Telephone 618—621. Bee, Sept. 6, 1900.

Corsets At Half Price

Corset values—50c for the genuine W. B. corset—a gored corset throughout, medium length, perfectly comfortable and good fitting. A corset bargain event that seldom occurs. Regular price, $1.00.

Reduced to 50c Each.

75c each for Royal Worcester W. C. C., also W. B., regular prices $1.75 and $1.50. Long and medium lengths. (Royal Worcester) and (W. B.) are guarantees enough for the shape. A bargain if we have your size.

We Close Our Store Saturdays at 6 P. M.

AGENTS FOR FOSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALL'S PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & CO.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE IN OMAHA.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 16TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

DIVIDE ON OLD LINES

(Continued from First Page.)

will be able to clear the line of communications completely of these wire-cutters and that the military telegraph lines will be kept open, giving rapid communication with the outer world.

Marines Leave Amoy.

Mr. Goodnow has cabled from Shanghai that all of the marines were withdrawn from Amoy last Friday, a matter of news that has been anticipated in the press dispatches, but which is recorded officially here for the first time. It appears that the commander of the Castine was instructed not to land marines, so the United States was not represented in the landing parties.

Statement of Correspondent.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 6.—William Woodville Rockhill, United States special commissioner in China, when questioned today regarding his denial of statements made by him to a correspondent of the Associated Press and cabled to the United States from Shanghai last Saturday, said the State department had cabled him regarding the interview and as he considered the conversational personal he had felt justified in replying that he had given no interview. The correspondent of the Associated Press, on the occasion in question, visited Mr. Rockhill as a correspondent and for the purpose of inquiry whether, in Mr. Rockhill's opinion, Russia would withdraw from Pekin. As Mr. Rockhill did not request the correspondent to refrain from publishing his views, as expressed during the conversation, the correspondent thought he desired to have them made known.

HUGE STRIKE THREATENS

National Board of United Mine Workers Discusses the Situation at Indianapolis.

INDANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 6.—The eyes of the commercial world are turned toward Indianapolis today. The threatened general strike involving 142,000 anthracite coal miners in Pennsylvania is of international interest. If the strike is ordered by the national board of the United Mine Workers, approximately 1,000,000 persons will be affected.

The national board members began arriving last night for the conference today.

The board meeting was called for 10 o'clock, but was delayed until noon on account of the absence of Fred Dilcher, who has been at work in the anthracite fields and is familiar with the situation. The anthracite fields are located in Schuylkill, Susquehanna, Northumberland, Luzerne, Columbia, Carbon and Dauphin counties, Pennsylvania. Hazelton is the central city of the region, and there will be the headquarters of the officers of the United Mine Workers.

To the operators, time has been granted until Saturday to meet the demands of the miners. The feeling among the board members and others here today is expressed without reserve. All say that they hope a clash will be averted, and are waiting to see what will be the answer of the operators.

"The condition in the anthracite region of Pennsylvania was not considered at today's meeting of the executive board of the United Mine Workers of America," said President John Mitchell tonight. "As a matter of fact I have not placed the matter before the board," he continued, "but it has been made a special order for tomorrow's session and will be taken up the first thing. I said some time ago that, in my opinion, there would be a big strike unless the operators agree to meet us in a conference. I have no reason to believe otherwise now. This is my own opinion; I have not talked with the other members of the board about it.

"Information from the anthracite region indicates that the operators will not meet us and from this you can draw your own conclusion as to what the outcome will be."

Coal Operators Decline Proposition.

HAZELTON, Pa., Sept. 6.—Shortly after midnight the committee gave out the following statement:

Rev. E. S. Phillips met here today with the officers of the United Mine Workers of three mining districts for the consideration of the proposition submitted by him at last week's convention. This was that a conference be held between the operators of the coal region and a committee composed of eighteen, twelve miners, four business men and two clergymen, one Catholic and one Protestant. The miners and the operators of the region to confer on the question at issue, while the clergymen and business men were allowed to be present throughout the conference and be privileged to ask any questions which may be suggested by the conference to aid in the amicable adjustment of the differences. Father Phillips, acting as intermediary of the officials, submitted this proposition to all of the larger corporations which could be reached by telephone. The answers received were unfavorable. Then Father Phillips, realizing the urgency of the situation, advanced another proposition, as follows:

"That each company receive a committee of its own employes and discuss the grievances."

On this proposition the operators were not unanimous, some contending that they were always ready to receive committees of their own employes, while others claimed that as superintendents or managers they could not give positive answers without consulting with their superiors.

DRAWS LIKE A LODESTONE

Continued From First Page.

The figures I have given show that mathematically these three hundred so-called "anti-imperialists" were only entitled collectively to so much terror—among them all—as would be represented by a little less than one-thirtieth of a regular soldier. I freely admit their capacity for being frightened, but this amount of menace scarcely seems to entitle even the most sensitive soul to any overwrought sympathy.

Army and Its Undertaking.

Since 1880 the proportion of the regular army has varied somewhat even in times of peace. It has sometimes been lower than it is at present and again it has been higher, as in 1890 when we had one and four-tenths soldiers for every thousand people, and in 1870, when we had one for every thousand people. During the Indian wars on the plains we often had a relatively larger military force than has been employed in the Philippines, and there was just as much chance of "militarism" then as there is now, and no more.

Let any one of you think of his own experience. You know that it makes not one particle of difference to you as regards your private life whether we have ten or twenty regiments of heavy artillery in our coast forces or whether we have ten or twenty regiments of cavalry and infantry engaged in keeping order, whether among the Indians on the plains or among the Tagals in the Philippines. There is no more possibility of a draft or of any serious burden of military service in this country than there is a possibility of George III coming to life again, and the man who proposes to feel frightened about the one might as well express nervousness as to the possibility of the other.

The policy of expansion is America's historic policy. We have annexed the Philippines exactly as we have annexed Hawaii, New Mexico and Alaska. They are now part of American territory and we have no more right to give them up than we have the right to restore Hawaii to the Kanaka queen or to abandon Alaska to the Esquimaux. There is not a particle of difference between the cases. We cannot go back, first, for the sake of the islands themselves and next for the sake of our own honor. The men who are making speeches on the unrighteousness of our expanding in the Philippines might with as much justification incite the Sioux and the Apache tribes to outbreak against us, on the ground that we have no right to retain South Dakota or Arizona. The policy of the Kansas City platform is a policy of economic disaster and financial dishonor at home and of unworthy shrinking from duty abroad; and we appeal to all honest, far-seeing, brave and patriotic men, north or south, east or west, whatever their political affiliations may have been in the past, to stand with us now against the men who would bring such abuse and misery upon our country and to support us, as we uphold the cause of honesty and of industrial well-being at home and the honor of the American flag in the face of all the peoples of the earth.

Nominated for Congress.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Sept. 6.—J. C. Baxton of Forsyth was nominated for congress by the democrats of the Ninth district at Lenoir tonight.

POTTSTOWN, Pa., Sept. 6.—Dr. Christopher Van Artzdalen of Ashbourne was named for congress today by the democratic conferees of the Sixth district.

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 7.—At 1 o'clock this (Friday) morning E. W. Pou was nominated for congress by the democrats of the Fourth district.

MOUNT HOLLY SPRINGS, Sept. 6.—At a meeting of the democratic conferees of the Nineteenth congressional district held here today H. N. Gill of Hanover was nominated for congress.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., Sept. 6.—The district republican conventions made these nominations for congress: Second district, J. D. Sproul; Sixth district, William Graves.

Great Showing in Vermont.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Sept. 6.—The returns for Vermont are all in. A careful scrutiny of the county returns, based on official returns on all but a few towns and in these official figures are being used, show that Stickney, republican, for governor, has a plurality of 31,468 and a majority over all of 30,192. The complete revised returns give these results: Governor, Stickney, republican, 48,466; Senter, democrat, 16,998; all others, 1,276.

The republican plurality this year exceeds by 2,691 the average of the last three presidential years and by 598 the average for the last six years.

Senators Asked to Resign.

HELENA, Mont., Sept. 6.—The republican state convention completed its state ticket and adjourned today. The platform denounces the republican members of the last legislature who voted for W. A. Clark, democrat, for United States senator. A resolution was adopted calling on Senators Hobson, Mitchell, Phillips and Geiger, who were among this number, to resign at once so that other senators can be elected.

Cannot Fuse in Boise.

BOISE, Idaho, Sept. 6.—The democrats and populists have not yet agreed and the outlook tonight is that anything like complete fusion will not be affected.

Send this coupon and

Only 10c

to The Bee Publishing Co., Omaha, Net

For part.....

Paris Exposition Pictures.

Sent postpaid to any address.

Stay at home and enjoy the great exposition. 16 to 20 views every week, covering all points of interest. Altogether there will be 20 parts containing 350 views. The entire set mailed for $2.00.

BRYAN WINDS UP ONE TRIP

His West Virginia Tour Ends with a Meeting at Wheeling.

TELLS HOW HE WOULD KILL THE TRUSTS

Gives Two Proposed Ways of Exterminating the Octopus and Debates Money and Militarism at Some Length.

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 6.—The tour of West Virginia, which was begun last Wednesday by William J. Bryan, was concluded today with a speech at this place. He traveled from Deer Park by the way of Clarksburg and Parkersburg today, making three speeches of length and informal talks at St. Marys and Sistersville. At the Parkersburg meeting ex-United States Senator J. N. Camden presided. He supported Palmer and Buckner four years ago.

The meeting at Clarksburg was held in Haymond grove. The crowd faced Mr. Bryan from a high hillside, fronting the speaker's stand located at the foot of the hill. The community has a tendency toward republicanism and Mr. Bryan's speech was an appeal to republicans to investigate party questions.

"You can't always tell the character of an egg from the outside appearance," he said, "and I want you republicans to examine the inside of your egg and see if it is as fresh as it may seem to be on the outside."

He thought that many men are too much inclined to follow the party platform without giving the subject any thought of their own and he was sure sufficient investigation would convince them of the insincerity and inconsistency of the republican party. They would find this true on the financial, trust and military questions. When asked to explain their positions they would invariably fall back upon the plea of prosperity. With the republicans prosperity is like charity—it covers a multitude of sins. As for the prosperity of which we hear so much it was like the milk sickness of the old time—it was always in the next county. He again instanced the report of his big oat crop and used it as an illustration of the fallacy of the representatives of the prosperous condition in the country. He again elaborated the statement that the cost of necessary articles of consumption had increased out of proportion to the increase of the cost of labor and he quoted the representatives of the commercial failures, which were growing more and more frequent.

New Phase of Imperialism.

Speaking of imperialism Mr. Bryan said the question had not yet been passed upon by the people, who were now to have their first opportunity to state their views upon the subject. The president only had taken a position, the judiciary and congress had done nothing, hence the importance of the consideration of the subject before it was too late. He instanced the Porto Rican bill as an illustration of what the republican party would do in other cases. In that case the party had assumed itself superior to the constitution and the president endorsed this position.

The meeting closed soon after noon and Mr. Bryan left for Parkersburg.

His speech at Parkersburg was devoted exclusively to the question of imperialism. Discussing the title to the Philippine islands Mr. Bryan said: "Who says the Lord gave them to us?

To this question a voice in the crowd responded: "Mark Hanna." This response elicited a shout and Mr. Bryan replied: "While I am not prepared to deny that God does speak through the human voice, I do think that when He gets ready to speak to the American people He will choose some other mouthpiece than that of Mr. Hanna."

The meeting tonight was held on the wharf. The stand from which Mr. Bryan spoke was located on the water's edge and his auditors occupied the rising ground in front of him.

Talks of Finance.

Mr. Bryan spoke for an hour and three-quarters, making this the longest speech he has delivered during the campaign. At the beginning of the speech a slight rain was falling, but it did not have the effect of driving the crowd away.

During his speech Mr. Bryan removed his coat on account of the heat. He said:

Every platform covers a number of issues, but there is always a difference of opinion as to the relative importance of these issues. In this campaign the republican platform has not clearly defined the party's position upon any question except the question of primary money, and in taking its position in favor of the gold standard the republican party for the first time deserts the double standard; and when you republicans are doubting that your party in 1896 promised to do what it could to get the double standard by international agreement I want you to ask your republican friends why no republican speaker and no republican editor attempts to explain the failure of the republican party to get the double standard that you promised to try to get by the aid of the leading commercial nations of the world. (Great applause.)

If any republican tells you that the gold standard is good you tell him that within a year the republican senate and house and president acted favorably upon a bill the 140th section of which declared that this is not intended to stand in the way of the restoration of the double standard. So you see that the only question upon which the republican party does take a positive stand is a new position for the republican party.

Trusts and Dinner Pails.

The republican party does not discuss the trust question. When the republican party brags about existing conditions just remember that the trust condition is the main condition that it brags about. The republican party has been in power for nearly four years and yet more trusts have been organized in the last three and a half years than were organized in all the previous history of the United States. If a republican says that a trust is a good thing, you tell that republican that the republican platform denounces the trust. If a republican says that trusts are a bad thing you ask him what his party has done to destroy the trusts.

There are questions that are greater than a full dinner pail, and when a republican tells you that because your dinner pail is full you ought to vote the republican ticket tell him he is making an argument that ought to be addressed to an animal that knows nothing but to eat and that has no other ambition. When the hog trough is filled the hog is satisfied; when it is empty he squeals. That is the republican idea of the laboring man. I believe that is a slander upon the workingman. I believe that the laboring man is interested in our ideas of government and the laboring man can see far enough ahead to realize what militarism would mean for him.

How to Kill an Octopus.

In reply to a question from the crowd as to the trusts Mr. Bryan said he would suggest a remedy:

I have been arguing the trust question for years and I have given remedies. Eight years ago I introduced a bill in the national house of representatives providing that whenever it was determined in court that a trust controlled the price of any article upon which a tariff was laid that article should go on the free list. I not only want to destroy the advantage which a trust can secure under legislation that is given for the purpose of protection; I want to go further than that. I want to destroy every private monopoly in the United States. I believe that it is possible for congress to so legislate that every corporation doing business outside the state of its origin can be prevented from becoming a monopoly, and the plan I suggest is this:

Let congress provide that whenever any corporation, organized in any state, wants to do business outside of the state it must go to the federal government and get a license which will enable it to do such outside business. But it must do business in every state according to the laws of the state in which it does business. I do not want to take away from the state any powers it now has, but I want congress to add a remedy. Before this license is given I want two conditions complied with. First: I want the water to be squeezed out of the stock of the corporations. The laboring man cannot water his capital, which is labor; the farmer cannot water his capital, which is the farm, and I do not believe that a corporation should be permitted to water its stock and then collect the dividends upon its fictitious investment. I want to squeeze the water out of the stocks. There will be a flood for a while, but there will be honest corporations afterward. If you had such a law and such a license given on such conditions I do not believe there would be a monopoly in this country.

Now, I have suggested two remedies. If anybody has a better remedy I will be glad to substitute or add that remedy to the one I propose.

Mr. Bryan then presented his arguments against a large standing army and discussed militarism and imperialism along the same general lines he used in other recent speeches. He closed about 10:30 o'clock. He will leave Wheeling for Chicago at 7:25 o'clock tomorrow morning.

NEW JERSEY NAMES ELECTORS

Republican State Convention Meets at Trenton and Endorses a Strong Platform.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 6.—The New Jersey republican state convention met today to nominate presidential electors. About three-fourths of 826 delegates elected were in attendance. United States Senator Sewell was made temporary and subsequently permanent chairman of the convention.

The platform, after endorsing the platform of the Philadelphia convention, recites that the promise of prosperity as a result of the re-enactment of protective tariff legislation and the maintenance of gold standard has found fulfillment in a condition of industrial and commercial prosperity never before equaled and adds in part:

By the valor of our soldiers and in the brief and decisive war with Spain the admirable tact and wisdom of the administration of President McKinley, in the novel and unprecedented conditions confronting us as the result of the war, our country has been raised to a most dignified and commanding position among the nations of the earth. Although confronted with the gravest emergencies that have arisen since the civil war, the administration of President McKinley has assumed every responsibility and discharged every duty in a way that has won the approval of patriotic citizens of all parties.

We believe it is the duty of the president of the United States to use all the forces at his command to suppress insurrection wherever the authority of the government is opposed and we deprecate and denounce the conduct of recreant Americans, who, by abuse of the right of free speech, give aid and encouragement to insurrection and rebellion among peoples owing allegiance to our flag. When peace shall have been restored to our new possessions a republican administration will give to their peoples a government under such form as will afford them the largest individual participation that their civilization and intelligence will permit.

The platform further commends the policy of the administration in the east as furnishing "an invaluable base for the distribution of our products at the very gateway of the Orient, where a quarter of the population of the earth is being made accessible to civilizing influences and the needs of commerce."

"American diplomacy," it asserts, "inspired by intelligence and humanity, has won not only the respect and admiration of the world, but also the high compliment of imitation by the leading statesmen of Europe, and, above all, the confidence of the American people."

After the nomination of presidential electors Senator J. C. Burrows of Michigan addressed the delegates and the convention adjourned.

FUSION IN MINNESOTA

Democrats and Populists Get Together and Nominate State Ticket and Electors.

Governor—John Lind.

Lieutenant Governor—T. J. Meighan of Fillmore county.

Secretary of State—M. E. Neary of Hennepin county.

State Treasurer—H. C. Koerner of Ramsey county.

Attorney General—Robert C. Saunders of Pine county.

Railroad Commissioners—P. M. Ringdahl and T. J. Know, for four years; S. M. Owen, for two years.

Chief Justice—Frank C. Brooks of Minneapolis.

Associate Justice—J. C. Nethaway of Washington county.

Electors at Large—Dr. Rudolph Schiffman and M. R. Pendergast.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 6.—Fusion was effected between the Minnesota democrats and populists today and the foregoing was named, headed by Governor John Lind. An electoral ticket was also endorsed by the two conventions. The democrats held their convention in this city and the populists in Minneapolis.

The democratic convention was one of the most enthusiastic gatherings the party ever had in Minnesota. Nearly every one of the 1,140 delegates was in his seat when Chairman L. A. Rosing called for order. Captain W. H. Harries was made both temporary and permanent chairman of the convention. Senator John A. Johnson of Nicollet county presented the name of Governor Lind to succeed himself. The nominating and seconding speeches were made and the nomination was ratified amid a roar.

The platform renews allegiance to the national democratic party, rejoices in the nomination of Bryan and Stevenson, condemns the Porto Rican tariff, extends sympathy to the Boer republic in South Africa and condemns the high protective tariff as productive of trusts, approves the efforts of organized labor for a shorter working day, very strongly endorses the administration of Governor Lind in all particulars and demands that the gross earning tax on railroads be increased to 4 per cent.

The ticket was ratified tonight by a mass meeting of the two conventions addressed by Governor Lind

Democrats Meet in Salt Lake.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Sept. 6.—The democratic state convention to nominate a state ticket, one congressman and three presidential electors was called to order at 11:30 today and ex-Senator F. J. Cannon named as temporary chairman. Mr. Cannon received an ovation when he appeared on the platform. He spoke for over an hour, touching upon finances, tariff, trusts and imperialism. He said it devolved upon the democratic party to rescue the country from impending danger.

Mr. Cannon announced himself not only a democrat, but a Jeffersonian democrat. He said he had walked for four years within sight of the democratic campfires and entered the camp with joy in 1900.

His speech was punctuated by frequent applause.

A resolution was adopted providing that in case of a democratic legislature the selection of a United States senator should be determined by a caucus of the democratic members. W. H. King was renominated for congress by acclamation. For governor James H. Moyle was nominated on the first ballot. For secretary of state Fisher S. Harris was nominated.

The convention adjourned until tomorrow.

Democrats Meet in San Jose.

SAN JOSE, Cal., Sept. 6.—The democratic state convention meets in this city today for the purpose of selecting presidential electors and nominating seven congressional candidates. Most of the delegates have arrived and the convention will be called to order shortly before noon.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

MAN IN HUNTINGTON'S PLACE

James Speyer Added to the Southern Pacific Directory.

COMMITTEE TO CHOOSE A PRESIDENT

Special Meeting of the Directors Takes Steps to Fill the Gap in the Road's Official Roster.

NEW YORK, Sept. 6.—At a special meeting of the directors of the Southern Pacific railroad held today resolutions of regret on account of Mr. Huntington's death were adopted. The by-laws of the company were amended so as to provide for a chairman of the board and for weekly meetings of the executive committee. Charles H. Tweed was elected chairman of the board. On motion of August Belmont a special committee, consisting of C. H. Tweed, James Speyer and D. O. Mills, was appointed to consider the question of a successor to the late president, Mr. Huntington.

Speaking of the dispatch from San Francisco, which stated that there had been some difference of opinion between the late Mr. Huntington and the firm of Speyer & Co. on the dividend policy of the Southern Pacific, Mr. Speyer said this afternoon:

"As far as I know the question has not been considered since Mr. Huntington's death. Mr. Huntington and our firm always agreed that the maintenance of the property at the highest standard of efficiency ought to be the chief object of the management and that the Southern Pacific company ought not to begin paying dividends until there seemed a reasonable certainty that they can be maintained."

Asked as to the time when the dividends would begin, Mr. Speyer declined to say.

Mr. Huntington's place on the board of directors was filled by the election of James Speyer.

RAILWAY SURGEONS MEET

American Academy in Session at St. Paul Chooses Iowa Man as Its President.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 6.—After an all-day session the American Academy of Railway Surgeons adjourned to meet next year in Chicago. Morning and afternoon conferences were devoted to papers and discussions on subjects relating to the work of medical men attached to railway corporations. The annual election of officers occurred in the afternoon session and resulted in the choice of Dr. D. S. Fairchild of Clinton, Ia., as president; Dr. W. L. Estes of South Bethlehem, Pa., first vice president, and Dr. W. J. Mayo of Rochester, Minn., second vice president.

Dr. F. B. Lacey of Council Bluffs was re-elected secretary and treasurer and was also appointed editor of the academy documents and publications. The executive board chosen consists of Drs. W. W. Grant, Denver, three years; C. K. Cole, Helena, Mont., two years; M. Cavana, Sylvan Beach, N. Y., one year.

The time of the next annual meeting was left to the decision of the board.

Big Order for Ore Carriers.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 6.—The Commercial Gazette tomorrow will say:

Pittsburg and associated interests have taken costly and determined steps to insure the development of an export business in iron and steel. For them a hurried order has been placed for the construction of a fleet of ten freighters that will ply from Lake Erie ports, via the Welland canal and the Gulf of St. Lawrence, across the Atlantic. The fleet will cost something like $3,500,000.

Orders for this extensive water transportation equipment have been divided among the Globe, Cleveland and Detroit shipbuilding companies and the work of construction has begun at the yards of these companies at Lornin, Cleveland and Detroit. Various interests have placed the orders, but the notable purchasers are the Carnegie and the Rockefeller interests.

Orders of greater magnitude have been placed with the same shipbuilding interests for freighters to ply over the great lakes in the ore and coal trade. In all the contracts are for nineteen vessels and the lake freighters will be built to carry a tonnage of 7,000 or 8,000 tons. The lake carriers will cost an average of $500,000 and the combined ordered will aggregate an expenditure of $8,000,000. Construction of the craft is to be hurried to completion.

O. R. and N. Elects Officers.

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 6.—The annual meeting of the Oregon Railway and Navigation company was held in this city today. The stockholders' meeting elected the following board of directors: W. B. Ayer, Portland; W. L. Bull, New York; E. S. Benson, Portland; H. W. Cannon, New York; W. D. Cornish, New York; H. W. Corbett, Portland; W. W. Cotton, Portland; E. H. Harriman, New York; W. S. Ladd, Portland; A. L. Mills, Portland; A. L. Mohler, Portland; Miles C. Moore, Walla Walla; Winslow S. Pierce, New York; Mortimer L. Schiff, New York; H. W. Scott, Portland.

E. H. Harriman was elected chairman of the board of directors.

The only change in the personnel of the preceding year was the substitution of E. S. Benson on the board of directors in place of William McIntosh.

At the subsequent meeting of the board of directors the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: A. L. Mohler, president; Charles S. Beaman, general counsel; W. W. Cotton, secretary and general attorney; G. L. Alexander, assistant secretary; F. V. Crosby, treasurer; G. F. Withington, assistant treasurer; E. S. Benson, general auditor; executive committee, W. L. Bull, H. W. Cannon, W. D. Cornish, E. H. Harriman, Winslow S. Pierce, Mortimer L. Schiff.

Maple Leaf Had Good Year.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—Stockholders of the Chicago Great Western road held their annual meeting here today. The annual report presented by the directors showed that the general operation of the road in the year ended June 30 last was successful and quite profitable. Aside from the transaction of routine business and the re-election of J. W. Lusk and S. C. Stickney and the selection of W. C. Wright as members of the directorate nothing of importance was done. Mr. Wright was chosen to fill the place vacated by W. C. Benson, who will soon go to Europe.

Cleveland After G. A. R. Encampment.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 6.—Owing to the disinclination of the Western Traffic association to grant the rate of 1 cent a mile, which was one of the conditions on which Denver was the place selected as the place for the next encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, Cleveland has made a bid for the encampment. The G. A. R. posts in this city, working with the Business Men's Convention league, have started the movement and it is meeting with much favor.

Locomotive Firemen Meet.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 6.—The grand officers of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Frank P. Sargent, grand master; Frank Arnold, grand secretary and treasurer, and W. S. Carter, grand editor, will leave at noon tomorrow for Des Moines. Mr. Sargent will report a membership of 37,606. The business of the convention will include the ratification of the report of the committee on by-laws, which has codified and revised the constitution, also the settling of the question of whether a member not now actively engaged in railroading has a right to a seat in the convention, the election of grand officers for two years and the removal of headquarters from Peoria. Des Moines, Milwaukee and Toledo are applicants for the headquarters. It is believed the convention would vote to retain the headquarters in Peoria.

CARRIERS CONFER IN SECRET

Administration of the Organization's Finances is Considered in an Executive Session.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 6.—A considerable portion of today's proceedings of the National Association of Letter Carriers was in executive session. Some of the delegates had criticised the administration of the organization's finances and the annual reports had shown that the receipts are not equaling expenditures. President Parsons suggested a free discussion of the whole matter in executive session and the convention voted accordingly. The secret session resulted in the clearing up of various misunderstandings on minor points. A committee will be appointed to report upon means for enlarging the income of the association or reducing expenses.

Considerable soreness was exhibited at the outset of today's sessions by some caustic remarks made from the platform by President Parsons. He charged the Detroit carriers with selfish conduct last night in filling the suburban cars provided for a trip to Mount Clemens with themselves and friends to the exclusion of a great many of the visiting delegates. Some of the Detroit men hotly denied the asperions on their hospitality and the disagreeable subject was debated quite fully.

The official committee has prepared a report which recommends re-election of all the present officers. This afternoon the convention was taken to the St. Clair flats on board a Detroit steamer.

TICKET NAMED AT SIOUX FALLS.

Legislative and County Candidates Chosen by Republican Convention.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Sep. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—The republican county convention for the nomination of legislative and county tickets was held here this afternoon. H. H. Keith of Sioux Falls was selected as chairman and Charles Hill of Valley Springs at secretary. Major Sammis of LeMars, Ia., addressed the convention on the issues of the day, meeting with generous applause. The following ticket was nominated: State senators, A. H. Stiles, C. H. Johnson; members lower house, R. E. Vreeland, H. T. Parmley, John Aga, Dr. Locke, John Foster; county judge, D. R. Bailey; treasurer, C. L. Norton; sheriff, R. J. Huston; state's attorney, Walter Scott; clerk of courts, L. A. Kelly; register of deeds, C. A. Soderburg; auditor, Carl A. Grinde; superintendent of schools, C. F. Bowers; coroner, John R. Hawkins.

California Names Electors.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., Sept. 6.—The labors of the republican state convention were concluded today, after the adoption of a platform and the selection of electors. The platform included a strong endorsement of the platform adopted by the republican national convention "as enunciating a declaration of principles, the wisdom of which has been demonstrated by the successful home and foreign policy of the present administration and which, under continued republican control, promises a national future even more brilliant in achievement than the past."

Samuel Shortridge of San Francisco and William J. Barrett of Los Angeles were chosen electors at large by acclamation. The districts chose these electors: J. W. Ryan, H. T. Power, W. R. Davis, C. B. Rode, F. McGowan, W. R. Porter and J. McFadden.

Bryan's Kansas Itinerary.

TOPEKA, Kas., Sept. 6.—William J. Bryan's itinerary in Kansas, as revised by the national committee:

Galena, September 17, afternoon; Pittsburg, September 17, evening; Fort Scott, September 18, forenoon; Armourdale, September 18, afternoon; Leavenworth, September 19, forenoon; Atchison, September 19, afternoon.

Mr. Bryan will speak in Kansas City, Mo., on the night of September 18.

MacArthur's Casualty List.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The War department has received the following casualty list from General MacArthur:

MANILA, Sept. 6.—Adjutant General, Washington:

Killed, September 1: Paete, Luzon, Company I, Thirty-seventh infantry, Charles A. Wilson; September 2: Carmona, Luzon, Signal corps, U. S. A., Sergeant Ludlow; in north, August 24, Agutag, Panay, Company C, Sixth infantry, Corporal Willard L. Dittman; September 1, Rio Grange, Luzon, Eldridge Harris.

Wounded, August 24, San Mateo, Luzon, Company D, Twenty-seventh infantry, Charles H. Carter, chest, serious; June 14, Rio Cagayan de Misamis, Company L, Fourth infantry, Corporal Jesse G. Moody. This soldier, previously reported killed, now wounded and a prisoner in the hands of the insurgents. M'ARTHUR.

ORDER A CASE.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.

Omaha Branch, 1412 Douglas St. Telephone 1081.

MUNYON'S

I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 90 per cent of all forms of kidney complaint and in many instances the most serious forms of Bright's disease. If the disease is complicated send a four-ounce vial of urine. We will analyze it and advise you free what to do. MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

KIDNEY CURE

SMALL POX,

Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Whooping Cough

and epidemics of other contagious diseases are more prevalent now than at any time during the past year and it becomes necessary to adopt the best method of disinfecting the home in order to kill the germs of these dangerous and catching diseases.

Ninety-five per cent. of these diseases can be prevented by the proper use of disinfectants which destroy these disease-breeding germs.

DR. GEO. LEININGER'S

For-mal-de-hyde GENERATOR

(using solidified Formaldehyde) offers the people the only safeguard against the spread of all contagious and infectious diseases. By the proper use of the generator you avoid all danger of Small Pox, Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, etc., entering your home. In the treatment of Whooping Cough, nothing excels Solidified Formaldehyde.

Hillory M. Wilder, M. D., late health officer of Mecklenburg county, and city of Charlotte, N. C., writes: "I was due to the use of Formaldehyde that I ascribe the extermination of a small pox outbreak in our community. It is my opinion that Dr. Geo. Leininger's Formaldehyde Generator is of inestimable value to every household."

Sold at all druggists for 50 cents, complete including one-half ounce Solidified Formaldehyde, or sent direct prepaid. A Booklet free for the asking. The Dr. Geo. Leininger Chemical Co., Chicago.

Sold and recommended by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co., Beaton-Mellman Drug Co., Merritt-Graham Drug Co., H. B. Graham, Chas. H. Schaefer, Max Becht, Hanscom Park Pharmacy, Gladish Pharmacy, King Pharmacy, Peyton Pharmacy, Geo. S. Davis, Council Bluffs, Ia., M. A. Dillon's Drug Store, South Omaha.

When others fail consult

DOCTOR

SEARLES & SEARLES

OMAHA.

NERVOUS CHRONIC & PRIVATE DISEASES OF MEN

SPECIALIST

We guarantee to cure all cases curable of

WEAK MEN — Cured for Life.

SYPHILIS — Cured for Life.

SEXUALLY Night Emissions, Lost Manhood, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Gonorrhoea, Ulcers, Syphilis, Stricture, Piles, Fistula and Rectal Ulcers and all Private Diseases and Disorders of Men. Stricture and Gleet Cured at Home.

Consultation Free. Call on or address DR. SEARLES & SEARLES, 119 South 14th St. OMAHA.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY

If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity. $5,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; not a C. O. D. fraud; write for particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 414 Charles Block, Denver, Colo.

HOTELS

WHEN AT COLORADO SPRINGS STOP AT THE Alta Vista

Situated on the finest residence avenue in the city, with an unbroken view of the mountains, and only two blocks from the Union Depot and business center, is supplied with every comfort and convenience the traveling public can demand.

For information and rates address

H. HOYT STEVENS, Prop., COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

HOTEL GERARD

44th Street, Near Broadway, NEW YORK....

Absolutely Fire Proof, Modern and Luxurious in All its Appointments. Centrally Located.

COOL AND COMFORTABLE IN SUMMER

American and European Plan. (Under New Management.)

J. B. HAMBLEN'S SONS, Proprietors.

Also Avon Inn and Cottages

AVON, N. J.

Most Select Resort on the New Jersey Coast. Send for Particulars.

AMUSEMENTS.

MIACO'S TROCADERO—Tel 2259.

MADAME HERRMANN'S STAGE RECEPTION SATURDAY MATINEE.

MADAME HERMANN.
EDNA BASSETT MARSHALL.
McMAHON & KING.
PROF. HARRY HOWARD.
MR. AND MRS. JIMMIE HARRY.
DEVEAUX & DEVEAUX.
ZIMMER.
MABEL MAITLAND.

Next Week.... THE "BLACK CROOK, JR."

The most dazzling extravaganza ever produced in any western city. High moral Tone—Bright and Snappy. See the wonderful electrical display of spectacular surprises.

BOYD'S Redmond Stock Co

S. M. BEAR, MGR.

LAST WEEK

TONIGHT, and Saturday Matinee, "QUEENA"

Saturday Night, "RIP VAN WINKLE"

Night prices, 15c, 25c, 50c; Matinee, any reserved seat, 25c.

BOYD'S Woodward & Burgess, Managers. Tel. 1928.

Sunday Matinee and Night

The Latest, Best and Most Original of All Farce Comedies,

"A WISE GUY"

With William Sellery and Twenty Other Farceurs.

Night Prices—25c, 50c, 75c.

MATINEE—ANY SEAT 25C.

Seats Now on Sale.

NEXT ATTRACTION.... Wednesday and Thursday, Eddy Foy in His Latest, "A NIGHT IN TOWN." Seats on Sale Monday.