meeting here of the Sioux, or even of the white men in Louisiana, to determine whether we had a right to purchase or not. We purchased it because this nation had to extend westward. Very well. In other words, we got it from France just exactly as we got the Philippines from Spain, by treaty and purchase. Then President Jefferson at once sent an armed force of United States regulars and United States volunteers to prevent any outbreak here, just exactly as an armed force was sent to the Philippines when Aguinaldo threatened an outbreak.

Declaration of Independence.

Then there came the question of giving a government to this territory. President Jefferson had himself drawn up the Declaration of Independence. He was an expert on it and I would entrust him to interpret it quite as readily as I would entrust our friend from Nebraska to interpret it. He said it was nonsense to push the theory of that document to such an extreme as to make it apply to a population that was absolutely as unfit for self-government as children. These were the words that he used about the original inhabitants of these territories as they then were, and they apply today in the same way to the Philippines. If you had tried to induce self-government among the Sioux of that day and had said it was wrong to go in and take possession of the country, this would be yet a land of savages. It would have impaired and dwarfed our people and it would have been the worst possible thing for the Sioux.

Then came the question of establishing a government for this territory. Here President Jefferson, being a sane man and being surrounded by men who possessed common sense, did not take any such absurd position as saying that the constitution had followed the flag here. He chose Governor Clark. You know how Lewis and Clark, in 1803, came up the Missouri river and crossed the continent for the first time and showed our people where our country lay. He came back and President Jefferson made Clark the governor of all this territory around the upper Missouri just exactly as Governor Allen has been made governor of Porto Rico, and just exactly as Judge Taft and his associates have been sent into the Philippines. Being a common sense, practical man, he, with the rulers of our republic, then started in with such a government as the territory was fit for. A little later an occasional Indian chief headed an outbreak, just exactly as Aguinaldo has headed an outbreak.

Probable Policy of Jackson.

President Jefferson and his successors, Andrew Jackson, who in his day was esteemed a middling good democrat, did not say that these various Indian chiefs were second or third or fourth or fifth Washingtons. They said as to that matter: "We will send our soldiers out and have peace; when you settle down for peace you will be treated with more than justice." Just that is being done today in the Philippines. It was not the habit of the American people—who are genuine Americans, the people who have good fighting stuff in them, to cower down and be afraid to enforce order where the flag floats. Andrew Jackson did not beg the Seminoles to cease firing on his troops. He did not say to them: "Please be so kind as to stop killing my soldiers." Some people think today that if Andrew Jackson were president and if any outbreak occurred in any part of our territory that he would not beg the insurgents to stop, but he would stop them. Then he would do justice to them. As Andrew Jackson was a man in whose veins ran red blood instead of white, what he said went. The outbreaks were put down and these various anti-imperialists and various embryo Washingtons were treated as they deserved to be treated, as men. It is a travesty to mention the names of such men with that of Washington. They were treated as we are going to treat Aguinaldo and the insurgent chiefs who are with him. We are going to put a stop to bloodshed in the Philippines, and going to give them a greater measure of liberty than they have ever known, and give it to them under the American flag. The exact terms under which we are going to give it to them will depend on the report of the commission now out there endeavoring to find out exactly the amount of self-government for which they are fit.

Now, gentlemen, can you point out any essential difference in the way in which we acquired, in the early stages, the government of South Dakota and the adjacent territory and the way we have acquired the Philippines. There is not a particle of difference. If one was imperialism, the other was imperialism. As a matter of fact, the first was expansion and the second is expansion.

Big Meeting at Brookings.

BROOKINGS, S. D., Sept. 12.—The special car of W. D. Cantillon, general superintendent of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company, bearing Mr. Cantillon and other railroad officials, was attached to Governor Roosevelt's special train today and the railway officials placed their private coach at the disposal of the many callers and committees sent out in advance to escort Governor Roosevelt to their respective towns. During the day many receptions took place and numerous speeches were made from the platform of the car and from specially arranged street stands. The feature of the day was a meeting held near the courthouse grounds in a tent at this place. A torchlight procession escorted the governor's carriage through the streets of the city, which were lined by crowds of men and women and children. The tent was filled. A special excursion train brought people from points as far distant as Flandreau and picked up parties at all intermediate points.

The speech of Governor Roosevelt was short and mainly devoted to topics already mentioned by him. After the speech the governor retired to his private coach, exhausted and glad to rest after a hard day's work.

ROUGH RIDERS AT TRAIN

Roosevelt is Met at Chamberlain by a Company of Grigsby's Third Regiment.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Sept. 12.—When the Roosevelt train arrived here today a company of Rough Riders who were members of Colonel Grigsby's Third regiment was at the station with a large part of the inhabitants of the town and surrounding country. A wagon load of fullblood Indians formed a part of the parade and a brass band composed entirely of young Indians led the procession which escorted Governor Roosevelt and his party to the speakers' stand. Governor Roosevelt, not being able to get near enough to the mounted men, jumped over the railing of the stand to the ground and was soon among them.

"I would like to stay here all day," he exclaimed with delight as he again mounted the platform preliminary to making his short speech. The men appeared well pleased and cheered and cheered again. Governor Roosevelt was followed by Senator Knute Nelson, who made a brief address.

Governor Roosevelt said in part:

When I hear people talking now about the dangers of militarism, of a danger to this great free country, of an army smaller than the smallest army of the smallest European power, I think of the army you could raise here by lifting your finger, and its quick reply to any call. It is a shame that such phantoms should be put forth to frighten the people. It is difficult to answer such things. This cry is raised to try and blind the people to their obvious duty at this time.

I would not care to belong to a nation that dares not face danger and difficulty, and dared not do a job that came to hand because they thought it hard and difficult. You, of the great civil war, when your country called you, responded to that call like men, and for that reason you have left us proud of being Americans and proud of our citizenship. We are in the Philippines because we went to war wth Spain. We went to war and struck her wherever we could. We were not on a picnic. We took the islands in the east and west and it would have been better for us to have stayed at home than now to leave the job half done, better never to have begun there than to show ourselves weaklings and to flinch from doing work when we started in to do it.

I see here not only men of the type that made up the great bulk of my regiment, but I also had with me a number of Indians and half-breeds, largely from schools such as this. Every man in my regiment was treated according to his worth as a man. As soon as a man travels our way we will treat him exactly as we treat any other man. We have not expanded over this country on any such theory as they invoke now on the other side of these political questions for the purpose of preventing people from understanding our position. They talk about our ruling without the consent of the governed. Now, in this country every man has got to do his share. The Filipinos have got to obey the rules that go with Uncle Sam. Whenever they do then they will be treated not only squarely, but they will be treated better than they have been treated in their lives. They have got more liberty now than they ever had before. Now, I ask you to stand with us in carrying out that policy which will make us proud of being a nation. I ask you to stand with us because if we shirk our work now we not only wrong ourselves and create contempt from other nations of the earth but we will be guilty of gross and foul treachery to the people who have confided in us. We should do our full duty in this as in all things and as true Americans should do.

ORMAN CARRIES OFF PRIZE

Pueblo Man Nominated for Governor by Democrats of Colorado at Denver.

DENVER, Sept. 12.—The democratic state convention nominated J. B. Orman of Pueblo for governor at an early hour this morning.

The following have been nominated by the different conventions pursuant to the fusion plank:

Congressman—First district, John F. Shafroth, silver republican; Second district, John C. Bell, populist.

Presidential electors—B. H. Eaton, Weld county, silver republican; T. M. Patterson, Arapahoe, populist; Charles J. Hughes, Arapahoe, democrat, and J. H. Robeson, Clear Creek, democrat.

Secretary of state—David A. Mills, Arapahoe county, populist.

Treasurer—Dr. J. N. Chipley, Pueblo county, silver republican.

Supreme court judge—Robert W. Steel, Arapahoe county, silver republican.

Superintendent of public instruction—Mrs. Helen L. Grenfell, Gilpin county, silver republican.

Attorney general—C. C. Post, Clear Creek county, populist.

DENVER, Sept. 12.—All night the conference committee of the state conventions of the democratic, silver republican and populist parties of Colorado were in session at the Brown Palace hotel and though numerous rumors floated around the corridors at no time was any definite information given out as to the progress made.

That fusion would be the ultimate outcome was not doubted, but on what basis it would be secured was a question. The democratic party will receive the greater number of offices, but with the many rival democratic candidates for governor and aspirants for the offices it is regarded as among the possibilities that one of the other parties may secure the head of the ticket.

When the democratic convention was called to order its conference committee reported that there was little prospect of reaching an agreement. It was announced that the conference committees of the populist and silver republican parties wished to appear before the democratic convention. The necessary permission was given. Hon. Thomas Patterson presented the latest proposition of the populists and silver republican parties as follows: Democrats to have governor, auditor, two electors and one regent; silver republicans, supreme judge, treasurer, superintendent of public schools, one elector and one congressman; populists, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, one elector, one regent, one congressman. He made a strong plea for joint action of the silver forces.

He was followed by Senator Teller, who asked that his party be treated fairly, but declared whatever action this convention took he expected to vote for the democratic candidates for president and governor.

Ex-Governor Alva F. Adams followed with a strong speech in favor of fusion, creating a whirlwind of enthusiasm. A motion to renew the conference was carried almost unanimously and a recess was taken.

MACHINE DOES ITS WORK

Croker-Murphy Candidate Gets Democratic Nomination for Governor at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Sept. 12.—With the approach of the hour for the reassembling of the New York state democratic convention there developed evidences that the expectation of a hot fight between the organization and the Hill elements was not to be realized and that the threat of the Hill people to carry the business of the convention over to tomorrow would not be permitted to be carried out.

The committee on credentials, while it had been suggested might unseat Hill men and seat organization men, was instructed from Murphy-Croker headquarters to treat contestants absolutely on their merits and give the benefit of any close decision to the Hill delegates, that there could be no minority report. As a further step toward making the work of the convention smooth it was announced early in the day that State Senator W. F. Mackey had decided to accept second place on the ticket, waiving his claim upon the gubernatorial nomination.

The convention was called to order half an hour after the appointed time and the committee on credentials reported. It was received with mingled cheers and hisses and when the motion of its adoption was put the galleries joined in voting in the negative. Temporary Chairman McCaren declared the report adopted. The committee on permanent organization reported in favor of George Raines of Monroe for permanent chairman and he was elected.

On calling the roll for nominations for governor ex-Senator Hill responded for Albany county, naming Bird S. Coler, controller of New York City, for the place. The speech was received without demonstration by the delegates, although the galleries applauded.

Judge S. S. Taylor of Chemung presented the name of John B. Stanchfield.

The ballot resulted: Stanchfield, 294; Coler, 154; Mackey, 1.

Mr. Hill moved to make the nomination of Mr. Stanchfield unanimous, which was done.

John T. Norton of Troy was nominated for secretary of state; Edwin G. Atwater of Dutchess for comptroller; John B. Judson for state treasurer; Thomas Conway for attorney general, and Russell A. Stewart for state engineer.

William F. Mackey of Buffalo was nominated for lieutenant governor by acclamation.

Relative to trusts the platform specifically condemns such "corporation combinations as the 'Ice trust' and denounces all combinations of capital known as 'trusts' as inevitably and intolerably unjust both to producer and consumer," one result of which is "to destroy all individual enterprise and to rob the young men of the country of the fair competition which in democratic times constituted the great glory of the nation and admitted the advancement of our youth."

Nominated for Congress.

FARIBAULT, Minn., Sept. 12.—Captain A. J. Lowe has been named by the people's party of the Third Minesota district for congress.

WATERTOWN, Wis., Sept. 12.—Republicans of the Second district today named Herman B. Dale of Mount Horeb for congress.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Sept. 12.—W. R. Leaken of this city was nominated by the republicans today for congress from the First district.

BAY CITY, Mich., Sept. 12.—Lee E. Joslyn of West Bay City was nominated for congress today by the Tenth congressional district democratic convention.

Hepburn Will Speak at Maryville.

MARYVILLE, Mo., Sept. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—Congressman W. P. Hepburn of the Eighth Iowa district has consented to come to Maryville Saturday, September 22d and make a speech at a republican meeting upon condition that Senator A. W. Brewster of St. Joseph shall go to Iowa and make a speech in his district during the campaign. Mr. Hepburn will be given a big meeting here.

DAKOTA FAIR IS A SUCCESS

Attendance at Yankton Indicates That the Enterprise is a Money Maker.

YANKTON, S. D., Sept. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—Attendance at the state fair today was a record-breaker and with special excursions and attractions for balance of week indications are that the citizens' guarantee will not be drawn on for the first time in sixteen years of the fair's existence and that a fair-sized sum will be left over after expenses are paid.

Twenty-five hundred people were on the grounds today, more than on any day since 1897. Tomorrow will be Yankton day and every business house will be closed during the afternoon. The program will include a sham battle by the veterans of the First South Dakota volunteers.

This evening's carnival was a gorgeous event. The South Dakota firemen are in session and the principal features was a parade of firemen, race, etc. A banquet of fire laddies followed.

The judges today awarded the first prize to the Desmet creamery. The exhibit in this department is the best in the number of exhibits and in quality of any ever shown here. Races today were as follows:

Trotting, 2:25 class: Camiac won, Embark second, Monkey Meyers third. Time: 2:33.
Pacing, 2:35 class: Davy Crockett won. Time: 2:33.
Running, half mile: Glador won, in :52½.
Trotting, 2:45 class: Dispatch won, Lady Almoner second, Gray C third, May H fourth.
Pacing, 2:25 class: Mayola won, Plenty second, I A C third.

WESTERN PACKING STATISTICS

Output for the Week Far in Excess of What the Wise Ones Were Looking For.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—The Price Current says: Offerings of hogs continue in excess of earlier expectations. Western packing is 345,000 head for the week, compared with 325,000 the preceding week and 275,000 last year. From March 1 the total is 11,310,000 head, against 10,880,000 last year. Prominent places compare as follows:

	1900	1899
Chicago	3,330,000	3,360,000
Kansas City	1,465,000	1,335,000
Omaha	1,180,000	1,185,000
St. Joseph	901,000	735,000
St. Louis	760,000	735,000
Indianapolis	567,000	595,000
Milwaukee	405,000	422,000
Cincinnati	293,000	309,000
Ottumwa	314,000	334,000
Cedar Rapids	298,000	305,000
Sioux City	383,000	238,000
St. Paul	226,000	173,000

Nothing can exceed the care with which Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne is made.

Population of Cedar Rapids.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The census office announces that the population of Cedar Rapids, Ia., is 25,656, as against 18,020 in 1890. This in an increase of 7,636, or 42.38 per cent.

The Largest Brewing Plant in the world produces the celebrated tonic MALT NUTRINE, that boon for invalids and convalescents. Made only by the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n, which fact guarantees its merit. Sold by all druggists.

WAR ENDS IN TRANSVAAL

Dispatches Indicate Complete Collapse of Boer Resistance to England.

KRUGER RETREATS TO LORENZO MARQUEZ

United States Officer Who Accompanied Boers Cables that Events Require Departure from Scene of Operations.

LOURENZO MARQUEZ, Sept. 12.—President Kruger arrived here last night.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—The following dispatch has been received by the War department from the United States army officer who accompanied the Boers in their campaigns as military observer:

"Lourenzo Marquez—Events have required the departure of the attaches from the Transvaal. Request instructions.

"(Signed) RICHTMANN."

This message is interpreted at the department to mean the complete collapse of the Boer resistance to England. Captain Richtmann has been cabled permission to start at once for the United States.

President Kruger and several Transvaal officers are staying at the house of Mr. Pott, the consul of the Netherlands here. It is reported that they will sail for Europe September 14 on the German steamer Herzog.

ANARCHIST PLOT DISCOVERED

Plans to Kill a Monarch of Europe Are Found in Traveler's Trunk.

MADRID, Sept. 12.—A Swiss recently landed at Santander from the United States and thence proceeded for San Sebastian, where he was arrested and his baggage searched. Important documents were found hidden behind the lining and the bottom of a trunk, revealing an anarchistic plot to assassinate a European monarch.

Russians Christen Village.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 12.—A dispatch from Blagovostchensk describes the ceremony of christening the recently captured village of Sakhalion, on the right bank of the Amur, as being most impressive. The military and civil authorities were present. The officiating pope christened the village Ilinski. The pope during the course of his address said:

"The cross has now been erected on the bank of the Amur, which Thursday was in possession of the Chinese. Muravieff and Amurski, the former governor general of Eastern Siberia, foresaw that this bank would be ours sooner or later.

Swedish Premier Resigns.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Sept. 12.—King Oscar has accepted the resignation of the premier, Erik Gustaf Ostram, for reasons of health and has appointed Admiral Frederick Wilhelm von Otter to be his successor. The other members of the cabinet are not affected by the change and it will not modify the present policy of the government, either in internal affairs or regarding the union of Sweden and Norway.

Head Hunters Kill Japanese.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 12.—The steamer Tartar, from Yokohama reports that head-hunting in Formosa by the aborgines still continues. On August 21 300 aborgines at Taikakan went out on a head-hunting expedition, killing a number of Japanese officials.

Scotland Yard Protects Salisbury.

LONDON, Sept. 12.—The residence of Lord Salisbury here is watched by Scotland Yard detectives owing to threats which are now said to be the work of a practical joker.

Lord Salisbury left Schlucht in the Vosges mountains today for England.

PRESIDENT'S NIECE MARRIED

Wedding of Miss Mabel McKinley and Dr. Hermanus L. Baer Celebrated at Somerset.

SOMERSET, Pa., Sept. 12.—Tjhe McKinley-Baer wedding which this evening united the lives of Miss Mabel McKinley, the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley, and Dr. Hermanus L. Baer was perhaps the most notable from many points of view ever celebrated in the state. The presence of President and Mrs. McKinley, the uncle and aunt of the bride, together with other prominent people from various parts of the United States, gave added interest to the affair. The appointments were superb and the gowns of the women were remarkable for their beauty.

The ceremony began at 8 o'clock in the drawing room of the McKinley residence. At that hour the little ribbon girls in the advance of the procession indicated the approach to the drawing room by unfolding the wide, white ribbons attached to the pillars of the hall at the foot of the stairs. The ushers, Colonel W. C. Brown of New York, William Fairman, E. C. Smith, Frank A. Munsey, Dr. Frank Hanan and John R. Leslie, had already stationed themselves at various points down stairs to assist the guests in finding their places. Following the ribbon girls was Miss Katherine Endsley, a niece of the bride, who carried the bridal bouquet. Then came Master William Shell, a nephew of the bride, carrying the wedding ring on a silver tray. Then followed the groom and best man, Lewis H. Baer. Miss Nora J. Davis, the maid of honor, came after and behind her was the bride, leaning on the arm of her father. The bride was met by the groom between the drawing room door and the marriage bell in the bay window, under which Dr. Morgan was awaiting them. Dr. Morgan at once began the reading of the Episcopal marriage ceremony.

President Kisses Bride.

At the conclusion of the ceremony the groom kissed the bride and first to extend their congratulations were President and Mrs. McKinley. They were followed by Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley, the parants of the bride. The only official recognition in connection with the wedding transpired in the president and his wife embracing their favorite niece and her husband before the parents of the bride had done so.

The congratulations of the guests consumed considerable time. This was followed by the wedding dinner, which was served in a tent on the lawn, save those who sat down at the bride's table, which was in the dining room. At the bride's table were the bride and groom, President and Mrs. McKinley, Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley, Mr. and Mrs. Herman L. Baer, parents of the groom; Governor and Mrs. Stone, Miss Nora Davis, the maid of honor; Lewis H. Baer, the best man; Rev. Dr. Morgan, Colonel W. C. Brown and the grandmother of the bride, Mrs. A. J. Endsley.

Among those at the tables in the tent were: Rear Admiral and Mrs. Crowninshield, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Cheney, Colonel and Mrs. Hines, Frank A. Munsey, Secretary G. B. Cortelyou, Dr. Rixey and General and Mrs. Ludington.

For several hours this evening, while the bride and groom were receiving the congratulations of the guests, the orchestra played almost constantly.

Elaborate Wedding Gowns.

The gowns of the women of the wedding party and the members of the McKinley family vied with each other in elaborateness. The gown of the bride was a masterpiece of the dressmaker's art. It was simple in design, but at the same time exquisitely fitted. Mrs. William McKinley wore a magnificent high neck gown of white lace over pink satin with diamond ornaments. Mrs. Abner McKinley's gown was a beautiful creation of silver grey satin faced with crepe du chine.

Mrs. Madison B. Kennedy, who is prominent in society circles of New York and Chicago, wore an imported gown of lace over white satin. The waist was a mass of sequin pearls and as ornaments she wore a diamond necklace and pendant and a necklace of pearls.

Mrs. Haines, the wife of Colonel Haines, the commandant at West Point, was gowned in white satin, over which was white lace. She wore diamond ornaments.

Will Take Long Trip.

The private car Falmouth of President Duval of the Florida Central railroad was sidetracked here this morning. It will be used through the courtesy of Mr. Duval by the bride and groom on their bridal trip.

During the day a number of boxes and packages containing provisions, as well as the personal baggage of the bride and groom were taken from the McKinley home to the car. A porter and chef will accompany the car on the bridal trip, which will extend to the Pacific coast, where visits will be paid to the two brothers of the groom who reside in California and a cousin of the bride, who lives in San Francisco. There has been no special itinerary arranged, but it is understood that Dr. Baer and his wife will be in Chicago for two days and will visit Milwaukee and several northwestern cities.

Mapes-Fish.

SCHUYLER, Neb., Sept. 12.—(Special.)—Cards are being received from Wamego, Kas., announcing the marriage on Wednesday, September 5, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William N. Fish, of Nora Estelle Fish to Neil H. Mapes. Mr. Mapes is county clerk of Colfax county and left here so mysteriously Saturday, September 2, that his closest friends charged that he departed for the purpose disclosed by the announcement cards. The pair will be at home in Schuyler after September 15.

Inglesby-Delashmutt.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Sept. 12.—(Special Telegram.—At the Methodist Episcopal parsonage this afternoon Albert Inglesby of Omaha and Miss Ella Delashmutt, an excellent young woman of Burlington, were married and left for Chicago.

Hare-Wilson.

CEDAR FALLS, Ia., Sept. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—Dr. E. R. Hare of the medical faculty of Minnesota university at Minneapolis and Miss Maud Wilson were married in this city today. The bride is a prominent musician of this state.

The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. Look out for them. Take only DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases.

Real Estate Men Meet.

Real estate men of Omaha lunched at the Commercial club at noon yesterday, as the guests of the Real Estate exchange. Business formalities were suspended and after luncheon the real estate men listened to an address from Rev. E. F. Trefz on the subject of their business. It was an interesting discourse and was enjoyed by all who were privileged to listen to it.

DIED.

BROWN—Lazar, at his residence, 807 North Twelfth street. Funeral notice later.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate For **Brain Workers.**
Strengthens the exhausted and confused brain, relieves nervous headache, and induces refreshing sleep.
Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

Early Symptoms of
HEART DISEASE
Are
Dizzy Spells—
General Weakness—
Headaches—
Vertigo—
Palpitation of Heart—
Shortness of Breath—
Impaired Appetite—
Lack of Energy—
Disturbed Sleep—
Tendency to Faint—
Dreaming—Nightmare—
Pain or Tenderness in Left Side—
Swelling of Feet or Ankles—
Smothering Sensations—
HUDYAN CURES
50c

THE MOST FATAL MISTAKE THAT MAN OR WOMAN CAN MAKE IS TO OVERLOOK THOSE PREMONITORY symptoms that denote a weakness of the most important organ of the body—the heart. If people would observe the early symptoms as noted above there would be very few fatalities from this dreaded disease. Do not wait until organic distruction has taken place, but cure yourself as soon as one or more of the above symptoms are noticed. There are as many defective hearts as there are defective lungs, stomachs, kidneys, etc.

Since the Discovery of HUDYAN Fatalities from Heart Disease Have Become Less Frequent.

HUDYAN strengthens and regulates the heart's action. HUDYAN rebuilds the broken-down heart structures. HUDYAN has created a new era in medical science, for it is now admitted that heart disease is amenable to treatment. HUDYAN has cured hundreds of men and women; it will do so again.

Omaha, Neb.
DEAR DOCTORS: I was a sufferer for three years with palpitation of the heart, and the doctors told me that my heart was enlarged. I also had dyspepsia very badly. Doctors treated me a long time, but did me no good. I began taking Hudyan three months ago, and within five weeks I was entirely cured. I cheerfully recommend Hudyan.
MRS. W. T. BONNER.

Moline, Ill.
GENTLEMEN: Your Hudyan has been the means of saving my life. I suffered from serious heart disease and doctors told me that I would not recover. I took six packages of Hudyan, which served to remove every trace of my disease. I am today a sound and hearty man, and can work hard. Hudyan is a splendid medicine.
CHAS JOHNSON.

Cleveland, Ohio.
DEAR DOCTORS: I cannot thank you enough for your valuable Hudyan, for it cured me of heart disease, sound and well. The result was far better than I anticipated. I was unable to work, the least exercise would cause me to become dizzy and I would choke up. Hudyan removed these symptoms. I am a living testimonial to the efficacy of your Hudyan.
J. D. PETERS.

HUDYAN cures all diseases of the Blood and Nerves, Nervousness, Weakness, Exhausted Nerve Vitality, Rheumatism, Siatica, Locomotor Ataxia, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Headache, Despondency, Mental Depression, Hysteria, Neuralgia, Pains in the Side and Back, Epileptic Fits, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Mental Worry, Early Decay, Constipation, All Female Weaknesses, Pale and Sallow Complexions.
HUDYAN is for sale by druggists—25c a package, or six packages for $2.50.
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